"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Local rains to-day or to-night; warmer; probably rain to-morrow; south winds.
For full weather report see Page 20.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,611. * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1911.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York. Elsewhere Jersey City, and Newark. TWO CENTS.

STRIKERS' SHOTS RIDDLE TRAIN

Mob of 300 Fires Upon Cars Carrying Illinois Central Strikebreakers.

FIVE REPORTED KILLED

Adjt. Gen. Fridge Sends the Entire Third Regiment to Suppress Rioting.

SECOND ATTACK AT DURANT

Citizens Assert That Strikebreakers Took Merchandise from Stores and Refused to Pay.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 3.—Clashes between strikebreakers and citizens at several Mississippi towns on the Illinois Central Railway culminated this afternoon in a pitched battle at McComb City, Miss., as a result of which a number of persons were mortally injured.

Reports received at New Orleans at a late hour to-night were very conflicting. The railroad company asserts no one aboard the strikebreakers' train was killed. Private advices contradict this statement.

As a result of the trouble in several portions of Mississippi troops were ordered out by the Governor and conditions at several places, notably McComb City, are serious. Martial law has been declared in the latter place.

The first trouble of the day was at Durant, Miss. Strikebreakers are said to have attempted a general raid upon stores of the town, but were repulsed by citizens. They did loot a number of negro houses, taking food, cooking utensils, &c. Twenty men consigned to this point refused to leave their train and were carried through to New Orleans.

At Winona, Miss., about seventy-five men looted the store of T. H. Spencer, taking groceries and whatever else came to hand. There were numerous minor fights, but no person was killed or seriously wounded. Telegraph reports had been sent ahead to McComb City and both strikers and citizens were on guard. There were 450 strikebreakers in seven coaches. The Illinois Central has big shops at McComb. As soon as the special reached the station it is said the men aboard began throwing bricks at citizens and strikers. E. H. Montgomery, a resident, was hit in the head and seriously wounded.

Many other persons were hurt, including occupants of an automobile, spectators of the trouble. Warrants were sworn out and the police asked assistance of the Sheriff. An effort to make arrests is said to have enraged the strikebreakers, many of whom were armed with pistols.

This was about 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Hot words were exchanged, and bricks began to fly upon both sides. The first revolver shot was the signal for a fusillade, which turned into a pitched battle. Conservative estimates say 500 shots were fired, while others believe more than double that number were exchanged. Many men were seen to fall back in the coaches, but whether they were killed, wounded, or merely dodging the bullets could not be ascertained.

Men at the end of the train could see apparently uninjured men lying flat upon the floor, while buckshot and bullets whistled above their heads. The windows of every coach were shattered, and the woodwork was splintered in numerous places. Both strikers and strikebreakers seem to have been well armed, and the situation grew desperate.

The engineer of the special train left his locomotive, but later, notwithstanding a shower of bullets, made a rush for it, climbed in, and threw open the throttle. Shots were exchanged until the strike breakers were out of range.

Although several strikers and sympathizers were seriously wounded none was killed outright. It is reported three will die from their wounds.

The 150 strikebreakers left in McComb City are barricaded in their quarters, the streets there are deserted by citizens, and the military is in control.

The Illinois Central officials here to-night asserted that the men who terrorized the Mississippi towns did not mean to steal anything and were provided with funds to pay for what they needed.

Reports from towns through which the train passed after leaving McComb contradict the assertion that no one aboard was killed. Advices from Brook Haven state that five were killed and fifty were wounded, a number seriously. Troops sent out were fully supplied with ball cartridges.

NATCHEZ, Miss., Oct. 3.—Col. E. A. Baker, Third Regiment, Mississippi Guards, received a telegram to-night from Adjt. Gen. Fridge ordering both local military companies to proceed to McComb at once to suppress threatened riots in connection with the Illinois Central Railroad strike. Capts. Harper and Patterson are assembling their men. They will leave to-night on a special train, each with sixty men.

DURANT, Miss., Oct. 3.—Several persons were injured to-day in a clash between citizens of Durant and a party of strikebreakers destined for points south of Jackson on the Illinois Central Railroad.

Preceding the train came a telephone message from Winona, asserting that when the train made a brief stop at that point many of the men disembarked, and helped themselves to merchandise from stores in the vicinity of the station and refused to pay. When the train reached Durant a number of the men left the coaches, and started in the direction of near-by stores. They were met with a

Continued on Page 4.

OVINGTON'S PACIFIC FLIGHT.

He'll Have a Special Train, with a Workshop, Follow Him.

Special to The New York Times.

NASSAU BOULEVARD, L. I., Oct. 3.—Earle L. Ovington, the aviator, told of his plans for his coast-to-coast flight at the Garden City Estates Club to-night. "I have until the 10th of the month," said Mr Ovington, "and I do not intend to start until everything is ship shape. I shall have a special train, which is now in readiness, consisting of two cars. One car will represent a workshop, with all the various parts of my aeroplane, and the other will be for my own private use.

"I am going to use a new Queen monoplane, all-American in make, with a 50 horse power engine and an Indian rotary motor. Instead of the name Dragon Fly, which has always been on the underside of my planes, the letters 'U. S. Mail,' in letters about three feet long, will be seen there. Each wing will also bear the number 13, for luck, and this will also be on the tail of the machine. The equipment, including the weight of myself and my luggage, will amount to 1,200 pounds. Of this there will be 350 pounds of weight in gasoline, my own weight of 185 pounds, and, besides this, I shall carry letters from Postmaster General Hitchcock, Postmaster Morgan of New York, and Postal Inspector Dixon of the Eastern Division to Postmasters all along the route.

"I shall fly from New York to Albany, thence to Buffalo, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, from where I will follow the Rock Island Railroad into El Paso and into Los Angeles."

Ovington will take with him a moving-picture camera and take pictures of Yellowstone Park and the crowds that greet him as he makes his landings.

AVIATOR FALLS 400 FEET.

Schmitt of New York Lands in a Swamp Without Serious Hurts.

DANBURY, Conn., Oct. 3.—George Schmitt, an aviator, fell 400 feet with his biplane here late to-day, and, landing in a swamp, escaped without serious injury. The machine was wrecked.

Schmitt was pinned under his machine and was unconscious when taken out, but recovered shortly afterward. He was hurried to a local hospital, where an examination showed that beyond bruises and a shaking up he was uninjured.

Schmitt is 22 years old and lives in New York. He was flying at the Danbury Fair, and had been in the air about five minutes when his engine stopped suddenly. Schmitt tried to retain control of his machine, and for a moment it appeared to the 3,000 or more spectators that he would do so and be able to glide to earth.

The next instant the machine careened, turned over once, and then from a height of about 200 feet plunged head first to earth. The wheels sank some ten inches into the soft swamp land, holding the body of the machine from Schmitt, who was beneath it, and to this circumstance is attributed his escape from instant death.

HITT AND MISS ELKINS HERE.

Return on Kronprinz Wilhelm, but Their Engagement Isn't Admitted.

The North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm, in from Bremen yesterday afternoon, after a voyage memorable to the passengers because of the many storms encountered, brought a large number of saloon passengers, among whom were many who were on the Olympic when that ship was rammed and put out of commission by the British cruiser Hawke.

Miss Katherine Elkins, daughter of the late Senator Elkins of West Virginia, arrived with her mother and brother. The Elkins party, of which William F. Hitt, son of the late Congressman Hitt of Illinois, was a member, had their meals served in their staterooms and did not mingle with the other passengers. Mr. Hitt was with Miss Elkins much of the time, but there was no confirmation of a report that he and Miss Elkins were engaged.

When the Kronprinz docked yesterday young Stephen B. Elkins talked to the reporters. He was asked if his sister was going to marry Mr. Hitt.

"You should ask Mr. Hitt that," Mr. Elkins replied, and when he was asked if Mr. Hitt was around he laughingly answered that he had left the pier.

As for Miss Elkins she smiled and would not discuss her private affairs. An army of photographers besieged her and begged her to pose for a picture. She faced the camera brigade bravely and won a notable victory. She actually persuaded them not to take her picture.

Col. Robert C. Clowry, ex-President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, was another of the Kronprinz's passengers, as was also W. B. Pollock, one of the Vice Presidents of the New York Central. Mr. Pollock was one of the Olympic passengers. He said that President W. C. Brown of the Central, who was also on the Olympic, is on board the Majestic which is due to-morrow morning.

Other passengers were Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Bradley, Bishop William Burt of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Mr. and Mrs. Snowden A. Fahnestock, Dr. and Mrs. Melvin Franklin, Mrs. J. C. Hoagland, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Kuhn, Mrs. J. H. Lippincott, Col. and Mrs. William Brooke Rawle, Rear Admiral and Mrs. H. H. Rousseau, U. S. N., and Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson.

TAXES CHICAGO FUNERALS.

Village of Forest Park Blocks Way of Five Cemeteries.

CHICAGO, Oct. 3.—The village of Forest Park has cut off access to five large cemeteries west of Chicago. The village Council last night passed an ordinance authorizing a toll to be charged for every vehicle which traverses the streets of Forest Park. The cemeteries can be reached now only by the payment of a vehicle tax, which will place a prohibitive cost on every funeral procession going that way. The rates are as follows:

For single-horse vehicle, $4; for double-horse vehicle, $8; for single-seated automobile, $10; for double-seated automobile, $20. In accordance with this schedule drivers of hearses must pay $8 to use the streets of the village. Every vehicle in the procession will have to pay from $4 to $20. The ordinance, which is said to amount to a measure of spite, is believed to be aimed at the Chicago city administration, which refused to co-operate with Forest Park in the late traction fight affecting the suburb.

GRAPE JUICE OF 1911 VINTAGE,
Finest Ever, Now in Bottles.
H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 183 Fulton St., N. Y.
—Adv.

BOSS BOMB-THROWER IS LANDED IN JAIL

He Had the Centre of New York as the District Sacred to His Gang.

NOW BROKEN UP, POLICE SAY

Cuchira's Chief Lieutenants in Sing Sing and He Is Run Down at Last —His Reign of Terror.

Detectives Miccelli and Cavone, practical heads of the Italian Bureau at Police Headquarters since the death of Lieut. Petrosino, led a blender, smooth-shaven young Italian into headquarters last night. As they released his arms, to which each had clung, the man dropped on his knees on the floor. He raised his clasped hands above his head in an attitude of supplication, and in a rapid stream of Italian pleaded with the detectives to let him go. He tore his shirt open at the neck, beat his chest, and burst into tears, always crying pleadingly in Italian.

The detectives, unmoved, yanked him to his feet and displayed two cylindrical objects about six inches long wrapped in brown cloth, and each equipped with a fuse two feet or more in length, to Lieut. Mannion.

"He had these in his pockets," they explained. "No wonder he wants to get out of it. He's the leader of one of the three bomb-throwing gangs which are terrorizing the Italians of the city."

At the mention of bombs and the exhibition of the two which the detectives say were taken from his pockets, the man redoubled his cries. He would have fallen to his knees again had not the detectives held him up. Convinced then, apparently, that pleading would be of no avail, the man suddenly became sullen and taciturn. Briefly he answered the Lieutenant's questions, saying that he was Angelo Cuchira, 25 years old, and lived at 714 Second Avenue. More about himself he refused to say and allowed himself to be led unresisting to a cell.

According to Miccelli and Cavone, the capture is the most important they have made in months. Cuchira is the third man whom they have arrested within two weeks on the charge that he had bombs in his possession. But the others, they say, were subordinates, men who acted at the direction of others, with no initiative, nothing to warrant the fearful reputations given them by their countrymen except such bravery as made them implicitly obedient to a master criminal. Cuchira, the detectives say, is that man.

According to the detectives who, since Petrosino's death, have devoted themselves exclusively to the extermination of the Black Hand in this city, there are three bomb-throwing gangs, and only three, which have been active here for months. These, they say, have divided the east side, where most of the Italian population of the city is centred, into three divisions, allotting to each gang one of these sections. Roughly they extend from the lower city to Fourteenth Street, from there to the lower confines of Harlem's Little Italy, while the third division includes this section and the Bronx to the north. Cuchira, they say, has been the leader and brains of the second division ever since his arrival in this city three years ago.

Since then, Miccelli and Cavone say, many members of his gang have been caught and some of them now are serving sentences in the penitentiary and in Sing Sing. Cuchira always has eluded the police, however; never have they been able to connect him with any of the crimes which they say he originated and directed.

His capture last night resulted from the leader's efforts to maintain discipline in his gang. It was on Saturday night, the detectives say, that Cuchira and a discontented follower met in Thirty-ninth Street between First and Second Avenues. Cuchira subdued the malcontent, but news of his battle permeated the neighborhood. It reached the ears of Miccelli and Cavone. For months the detectives had been looking for the man. It was not for any single crime that they wanted him, but just as a suspicious person. It was not among their hopes that they would find him with two bombs in his possession.

They learned his haunts, however, and since Saturday have been lying in wait in places they thought him most likely to frequent. No sign of him rewarded their patience, however, until last night. Then they saw him in Second Avenue near Fortieth Street.

The detectives tried to creep up on him unnoticed, but Cuchira saw them almost as soon as they saw him. He started to run, but Cavone, fleeter of foot than Miccelli, overtook him within a block. Miccelli was at his side an instant later, and the detectives pinned his arms to his sides. Cuchira offered no resistance. He let the detectives go through his pockets, and there they say they found the bombs.

It was the first time Miccelli and Cavone had seen Cuchira since April 17. Then their last glimpse of him had been as he left court freed of a charge of attempted extortion through a technicality having to do with the wrongful drawing up of the charge against him. Prior to that their acquaintance with him had been almost as slight as it has been since, though the detectives frequently heard of him.

According to them, Cuchira came here in 1908 from Scranton, Penn. His arrival was heralded by a message from the police of Scranton warning the New York police to look out for Cuchira and for two companions—Philip Polaro and Francesco Crapanza. The three had murdered Charles Rosana, an Italian resident of Scranton, so the Scranton police telegraphed, but there had not been evidence enough to hold them. Miccelli and Cavone were assigned to watch for Cuchira and his companions, and located them presently living together at 403 East Twenty-ninth Street.

Scarcely had they found them when the Italian Bureau was set to work on the murder of Ciro Divone, a grocer, who was shot and killed at his store, 502 First Avenue. Crapanza was caught almost at the very moment of the shooting, and eventually got twenty years in Sing Sing for it. Polaro escaped. Miccelli and Cavone found him three months afterward, however, in company with Cuchira. He was sent to prison for fifteen years, but Cuchira escaped unsentenced, because no one could prove that he had been with his companions on the night of the murder. When he stepped out of the station he dropped from sight so far as the police were concerned until the day in April when he and Luigi Cassa were captured in the very act of accepting money they had extorted from Michael Mugnolo, a shoemaker of 300 East Fifty-first Street.

It was this charge from which a technicality freed Cuchira, and once more he disappeared. In May, however, Salvatore Romano, Pasquale Topepero, and Antonio Licchi were captured by Miccelli and Cavone on the Willis Avenue bridge, after Gaetano Ferrazzo of 307 East Forty-fifth Street had signaled the detectives that he had passed marked bills to his blackmailers. Judge Swann in General Sessions sent Romano to Sing Sing for seven years, the other day. Romano's companions are awaiting trial.

CONFESSIONS OF A WOMAN SPY

True story told by Vladimir Bourtseff of a Russian girl who in revenge betrayed her comrades because of an unhappy love affair. Read it in NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

TAKEN FOR MURDER OF ADOLPH STERN

Two Witnesses Identify Martin Garvey as Taxicab Man Who Shot Jewelry Clerk.

PRISONER WILL NOT SPEAK

Politics in Greenwich Village, Where He Belongs to Warring Club, Some Way Related to His Capture.

A heavy-set young man, who was perfectly cool, though his wrists were shackled to those of Detectives Campbell and Slevin, while Lieut. McKinney and Detective Finan walked beside him, was taken to Police Headquarters last night and at once to Deputy Commissioner Dougherty's office, where the Commissioner and Inspector Hughes were awaiting him. When he was led out several hours later to go to a cell in the Greenwich Police Station, Commissioner Dougherty announced:

"We've got the taxicab murderer, the slayer of Adolph Stern."

The young prisoner, whose heavy muscles showed through his clothes, kept his lips grimly shut. So, it was learned afterward, he had kept them locked while Mr. Dougherty and Inspector Hughes plied him with question after question. To none of them had he responded by so much as a shake of the head.

That this man, Martin Garvey, a porter working at 45 Worth Street and living in Greenwich Village at 60 Leroy Street, is the slayer of the jewelry clerk, Commissioner Dougherty declared there was no doubt whatever. The man was identified twice, the Commissioner said, by men who had been witnesses of the shooting of Stern, one of whom had been no more than five feet away when the young jewelry clerk fell in front of Jacob Jacoby's store at Thirteenth Street and Sixth Avenue on the night of last July 22, and who had stood too astounded to act, while the slayer leaped into a waiting taxicab and disappeared.

Both of these men were in the Commissioner's office last night. One of them, it is said, made his identification doubly strong by remarking the black derby hat and single-breasted blue serge suit worn by Garvey.

"Why, they are the very clothes he wore the night of the murder," exclaimed this man.

The other man glanced once at Garvey's face, of which protruding brown eyes are the most noticeable feature, and then turned to the policemen.

"I'd know him anywhere," he declared. "I never could forget those eyes nor how they looked when his revolver was discharged and Stern fell."

To this Garvey listened as unmoved as he was by the cross-fire of questions hurled at him by Commissioner Dougherty and Inspector Hughes. He simply sat looking straight ahead of him, apparently uninterested in the proceedings. Not a motion of his face, even a twitching of his muscles, revealed that he even heard the remarks of his examiners. When he left the Commissioner's room the police knew just as much about him and about the murder as they did when he entered. They did not know one new fact.

But not a new fact is needed, according to Mr. Dougherty, to convict Garvey of the murder. According to the Commissioner there is other evidence against the youth besides that afforded by the double identification. What this was Mr. Dougherty would not tell last night. Neither would he tell how McKinney, Campbell, Slevin, and Finan had managed to run Garvey down. As much as he would admit was that the clue which resulted in Garvey's capture had come to the police several weeks ago, and that while it had failed of direct results, it had supplied part of the information on which Garvey finally was arrested.

What information, other than the original clue, had been needed Mr. Dougherty would not say, but he allowed it to be gathered that rivalry among several clubs of Greenwich Village over the recent primaries had been connected in some way with Garvey's capture. Garvey, the police say, is a member of a club ostensibly composed of truckmen and longshoremen, though its members are truckmen who never drive a truck and longshoremen who would be lost on the water front. Besides this organization, there are at least two other clubs in the district which, like the former, are primarily political organizations.

In the recent primaries these three clubs were involved to an extent that generated the most bitter kind of rivalry among their various members. That a political enemy let drop enough of a hint to provide the police with such facts as were still missing from their chain of evidence involving Garvey was the belief expressed at headquarters last night.

Part of this evidence, it was admitted by Mr. Dougherty, consisted in knowledge of the movements of the taxicb after the shooting of Stern. For the first time, Mr. Dougherty admitted last night that this cab had been traced. He said he knew just where it had stopped and where its occupants had alighted from it. That place was just a little south of Fourteenth Street in Greenwich Village, he said. The club to which Garvey belongs is in Eleventh Street, the police say.

The man who killed Stern was not alone in the taxicab, however, and until they were assured that they could not find his mates the detectives did not intend to alarm Garvey. Two of them took up his trail therefore, while the others, with their informant, made their way out of Greenwich Village. From that moment until 8 o'clock last night Garvey was never out of sight of the detectives except when he was in his home, which they watched.

But though they watched Garvey closely they got no trace of any one who might have been his companion on the night of July 22, and last night they arrested him. Garvey denied that he was the man they wanted; that he had any knowledge of the slaying of Stern other than what he had read in the newspapers, and then he clapped his lips together not to open them again throughout the night.

According to the police, Garvey was arrested in 1907 charged with grand larceny, but was let off on a suspended sentence. A package was stolen from an express wagon and Garvey and two others were arrested. One of the men was discharged, but the third is serving a term in Elmira now for the robbery.

New ... Derrick and Twin Rollers. ... Lane—Adv.

POLICE HELPED HIM IN ROBBERY, HE SAYS

Prisoner Gets Secret Message to Judge and Confesses, Despite Threats to Silence Him.

COURT OFFICER INVOLVED

Also Detective and Keeper in the Tombs —Plan to Protect Policeman Already Indicted for Robbing Russian.

John Horay of 297 Avenue B, who is awaiting sentence in the Tombs after being convicted of grand larceny, broke down yesterday and confessed to Judge Swann of General Sessions that Policeman Reuben Huntington of the Union Market Station, who is jointly indicted with him, had assisted two Poles and himself in robbing John Kondratiuck, a Russian, of $180 on May 14 last. He also involved Detective James J. Burke of Police Headquarters and Interpreter Michael Tandlich of Special Sessions, and mentioned the names of several others, who according to his confession committed perjury during the three trials of his case. In the first two trials the juries disagreed.

Horay had considerable difficulty in letting Judge Swann know that he wished to confess. He declares that a keeper in the Tombs, whose name could not be learned, had repeatedly threatened him with violence if he mentioned the names of the policemen in the case. While making his confession Horay broke down several times, and, falling upon his knees in the Judge's chambers, begged Judge Swann to protect his wife and child, who he said had been threatened with violence by the police if he involved any of their number in the robbery of Kondratiuck.

Horay can write no English, but secretly obtained the assistance of a fellow prisoner in the Tombs, who wrote the letter he sent to Judge Swann, announcing that he wished to confess. This same prisoner managed to smuggle him a special delivery stamp and a two-cent stamp, which he put on the letter and then gave it to a visitor to mail. This visitor saw Judge Swann's clerk and gave him the letter yesterday afternoon. Horay was taken to Judge Swann's chambers, where he made his confession.

Tells How Man Was Robbed.

He says that on Sunday, May 14, Julius Kvjarkopski, who lives in a furnished room house kept by a Mrs. Saltius at 215 East Third Street, came to his house at 297 Avenue B with Kondratiuck and another Russian, whose first name is Charlie. Kondratiuck had been working in the West and had saved $345. He was soon to sail for home. Horay says that first they relieved Kondratiuck of $7 by playing pinochle, and then they swindled him out of $22 by a trick card game. Kvjarkopski then dropped some money on the floor, and, recounting it, said some one had stolen $20 from him. He demanded that each of the persons in the room be searched.

Kondratiuck refused to be searched, and Kvjarkopski went out and returned with Policeman Huntington, who demanded that Kondratiuck hand over his money. Kvjarkopski struck Kondratiuck over the head, while Huntington put his hand in the victim's pocket and took his money, giving Kvjarkopski $20 and stuffing a roll of paper wrapped up in a one dollar bill back in Kondratiuck's pocket.

"The money amounted to $180," says Horay in his confession, "and was divided as follows: Huntington, $45; Kvjarkopski, $45; myself, $45, and Charlie, $25." The other $20 had previously been handed to Kvjarkopski.

Gave Money to Tandlich for Police.

"Michael Tandlich, who resides at 321 East Tenth Street, and who is an interpreter in the Court of Special Sessions," continues Horay's confession, "came to me on the Wednesday evening after the crime and said that I was wanted for the larceny of the money. Tandlich told me that the detective was waiting on the corner of Seventeenth Street and Avenue B, and that it would be necessary to pay him $25 in order that the detective would not say anything about it. I said to Tandlich, 'Very well, I will pay him $25,' but Tandlich said, 'No, he will not take it from you. Give it to me.' So I went up to my wife, Sophie, and got the $25 and gave it to Tandlich in the presence of my wife. I saw Tandlich then go over to the detective and then he came back to me and said, 'It is all right now, and the detective says you had better go away for a few weeks.'"

The confession then goes on to state that the next day a saloon keeper at 246 Avenue B by the name of Feinberg called Horay in and, after telling him that the police were looking for him, said they had demanded $50. Horay then announced that he wished to see the detectives and returned to the saloon at the request of Feinberg's son on Thursday night and met the detectives, who told him they would be there the following morning at 8 o'clock to get the money. The confession then says:

"The next morning I came down about 7 o'clock and went to Feinberg's saloon and waited there until 8 o'clock, when Detective James Burke came in and said 'Hello.' We went into a back room with a very small round table and had a couple of drinks, and he said, 'John, what you think we do about this?' and I said 'I don't know.' He said give me $50 and go away from the city, and I said 'I ain't got the money, but I will be around Saturday or Sunday,' and he told me that would be all right and asked me if anybody had been present when we robbed the man. I said nobody. I was there, Mr. and Mrs. Shullies and Mr. and Mrs. Maximowitz were, but they did not see the money taken from the Russian, because they were in another room.

"Detective Burke says: 'Oh, very well, if you have got any witnesses, get those witnesses and beat this case.' He said 'Sunday morning I shall be ready about 8 o'clock with my witnesses and we go to the station house on Twenty-second Street, between First and Second Avenues.'

"Sunday morning Detective Burke comes about 8 o'clock and he said: 'Well, are you ready? You got that money?' I said: 'I got $25.' He said: 'Go get those witnesses and I will get the complainant.' He went to get the complainant and I went to get the witnesses. Mr. and Mrs. Feinberg with Kondratiuck were on the corner of Nineteenth Street, and we all went down together—Mr. Burke, Maximowitz, Mr. and Mrs. Shullies, me and my wife. Detective Burke signaled to Mr. Feinberg with his hands according to the prearranged plan that he should go and Feinberg went with Kondratiuck to the station house. When we get there Detective Burke says to us that we should wait a few minutes and he would go first to the station house so that the Captain or Lieutenant would have no suspicion."

The plan did not work, for both Horay and Huntington were arrested.

"Michael Tandlich has seen my wife several times," the confession goes on, "and tells her not to be troubled, that if I would not 'squeal' the police were getting up a collection of $1,000 cash to give her, and would pay her $50 a month for every month until I get out, and that he would collect it and pay it over to

Continued on Page 4.

ROOF SIGN, $25,000 A YEAR.

Top Price Paid in Times Square for Advertising Display.

The value of sign display space in the best parts of the city has just been shown to an unusual degree in the leasing of the roof of the former Studebaker Building for electric sign purposes for a price close to $25,000 a year. This is the highest price, it is said, ever paid in the city for sign privileges on the top of a building.

The Studebaker Building is now being renovated for offices and a restaurant on the ground floor. It covers half of the block above Forty-eighth Street in the upper Times Square region, and with frontages on both Broadway and Seventh Avenue. It is owned by Mrs. A. D. Juilliard and is controlled under a long lease by a syndicate. The conditions of the sign lease imply that the roof cannot be used for any other purpose. The new sign, which will cast its blaze of light down Broadway in the theatre district, will proclaim the virtues of a breakfast food.

OFFICER WON CAPITAL PRIZE.

Judge Decides There Was No Lottery Because No Award Was Made.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 3.—Sergt. Flynn of Police Station 4 arrested Raymond Jabour of 123 Tyler Street last night for promoting a lottery.

Jabour's system was put in effect by means of cards bearing numbers. Flynn paid a quarter, selected a number, and having all the evidence he thought he needed he arrested Jabour.

Then it was discovered that the Police Sergeant had drawn the capital prize, and because he was a police officer he could not gracefully accept a prize from a lottery after arresting the promoter. So the prize was not awarded, and because it was not awarded Judge Sullivan ruled that there had been no lottery and Jabour was discharged in court to-day.

STOP WINGDALE PRISON WORK

Heavy Loss to the State — Chanler Wants It for Tramp Colony.

Special to The New York Times.

FISHKILL LANDING, N. Y., Oct. 3.—All laborers employed on the Wingdale State prison, for which contracts were awarded under the administration of Gov. Hughes, were laid off to-day. The foremen in charge of the various gangs were besieged by the workmen, but no definite information was given out.

The State will lose $100,000 by quitting now, with additional losses of $500,000 in view of commitments. Assemblyman Lewis S. Chanler hopes to make use of the situation to swing his tramp colony proposition over to the Wingdale 500 acres, now owned by the State. He says it will be suitable for farm purposes for the reformation of hoboes.

TAFT TO VISIT HOT SPRINGS.

President and Mrs. Taft to Spend November in Mrs. S. B. French's Villa.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., Oct. 3.—It was announced to-day that President and Mrs. Taft are planning to spend November here in Mrs. Seth B. French's villa.

They were here for the Autumn season two years ago, when they occupied Melville E. Ingalls's villa, Ingallscote.

W. E. TOLL MADE BISHOP.

Archdeacon Elected Suffragan of Chicago Diocese.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 4.—Archdeacon William E. Toll was chosen Episcopal Bishop Suffragan of Chicago on the first ballot this morning, his nearest competitor being Dean Walter T. Sumner, Chairman of the Chicago Vice Commission.

About 100 clergymen and more than 300 lay delegates representing eighty parishes were present at the convention, which was held in the Cathedral of St. Peter and Paul. Bishop Charles P. Anderson presided.

Achdeacon Toll is the third Suffragan Bishop to be elected in this country, the dioceses of New York and Philadelphia having been the only ones to precede Chicago in taking advantage of the privilege granted at the last National Episcopal Concention to choose an assistant for their Bishops. The Suffragan is an assistant to the Bishop of the diocese.

SENTENCE LABOR DELEGATES

Terms in Penitentiary for Three Chicago Agents of Building Trades.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 3.—Penitentiary sentences of from one to fourteen years were imposed on Peter Gentleman, Edward Storgard, William Connors, and Arthur O'Connor, labor delegates, to-day by Judge Kavanagh. All the men were convicted some time ago of assaulting Morgan H. Bell, a steamfitter, at the plant of the Hygienic Ice Company April 20 last.

The conviction and sentence of these men marks the end of a reign of terror in the building trades of Chicago, in which a dozen men have been brutally murdered, building operations suspended, and capitalists intimidated from investing in construction work.

Three of the men sentenced by Judge Kavanagh—Storgard, Connors, and O'Connor—were allowed their liberty until Saturday, that their counsel may go to Springfield, in an attempt to procure a writ from the Supreme Court for a new trial.

SUES EX-GOV. BROWN'S SON.

Miss Cole of Baltimore Asks $50,000 for Breach of Promise.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 3.—Frank S. R. Brown, the rich young clubman, whose wife, Mabel Brown, obtained a divorce two years ago, has been sued for $50,000 for breach of promise by Miss Evelyn Cole, daughter of Mrs. Emily Cole of this city. Miss Cole is 19.

"When I promised to marry him," she said, "he gave me a diamond and sapphire ring which he was wearing. He told me he would get me a diamond engagement ring later, but I told him I would rather have the ring which he had worn. He also gave me a ring his sister brought from India."

A silk handkerchief, which she exhibited, was given her by "Frank" she said, when he sailed for Europe last Summer.

"He told me to sleep with the handkerchief under my pillow and to kiss his photograph every night so that I would dream of him. Did I do as he said?" she asked naively in reply to a question. "Of course I did," and then she kissed the glass over the photograph. "Frank and I became engaged last Summer," Miss Cole said. "He wanted to marry me before he went to Europe and take me with him. I did not have my trousseau and told him to wait until he returned."

Young Brown denies that any engagement existed. His father, ex-Gov. Frank Brown, declined to discuss the matter. The divorced wife received from the Browns $25,000 in lieu of alimony and $5,000 for attorneys' fees.

ITALY'S FLEET DEFIES AUSTRIA

Abruzzi Threatens to Bombard Prevesa if Turkish Warships Are Not Surrendered.

TURKS IN TRIPOLI DEFIANT

Say They Will Fight, Time to Communicate with Constantinople Being Refused.

ATTACK MAY BE BEGUN

Unofficial Telegrams Say the Italians Commenced to Shell the City Yesterday.

57 TURKISH SHIPS TAKEN

While Only Three Italian Vessels Have Been Captured—Turks May Attack Italy's African Colony.

The danger of complications with other powers arising from the Turkish-Italian war appears to be increasing. A telegram sent from Corfu last night said the Duke of the Abruzzi had sent an ultimatum to the Vali of Prevesa threatening a bombardment unless the Vali surrendered the Turkish warships that had taken refuge in the harbor. Austria-Hungary warned Italy on Monday that she would send warships to the Albanian coast in case of further action by the Italians there, and Italy, according to a telegram from Vienna on Monday, promised to leave Albania entirely alone.

A telegram from Constantinople says Austria has given a guarantee to Turkey that the status quo in the Balkans will be maintained.

A dispatch from Vienna says that the Porte has ordered the Turkish Army that has been operating in Arabia to occupy the coast of the Italian African colony of Eritrea. It is added that the troops are to be supported by a Turkish flotilla now in the Red Sea.

It is still doubtful whether the City of Tripoli was bombarded yesterday by the Italian fleet. Telegrams received in Paris, London, and Glasgow say that the bombardment was begun, but there is no official news on the subject. It is known, however, that the Turkish Commandant at Tripoli was called upon to surrender by the Italians, asked for time to communicate with Constantinople, and, on this being refused, declined to surrender, saying, "We can defend ourselves."

The report that the Turkish fleet is in the Dardanelles is believed in Rome to be untrue and to have been sent out with the object of causing a relaxation of Italian vigilance. It is said that the Turkish warships separated at Samos and proceeded in various directions.

The Italians are reported to have captured no fewer than fifty-seven Turkish vessels of various kinds, while the ships captured by the Turks number only three.

The State Department at Washington positively denies that the United States has made any move in the direction of mediation, either on its own account or in combination with any European power.

THREAT TO SHELL PREVESA.

Ultimatum from Abruzzi — Austrian Aid for Turkey Reported.

CORFU, Oct. 3.—Vice Admiral the Duke of the Abruzzi has sent an ultimatum to the Vali of Prevesa threatening a bombardment unless he surrenders the Turkish warships which have taken refuge in the harbor.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 3.—It is understood that Austria has given a guarantee to Turkey that the status quo in the Balkans will be maintained.

The Austrian Ambassador had a long interview with the Grand Vizier this afternoon, and it is announced that the Russian Ambassador will visit him tomorrow, but it is questionable whether Said Pasha will be able to remain in office another day. Halil Pasha, the Minister of the Interior, insists upon the acceptance of his resignation, but the Grand Vizier wants him to accept another portfolio. Fresh efforts have been made to prevail upon Hilmi Pasha to take the Ministry of Interior.

An iradé nominating the new Ministers has, however, been prepared, and after its issuance the new Cabinet will send either a note to the powers or a circular to the Ottoman Ambassadors, setting forth precisely Turkey's point of view in the war with Italy.

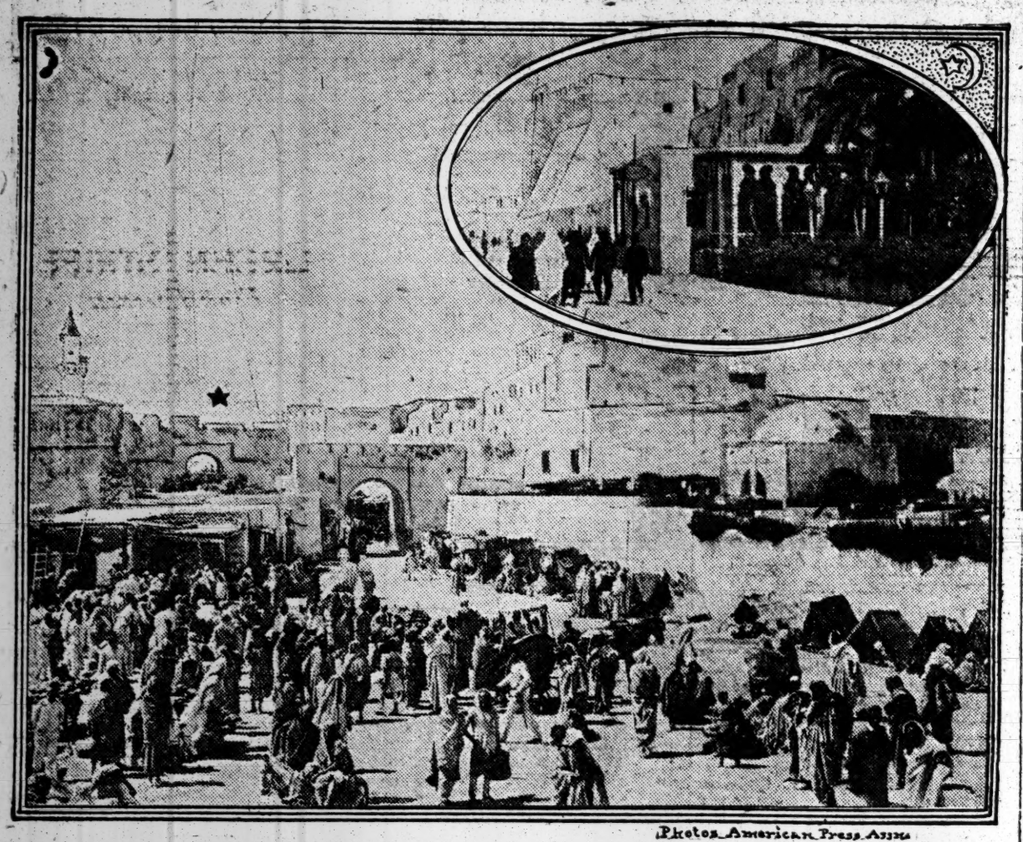
Turkish telegrams report that an Italian warship has sunk two motor boats near Hodeida, a seaport on the Red Sea, and has pursued the Turkish destroyer Peikishevket.

Replies to the Porte's appeal have been received from most of the powers, but, as was expected, they afford little satisfaction. In effect, the powers say that they will be unable to offer mediation until the Porte suggests a basis of settlement on the lines of the Italian demands set forth in the ultimatum.

A large number of volunteers, both soldiers and sailors, well officered, left here to-day for the Dardanelles, where the larger portion of the fleet is awaiting orders. Two battleships, the Medjidieh and the Assar-i-Twefik, and the torpedo cruiser Berk-i-Satvet have sailed from the Golden Horn to join it. No coal, petroleum, or other fuel is allowed to be sold without the Government's permission.

An influential member of the Committee of Union and Progress stated to-day that he realized that Turkey had been forced by untoward circumstances to submit to the Italian proposal to evacuate Tripoli.

Scenes in Tripoli, Under Bombardment.



Photos. American Press Assn.

The Upper Picture Shows the Custom House—The Star in the Lower Photograph Is Above the Famous Arch of Marcus Aurelius.

The reported bombardment of Tripoli may have destroyed one of the finest old Roman monuments in Northern Africa—the splendid triumphal arch erected in honor of Marcus Aurelius and of Lucius Verus, his son-in-law, in 164 A. D. The arch, in the centre of the city, is adorned with fine sculptures in marble, and has remained, owing to the clear African atmosphere, in a remarkably good condition of preservation.

The Arch of Marcus Aurelius, however, is by no means the only important antique structure in Tripoli. Near it is the principal mosque of the city, in which are sixteen beautiful Doric columns, which, it is said, once belonged to a Christian church.

The Arab architecture of Tripoli is also interesting. There are four gates in the massive city walls, and six graceful minarets surmount the town. One of the principal curiosities of Tripoli, near one of the gates and across what is known as the "Tuesday Market," is a large negro settlement, inhabited by blacks from beyond the Sahara, who have constructed homes of canes in the manner of their own country.

Tripoli is surrounded by palm groves and gardens. There are no manufactures of importance in the city, its principal trade being with caravans from the interior. The chief exports are esparto grass, ostrich feathers, and ivory.

Hypermatropia—it sounds like certain death, doesn't it? Your oculist will tell you it isn't dangerous though. Just a big name for a little defect of vision. If you have it, you need a pair of Meyrowitz "ground true" lenses—the best glasses in the world—to correct it.

Look It up

E. B. Meyrowitz
OPTICIAN
104 EAST 23d STREET, Near 4th Ave.
125 WEST 42d STREET, Near B'way.
650 MADISON AVENUE, Cor. 60th St.
255 LIVINGSTON ST., (Cor. Bond St.) } BROOKLYN
Minneapolis St. Paul London Paris

but account must be taken of the fanaticism of the people and a show of resistance must be made.

At present there are only 98 Deputies in Constantinople, a number insufficient for a quorum, but as soon as the requisite 140 members arrive the Chamber will be convened.

The German Consulate is stormed by anxious Italians who are asking for passports that will permit them to leave the country. Yesterday 600 left this city, and to-day the Consulate still had 6,000 applicants with whom to deal. Those remaining are subjected to heavy taxes.

Mehmed Pasha, son of Sheikh Abdel Kader, the last Algerian sovereign, has asked the Sultan to allow him to return to Tripoli for the purpose of rousing all the Mussulmans in Africa to repel the Italian invasion.

Two Russian steamers with Turkish troops aboard, bound from Yemen for Constantinople, have stopped at Suez, as they do not dare to continue up through the Mediterranean.

Turkish Fleet Divided.

ROME, Oct. 3.—The commander of an Italian cruiser which is cruising in the Aegean Sea with instructions to watch for the Turkish fleet confirms the suspicion entertained here that the announcement from Constantinople that the Turkish warships had entered the Dardanelles was untrue and was made with the intention of deceiving the pursuers, in the hope that Italian vigilance would be relaxed.

According to a message received here from the Italian commander in question, the vessels of the Turkish fleet separated off Samos. The several ships proceeded in as many directions, in order the better to escape the watchfulness of the Italians.

Rear Admiral Aubrey, in command of the Italian fleet at Tripoli, has reinforced the ships watching for Turkish vessels between Greece and the African Coast. Additional warships have been stationed between the mainland of Greece and Cerigo, between Cerigo and Crete, and between Crete and Tripoli.

According to official reports a total of fifty-seven Turkish steamers, yachts, and craft of various sizes have been seized in Italian ports or captured by Italian warships at sea, while the Italian vessels taken by the Turks number only three.

In regard to a statement from Constantinople that before the Italian ultimatum to Turkey had been presented the heir to the Turkish throne asked King Victor Emmanuel personally to intervene to avoid war, it was observed here to-day that the visit of the Turkish heir to the King was not as cordial as was represented.

In contrast to what happened in the cases of all other members of royalty who visited the Quirinal on the occasion of the Italian jubilee, at the gala dinner given in honor of the Turkish heir, no toast to the guest was drunk, nor did the Italian monarch engage him in private conversation after the dinner. As a result the Turkish Prince advanced the time of his departure from Rome by one day.

Fear Turkish Privateers.

BRINDISI, Oct. 3.—The whole Apulia coast of the Adriatic is in a state of considerable anxiety, fearing that the Turks will attempt privateering nothwithstanding the close watch kept by the Italian flotilla under the Duke of the Abruzzi.

The feeling of panic has been increased by the war measure through which the lights in the lighthouses have been extinguished. No lights are permitted along the coast. Even ordinary house illumination in sea towns is forbidden.

PARIS, Wednesday, Oct. 4.—A dispatch to Le Temps from Athens says that fourteen Turkish warships have re-entered the Dardanelles.

The Italian Embassy last evening authorized the following statement:

Mediation by the powers between Italy and Turkey is mentioned by French and foreign newspapers. No declaration in this regard has been made by the Royal Government, which is resting upon the logic of events. It cannot speak of mediation or negotiations until after Turkey shall have recognized the occupation of Tripoli by Italy.

A report, which is without confirmation from other sourcehs, comes from Vienna. It is to the effect that the Porte has ordered the Yemen expeditionary force to occupy the coast of the Italian colony of Eritrea, supported by a Turkish flotilla in the Red Sea.

Eritrea borders on the eRd Sea from Cape Kasar to the Strait of Bab-El-Mandeb.

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 4.—The Turkish Ambassador, Tewfik Pasha, presented a note from his Government to the Foreign Office yesterday complaining that, contrary to all international rules of warfare, Italy's declaration of war against Turkey was preceded by hostilities upon the part of the Italian warships.

For this reason Turkey, both lawfully and by reason of the existing situation, had, the Ambassador added, the right to employ against Italy not only measures arising out of a state of war but also any measures which the present situation might permit her to decree. Notwithstanding this right, Turkey had postponed such measures while making a new appeal to the powers, in the belief that it was still possible to end the war.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—State Department officials express the belief that the signatories of the Treaty of Berlin are seeking to effect a settlement between Italy and Turkey on the basis of the cession of Tripoli to Italy and financial compensation to Turkey. The difficulty is that Italy thought it necessary first to take actual possession of the Tripolitan coast towns.

It is suggested in official circles that the mediation plan would be endangered by protracted delay and by Turkey offering resistance necessitating an expensive campaign by Italy. In that case there would be no compensation to Turkey, and Italy would probably make further demands upon her.

It was positively asserted at the State Department to-day that no move whatever had been made by the United States in the direction of mediation, either singly or in combination with any of the European powers.

Youssouf Zia Pasha, the Turkish Ambassador, to-day reiterated his belief that a settlement would be reached in the near future. He declared, however, that Turkey could not consent to any arranagement other than an "honorable" one. The Ambassador indicated that the cession of Tripoli would not come within the scope of such a settlement, as he considered possible.

REFUSE TO GIVE UP TRIPOLI.

Turks Decide to Fight—Beginning of Bombardment Reported.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 4.—A telegram to The Times from Constantinople says the Turkish Government has received a cipher dispatch from Tripoli via Tunis to the effect that the Italian Admiral yesterday (Tuesday) summoned the military commandant and the acting Governor of Tripoli to surrender, "in order to avoid useless bloodshed."

The Commandant requested to be allowed to communicate with the Ottoman Government, but the request was refused.

The Commandant then refused to surrender.

PARIS, Wednesday, Oct. 4.—A dispatch to the Temps from Rome last evening said that, according to information from an official source, the bombardment of Tripoli began at 10 A. M. yesterday.

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 4.—A dispatch to a news agency from Rome yesterday stated that the bombardment of Tripoli by the Italian fleet had begun.

The message was timed at the Italian capital at 11:30 A. M., but the hour at which the bombardment began was left in doubt.

A dispatch from Chiasso says that the Rome newspaper Tribuna in a special edition last (Tuesday) night stated that the Italian cruisers had entered the Harbor of Tripoli and bombarded the forts and the Governor's castle, and that shortly afterward a landing was effected and the Italian flag was hoisted.

GLASGOW, Oct 3.—A private message received to-day from Jerba, an island off Tunis, says:

"A hellograph message from Tripoli says that the bombardment has begun. The ships are bombarding several places. The inhabitants are leaving."

Turks at Tripoli Defiant.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 3.—The Governor of Tripoli, in reporting the situation at the blockaded town to the Porte, says that when the commander of the Italian Fleet sent a notification to him that preparations to attack the town were complete and demanded its surrender, the Governor replied that he could not give a definite answer until he had consulted his Government.

The Italian commander declared that he would not wait, whereupon the Governor responded:

"You can attack. We will defend ourselves."

A prominent Egyption has offered to organize a force of 30,000 Egyptians to march against the Italians at Tripoli.

ROME, Oct. 3.—A dispatch from Admiral Faravelli, filed at Tripoli this morning and arriving here to-night by way of Vittoria, Sicily, says:

"In answer to a summons for the surrender of the city made yesterday, the Turkish Commander asked for delay, and it was granted until noon to-day."

Wireless messages were received here to-day from the Italian fleet off Tripoli. They state that the city is practically deserted, with the exception of the Turkish garrison. The only Italians remaining are the Apostolic Delegate and a few Franciscans monks, who refused to depart.

The natives have retired to the interior, transporting by means of caravans of camels 6,000 old Mauser rifles received from the Turkish military authorities, and 12,000 Mausers, which were landed by the Turkish transport Derna. The plan evidently adopted is to arm the Arab tribes of the interior for guerilla warfare against the Italians.

The Italian Government has declined the offers of Albanians, Cretans, Servians, Montenegrins, Bulgarians, and Greeks to go as volunteers to Tripoli to fight the Turks.

Let the Derna Escape.

AGOSTA, Sicily, Oct. 3.—An officer of the destroyer Garibaldino, one of the blockading fleet, off Tripoli, which has arrived here to re-coal, in an interview to-day, said:

"The Turkish steamer Derna escaped the blockade and reached Tripoli because our instructions were to let her pass. Her landing of arms, being a casus belli, was expected to result in the opening of hostilities.

"The Derna could have been captured 200 miles from Tripoli, where we discovered her flying the German flag. She had changed her name to that of the Eitel Friedrich. The Derna was proceeding at a speed of ten knots, and seemed to be under the impression that she was escaping from us. But we followed her with our lights out. The battleship Napoli, the night before her arrival at Tripoli, flooded her with searchlights. The Derna hoisted the German colors and gave a false name, and was told to proceed."

The steamer Molfetta of the Puglia Company, while crossing from Durazzo to Bari, was chased by five Turkish torpedo boats in an attempt to capture her. The Molfetta extinguished her lights and, aided by a stormy sea, managed to escape.

The entire population of Agosta, augmented by that of Syracuse and the surrounding villages, gave an enthusiastic reception to-day to ninety-three refugees from Tripoli who were landed by the destroyers Lanciere and Garabaldino. Bands played, flags were displayed, and the people cheered the refugees wherever they went.

Those who came in on the war vessels were mostly persons of the lower classes. They gave vivid descriptions of the long suffering they went through at the hands of the Turks. One of them, the proprietress of a hotel, said that for several days Mussulmans threatened to kill her and her family and to paint with Italian blood the white houses of Tripoli.

The refugees are being housed at the old Capuchin monastery at the expense of the Government.

All the capes and islands around Agosta are being provided with batteries with which to defend the port in case of a Turkish attack by sea. The Government has also caused to be erected several wireless stations, connecting the harbor here with the headquarters of the General Staff at the monastery of San Dominico.

The flagship Vittorio Emanuele sailed to-day for an unknown destination, but it is believed that she is to organize a service of escort between Italy and Sicily for the steamers transporting troops.

A dozen torpedo boats, the mining cruiser Iride, and several coal boats are here awaiting orders.

SFAX, Tunis, Oct. 3.—Ali Fethi Bey, the Turkish Military Attaché at Paris, and a party of Turkish officers and doctors landed at Gabos on Sunday.

They made an attempt to get to Tripoli by automobile, but were not allowed to cross the frontier.

WOES OF CORRESPONDENTS.

Held Up at Malta Owing to the Cholera Quarantine There.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 4.—A telegram to The Times from Valletta tells of the vicissitudes which pursue a correspondent in his endeavors to reach the war storm centre.

"A new hindrance has been added here in Malta," the dispatch says. "The diplomatists may be unbending and the great General Staff officers adamant, but they are malleable material in comparison with the Malta port sanitary officials. Correspondents here are treated almost as if they were malefactors.

"The correspondents, all of whom fondly believed that Tripoli was to be their immediate destination, found their crime—be they Italian, French, or English—was to be suspected of bringing cholera from Italy's seaports. Such wholesale incarceration of the world's press representatives seems unprecedented.

"At the moment all the authentic news of the war seems confined to the Adriatic, where, I understand, a flying naval base has been established.

"My journey through Italy gave me the superficial impression that the war is very popular in the South, is regarded with moderate enthusiasm in the central provinces, and without enthusiasm in the North. It will be observed that Italy has mobilized a larger number of reserves than was necessary for an expeditionary force for Tripoli."

CAPTURED SHIP AT TARANTO.

Prisoners from Turkish Transport Landed—Some Try to Escape.

TARANTO, Oct. 3.—The Italian armored cruiser Marco Polo brought into this port to-day the Turkish transport Sabah, which she had captured.

Great excitement prevailed during the disembarkation of the prisoners taken with the steamer. These included a Turkish General, a Colonel of the Medical Corps, and many soldiers. Five thousand rifles, sixty grenades, much ammunition, and about 200 horses were also captured.

All the men were in bad condition owing to the stormy sea. The officers were lodged in the castle, and the soldiers in the barracks, from which several attempted to make their escape. They were immediately recaptured, and are now under a strict watch. The officers begged for a newspaper, as they were anxious to learn something of the progress of the war.

Further details of the attack made by the Italian destroyers Artigliere and Carrazziere upon the Turkish torpedo boats Hamidiyeh and Apalagut, show that when one of the torpedo boats sank the Artigliere sent a boat and rescued the crew, as well as the Turkish flag.

WAR INCIDENTS IN AMERICA.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 3.—"Turkey will live long after you are dead," angrily shouted Mohammed Sellehaddin, a Turkish student, as he rose in chapel at Butler College to-day after a denunciation of his country by the Rev. Robert Fulton. Sellehaddin then left the hall applauded by his fellow-students.

Mr. Fulton, who spent a year in Turkey, said in addressing the students that because Turkey had retarded civilization "it would be a good thing if Italy should wipe it off the map."

CHATTANOOGA, Oct. 3.—Paying no heed to the war between their countries twenty-five Turks and as many Italians at the lock and dam at Hale's Bar on the Tennessee River are working side by side and living in perfect harmony.

They go into the big tunnels and down into the caissons, and labor all day with, apparently, never a thought of trouble.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 3.—Having raised $1,000 for the purpose of celebrating Columbus Day by an exhibition of fireworks, the Italian Professional and Business Men's Association decided to-day to donate the money to the Red Cross fund to be used on behalf of Italian soldiers in the war.

President Famiglietti has communicated with the Italian Consul General at New York in regard to the matter.

MR. ROCKEFELLER'S ADVICE.

"Stick to One Thing Until You Succeed," He Says on Starting East.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 3.—"Don't change; just stick to one thing until you succeed at it." With this parting precept John D. Rockefeller waved a final farewell to the party assembled on the platform of the East 105th Street Station to see him off to-day, then joined Mrs. Rockefeller in the car White Plains, chartered to carry them over the Lake Shore Railroad to Pocantico Hills for the Winter.

Mr. Rockefeller looked exceptionally well and felt as well as he looked, judging from his jovial, communicative mood. Mrs. Rockefeller, by way of contrast, seemed frailer than when she arrived in Cleveland early in the Summer. She came with Miss Spellman and other attendants in a glistening new limousine car of French make, and Mr. Rockefeller in an electric runabout with his secretary, George Rudd, and W. H. Rudd.

Mrs. Rockefeller was escorted by her attendants, her husband hovering solicitously about, umbrella in hand. Mrs. Rockefeller wore a hat of tyrian purple of the type known as the "Paris students' cap," with black willow plumes, the only sombre touch. She wore her customary long black silk coat with white lace facings. Mr. Rockefeller wore a gray business suit, black overcoat, patent leather shoes, and derby of the style made famous by Chauncey M. Depew and later by Mayor Gaynor of New York.

"How is Mrs. Rockefeller?" he was asked.

"Oh, she is in pretty good health, thank you," responded Mr. Rockefeller with alacrity.

"And how are you feeling?" he was asked.

"If you'd come out on the golf links and play a game of golf with me you'd think I was feeling well," said Mr. Rockefeller, smiling. "Say, I thought you fellows were not going to bother me this time," he continued. When reminded that there were no photographers present he said:

"Yes, that's so, and I am very thankful. By the way, what do newspaper men go into journalism for—do they hope through it to prepare for some other business? I believe in sticking to one thing—don't change. The young man who works to make his fortune must select one thing and stick to it.

"Take lots of exercise if you would keep healthy," he advised. "Walk, play golf, get all the fresh air you can. That's the secret of health."

"Nothing else helped me so much as Sanatogen"

These words of good cheer have a meaning for *you*, if *you* need help—real help in one of those crises of life when your health is giving you anxiety.

They echo a sentiment of gratitude that is expressed in many different ways in thousands of letters that come to us from men and women who owe to Sanatogen new strength and vitality.

These daily letters often bear the signature of distinguished physicians who offer cordial testimony to the unique reconstructive powers of Sanatogen.

Scientists who *know*—who have watched the effects of Sanatogen in its action on blood, tissue and nerves, who have studied its harmonious cooperation with nature in nourishing the sources of mental and bodily strength—speak with frank enthusiasm of this great modern food-tonic.

Their testimony carries a message of the highest importance to *you*. Famous men in every department of the world's activities supplement the written opinions of 15,000 physicians. They all speak to *you* of the wonderful powers of Sanatogen. No food-tonic was ever so splendidly endorsed, because no food-tonic ever accomplished such extraordinary *results*.

Your heed to this world-wide suggestion will give *you* the gratification of saying—

"Nothing helped me so much as Sanatogen."

"Our Nerves of Tomorrow"—FREE

This is a beautifully illustrated treatise by a physician of note, absorbingly interesting and brimful of facts and information that are of vital interest to you. The book also contains evidence of the value of Sanatogen, which is as remarkable as it is conclusive.

Sanatogen is sold in three sizes: $1.00—$1.90—$3.60

Get Sanatogen from your druggist—if not obtainable from him, sent upon receipt of price.

THE BAUER CHEMICAL CO. 506 EVERETT BUILDING Union Sq., New York

Hon. Thomas S. Martin
U. S. Senator from Virginia, writes:
"I thoroughly believe in Sanatogen since I have had occasion to test its beneficial effects."

John Burroughs
the distinguished naturalist and author, writes:
"I am sure I have been greatly benefited by Sanatogen. My sleep is fifty per cent. better than it was one year ago, and my mind and strength are much improved."

George Ade
the humorist, writes:
"I have given Sanatogen a trial, and I am convinced of its merits."

Prof. C. A. Ewald
of Berlin University, Doctor honoris causa Johns Hopkins Medical School, Baltimore, writes:
"I can say that I have used Sanatogen in a great number of cases (that is, in those disturbances of metabolism which were mainly of a nervous or neurasthenic origin), and have obtained excellent results."

Hon. Miles Poindexter
U. S. Senator from Washington, writes:
"I am sure Sanatogen has benefited me greatly. A few weeks' use of it has produced better digestion, better sleep, and a feeling of greater strength."

The one sock that's wear-proofed at *every* point of *wear*

25c. 35c. 50c.

CARPET CLEANING
J. & J. W. WILLIAMS
Tel. 366 Columbus. Est. 1875.
353 West 54th St

BOY KILLED BY FIRE TENDER.

Companion Backs Auto into Truck, Knocking Victim Under Wheels.

While playing around a tender attached to Engine 44, in East Seventy-fifth Street, yesterday afternoon Abraham Schneider, 12 years old, a school boy of Public School 70, living at 1,434 Second Avenue, was run over and died of his injuries later at the Reception Hospital.

At the time the pupils of the school were dismissed for the day all of the apparatus belonging in the firehouse was standing out in the street. This was due to the fact that repairs were needed on the tender, and an automobile had been sent from the department repair shop to tow the tender to that place for the repairs.

When George Roberts, a chauffeur employed at the repair shops, who was in charge of the automobile, coupled the tender to the auto several school boys were on the steps of the tender.

Roberts shouted to the boys to get off and started his motor. Then finding he had left something in the engine house he stopped the auto, but left the engine running, and jumped off the car, returning to the engine house. A moment after one of the boys started the auto and it began backing. As it struck the tender, which was about five feet back of it when it started moving, Schneider, who had been standing on the rear step of the tender, fell off and rolled under one of the rear wheels.

Advertisement of JOHN DAVID
Edited by Opumach

SHAGGY, briery, bristly stuffs, that look as if a ghost story had made their hair stand on end, are the newest fashiongram from "across the salt." Stein-Bloch has tailored them with ineffable smartness—they are symphonies in symmetry—twins of the clothes turned out by the "crack" Avenue drapers.

Tweeds, Cheviots, Homespuns and Worsteds in colorings and patternings that have no "dittoes" this side o' sea.
Made by Stein-Bloch
$20 to $50

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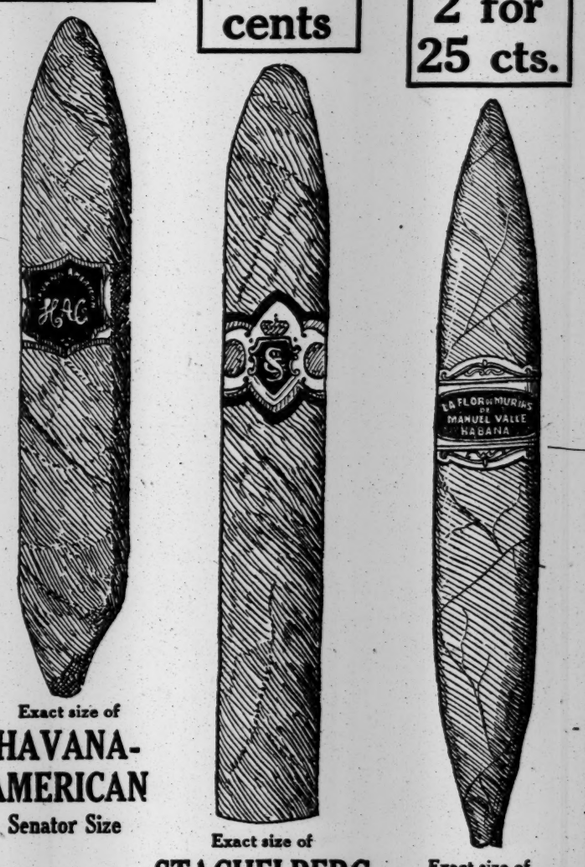

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71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

38 DEAD, 40 MISSING, NOW AUSTIN'S TOLL

Flood Wreckage Rapidly Being Cleared Away and Town Tries to Resume Business.

GOV. TENER NOW ON SCENE

Approves Relief Work and Will Study Causes of the Disaster—Food Supplies Run Low.

AUSTIN, Penn., Oct. 3.—Six bodies, the face of another, and a skull so badly charred that neither the sex nor approximated age of the victim can be determined, were recovered from the wreckage here to-day, and the total number of known dead in the flood that almost obliterated this community last Saturday now stands at 38. All but one of the bodies were identified. They are:

AINSWORTH, ARTHUR, 45 years old.
BENSON, ELLEN, 10.
KARF, MARY, (face only,) 22.
LAWLER, Mrs. THOMAS, 25.
PEARSON, Mrs. DANIEL, 50.
WOLCOTT, Mrs. PRESTON, 58.

With almost hourly revision of the list of missing, due to defects in the census and incomplete information gathered, the number is approximated only. This is given out officially as 40, and the feeling is expressed to-night that a number of these never will be found. Those not having been consumed in the fire, it is thought, will have lost any semblance to a human body before being uncovered, so deeply have they been buried in the wreckage, which has torn and mangled the bodies that have been recovered.

The body of Arthur Ainsworth, recovered to-day, was found pinned down to what was the sidewalk by a heavy sign that had hung outside his office. Ainsworth was a former District Attorney of Potter County.

The body of Mrs. A. C. Brown, recovered late yesterday, was found by Capt. Sibell and Sergt. Simmons of the State Constabulary, who had gone out to select a site for a tent in which to house some of the laborers.

Gov. John K. Tener reached here to-night to inspect the broken dam and the territory devastated by the flood. With him came Adjt. Gen. Stewart, State Highway Commissioner E. M. Bigelow, Gen. Fred W. Fleitz, Vice President of the State Water Supply Commission, and Farley Gannett, a member of the Water Commission.

"What we are doing and want to do as fast as is possible," said the Governor, "is to recover the dead that may be in the ruins."

Later, however, he discussed the question of responsibility in such disasters, and made one definite statement as to his intention.

"I will not only recommend but will urge the passage of legislation which will give the State control over such dams, not only those to be built but those already built."

At a conference behind closed doors, in which the Governor and all the State officials at present here participated, Dr. S. G. Dixon, State Health Commissioner, submitted a report of what had been done and what was proposed to be done in the nature of rescue and relief work. The Governor signified his approval of the report.

At daylight to-morrow Gov. Tener, with several engineers and departmental heads, will start out on a tour of the country scoured by the flood, stopping at the Bayless dam for an inspection of it, and will leave about 9 A. M. for Harrisburg. While here the Governor is quartered in a private car.

The first business enterprise since the destruction of the village appeared to-day when several storekeepers began to display their wares. One tobacconist salvaged a quantity of cigars and cigarettes and soon sold this stock to tobacco users. A merchant on Ruckber Street, who carried a $20,000 stock of miscellaneous wares, furniture, and musical instruments, to-day reached some of the small wares in his wrecked building, and on boxes, bureaus, improvised tables, and a sofa or two he had displayed a few toys, notions, and trinkets which he was offering for souvenirs.

Considerable anxiety is felt to-night by the state officers in charge because of the non-arrival of several carloads of supplies that have been reported on the way.

"We want food and we want money," was the appeal of Dr. S. G. Dixon, State Health Commissioner in charge of the work, to-day. "The food supply is getting low, and as we increase our working force we must find a way to feed them."

The regular water supply has been reestablished and to-morrow morning it is to be made available.

H. W. Nelson of Coudersport, District Attorney of Potter County, inspected the scene of the flood to-day, and announced that the inquest would be begun Friday morning at 11 o'clock. The Coroner's office is vacant at present, and the District Attorney has appointed a Justice of the Peace, S. P. Olmstead of Coudersport, as Acting Coroner. The inquest will be held in the schoolhouse, and will be attended by Deputy Attorney General Hargest of Harrisburg. The District Attorney declared this morning that he had no information that would lead him to place the responsibility for the accident, and that while he expected subpoenas would be issued, he could not indicate upon whom they would be served until he had investigated further. No statement is forthcoming from the officials of the Bayliss Pulp and Paper Company, who owned the dam, although, according to the District Attorney, the company will be represented at the inquest by their counsel, A. F. Jones of Coudersport.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—President Taft to-day telegraphed the War Department that, in view of the reports of the Red Cross, the State was able to cope with the situation without outside help, he did not think it necessary for the department to send a representative to Austin, Penn., to succor the flood sufferers.

CONDEMNS CHEAP DAM WORK.

Engineering News Comments on the Austin Disaster.

The Engineering News, in commenting to-day on the Austin dam disaster, will say in part:

"So far as the newspaper reports have informed the world the structure was designed and built under the direction of a competent engineer of good reputation. The structure fails suddenly, with great loss of life, and the public jumps to the conclusion that no engineer is reliable, and that no dam is safe. We wish to combat this idea. Most emphatically do we declare that it is within the resources of engineering to so build such a dam as that at Austin that it shall be safe and secure.

"It is our duty to say that the occurrence is without excuse, and that if the dam had been built with proper precautions and proper regard for safety the failure would never have occurred. These disasters occur because too frequently those who build these structures buy just as little engineeering and buy it just as cheaply as they possibly can, and they often reject so much of it as does not suit their fancy or their purse.

"It was bad to build a dam on such a foundation, with no greater precaution to prevent water getting under it, but it was ten times worse to attempt to use the structure in its weakened and perilous condition after the partial failure of January, 1910."

The paper concludes by urging the necessity of establishing some sort of State or Government supervision and control over structures which may constitute a menace to hundreds and thousands of people and to millions of dollars' worth of property.

TRADE SHACKLES WAR DECLARES CHURCHILL

British Home Secretary Finds in Nations' Interlacing Business Interests the World's Security.

HE TOUCHES ON MOROCCO

Says Increased Gold Output Is a Cause of Rising Prices of Necessaries, While Wages Lag Behind.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—Winston Churchill, the Home Secretary, espoused the theory that, apart from the high tariff of protectionist countries, the increased production of gold is fundamentally responsible for the present industrial unrest, in a speech delivered at Dundee to-night. Mr. Churchill also dealt with the international political situation, referring to "the strong tremor of unrest that had passed through the gigantic structure of fleets and armies which impress and oppress the civilization of our time," but pointing out how "States and Governments to-day find themselves bound together, interlaced and interwoven one with another, by the tenacious network of trade interests, of commercial transactions, of intercommunication, of reciprocal insurance, and of friendly connection."

"They find themselves," he went on, "standing upon the dizzy and precarious platform of international credit and complex artificial industry, a platform which, were it to collapse or be violently overturned, would produce consequences which no man and no monarch can foretell."

Mr. Churchill said he believed the day would surely come when these restraining forces would be found strong enough and widespread enough to guarantee to themselves the security of the world's peace. It was, he declared, at least satisfactory that the forces of restraint were strongest with the strongest nations, and that Great Britain, Germany, and France, the leading powers dwelling in the full sun blaze and glory of the modern world, were the very powers who would find the greatest difficulty in breaking peace with one another, and who would have the most to lose and the furthest to fall if rupture occurred.

Mr. Churchill made a statement in regard to the Morocco conversations which, in view of the German accusations, is specially noteworthy. He said:

"We earnestly desire to see France and Germany reach an agreement about Morocco. We have never uttered and we have not written a single syllable publicly or privately which could retard or obstruct such a happy conclusion."

The British Home Secretary's exposition of the root causes of the labor unrest was as follows:

"Prices of food and necessaries have risen in the last fifteen years more than wages. That is an undoubted fact which every employer who is a worthy citizen and wishes to be a good captain of industry is bound to face and do justice to. It is quite true that prices of foodstuffs have not risen in these islands in anything like the same proportion that they have done in the United States or in the protected European countries. So also the expression of discontent in this country has been much less violent and dangerous.

"Apart from the protective tariff which foreign countries have established, I think the rise in prices is probably due to the enormously increased output of gold. In 1850 the total gold output of the world was only £7,500,000 sterling. In 1909 it was £93,500,000 sterling. That means that gold has become less valuable, that a sovereign buys less clothes, less food, or less fuel than in former days. The increase of the gold output, which is no doubt useful to commerce and credit, produces a rise in prices, but while prices can be raised quite easily to meet the new conditions which have generally been produced, wages move only very slowly and very jerkily, and very often after fierce quarrels between employer and employed."

CLERK SLEW VON HELLEN.

Shot Head of High Court in Finland, Then Himself.

HELSINGFORS, Finland, Oct. 3.—The assassin of M. von Hillen, President of the High Court of Justice at Abo, was identified to-day as a shop clerk named Loefdahls, who was 24 years old. The authorities state that the motive for the crime was undoubtedly political.

The victim for a short time in 1905 was Procurator General. He was leaving his home late last night, when Loefdahls, who had hidden behind the outer door, fired two shots. The fatal wound was in the heart. The second bullet entered the left arm. M. von Hellen sank to the ground and expired a moment later. The assassin fired a third bullet into his own forehead, and, falling on the steps in front of the doorway, died in fifteen minutes without having regained consciousness.

Wreck of the French Battleship Liberte.

Blown Up in Toulon Harbor on the Morning of Sept. 25.

HONOR LIBERTE'S VICTIMS.

President Fallieres Follows 168 Coffins Through Toulon Streets.

TOULON, France, Oct. 3.—A wreath with a broad ribbon of black was placed in the name of the American Navy beside the coffins of the Liberté's dead in the arsenal by the Naval Attaché of the American Embassy, Commander Henry Hough, this morning.

The funeral services for those who lost their lives when the French battleship was destroyed by an explosion and fire in the harbor on Sept. 25 were held today. They began with a requiem mass at the Church of St. Louis, celebrated by the Archbishop of Frejus. At the conclusion of these rites 168 coffins, containing only the bodies that had been identified, were put upon twenty-four gun carriages, seven to a carriage. Guards of honor representing all branches of the services of the army and navy attended the bodies. The cortège moved slowly across the city from the church to the arsenal. The chief mourner, President Fallières, was followed by the members of the Cabinet, the Presidents of the two chambers of Parliament, deputations from the municipalities of Paris and other large cities of France and the foreign Naval Attachés.

Business throughout the town was suspended and a crowd of persons with bared heads crowded the route of the procession. In front of the Municipal Theatre the pressure of the crowd broke the formation of the troops lining the square, and the procession was rudely disturbed by the crush of those who became panic-stricken. The Ministers and other high officials endeavored to calm the storm, but despite their efforts President Fallières and the carriages containing several Ministers were completely separated from the cortège for some time.

The arrival at the arsenal was accomplished with difficulty. Within the arsenal space had been reserved for the families of the dead. Most of these were fishing people from Brittany. At the arsenal the funeral orations were delivered by President Fallières, the Minister of Marine, M. Delcasse, Vice Admiral Bellue, commander of the French Mediterranean squadron; Deputy Abel, and Mayor Gasquet of Toulon.

At the close of these services the bodies were transported to the places from which the men had been recruited, for burial. The unidentified parts of the bodies of more than forty men were buried in the cemetery of Toulon. The burial services were conducted by the Archbishop of Frejus. President Fallières spent the afternoon visiting the injured at the hospitals.

BATTLE IN OPORTO; ROYALISTS BEATEN

Many Killed in Encounter with Portuguese Troops Following Premature Uprising.

100 ROYALISTS ARRESTED

Rebels Fired on Republican Troops from Housetops—Several Priests Among the Combatants.

LISBON, (via frontier,) Oct. 3.—There was fighting in the streets of Oporto on Saturday between Monarchists and the Republican troops following the discovery of the monarchical conspiracy. A number of persons were killed and others wounded. The Republicans easily had the best of the conflict.

This, however, is not regarded as the end of the Monarchist movement in northern Portugal. The newspapers are not allowed to print the details of what is happening.

Persons arriving at the capital from Oporto describe the scene in that city Saturday morning as terrible for the brief time the trouble lasted. The fighting took place just before dawn. The Republican troops had surprised and arrested several groups of Monarchists. Their prisoners numbered more than 100. Others had been warned and made their escape.

A large body of Monarchists gathered in a public building, which they barricaded, and from the windows and roof fired upon the troops with automatic pistols. Other Monarchists in different quarters of the city, who had not been apprised of the raids by the troops and police, hearing the firing, accepted it as a signal for the Monarchial uprising. Singly, in pairs, and in trios they ran to the places in the city which they had been instructed to occupy at the critical moment. Every man was armed with a revolver, and they began firing upon the troops from the side streets. Among them were several priests who fought courageously and inspired the others.

Early in the fight fresh troops arrived, and a troop of cavalry charged up and down the streets firing their pistols and slashing with their sabres. Some houses were set on fire. Eventually the Monarchists who survived were arrested or fled and the soldiers restored order. The arrests continue.

There is no reliable estimate of the number killed and wounded. The Monarchists appear to have been loosely organized. Moreover, they made a fatal error in attacking when they did. The uprising had been set for Saturday night and was unwisely attempted in the morning prematurely when the leaders saw that the conspiracy had been discovered and their arrest was imminent. They chose to fight, and their followers, hearing the sounds of battle, believed that the time for action had come.

Disorders at other places have been suppressed for the time being. It is difficult to learn what is going on, but seemingly the Government is secure in its military measures.

An official note issued to-day says:

"The information of the government does not accord with the rumors abroad of an incursion of Monarchists. On the contrary, the anniversary of the republic is being celebrated in all parts of the country."

LONDON, Oct. 3.—The Portuguese Minister here, Senhor Magalhies Lima, to-day received the following telegram from the Foreign Office at Lisbon:

"A tentative revolution at Oporto failed completely. The conspirators were arrested and will be confined in a fort at Lisbon. The Government is prepared to take energetic measures to repress further conspiracy. Absolute tranquillity prevails."

SENATOR BURTON IN PARIS.

Refuses to Talk of American Gold Shipments Abroad.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 3.—Senator Theodore E. Burton, who arrived here Monday, was seen by the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES at the Meurice to-day. Owing to his position in Washington, the Ohio Senator said he was unwilling to discuss the large shipments of American gold to Europe which are now exercising the minds of financial experts on both sides of the Atlantic.

The topic uppermost in Mr. Burton's mind seemed to be the failure of the proposed reciprocity agreement with Canada.

"This," he remarked, "caused me deep disappointment, although, in view of the closeness of the previous Canadian elections, the recent results should not have been wholly unexpected."

Mr. Burton will leave Paris to-morrow.

WHERE IS BUCKNAM, TURKISH ADMIRAL?

American Who Put Sultan's Navy in Trim Dropped Out of Sight a Year Ago.

ECLIPSED BY YOUNG TURKS

Friends Here Expect He Will Even Yet Be Called On to Command the Fleet in the Present War.

Friends of Ransford D. Bucknam, organizer of the present Turkish Navy and until a year ago its Admiral, are wondering what has become of him since his sudden eclipse in Turkish affairs following the rise of the Young Turk party and the overthrow of Sultan Abdul Hamid.

Until Yussuf Zia Pasha, the Turkish Ambassador at Washington, announced four days ago that Bucknam, who enjoyed the distinction of being the only American born Pasha, was no longer connected with the Turkish Navy and would not figure in the present war, it had been expected by his friends here that he would appear in the day's news as in command of the fleet.

Now they are asking what has become of him. He was in New York City a year ago, and was a guest at the Hotel Breslin. He then told several of his friends that he was going back to Turkey immediately and expected that all differences between himself and the Young Turks would be adjusted. He had a number of railroad and electric lighting and power plant concessions and expected to gain under the new Government all of the prestige he had enjoyed under the old.

Capt. F. H. Wagner, U. S. N., retired, is one of Bucknam's friends, who was making diligent inquiries for him yesterday. At the Hotel Breslin he recalled, with other guests who had known Bucknam, his visit to this city of a year ago and his plans for his future career in Turkey.

"I can say one thing quite positively," declared Capt. Wagner, "and that is that whatever fighting edge the Turkish Navy has in it at this time Bucknam put there, and he put it there by imitating to as complete a degree as he could the methods of drill and discipline in vogue on the United States battleships. Not that he himself had a naval officer's training in this country—he was never in the navy here—but because he co-operated with naval officers here, who had retired from the service, and gained the benefit of their skill for Turkey."

While here Bucknam visited the Cramp company's plant at Philadelphia, where he had been employed before he undertook to deliver for the company the cruiser Abdul Medjdia to the Turkish authorities at Mitylene on the Aegean Sea. This service he performed in 1904, and for the five years next following was a constantly increasing power among the Turks. First he became an aid de camp to the Sultan, and was put in charge of a naval school. Next he became Commodore of the fleet and finally in 1907 got the rank of Rear Admiral and the title of Pasha.

During the assault on Constantinople by the Young Turks his flagship, the Abdul Medjidia, manoeuvred in the Bosporus, stripped for action, and it was declared to be a part of Abdul Hamid's plan of defense to have the cruiser shell the city as a means of keeping back the Constitutionalist forces.

Capt. Wagner, speaking last night of the strange manner in which Bucknam has dropped out of sight, recalled many intimate incidents of his career as a Turkish naval commander and a Yankee skipper sailing out of Boston and San Francisco.

One incident had to do with a Turkish cruiser that had been sent to a German port to be repaired. When Bucknam became naval aid to Abdul Hamid he looked over the expense accounts for repairing this cruiser. He found that they continued over a period of six years and had reached a total larger than the sum necessary to build a new vessel of equal tonnage and capacity. He suggested to the Sultan that he (Bucknam) go to Germany and recover the vessel. He was commissioned to make the visit, and on arriving at the shipyards he found the cruiser anchored well out in the roadstead. She had been stripped bare of all her trimmings and furnishings and was in no condition to be moved.

The naval aid of the Sultan decided that he would soon have a moving day. He began an investigation which resulted in unearthing a large portion of the goods taken from the cruiser. He had her made seaworthy and was about to depart with her when he was set upon as he approached the wharf to go aboard. Two companions fled upon the first assault of water front ruffians, but Bucknam remained, and in the ensuing fight his arms and breast were slashed with knives until he was unconscious.

In that condition the police, who had been summoned by his companions, found him. He remained in the hospital for six weeks and then sailed to Turkey with the ship. An official investigation of the incident made by the Kaiser developed that the naval officer's assailants had been repair men on the cruiser who were about to lose snug jobs they had held for six years.

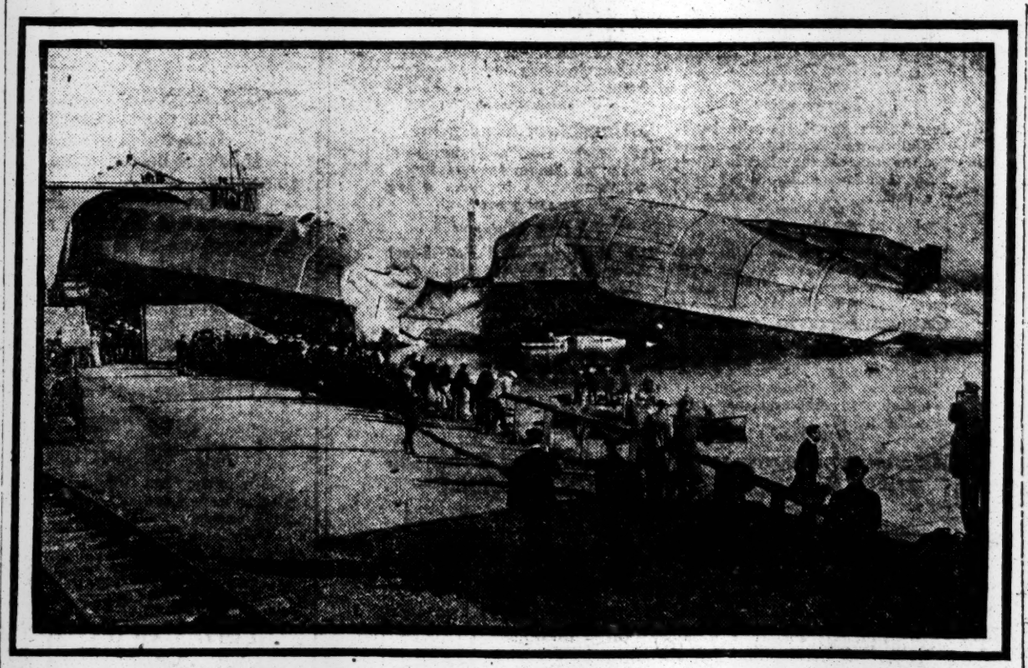
Capt. Wagner said that the only coal mine now in operation along the shores of the Mediterranean was one discovered by Bucknam, and that the Turkish Navy received much of its coal from this mine. He said that Bucknam's only offense to the Young Turks was his refusal to renounce his American citizenship and become a Turkish subject. At the time of Abdul Hamid's downfall Bucknam took sides only to the extent of influencing the Young Turks not to harm the fallen Sultan's person, and for this they were grateful when they had taken time to reflect.

Capt. Wagner is confident that Bucknam will turn up somewhere in this country or Europe and will be called for by the Turks to command the fleet he reorganized.

New Japanese Cruiser.

NAGASAKI, Japan, Oct. 3.—The cruiser Yahagi, the newest addition to the Japanese Navy, was launched here to-day. The vessel is of 4,901 tons and was laid down in 1910. With the Hirado and the Shikuma of similar type, the Yahagi will be completed in 1912. The three are scout cruisers of the Tone class, improved and increased in displacement.

Wreck of the First British Airship.



The British Admiralty's first airship constructed by Vickers, Sons & Maxim broke in two while being taken out of its shed at Barrow-in-Furness on Sept. 24, before it even started a flight. The accident was attributed to weakness of the central part of the framework, which was 512 feet long.

The frame collapsed under pressure of a nine-mile breeze as the airship was being launched stern first. As it emerged, the airship listed to leeward, then began to wiggle like a great snake. There was a tearing, cracking sound, and before anything could be done the centre collapsed like the bellows of a great concertina.

The hydrogen reservoirs emptied gradually and, fortunately, the two ends kept afloat. It was feared after the accident that the stern half would break loose and fly aloft with the crew, who were in the after gondola. The men dived out of the car and swam to the nearest pier.

The wrecked airship is said to have cost $400,000. It was first tried on May 22 and was floated, but was too heavy to fly. It was taken back and much work done upon it. Two days before the accident the airship was taken over by the Admiralty.

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Apply to Ticket Agents, or C. STUDDS, D. P. A., 263 Fifth Avenue, New York.

TESTIFY AGAINST PRIEST.

Fellow Cleric Says Vitozzi Was One of Worst of Camorrists.

VITERBO, Oct. 3.—The priest Vitozzi, who is one of the defendants in the Camorra trial, was again attacked today. A priest named Fusco, one of the chaplains of the Naples Cemetery and in this capacity associated with Vitozzi, testified that the latter was one of the worst characters in the Camorra. The defendant, he said, always insisted upon having the lion's share of the cemetery fees, and in order to obtain it was in the habit of threatening the other priests.

Another witness, Galaro, swore that de Angelis and Amedeo, two of the prisoners, had confessed to having murdered Gennaro Cuocolo and Cuocolo's wife. It is charged by the Crown that the real assassins of the Cuocolos conspired to cover their own guilt by making it appear that de Angelis and Amedeo committed the murders.

In reply to-day these two men called the attention of the jury to the fact that Galaro was the secretary to the company which publishes a newspaper edited by Attorney Lloy of the defense. It was obvious, they said, that Lloy had suggested this testimony against them to the witness.

A SPECIAL OFFERING

This morning we place on sale 30 styles of exceptionally fine black worsteds with white and coloured silk mixtures—neat effects—some with small plaids and overplaids. They make up with style and snap—Suit to measure $20.00. Overcoats of velours or thibets, silk lined to the edge—made to measure $25.00. Samples cheerfully sent to any address.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

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"GREEN STRIPE"

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Hairlines in Men's fabrics at Saks'

¶ Hairlines continue to be a very popular choice. This is due in large measure to the fact that hairline fabrics, inexpressibly neat of themselves, are superlatively neat when tailored. And particularly when we tailor them.

¶ We have a wonderfully representative selection of hairline fabrics, including wide, medium and narrow effects. However, in our personal opinion, the narrow effects are the neatest and most effective, especially in rough cheviot cloths, and made with soft rolling lapels and a suggestion of shapeliness at the waist.

¶ These hairline fabrics come in colored and self stripes on black, brown and blue grounds. And by procuring one of these distinctive hairline fabrics and having it tailored by us, you effect an amalgamation that has no parallel in the current history of clothes.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th St.

TRYING TO AGREE ON PRIMARIES BILL

Democratic Senators in a Late Night Conference and a Long Fight Is Looked For.

JOKERS IN ASSEMBLY BILL

Fails to Change Election of State Committee and Otherwise Favors the Party Bosses.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Oct. 3.—It became apparent soon after the Legislature reconvened this evening that a direct nominations bill cannot be enacted without another lively struggle between the friends and foes of that reform. Opposition to the Ferris-Blauvelt direct nominations bill, which was passed by the Assembly about daybreak last Sunday and sent to the Senate to-day for concurrence, has developed within the ranks of the Democratic majority in the Upper House. Led by that pronounced friend of direct primaries, Thomas F. Grady, the Democratic Senators to-night have locked themselves in the Senate library in an effort to bring about harmony by caucus rule.

To be sure, the Democratic powwow has begun as a "conference," in order that no member of the Senate majority should have an excuse to remain out. On the distinct understanding that the conference will be not turned into a caucus until after there had been ample warning—and on that pledge only—Senators Franklin D. Roosevelt of Dutchess, Frank M. Loomis and George B. Burd of Erie, and James F. Duhamel of Kings, Independence Leaguer, went into the conference. All four have declared themselves against the Ferris-Blauvelt bill in its present form, and little hope is expressed here to-night that it can be amended so as to suit them without being made far too radical to suit the Tammany regulars who dominate the party council to-night.

As a result of this new outbreak of insurgency in the Senate the situation comes down to this:

Unless the three Democratic insurgents and the Independence Leaguer can be won over to the support of the Ferris-Blauvelt bill that measure cannot pass the Senate, for the Republicans will be arrayed against it solidly.

The Republicans will not have enough votes, even with the aid of the four insurgents, to amend the Ferris-Blauvelt bill so as to meet the objections advanced against it or to pass a more satisfactory direct primary bill, because there are a number of Republican Senators who under no circumstances will vote for direct nominations in any form.

The result of this situation in all probability will be failure on the part of the Senate to concur in the action of the Assembly, just as that body last Saturday failed to concur in the action of the Senate where on that day the Hinman Direct Nominations bill was passed by a combination between Democratic and Republican members pledged to genuine direct primaries legislation.

The effect of non-action on the part of the Senate will be to throw the fight back into the Assembly again. In the lower house there can be mustered up a sufficient number of votes to pass the Hinman bill, and the Democratic leaders there, in the course of the conference held during the small hours of Sunday morning, solemnly pledged themselves to give their support to the Hinman bill, in case the Senate should fail to concur in the Ferris-Blauvelt bill. This was a promise made by them in the desperate dilemma in which they found themselves in their attempt to hold down the wholesale insurgency that swept the Assembly that night and prevented the passage in the lower house of the Hinman bill, which then would have gone to the Governor, and would undoubtedly would have been signed by him.

There is little hope among those who know the attitude of the organization that this pledge will be kept now.

Under close scrutiny the Ferris-Blauvelt bill has been found not to be all that its advocates claim for it. There is in it, for instance, a provision under which members of the State Committee would be elected by the delegates to the State Convention just as they are at the present time. This is in direct contrast with the recommendations Gov. Dix made in his message, where he urged that a Direct Nominations bill be passed providing for the election of members of all political committees at the primaries. The fact that this little "joker" was contained in the Ferris-Blauvelt bill was carefully concealed by the advocates of that measure when they made speeches in its favor during the stormy Assembly session on Saturday night.

Several other flaws have been discovered as well. There is, for instance, a provision which would enable the political organizations to spend any amount of money that they may have left from the preceding campaign to promote the fortunes of their candidates for nominations, thus giving them an advantage over candidates named through petition by independent voters. In addition, the candidates designated by the party committees would have a preferential place on the ballot. As far as the Ferris bill is concerned, too, this primary campaign fund might be spent by the organizations pretty nearly in any way they like, as long as they steer clear of bribery or barefaced vote buying.

In other ways, too, the organization candidates have been favored in the Ferris-Blauvelt bill. While the Hinman bill aims to make it easy for independent candidates to get a place on the ballot, providing, for instance, that fifty signatures to a petition shall be sufficient to give a candidate for an Aldermanic and Assembly nomination a place on the primary ballot, the Ferris-Blauvelt bill provides that he must receive the signatures of at least 4 per cent. of the total vote his party cast for Governor in his district at the last preceding State election. Up-State Democrats declare that it would make independent nominations by petition exceedingly difficult if not impossible in rural sections of the State.

Another provision of the Ferris bill which seems drafted for the specific purpose of giving the bosses a stronger hand than ever has to do with the party nominations of candidates, such as Senators, Congressmen, and Judges, where the candidates are voted for in more than one county. In such cases the Ferris bill provides that the nominations for the preferred party place on the primary ballot shall be made by the Chairman and Secretary of the County Committees, the former usually the party boss in his county, getting together and making the selection.

These are the principal objections advanced against the Ferris-Blauvelt bill, but there are many others, and a whole lot of amending will be required to placate the opponents.

Gov. Dix came down from Lake George to-night and is again spending the evening in the executive chamber conferring with some of the Democratic leaders. Senator Ferris, author of the bill, which will be up before the Senate to-morrow, had a long talk with the Governor soon after the Senate adjourned to-night. The Governor is insisting that the Ferris bill shall be made to conform squarely with the direct primaries idea.

Senator Harvey D. Hinman announced in the Senate to-night that the Republican Senators would hold a conference to-morrow before the session to decide on their line of action.

"It is safe to say," said the Senator who led the Hughes direct primaries campaign in the Senate, "that we will not support the Ferris-Blauvelt bill. That measure merely provides for bossism under the protection of statutory enactment."

Drops Horton Breach of Promise Suit.

Elizabeth P. Berghe obtained permission from Supreme Court Justice Pendleton yesterday to discontinue her suit for $150,000 damages for breach of promise against Harry L. Horton, the septuagenarian, head of the brokerage house of H. L. Horton & Co.

RICE WINS IN NEW HAVEN.

Republicans Re-elected There—Democrats Capture Waterbury.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 3.—Biennial elections were held to-day in New Haven and Waterbury, two of the largest cities in the State. Mayor Frank J. Rice was re-elected in this city by a plurality of 1,922. The two opposition tickets were headed respectively by ex-Mayor James B. Martin, Democrat, and by Frank Butterworth, a former Yale football player, Republican. Butterworth polled about 1,000 votes. The Board of Aldermen will be Republican. The present city officials, partly Republican and partly Democratic, were re-elected with the exception of Controller Rowe, who was defeated by Arthur Mullen, a clerk till recently in Mr. Rowe's office.

Mayor William B. Hotchkiss of Waterbury was defeated by Frank T. Reeves, Democrat, by 254 votes. The Common Council will be Democratic, and most of the city officials will be Democratic.

In New Haven and Waterbury, each, the Socialists polled about 1,000 votes.

TALKS ON DEATH, DROPS DEAD

Shortly after returning early yesterday morning from Grace Episcopal Church, Jamaica, where he had made an address to the Men's Club upon the uncertainty of life, the Rev. Arthur Sloan dropped dead of heart disease at his home, 528 Lefferts Avenue, Richmond Hill.

Dr. Sloan was 58 years old. He was a graduate of Columbia College and the General Theological Seminary. For seventeen years he was rector of the church at Sailors' Snug Harbor, retiring in 1910. For eighteen years previously he had been rector of the Church of the Resurrection, in Richmond Hill.

STRIKERS' SHOTS RIDDLE TRAIN

Continued from Page 1.

hail of stones and other missiles, and before they had fought their way back to the train three citizens were slightly hurt, and several of the strikebreakers were injured.

Guards accompanying the men deny that payment was refused for the goods taken at Winona.

The train was made up of ten coaches, with about 700 shopmen and clerks recruited in Northern cities.

HOUSTON, Texas, Oct. 3.—J. J. Pipes, a special officer, was killed just inside the gates of the shop yards while taking officers and strikebreakers from a train to the yard to-day. S. B. Crockett, another special officer who was wounded, says the shots were fired from within the yards where a number of guards were stationed. Capt. H. S. Sisk, also injured, said the shots came from strikers who were following the party. He fired one shot in reply, he said.

J. H. Day, a company employe, said that the shots were not fired by guards in the yards or strikers from behind. He asserted that the shots came from one side of the men as they walked toward the shops.

In addition to those shot or stoned, Gordon Knight, a strikebreaker, was stabbed in the face. All the injured are expected to recover.

DENNISON, Texas, Oct. 3.—A party of fifty-five strikebreakers en route from the North over the Frisco lines to Houston, was attacked here last night by a mob armed with clubs and beer bottles. Several persons were hurt.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 3.—The strikers have been orderly since three strikers were sent to jail for disobeying a court injunction. The railroad has not yet put strikebreakers to work in the shops, docks or freight sheds.

UNIONS OPPOSE THE STRIKE.

Machinists Say Action at Davenport Was Illegal.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 3.—While the strikers' Executive Committee declare they will stand pat and hold out until their demands are granted, five different branches of the machinists' union are sending broadcast a petition protesting against the strike as called by the convention at Davenport, Iowa. A telegram was sent to the President of the International Association of Machinists by employes and members of the local unions in Paducah, Louisville, Centralia, and Princeton, Ky., and a petition was circulated by members of the local union at Fort Dodge, Iowa.

In this telegram the signers asked the International Association of Machinists to sever their connection with the system federation and call the strike off or give them withdrawal cards. They say that under the Sherman law they can be prosecuted and their life earnings taken away.

"We do not care to take these chances to place the socialistic element in our union," say the signers.

The telegram was signed by a large number of members of the local unions in the Kentucky cities. The petition issued by the Fort Dodge union declared the ballot taken at the convention at Davenport was illegal and misleading. It was claimed that the ballot was not for a strike vote, but merely to show the company the strength of the movement. Machinists were not allowed to discuss the question, and men who were not members of the machinists' organization were allowed in the meeting, and they were the only ones allowed to talk on the subject.

The strikers' Executive Committee issued this statement in Chicago to-night:

"As far as the strike is concerned, the men are certainly standing pat and firmer than ever, and as for the federation, the railroad company itself formed this federation. Every union man thoroughly understands that the company forced it on us.

"The officers of the company state that our demands are unreasonable. There is not a dollar involved in the demands, simply the recognition of the workingmen. The company recognizes the Grand Lodge officers of the different craft organizations, but refuses to meet them as a federation of their own employes."

No more men will be hired at present to fill the places of strikers on the Illinois Central Road, according to a statement issued to-night from the office of Vice President Park. The statement in part said:

"None of the men who went out have returned to work, but we have stopped hiring men for the present and are resuming normal conditions. We will not require as many men in the future, for the reason that a full force of men has supplied us with mechanical equipment in advance of our requirements. We have also heretofore manufactured a great many locomotive and car specialties largely for the purpose of keeping the men employed, and we shall now buy these direct from the manufacturers."

Five hundred employes of the Burnside shops were not molested to-night when they left. Several hundred strikers gathered around the plant but did not offer to molest the strikebreakers.

A special detail of the city police has set up headquarters in a day coach, just within the stockade, and will remain on guard until the strike is settled.

One act of violence was reported during the morning from Dauphin Park, where an attempt was made to set fire to a box car standing on a switch track. Policemen extinguished the flames before much damage had been done. The men who sought to burn the car escaped.

Dauphin Park is about a mile from the Burnside shops, and the police were in doubt whether the incendiaries were strike sympathizers or vagrants.

Officials of the railroad said to-day that traffic on the Illinois Central has not been affected. Trains are running on schedule time.

More than 500 strikebreakers gathered at the non-union headquarters to-day, ready to be transported to various points along the line. These men were brought from New York and Philadelphia.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 3.—The striking Union Pacific shopmen were given an ultimatum by the company last night, when notice was posted at the shops that former employes would have until Wednesday noon to return to work. At the company's offices it was stated that the Union Pacific was prepared to continue work at the shops the same as before the strike, and that men who failed to return within the stipulated time would not be again employed under any circumstances.

WATERLOO, Iowa, Oct. 3.—About 400 shopmen employed by the Illinois Central Railroad here struck to-day in obedience to an order issued Sunday. The night force employed in the shops did not report for duty last night. There is no indication of disorder.

ATTACKS LEAD TO INJUNCTION.

Strikers Around East St. Louis Warned Against Violence.

CAIRO, Ill., Oct. 3.—Robert Mitchell, an Illinois Central switchman, was shot and probably mortally wounded this morning in the railroad yards at Mounds, near here, by a machinist, brought here as a strikebreaker, but discharged for incompetency yesterday.

An injunction was issued to-day by Judge Wright in the Eastern District of Illinois, covering East St. Louis and other points in southern Illinois, restraining any interference with any employes of the Illinois Central Railroad.

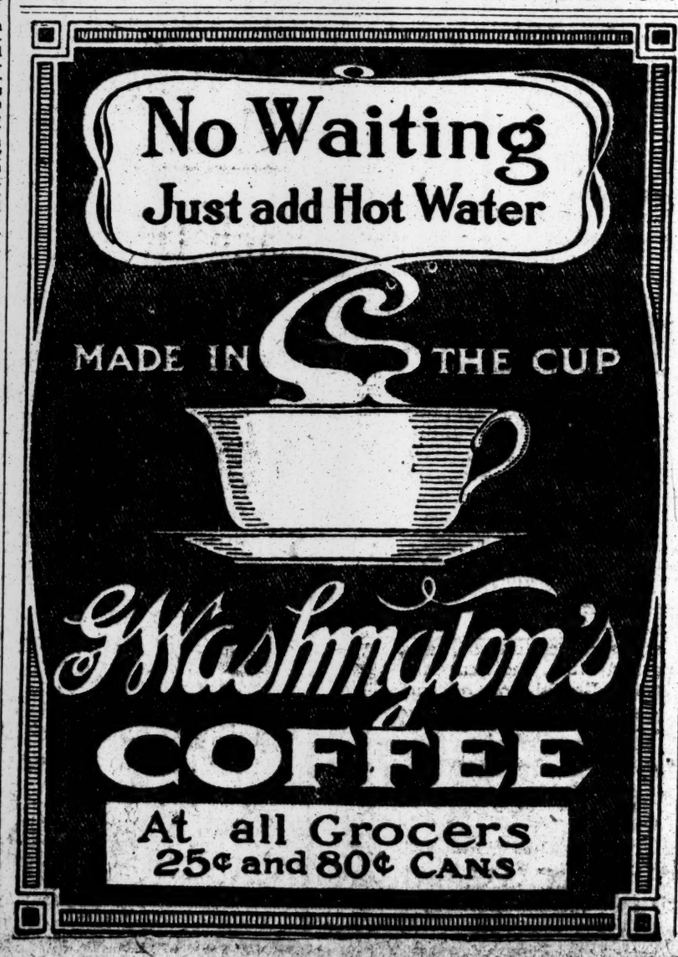
The injunction was directed against strikers and strike-sympathizers, and prevents interference in any way with the conduct of the company's business.

Trouble between strikers and strikebreakers at Mounds, Cairo, and Centralia induced the railroad officials to apply for the injunction, according to a statement from the office of J. F. Porterfield, Superintendent of the St. Louis division.

The injunction covers the entire St. Louis division, including among the more important points East St. Louis, Centralia, Carbondale, Mounds, and Cairo.

Ten days ago a special officer employed by the railroad was shot and killed by the Marshal at Mounds while the former was escorting strikebreakers.

Yesterday a strikebreaker, Antonio Marcus, was injured at Centralia by a bombardment of bricks from a crowd. This was followed at night by an assault on J. C. Jacobs, a brakeman, by a railroad detective. As a result of the trouble the Chief of Police at Centralia has appointed twelve men for duty at the railroad station and in the yards to handle the crowds which congregate nightly.



READ BURIAL SERVICE AS SHE ENDED LIFE

Aged Woman Sat Before Picture of Her Soldier Husband and Took Gas.

DRESSED IN BEST GOWN

A New $100 Bill as a Present to Her Landlady—Left Strongbox Supposed to Contain a Fortune.

Many times in the last year, since the death of her husband, Charles Maier, who was one of Gen. Franz Sigel's civil war veterans, Mrs. Mary M. Maier, his aged widow, had told her landlady, Mrs. Margaret Maynes, that she was weary of living without him in their little home on the second floor of 359 Linwood Avenue, East New York. She had no children, and few relatives called to see her. Mrs. Maynes, who lives on the ground floor, used to go up occasionally to comfort her and cheer her up. But the venerable woman remained disconsolate. Mrs. Maynes told the neighbors she seemed as heartbroken as a bride over the death of her husband, and kept her eyes continually upon his portrait in the living room showing him in his uniform of wartime days.

Mrs. Maynes noticed that the apartment overhead seemed quieter than usual yesterday, and in the afternoon she went upstairs to investigate. Almost immediately she detected a strong smell of gas and hurried into the flat. The doors were unlocked and she entered, finding the gas fumes dense.

In the dining room, seated in a rocking chair at the table, just opposite the picture of her old soldier hero, sat Mrs. Maier, dead. A tube leading from the gas jet overhead was tied in her mouth with her apron strings. In her stiffened fingers she held an open German prayer-book, and the passage she had been reading when death crept over her was the Lutheran burial service. She wore her finest gown, and in her white hair she had thrust a bright sprig of flowers.

There were several letters in envelopes on the table beside her. All were addressed in German, and one of them was addressed to Mrs. Maynes. This one the landlady read, but she mailed the rest without reading even the addresses.

The letter to Mrs. Maynes inclosed a crisp, new $100 bill, and bade her accept that as a token of the old woman's appreciation for kindness shown to her in life. The letter also contained these words:

"I have waited patiently for death, but it would not come. Now I seek it. Dress me like a bride, for I am going to meet my dear husband. I want my body to be kept for three days and three nights in this room where he and I were so happy. Drape the rooms in black, though, for our happiness is dead and only a memory now."

There was also on the table a black tin box, securely locked, and this was referred to in the letter to Mrs. Maynes as "the strong box." The letter contained the request that this box be not opened until all the dead woman's relatives—nephews and nieces were the nearest, she said—were present to witness the ceremony. The box was taken charge of by the police.

What it contains remains a matter of conjecture, but Mrs. Maynes said last night that the aged woman had frequently given her to understand that she was comfortably provided for and had between $50,000 and $75,000, mostly in bonds, with some cash and jewelry. Several times, too, the landlady said, pension checks had been mailed to Mrs. Maier by the War Department, but she invariably sent them back, saying that she had no use for the money and it might be needed more by other pensioners.

The police were unable last night to locate any of Mrs. Maier's relatives, but believe that the letters which Mrs. Maynes says she mailed will bring them out in a day or two.

Bride of Three Months Tries to Die.

Mrs. Annie Meyers, a bride of three months, leaped from a third-story window yesterday morning at 184 Bergen Street, Brooklyn, in an attempt to commit suicide, the police say. She escaped probable instant death because her body struck a cot that was directly below the window. She suffered a severe concussion of the brain. Her husband, who is in Massachusetts, was notified.

POLICE HELPED HIM IN ROBBERY, HE SAYS

Continued from Page 1.

her, and he give her $10 at one time and other money at other times."

Horay says Tandlich saw him twelve times in the Tombs and told him each time not to "squeal." He told his story in broken English, and related numerous other facts, which Judge Swann's stenographer did not get down. He was greatly excited, and Judge Swann hesitated to question him very much, for fear that he would balk and refuse to say anything further.

Horay did say that before he went to trial several policemen saw him in the prison pen and warned him not to say anything about Huntington, and announced that if he did so they would "frame up a more serious charge against him." Horay also said he had been threatened with personal violence if he told about Huntington's connection with the case.

During Horay's trial Policemen Burns, Haggerty, and Slattery of the Union Market Station testified that they had seen Huntington in the station during the hours in which the robbery was committed, but Kondratiuck testified that Huntington had come in the house without his shield, but that he had read the numbers on his hat, which he remembered. He also picked Huntington out of a line of policemen in plain clothes without any trouble, and said Huntington had led him around the block several times after he had taken his money, and then let him go.

He said that when he complained to Lieut. Robert E. Mills that he had been robbed, Detective Burke was assigned to the case and he told him his story. He also testified that he had related it to Sergt. Mills of the East Twenty-second Street Station and to Policeman Frank J. O'Brien. Despite all this, however, there was no entry of his complaint made upon the police blotter. Judge Swann openly announced after the trial that he believed the police had attempted to have Horay set at liberty by holding back the facts in order to protect Huntington.

Huntington is now out on $5,000 bail, and has stood trial before Fourth Deputy Police Commissioner Dillon, who has reserved decision in his case. Huntington is charged with grand larceny and will be placed on trial in General Sessions. Warrants have been issued for the two Russians mentioned in Horay's confession.

Judge Swann at once communicated Horay's confession to District Attorney Whitman and it has not been decided as yet just what steps will be taken.

Judge Swann said last night that the Tandlich mentioned by Horay was the man who acted as interpreter during the trial of Horay, and a few days ago stopped him in the corridors of the Criminal Courts Building and informed him that he had acted honestly in the matter. This was, of course, before Judge Swann had any inkling that Horay had intended to make a confession.

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"Everything for the Home"

We have space here to mention but a mere handful of the UNSURPASSED BARGAIN ITEMS which will be placed on sale TODAY. Thousands of others—equally meritorious—await YOUR choosing.

Brass Bedstead—2½-inch posts; 2-inch square top rail; seven 1-inch filling rods head and foot; satin or bright burnished finish; size 4.6, 4 ft. and 3 ft.; value $40..... $20

South American Hair Mattresses, A. C. A. or fancy ticking; value $20..... $15

Golden Oak, Birdseye Maple or Mahogany Dresser — full panel ends; 22 x 28-inch French bevel edge mirror; value $20..... $14.50

Rabbet Edge Box Springs — fit brass bedsteads; A. C. A. or fancy stripe ticking; value $12..... $8.75

(Second and Third Floors.)

Cooking Ranges

The "Bon Ton"—5-hole top; 14-inch oven with cabinet base; excellent baker and cooker; value $11.95.. $8.50

(Basement.)

Portieres

Jute Velour Portieres—with beautiful colored borders; each side different from the other in color; $3.6 style and quality; a pair..... $24.50

(First Floor.)

Curtains

New Scrim Curtains—with imitation filet lace insertions; $2.50 quality.... $1.25

(First Floor.)

Gas or Electric Portable Lamps

These have art crystal shades; lamp is 20 inches high; 11 inches in diameter; value $12.75..... $7.95

(MAIN Floor.)

Pictures

Genuine Imported French Prints in Color — rich antique gold frames; embellished with Marie Antoinette bow knot; value $3.50..... $1.95

(First Floor.)

Aluminum Saucepans

The "Wear Ever"—3-quart size; with aluminum covers; $1 value..... 70c

(MAIN Floor.)

Cut Glass

Rich Fruit or Salad Set—8-inch bowl and six saucers; deep cut crystal; value $11.85..... $8.45

(MAIN Floor.)

Rugs

Axminster Rugs — extra quality; 9x12 feet; elegant Oriental designs; value $22.50..... $14.75

(First Floor.)

Ask for the Programme at the Entrance of Either Our MAIN Building or Our GREENHUT Building—Ask for the Bargain List, Also

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Full particulars at Charity Voting Booth, near Ladies' Parlor—Fourth Floor, MAIN Building.

Double S. H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

THE MAINE WOODS

He taxes your skill, your cunning, your woodscraft —but when you get a fair shot —

HE'S YOUR MOOSE!

There's no keener sport than this—and you can make it in a week's outing. The old guides say this is to be a big game year.

Law off in Maine—Deer, Oct. 1st—Moose, Oct. 15th

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In every detail the Leading Retail Establishment of Brooklyn.

The Subway to Hoyt Street Brings the Loeser Store Within 17 Minutes of Forty-Second Street

$1.35 Black Unfinished Worsted, 69c.

FIFTY INCHES WIDE.

SEVERAL HUNDRED YARDS, enough for a single day's selling, in a special purchase consummated in the effort to make this Anniversary week one of unusual value giving.

It is of an exceptionally good quality for dresses, and comes in the semi-rough dull finish weave. 50 inches wide and a $1.35 value for 69c.

Second Floor.

Reliable Furs at Modest Prices.

A Particularly Handsome Showing Of Correct and Beautiful Coats.

At $100. Nearseal Coats, 52 inches long. Excellent skins. Made in the straight line effect with long rolling shawl collar, deep cuffs; finished with seal buttons; fancy lining.

At $115. Nearseal Coats, 52 inches long. Straight line style with long rolling shawl collar, deep cuffs. Seal buttons. Brocaded satin lining.

At $150. Hudson seal Coats, 52 inches long. Selected, lustrous skins, perfectly matched. Long rolling shawl collar, deep cuffs. Seal buttons. Brocaded satin lining.

At $165. Hudson seal Coats, 54 inches long. Selected skins. Straight line effect. Long rolling shawl collar, cuffs, and finished with seal buttons. Brocaded satin lining.

At $175. Nearseal Coat, 54 inches long, of selected skins. Half fitted effect, trimmed with Alaska sable, skunk, full shawl collar and cuffs and 7 inch border; lined with satin.

At $55. Caracul Coats, 52 inches long, of flat curl skins, rolling shawl collar and cuffs, finished with fancy buttons; lined with satin.

Second Floor.

Velvet & Suede Musketeer Hand Bags at $1.

MILADY NEED BUT GLANCE at the variety of the new Hand Bag styles to make sure she wants two or three of them. And that her expenditure need not be considerable is, perhaps, best illustrated in these Loeser stocks.

At $1 each, for instance, we have two new styles of Hand Bags which are up to the moment in fashion. One is of black velvet in the square musketeer style, deep shape; lined with moire and finished with inside pocket fitted with purse. Trimmed with silk fringe on bottom and finished with the long cord handle. The other style is of colored and black suede in the Musketeer, pointed shape and fitted with purse. These are fastened by a small covered snap button and are finished with the long cord handles.

Main Floor.

Women's Hosiery,

35c. and 50c. Grades, 25c.

NOT A DAY PASSES without something new and interesting in the Hosiery Store. You might look all over New York City without matching this Hosiery at a quarter, for instance.

Fast black imported gauze lisle with Dub-L-Tops, black gauze and medium weight silk lisle, black imported full fashioned cotton with unbleached split feet and high spliced heels and toes.

$1 Silk Stockings, 79c.

The standard dollar quality—pure thread silk in black with mercerized tops and soles. Spliced heels and toes.

NOTE OUR HOSIERY GUARANTEE.

We warrant every pair of Hose we sell to wear to YOUR satisfaction. If you think any have failed to do so, bring them back and have them exchanged for new ones.

Main Floor, Bond Street.

Pianos—Player-Pianos

Of Guaranteed Merit

At Reduced Prices.

THIS ANNUAL DISPOSAL of Pianos and Player-pianos is the most important and extensive we have ever held. It includes more instruments than ever before.

It offers better values than we have ever before been able to secure.

For example, by special arrangement of the manufacturers we had a hundred new Pianos of a standard and well-known make to sell at

$295 Instead of $350 and $375.

The name is on the Pianos, and you will recognize it as standing for unquestioned merit. We do not print it, however, because the same Pianos are still being sold throughout the country at the higher prices and it would embarrass the maker with his dealers should we do so.

In addition to this offering we have a large number of

New and Used Player-pianos.

All 88 Note : : All Reduced.

It is the first time that any such number of modern 88-note Player-pianos have been offered for anything like the prices—ranging from $375 upward.

Besides these two groups there are a great number of Pianos, new and used; but all of them warranted mechanically perfect and in good condition for service. Prices start at $95 for Upright Pianos; at $275 for Grand Pianos; at $35 for Cabinet piano Players, and at $15 for Square Pianos in playable condition.

Terms of Payment to Suit Customers.

If you really want one of the instruments here offered, do not hesitate one minute on the score of payments. We shall endeavor to make terms to suit every customer, and we believe you will find our arrangements all that anyone could wish. The time to buy a Player-piano or a Piano, if you want one at all, is NOW, for not soon again can such a chance be possible.

Fourth Floor.

All Linen Pattern Table Cloths.

Stock Remainders, Greatly Reduced.

HERE IS A REMARKABLE CHANCE for women to buy high grade pattern Table Cloths for prices below those usually quoted on Linens, of such qualities, because some have become slightly soiled and in other instances because the pattern range is broken.

There is a splendid variety of patterns in the collection, but in most instances they are in limited quantities.

It is by way of a stock clearance, and while the Cloths are absolutely perfect, aside from the slight soils, we have reduced them to move them quickly and make way for the new styles to take their place.

2x2 yard Cloths.....$3 to $8	2½x2½ yard Cloths, $7.50 to $13.50
2x2½ yard Cloths..$3.75 to $10.50	2½x3 yard Cloths....$4.75 to $16
2x3 yard Cloths....$4.50 to $14.00	2½x3½ yard Cloths.....$6 to $19
2x3½ yard Cloths..$5.25 to $15.00	2½x4 yard Cloths.....$6 to $21
2x4 yard Cloths.....$7 to $13.00	2½x4½ yard Cloths.....$14 to $24
2¼x2¼ yard Cloths, $3.98 to $12.50	2½x5 yard Cloths...$15.50 to $18

Main Floor.

BRACELET TANGLED HIM IN CUSTOMS NET

Young Chinaman, Yale Senior, Sent a Steward to Mail It as He Came to Port.

OVERHAULED BY A WATCHMAN

Grandson of Ah Fong of Honolulu Finally Permitted to Post the Trinket Under Guard.

C. W. S. Afong, Yale, 1912, grandson of Ah Fong, the Chinese millionaire of Honolulu, who, after accumulating his great fortune, went back to China to enjoy what he had left, having already provided for his wife and thirteen daughters, most of whom later married well-known Americans, arrived here last night on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm, bringing with him a lot of baggage and a bracelet. Young Afong, who numbers among his uncles by marriage Rear Admiral W. H. Whiting, U. S. N.; Capt. A. J. Dougherty, U. S. A., and James W. W. Brewster of Elizabeth, N. J., will never forget that bracelet. He said so last night.

With young Mr. Afong was K. P. Tsai, son of the Taotai of Tien-Tsin, also of Yale, 1912. The son of the Governor of Tien-Tsin did not bring a bracelet, but stuck manfully by the friend who did, as what follows will show.

The young Chinamen traveled by way of the Trans-Siberian Railway route, stopping over for a few days in Moscow. While taking in the sights of the Russian city Afong saw a bracelet that he thought would please Miss Iris Young of Hong Kong. Miss Iris will never know, unless Afong tells her, how near she came to losing the bracelet.

Yesterday afternoon young Afong carefully packed the trinket away in a little pasteboard box and then wrapped the box in paper. He addressed the package to Miss Young, put 12 cents' worth of American stamps on it, and gave it to a fat steward of the Kronprinz to mail. Ordinarily the steward would have dropped the package in the sea post office box on board the Kronprinz. But to make sure that the package should start for its destination without delay he decided to post it in Hoboken. He waited until all the passengers had landed and then, taking the package, started for River Street. The box was sticking out of his pocket, and as he passed through the customs gate the watchman saw it and followed.

Overhauling the steward, the watchman demanded the package and ordered him to return within the customs lines. The steward was taken before John Raczkiewicz, the Deputy Surveyor in charge. He explained why he was going to the post office, and said he did not know he was violating any law. This explanation did not satisfy Raczkiewicz and he sent for Afong.

The young Chinaman semed greatly surprised at the turn affairs had taken. He said he had no idea the steward would try to mail the bracelet ashore, and that he had not declared it because he thought it was not necessary so long as it was to leave the country as fast as the mails could take it.

For nearly an hour Afong, backed by the persuasive eloquence of the son of the Governor of Tien-Tsin, pleaded his case. Afong finally was told that he must mail the package himself in Hoboken, and that he must do so in the presence of a custom officer. Accordingly an Inspector was detailed to go to the post office with him.

ALLEN BEFORE GRAND JURY.

Evidence Sought Against Customs Men Who Passed Baggage Without Duty.

Nathan Allen, the wealthy leather man of Kenosha, Wis., who was fined $12,000 on Monday for smuggling jewels and wearing apparel valued at more than $200,000 for the use of himself and Mrs. Helen Dwelle Jenkins, who toured Europe with him, was a witness before the Federal Grand Jury for nearly three hours yesterday.

John R. Collins of Memphis, Tenn., President of the Southern Coal Company, who was fined $4,000 for smuggling on the same occasion, was also under subpoena. It was so late when the Grand Jury got through with Allen that Collins will not be heard until to-day. Mrs. Jenkins and Deputy Surveyor Parr, who worked up the case, were also on hand to give their testimony, and they, too, will be heard later.

The purpose of the inquiry is to obtain evidence against the customs men who passed the baggage of the Allen-Collins-Jenkins party without the payment of duty.

FIX FIRE PREVENTION DAY.

Oct. 9 Set Aside by National Fire Marshals—Ahearn Issues Appeal.

ALBANY, Oct. 3.—The National Fire Marshals' Association has designated Monday, Oct. 9, the anniversary of the big Chicago fire, as Fire Prevention Day, for the purpose of "bringing home to the people the great calamities that might happen from such terrible disasters." In an appeal to the people of the State to-day State Fire Marshal Ahearn says:

"I would ask and urge the co-operation of every citizen of this State and appeal to them individually and collectively to celebrate this day by a general cleaning up of all debris, trash, waste paper, chimneys, heating apparatus, &c., upon their premises, thereby reducing fire hazard.

"I would also request that all public and private institutions, all hotels, factories, and theatres, where life is at stake, be looked over, and, where it is necessary, to add anything that will further protect the safety of the occupants of said buildings and that steps be taken on that day to remedy the same.

"I would also request that in every private, public, and parochial school in this State a fire drill be held and that the teachers urge their charges through short talks to recognize the day and celebrate it in a fitting manner."

LAW AS TO DRINKING CUPS.

Public Ones Prohibited Only in New York in This State.

ALBANY, Oct. 3.—The State Department of Health has been flooded with inquiries of late as to the provisions of a supposed law prohibiting the use of public drinking cups in this State.

The local Health Department of New York City recently promulgated rules prohibiting public drinking cups in that city after Oct. 1, but there is no State law against their use. The present Legislature passed a bill by Assemblyman Carew with that end in view, but it was vetoed by Gov. Dix. The Governor declared the purpose of the bill to be commendable, but was not satisfied that the measure as passed would effectuate the purpose sought.

DARRAGH CONVICTION UPHELD

Chauffeur Must Serve His Sentence for Killing a Boy.

ALBANY, Oct. 3.—The conviction of William Darragh, a chauffeur, on a charge of manslaughter, was affirmed by the Court of Appeals to-day.

Darragh was sentenced to serve not less than seven or more than twenty years for causing the death of a boy on Morningside Drive, New York, in March, 1909, by the reckless operation of an automobile. Darragh escaped, but was arrested in Texas and brought back to New York.

ELECTION LAW APPEAL UP.

Herrick Defends Levy's Anti-Fusion Restrictions.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Oct. 3.—Arguments on the question as to whether or not the anti-fusion clause of the Levy election law is constitutional were heard to-day by the Court of Appeals. United in the attack upon that section of the law which, it is declared, was drafted with a view of making Tammany's hold on New York secure, were the Republican and Independence League organizations and the Citizens' Union. By fusion these organizations have made several effective campaigns against Tammany, and it is declared that, under the new law, fusion at the polls is made impossible.

The question was brought before the court to-day in an appeal from the decision of the Appellate Division in the case of John J. Hopper of the Independence League and Samuel S. Koenig, Chairman of the New York County Republican Committee. Herbert R. Limberg, A. S. Gilbert, and Robert S. Baird appeared in behalf of the appeal, and Abraham I. Elkus, D Cady Herrick, and Corporation Counsel Archibald R. Watson represented the Democratic State Committee and the New York Board of Elections in support of the law.

Mr. Baird for the Citizens' Union said that the refusal to place the names of the candidates of an independent party in a separate column if the candidates of another party are indorsed was an arbitrary discrimination between party organizations. The obvious purpose of the law, he said, was to prevent fusion, and was a violation of the right of suffrage.

Ex-Judge Herrick insisted that the anti-fusion plan was a fair regulation of the ballot. He pointed out that Mayor Gaynor's name was on the ballot eight times in the last city election, and that while he received 242,000 votes in the Democratic column, he received less than 4,000 in the other seven columns. These figures, he said, indicated that electors who desired to vote for a certain candidate were not particular as to which column of the ballot they should mark.

The case before the court was brought originally before Justice Gavegan on a motion for a writ of mandamus to compel the Board of Elections to make up the ballot for the election next month in accordance with the provisions of the old election law. This motion was granted by Justice Gavegan, but the Appellate Division reversed the decision, holding that the anti-fusion clause is constitutional.

$4,301,343 IN DIRECT TAX.

This Much in the City Alone—$1,771,420 in Rest of the State.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Oct. 3.—New York City will pay $4,301,343 of the first direct tax to be levied since 1905, according to the equalization table of assessed valuations adopted by the State Board of Equalization to-day. The rest of the State will pay $1,771,420. In order to bring about an equalization of values the State Tax Commissioners had to deduct $253,588,698 from the assessed values returned by eight counties and spread it over the other fifty-three counties.

All of the counties of New York City were included in the deductions—New York, $190,825,704; Kings, $51,153,665; Queens, $4,944,888, and Richmond, $1,003,827. The ratio of percentage of valuation for the entire State, as returned by county officers, averaged 87.68, the New York City counties ranging from Richmond and Queens, 89, to New York and Kings, 91.

To-day was the fourth meeting of the Equalization Board, the adjournments having been taken at the suggestion of State Engineer Bensel and Secretary of State Lazansky, who wanted to be certain that New York City was not being discriminated against. They were perfectly satisfied with the figures adopted to-day, which will make the direct tax of the four counties comprising New York City as follows: New York, $3,211,557; Kings, $847,328; Queens, $200,986; Richmond, $41,472.

Westchester County will pay $199,322.

Controller Sohmer will now notify the several counties of the sums they must pay.

LIABLE FOR SUBWAY DAMAGES

Court Rules for Murray Hill Hotel Against J. B. McDonald, Since Dead.

ALBANY, Oct. 3.—The Court of Appeals in a decision to-day holds that John B. McDonald, the contractor in charge of the construction of the subway system in New York, was liable for damages sustained in 1900 by the owners of the Murray Hill Hotel as a result of an explosion of dynamite. The City of New York and the Rapid Transit Subway Construction Company are released from liability.

Mr. McDonald has died since the action was instituted.

Revokes Hogan's Appointment.

ALBANY, Oct. 3.—The State Conservation Commission to-day revoked the appointment of ex-Mayor Joseph F. Hogan of Troy as confidential agent and appointed Fred E. Wood of Dexter to fill the place. Objection to Hogan's appointment was made by the Democratic organization of Troy.

FINE FARM A GIFT FOR BIG BROTHERS

Check for $4,000 Also to Aid Them in Caring for Boys in Impaired Health.

ROOM FOR SIXTY OF THEM

Manual Training Classes to Teach the Trades—What the Movement Has Accomplished.

Announcement was made at the annual meeting of The Big Brothers' Movement at its headquarters, 200 Fifth Avenue, yesterday afternoon, that a farm of 230 acres on the outskirts of Trenton, N. J., and a check for $4,000 to be used in improving it had been offered by two men who have been watching the progress made by the movement. The only condition imposed by the donors was that their names be withheld, and both farm and check were accepted.

The gift of the farm solved one of the serious problems that confronted those interested in the movement, that of providing a place to which to send boys whose health has become impaired. There is a large stone house on the property, ready for immediate use, which will accommodate at least threescore of the youngsters. A committee composed of Charles L. Inslee, Robert L. Gerry, and Charles A. Taussig was named yesterday to take charge of the farm. It was decided to use a part of the $4,000 at once to establish manual training classes and thus encourage the boys to learn various trades.

The report of Rufus D. Putney, the general secretary, showed that the movement, which was started in 1904 as a result of the efforts of Ernest K. Coulter, Clerk of the Children's Court, with a membership of forty, had enjoyed a remarkable growth, and that no less than 1,000 men in this county had become interested in it.

In the last year 2,195 boys, nearly all of whom had appeared in the Children's Court, came under the influence of the Big Brothers, and of this number only 90, or less than 4 per cent., had again got into trouble that resulted in their being brought a second time before the court. Of the total number 1,208 boys were cared for by members of the movement in 1910; 840 more were boys who were arraigned in the Children's Court this year on various charges; 147 were turned over to the Big Brothers by institutions, and 1,202 applied at the office in Fifth Avenue for advice or to seek employment.

Mr. Putney said that practically all of the boys for whom places were obtained had proved efficient. Permanent homes outside the city were obtained for thirty-seven boys, and of this number there was but one who could not withstand the lure of the city and moving-picture shows, and had returned.

The report showed that during the Summer 309 boys had been sent to Summer camps for periods of from two to eight weeks. Among the camps opened for the use of the Big Brothers were the Princeton University Camp at Bay Head, the Groton and St. Paul's Schools Camps in New Hampshire, and the Good Will Farm in Maine. Three gymnasium clubs also were organized with an average attendance of fifty boys.

The desirability of avoiding, as far as possible, the "institution idea" was again under discussion, and this course will be followed out in conducting the affairs of the next farm.

All of the officers of the movement were re-elected yesterday. They are: Judge Franklin C. Hoyt of the Children's Court, President; Luther H. Lewis and Robert L. Gerry, Vice Presidents; Charles A. Taussig, Secretary; Francis J. Danforth, Treasurer; Ernest K. Coulter, Chairman of the Executive Committee, and Rufus D. Putney, General Secretary.

These Directors were chosen: 1912—William B. Osgood Field, Walter T. Diack, Charles L. Inslee, C. R. Langenbacher, and J. Van Beuren Mitchell; 1913—Francis J. Danforth, the Rev. George H. Smythe, Jr., Louis de F. Downer, Beaumont Spencer, and Frank W. Pearsall; 1914—Judge Franklin C. Hoyt, Luther H. Lewis, Ernest K. Coulter, the Rev. Dr. Wilton Merle Smith, and Horace H. Shoemaker; 1915—Robert L. Gerry, Charles A. Taussig, Nicholas Danforth, and Charles F. Powlison.

TO JAIL FOR BETTING.

Court of Appeals Confirms Teeling's Sentence of Thirty Days.

ALBANY, Oct. 3.—Charles Teeling of the town of Colonie, Albany County, must serve thirty days in the Albany Penitentiary for recording a horse-race bet. The Court of Appeals to-day affirmed Teeling's conviction.

The court also affirmed the judgment of the lower courts, convicting Alfred Bright of Albany of being a common gambler and sentencing him to serve thirty days in the Albany Penitentiary.

RULES ON FRANCHISE TAX.

Upper Hudson Tunnel Not Under State Board's Jurisdiction.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 3.—The question of taxing the special franchises of the Hudson-Manhattan Railroad Company was decided by the Court of Appeals to-day. These taxes have to do with property of the company located in the City of New York and under the bed of the Hudson River. The court determines that the upper tunnel is not under the jurisdiction of the State Board of Tax Commissioners but is to be assessed locally, the rights held by the company in the upper tunnel being deemed not a franchise.

As a part of its opinion the court says, special franchise tax imposes no burden upon inter-State commerce as no one has the right to use the streets in the City of New York for the purpose of a railroad except by virtue of a franchise proceeding from the State, and that that franchise is property subject to taxation like other property.

The court also determines that the tangible property of a special franchise is taxable even though the franchise has not so far progressed that the railroad is able to operate. The opinion says that a house partly constructed but not completed is taxed at the value of the structure as it exists at the time of the assessment, and the same is true of a partly constructed railroad running through the country.

The part of the assessment eliminated by the Court of Appeals has been carried on the assessment roll of the City of New York pending this decision, so that no loss is sustained by the city through the court's action.

COURT LECTURES LAWYERS.

Will Adjourn Court for the Term If They Delay Cases Further.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Oct. 3.—Supreme Court Justice Morschauser startled the lawyers attending court here to-day when he declared that unless the members of the bar were ready to go to trial with their cases to-morrow morning he would adjourn the court for the term. Although the October calendar contains hundreds of cases only one case was ready for trial on Monday, and to-day none of the lawyers was ready to proceed.

"I have to come all the way from Poughkeepsie to hold this term of court," said Justice Morschauser, "and yet the lawyers don't seem to realize that their dilatory action costs the taxpayers money every day. I am not going to scold you any more for not being ready for trial. I am going to take this matter up with the Westchester County Bar Association and find out the cause of the dilatory actions of the lawyers.

"Now, when I have nothing to do, all I can do is to walk the streets of White Plains, as it is too late for me to return to my home in Poughkeepsie, and I must say I know every street in White Plains by heart by this time. It is an outrage to think that Judge Keogh as well as myself should sit here and not have anything to do."

Alleged Brandy Counterfeiter Flees.

Martin Alborie, who was arrested two weeks ago by Secret Service Agent William J. Flynn and his men, charged with counterfeiting well-known brands of brandy, has jumped his bail of $1,500. This was learned when he was called to plead in the Criminal Branch of the United States Circuit Court yesterday. Judge Hough ordered his bond forfeited. Alborie, who lived at 5 Cornelia Street, had, the Secret Service men say, one of the most extensive liquor counterfeiting establishments ever raided by them.

STEPHENSON AGENTS DENY ALL BRIBERY

Say $107,000 Was Spent Legitimately to Gain Wisconsin Man's Seat in the Senate.

ALL WENT FOR NOMINATION

Spent at Primaries and Not in Legislature, Senate Investigating Committee Is Told.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 3.—Besides hearing testimony that followers of Senator Robert M. La Follette in Wisconsin are known as "Half Breeds" and that they are the political foes of Senator Isaac Stephenson, the Senatorial Committee, which is investigating charges that Senator Stephenson's election was obtained through bribery, to-day devoted its attention to digging into campaign expense accounts.

Much of the necessity for expending an amount as great as $107,793 to get the nomination for Mr. Stephenson at the primaries in 1908, was declared by witnesses to be due to opposition exerted by Senator La Follette's followers. To organize each of the 2,200 precincts in the State it was necessary to spend money liberally, they said. But all four of the Stephenson campaign managers—E. A. Edmonds of Appleton; J. H. Puelicher of Milwaukee, J. A. Van Cleve of Marinette, and Rodney Sackett of Beslin, Wis.—testified that the funds were legitimately used. Senator Stephenson's political slogan, often repeated to them when he gave the money, according to their testimony, was "Keep within the law, whatever you do."

While the entire amount expended by Senator Stephenson in the primary campaign which resulted in his election by the Legislature in 1909 was declared to be $107,793, no one of the witnesses admitted having handled the entire amount. Edmonds, who was in charge of the headquarters in Milwaukee, testified he personally handled not more than $5,000. All the rest, he said, was handled by somebody else. Puelicher said he was merely custodian of the fund and the extent of his responsibility was to pay it out when requisitions were made. Van Cleve testified he remained at Marinette, Senator Stephenson's home town, and when calls came from Milwaukee and other places for more money he went to see the Senator. In this way, he said, he handled $52,500, but he did not know what was done with it beyond the fact that it was sent to the Stephenson headquarters to be expended for campaign purposes.

"Whenever a call came from headquarters in Milwaukee for money, you went to Senator Stephenson's office and told him about it—was that it?" asked Senator W. B. Heyburn, the Chairman. "Did the Senator readily give up the money?"

"Yes," replied Van Cleve. "He always gave it up. Sometimes he asked what they were doing with all that money, as the campaign was costing him two or three times as much as he had thought it would. His only comment was that he wanted them to keep within the law. Not a dollar was spent corruptly."

Rodney Sackett, who is a clerk in the United States Senate, testified he worked in the Milwaukee headquarters and had the handling of about $98,000. He spent money in paying salaries and traveling expenses of workers who were sent over the State to boom Senator Stephenson's candidacy. He kept a card index record of the expenditures, but after the campaign, finding the cards had been badly worn, he destroyed them after making a copy of the amounts spent.

Edmonds said none of the campaign workers rendered a detailed reportof their expenditures, and no such report was required of them.

"Do you mean to say that, knowing the law, you required no detailed report of the money spent in Mr. Stephenson's behalf?" asked Senator Atlee Pomerene.

"We never required a report from them."

After pointing out that, with 2,200 precincts in the State, there were 8,966 Republican Party organizers, Mr. Edmonds said that Mr. Stephenson's expenditures per capita were not excessive. There was keen competition among the Republican candidates, and Mr. Stephenson had to work hard to get out the voters to insure his nomination, the witness said.

"A man has to be ready to spend a coupe of hundred thousand dollars to get the Senatorial nomination in this State. Isn't that so?" asked Senator George Sutherland.

"Well, if he hasn't got the money he'd better keep out of politics," responded the witness. It was pointed out that in some counties Senator Stephenson spent an amount equal to $5 a vote.

"Did you notice any evidences of prosperity after this money had been handed out to the common people?" asked Senator W. B. Heyburn, the Chairman.

"I was too busy to observe," replied Edmonds, "We had a hard fight, for the 'half-breeds' were determined to beat us."

"What do you mean by 'half-breeds?'"

"Half-breeds in Wisconsin are what we call the followers of Senator La Follette, or the Republicans who are not regular. As soon as they forsake the regular Republican Party for Senator La Follette they are called half-breeds."

New Plan for Merchant Marine.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 3.—Plans to launch a new campaign to develop the American merchant marine took definite form yesterday when the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce adopted a resolution proposing that all vessels flying the American flag be passed through the Panama Canal without toll.

BROKAW BROTHERS

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

One of the strongest features of our showing of Men's Fall Suits and Overcoats is its diversity.

No one fabric, style or coloring predominates here.

We have all the seasonable fabrics, from the smooth-finished worsteds to the roughish tweeds and cheviots, in hundreds of different patterns and in a variety of models that insures a becoming style for all figures.

Perfect fit, prompt service and moderate prices are additional advantages.

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

The Social Import of the Drawing Room

DEVOTED in chief measure to the purposes of social ceremony, the Drawing Room in its furnishing, may fitly convey a suggestion of luxury and display.

Whether it be determined to accomplish this by an appeal to the graces and elegancies of the French *ébenistes* under Louis XV and XVI—to the severer classicisms of the first Empire—or to their English equivalents as conceived by Heppelwhite and his contemporaries—the means to the desired end are to be found among our Reproductions of the masterpieces of past periods.

The Grand Rapids Furniture Company
INCORPORATED
34 and 36 West 32d Street
Between Fifth Ave. and Broadway
New York

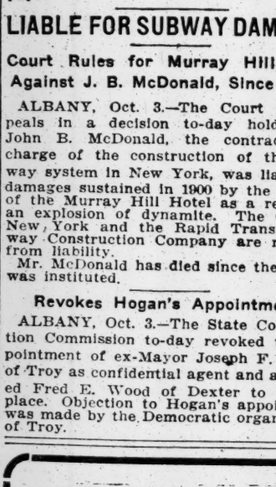
R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

Herald Square. Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

SUITS YOUNG MEN LIKE ARE SUITS MADE FOR YOUNG MEN

That is the only kind to be obtained at Macy's.



There are two other kinds. There are "young men's suits" which are actually men's clothes made in small sizes, and there are "young men's suits" that are really boys' suits in large sizes.

One cannot altogether wonder at the number of freakish "young" clothes sold all over the city, because to get into the suit a graceful youthfulness without sacrifice of dignity demands considerable skill, and imposes too great a task on the **man's** tailor who makes the average young man's suit.

The young men's suits we sell are made by tailors who specialize on young men's clothes.

Thus, the tall young man, the short young man, the slim young man, and the stout young man can all find here models admirably adapted to their individual proportions and build.

YOUNG MEN'S ENGLISH MODEL SUITS, made of gray mixed cheviots, Oxford and Cambridge gray velours, brown mixed tweeds and the better grade of cassimeres, in gray and brown colorings,
$12.75, $14.75, $18.50, $19.75 and **$24.75**

YOUNG MEN'S BLUE SERGE SUITS, in the more conservative models, **$9.75, $12.75, $14.75** and **$19.75**

YOUNG MEN'S ENGLISH MODEL TOP COATS, with raglan or plain shoulders, made of imported and domestic tweeds and homespuns. . **$19.75, $24.75** & **$27.50**

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

In a Smith Gray & Co. Garment the Parts You Never See Are All Alike

IN almost all other high-grade clothes the interiors are graded—then there is a different base for every quality.

In Smith Gray & Co. clothes, regardless of selling price, the bases are just alike, because if a garment is to fit, if the garment on completion is to be true to its model, if the shape retention is to be permanent, the base must conform just as does the finished garment.

In a Smith Gray & Co. garment base you have the best of Irish linens, high pick hair cloths, both of which are cold water tub shrunk; tapes that have been boiled for three days—there is no detail that makes for betterment but what you will find in the base of a Smith Gray & Co. garment.

And so you see a Smith Gray & Co. garment cannot help but hold its shape and give you service such as no other clothes can give.

Smith Gray & Co. Fall and Winter Suits and Overcoats range in price from **18.00 to 50.00**

Complete Showing of English Overcoats—Chesterfield, Whitehall, Raglan and Ulster models, in light, medium and heavy weights, English, Irish and Scotch hand made and mill woven fabrics, tailored and styled by London and Leeds best tailors, John Barron Sons, Ltd.

Silk Lined to Edge Fall Overcoats, 20.00

in Oxford and black vicuna finished Thibet, a value not approached outside the Smith Gray & Co. stores.

20.00, 22.50 and 25.00 Standard Value Suits and Fall Coats

15.50 and 18.50

WHILE every Smith Gray & Co. value is a standard value, no values in our stores to-day are so truly significant of the cumulative economies made possible by our long experience, of the possibilities of concentrated volume production as are these. For these special values are planned by the thousands; our fabric purchases for these special values alone are enormous and secure us surprising concessions in price. A unified organization sixty-six years in the building, operating at complete efficiency, produces a standard of workmanship at a price without parallel anywhere. All of which makes possible a combination of quality, fabric, style, tailoring, and value that outside the Smith Gray & Co. stores does not exist.

At 15.50 you may make your selection from black Oxford and smart mixture Fall coatings.

At 15.50 choose from excellent cassimeres and worsted cheviot suitings, in the new browns, olives, grays and neat mixtures.

At 18.50 there are silk-lined Fall coats in black, Oxford, new grays, new olives, new browns, in plain stripe and wale weaves.

At 18.50 you may choose from suits of fine English finished velours, stripe blue serges, worsteds, and cassimeres, exclusive and special styles, in new browns, tans, grays, blues, and neat mixtures, English soft roll and many other distinctive models.

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Each Drink Under Seal

The Non-refillable Bottle

Something that was never before offered in whiskey—something that was never before possible until the invention of the Non-refillable bottle.

And it is fitting that Watchman Whiskey should make its debut, *each drink under seal to you.*

When you ask for Watchman Whiskey you get it as we make it—the mellowest, rarest whiskey ever distilled, and the same always.

Ye Olde

Watchman Whiskey

At Leading Hotels, Cafes, Restaurants, and Dealers

WOMAN'S ODD DEATH IN RICH MAN'S HOME

Miss Anita Ketchum, Distant Relative of Oakleigh Thorne, Believed to Have Taken Poison.

MYSTERY SURROUNDS CASE

Dead Woman, Who Acted as Housekeeper at Brearly School, Asked Permission to Sleep in House.

Miss Anita Ketchum, a cousin by marriage of Edwin Thorne, President of the Federal Terra Cotta Company of 43 Cedar Street, who is a cousin of Oakleigh Thorne, President of the Trust Company of America, was found dead in her room on the third floor of the Edwin Thorne home, 558 Madison Avenue, early yesterday morning. After an autopsy late yesterday afternoon Coroners' Physician Dr. Lehane declared that her death was not due to natural causes, but in his opinion to some foreign substance.

Miss Ketchum was for the last seven years housekeeper at the Brearly School for Girls in West Forty-fourth Street, where it was her duty to attend to the hiring and supervision of the domestics and the management of the household affairs. She was 55 years old. She worked as usual at the school on Monday, leaving it at 5:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

From there, according to the police, she went to the Hotel Maryland, at 106 West Forty-ninth Street, where she for several years had a three-room apartment. She had sublet the apartment for the Summer, during the greater part of which she lived with the Thornes at their Summer home in Babylon, L. I. On Monday she was to have taken possession again of her apartment, but found that some renovations she had ordered had not yet been finished. So she telephoned to Edwin Thorne, who, with his family, was at Babylon, making arrangements to spend the night, as she had done occasionally before, at the Madison Avenue home.

She appeared there at 6:30 o'clock, and went at once, according to the housekeeper, Mrs. Emma Peterson, to her room in the rear of the third floor. Mrs. Peterson said yesterday that she noticed Miss Ketchum's face seemed flushed, but paid no further attention to the circumstance. Until late at night, Mrs. Peterson said, she heard Miss Ketchum moving about in her room upstairs.

Toward 7 o'clock in the morning, Mrs. Peterson says, noticing that Miss Ketchum, who was an early riser, had not yet come to breakfast, she went upstairs. The door to Miss Ketchum's room was open, and the housekeeper entered. She found Miss Ketchum dressed in her nightrobe and apparently asleep in her bed. But when she called she received no answer, and, going nearer, found the woman dead. Mrs. Peterson sent her husband, who takes care of the house with her, to the East Fifty-first Street Police Station.

Detective Lieuts. Kerr, Van Twistern, and Barber, who were assigned to the case, say they found no traces of disorder in the room. The windows and doors of the house, all equipped with a burglar alarm loud enough to wake the neighborhood, were securely closed. In the room itself, near the door, they found a dressing gown of Miss Ketchum's, and on the dresser various toilet articles of silver, which apparently she had taken from an open trunk on the floor near her bed. Under her pillow they found her diamond-studded watch, and in her shirtwaist, on a nearby divan, a three-stone pin and a gold filigree brooch. In her purse on the dresser was only loose change amounting to 54 cents, but her bankbook lying there contained a deposit entry showing she had on the day before placed $100 in the Second National Bank. The condition of the room, the detectives say, precluded any possibility that the woman had been murdered with the intention of robbing her.

They found several bottles in the room, but none, according to the police, seemed to have contained any poison. One empty bottle lay on a chair about three yards from the bed. There was no label to show what it had contained.

Coroner Hellenstein, after viewing the body, sent his physician, Dr. Lehane, to perform an autopsy. The physician said last evening that he had found all the organs normal, but that he had sent the stomach and contents to the City Chemist for analysis. There was a slight abrasion on the neck, but this, he said, had probably been caused by the whalebone collar she wore.

"I found a condition of chronic diffuse nephritis," he said, "indicating that the woman had not died of natural causes. Apparently death was due to the introduction of some foreign substance—some poison that deadened the nerves. But there was no mark or indication of violence. Death could not have resulted from heart disease or apoplexy, as has been suggested by several persons who pointed out that Miss Ketchum had suffered in an auto accident at Cape Cod last Summer, and that her heart had been affected."

Dr. Lehane was unwilling to say outright that the case was one of suicide, but said he would leave all conclusions to be inferred. No note was left, according to members of the Thorne family, to indicate any motive of suicide. Edwin Thorne and Oakleigh Thorne went to the Madison Avenue house as soon as they were notified of the finding of their kinswoman's body, but neither would make any statement. Grenville Parker of 15 Wall Street, attorney for Edwin Thorne, was also at the house yesterday, but he, too, refused to make any statement in the case. It was said at the house, however, that Miss Ketchum had no trouble, as far as was known, that might have impelled her to take her life.

SUFFRAGETTES TAKE A RIDE.

Food Show Friend Gives Them an Auto Trip Around Town.

The suffragettes are popular at the Madison Square Garden Food Show in spite of the fact that they sell all their wares and have nothing but the simplest kind of literature to give away. Yesterday they were taken automobile riding. At one time the suffragists could not get the money to hire automobiles; more recently they have had the money and taken their own automobile rides for advertising purposes, and now they are invited for their company.

It was the oysterman of the show, exhibiting the "only oyster fit to eat," who invited the suffragettes to go riding, and with their banners flying, wearing badges and sashes, and the automobile draped with the suffrage yellow and black, they were driven all over New York, and finally taken back to the Garden.

Next to the suffragettes the woman who looks after the men was the most popular part of the show. Mrs. Lily Haxworth Wallace told the women that they ought to be drummed out of town if they used the frying pan in its ordinary form. Then she showed them what frying should be.

She put two pounds of "drippings" into the pan, because that is the material most frequently used, though olive and other vegetable oils are better. When a faint blue-gray smoke rose from the pan the fat was sufficiently hot for cooking, and nut croquettes were dropped in, having been coated with beaten egg and stale bread crumbs—not cracker crumbs, which absorbe the fat.

This is the way the croquettes were made: One cup of finely chopped shelled nuts, one cup of uncooked rice, (the unpolished brown rice is the best,) a little grated lemon rind, and salt and pepper. They were shaped into cones from the rather stiff mixture, and should be chilled before frying. They take the place of a meat dish at luncheon, or are served for dessert with a sweet sauce.

DECISION FOR PAWNBROKERS

Justice Gavegan Holds Them Guiltless in Having Possession of Firearms.

The pawnbrokers of the city who have been waging a legal fight against the provisions of the Sullivan gun law, as it affects them, won their first skirmish yesterday when Supreme Court Justice Gavegan held that a pawnbroker may not be punished under the law for possessing firearms. The decision was based on the test case of Ivan Prince, who sued out a writ of habeas corpus. The District Attorney will take the case to the Appellate Division at its next term and a decision will later be sought in the Court of Appeals, so that the law on the rights of pawnbrokers with respect to dangerous weapons may be fixed.

Prince was arrested for having five revolvers on display in his shop window on the day the Sullivan law went into force. He was only technically imprisoned, since the District Attorney consented to his being paroled in the custody of his counsel pending the decision of his case. The decision on the admitted facts in the case states:

"In view of the provisions regulating the sale of firearms by pawnbrokers, the law is so ambiguous as to require interpretation. Literal interpretations would lead to the result that a pawnbroker who is a mere pledgee of goods belonging to another would be guilty of a misdemeanor for having in his possession revolvers pledged to him before the statute went into effect. * * * If a firearm were pledged within a year before the passage of the act and not yet redeemed, the pledgee, by performing his part of the contract in retaining possession of the goods to protect his lien, would be guilty of a misdemeanor. Since such absurd results could not have been intended by the Legislature, and are clearly not within the spirit of the law, the legislative intent must be found by implication.

"Inasmuch as the selling of firearms by pawnbrokers is made legal by the act under certain restrictions, and since the selling of firearms necessarily implies their possession, I am forced to the conclusion that it was not the intention of the Legislature to make the possession of revolvers as unredeemed pledges by duly licensed pawnbrokers a misdemeanor where such possession was legal at the time the law went into effect."

MRS. PEGGS WANTS ALIMONY.

Wife of Physician Demands $70 a Week Pending Trial of Her Suit.

Mrs. Helen Crosby Peggs, wife of Dr. Harry McDonald Peggs of 955 West End Avenue, has obtained an order from Supreme Court Justice Bijur directing her husband to show cause why he should not pay her $70 a week alimony and $500 counsel fee pending the trial of a matrimonial action she has brought against him. In her complaint Mrs. Peggs says she married the doctor on June 21, 1909, in New Jersey and that he soon began a "reign of terror" in their home, cursing and beating her. She declares that his income is $7,500 a year.

One June 21, 1910, she says, she reminded him that the day was the anniversary of their marriage, and that he replied: "We won't be living together next year." She accuses him of having been in the company of a Miss Olive Palmer on Oct. 7, 1910, when he failed to come home. She adds that since that time he has paid attention to a Miss Dunston. She said she found the doctor and Miss Dunston in his motor car before 993 Columbus Avenue at a quarter to twelve one night and told Miss Dunston that her companion was her husband and she should leave him. She adds that Miss Dunston paid no attention to her remarks and that after the incident the doctor came home only to get changes of clothing.

PRINCE WON'T ANSWER.

Co-respondent Paroled Until Court Determines Whether He's in Contempt.

Charles Prince, a photographer, who was named as co-respondent by Robert Lee Fisher in a divorce action against Florence F. Fisher, appeared in the Supreme Court before Justice Greenbaum yesterday. Fisher's first divorce suit against Mrs. Fisher was set aside on the ground of collusion.

Prince was called to the stand and refused to answer all questions, including some calling on him to identify or repudiate written statements signed with his name. He was ordered to answer by Justice Greenbaum, but asserted that he was acting on legal advice.

Justice Greenbaum paroled him in the custody of his lawyer until it is decided whether or not he is in contempt. He left the courtroom in company with "Hal" Chase, the baseball manager. Mrs. Fisher contends that she was inveigled into suspicious meetings with Prince and feared to make protests because of her husband's supposed political influence.

MAY MOVE DIANA DOWNTOWN.

Mayor Gets Suggestion to Put Her Atop New Municipal Building.

Suggestions as to the disposition of the gilded statue of Diana which has so long graced the tower of Madison Square Garden, soon to be torn down, will be received at the City Hall. The first suggestion came yesterday from Fred R. Jackson of 27 West Forty-fourth Street. He wrote to the Mayor:

> In all news articles about the sale of Madison Square Garden I see no reference to Diana. She is a landmark to many New Yorkers and a work of art without a peer in our great city. Why not have the city buy her and put her on your magnificent municipal building, now in course of construction?

The Mayor would make no comment on the letter.

SHOOTS HUSBAND AND THEN HERSELF

Wife Puts Two Bullets In Him When He Refuses to Stop Divorce Suit.

SHE IS EXPECTED TO DIE

Married Only Five Months and Her Mother Says Abuse Drove Her to Leave Home.

Sergt. Buckridge and Policeman Bernstein of the Morrisania Station, hearing the reports of four revolver shots yesterday morning, ran from Longwood Avenue, the Bronx, along Dawson Street, quickly coming on Frank J. Nicodemus of 820 Dawson Street, who had fallen to the sidewalk with bullet wounds in his abdomen and right arm. A few yards beyond lay Mrs. Genevieve Summerville Nicodemus. She was wounded over the heart, and in her hand was a revolver.

Buckridge and Bernstein put the couple in a wagon which was passing and had them driven to the Lebanon Hospital, where the surgeons said that the woman probably would die, while her husband's wounds were serious.

Mrs. Nicodemus refused to tell of the shooting, and quickly became unconscious. Nicodemus said his wife had shot him and then wounded herself. It was learned that Nicodemus recently started suit for divorce after having been married only five months. Mrs. Nicodemus met him as he left his home yesterday to plead with him to withdraw the suit, and, according to Nicodemus, shot him when he refused to do as she wished. When the policemen reached Mrs. Nicodemus on the sidewalk she was weeping and crying:

"Oh, Frank! Oh, Frank!"

Mrs. Nicodemus is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Summerville of 1,000 Grant Avenue, the Bronx, and it was from Mrs. Summerville that the police learned the history of the couple. The mother said that her daughter had met Nicodemus at a dance a year ago and on her return home announced that she had met the man she was destined to marry. Mrs. Summerville tried to dissuade the girl, but she only answered:

"No matter what happens, I must have Frank. I love him."

The difference in religion of the couple inspired Mrs. Summerville's objection to the match, but at her daughter's solicitation she finally gave her consent and the marriage took place about five months ago. The young couple went to live with Mrs. Nicodemus's parents, the home being a two-family house.

According to Mrs. Summerville, Nicodemus soon began to beat his wife, but though the girl's brothers offered to protect her and her family tried to persuade her to leave Nicodemus, she replied to their entreaties:

"Frank is worth more to me than all the other men in the world."

At last, however, according to Mrs. Summerville, Nicodemus left his wife a month ago and she, ashamed to return home, went to visit an aunt in New Jersey. Recently she had been boarding with a Mrs. Murphy at 277 East 139th Street. She returned home about two weeks ago. According to the girl's parents, Nicodemus had no reason to institute divorce proceedings against his wife, and the knowledge that he had done so seemed to craze her.

Nicodemus is employed at 5 Cedar Street, in the office of James T. Harris, New York agent of a brewing company.

ALTER HENRY SIEGEL'S HOUSE

Fine Madison Avenue Dwelling Being Made Into Apartments.

Henry Siegel's residence on the southwest corner of Madison Avenue and Eighty-second Street is to be altered into apartments, with probably offices for physicians on the ground floor. Plans have been filed with the Building Bureau. Mr. Siegel is going to abandon the house as a private dwelling. The house is a five-story structure, occupying half the Madison Avenue block, 102 feet, and fronting 85 feet on the street. It is one of the finest residences in Madison Avenue.

A big apartment has lately been finished on the opposite block covering the entire Madison Avenue frontage on the west side from Eighty-second to Eighty-third Street, and the opposite block front, now vacant, has just been sold for another tall apartment. These changes in the neighborhood have evidently influenced Mr. Siegel in utilizing his house for apartments. George Keister has prepared the architect's plans for the change.

Big Convention of Street Railway Men.

Four thousand delegates from important cities in all parts of North America are to attend the convention of the American Electric Railway Association at Atlantic City during the week of Oct. 9. Many of them will visit this city after the convention.

RAN OVER HIS LITTLE SON.

Driver Didn't Know That Boy at Play Got Under His Wagon.

Percy Greeley, a driver of 412 West Forty-eighth Street, accidently ran over and killed his 3-year-old son Arthur yesterday almost directly in front of their home.

Greeley drives for Frank Ward, a blacksmith, of the same address. He started out with a delivery wagon drawn by one horse. Little Arthur was playing in front of the house with a hoop, and before Greeley mounted his seat he kissed the boy and told him to continue his play.

He had gone but a few feet when the hoop rolled under the wagon. The little fellow ran after the truck and reached in between the front and rear wheels to get his hoop.

The father's back was turned and he did not see the child as one of the wheels caught his arm. The boy was pulled under the truck, the rear wheel passing over his head, crushing the skull.

Greeley did not know of the accident until he had almost reached Ninth Avenue, when Thomas Shank of 432 Tenth Avenue, who had been a witness, stopped the horse and told Greeley what had happened.

Greeley jumped from his wagon and ran back to the crowd. He picked up his boy and ran with him to the West Forty-seventh Street Station, where Dr. Miller was called from the Flower Hospital. The surgeon said the child had been killed instantly.

Greeley was grief-stricken and was taken in charge by friends.

NEW TURN IN HOE CASE.

Testimony to be Taken in London to Defeat Mrs. Johns's Suit.

Supreme Court Justice Pendleton gave permission yesterday to the executors of the Robert Hoe estate to take by commission in London the testimony of H. Langleigh Jones. The executors set forth in their application that Alton B. Parker, their counsel, has informed them that Jones could give testimony material to the estate's defense to one of the suits brought by Margaret Johnson Johns.

Among the matters to which Jones is expected to testify is that he called at the Hoe residence, 88 Brunswick Square, London, and had difficulty in his attempts to see Hoe in his last illness. He is also expected to testify that in Hoe's last illness he received many messages from Hoe, some of them in Hoe's handwriting, and asking for money. The conduct of the messenger who came to Jones in the London office of R. Hoe & Co., is characterized as "mysterious."

Jones will testify, the application states, that the first knowledge the office of Hoe's company in London had of his serious illness in London came as a cablegram from New York.

CARPENTERS LOSE A POINT.

Court Denies Brotherhood Bill of Particulars in Paine Company Suit.

Judge Coxe in an opinion filed yesterday in the United States Circuit Court denied a motion for a bill of particulars made by the defendants in the conspiracy suit brought by the Paine Lumber Company, Limited, and others against Elbridge H. Neal, individually and as Secretary and Treasurer of the Joint District Council of New York and vicinity of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, and others. In the opinion Judge Coxe writes:

"This is an equity action, the main purpose of which is to enjoin the defendants from conspiring to injure and destroy the complainant's business. The object of a bill of particulars is to prevent surprises at the trial. It is not an appropriate proceeding in equity actions in the Federal courts, where the testimony is taken out of court with ample time to the defendant to procure information regarding the complainant's proof after the witnesses have been examined."

John Jameson
Three ★★★ Star
Whiskey
the Whiskey of Quality

POLICEMAN INSULTS A WOMAN

Promptly Dismissed from the Force When Waldo Finds His Record Bad.

Mrs. Annie Schap of 25 St. Nicholas Avenue, wife of a broker who has an office at 43 Exchange Place, complained at Police Headquarters yesterday that Patrolman Samuel Geller of the East 104th Street Station said to another policeman, in her hearing last Sunday afternoon as she and her sister were at Park Avenue and 104th Street: "Look at that painted hussy."

She said she remonstrated with him, and Geller took her to the station, where the Lieutenant at the desk refused to entertain his charge of disorderly conduct. Geller was at Police Headquarters yesterday morning to deny the charge and left to report to his station.

Meantime Commissioner Waldo had been going over his record. He found Geller had been tried recently on a charge of assault made by Mr. and Mrs. Julius Parets of 1,871 Second Avenue. Parets is a jeweler. He testified that on Aug. 6 Geller slapped his face, struck him in the side with his club, and when Mrs. Parets interfered, slapped her in the face. Deputy Police Commissioner Dillon, who was the trial Commissioner in the case, recommended that Geller be dismissed from the force. When Commissioner Waldo found the recommendation yesterday he at once dismissed Geller from the department.

Geller was on the force five years. He had sixteen complaints in that time, for assault, absence without leave, and intoxication.

CITY HUNTS A LOST TRINKET.

Street Cleaners Search for a Princeton Man's Gold Baseball Souvenir.

W. F. Preston, manager of the Princeton baseball team of 1904, appealed to Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards yesterday to help him find a small gold baseball, which was presented to him as a souvenir when the team won the college championship. Mr. Preston, who is a lawyer with offices at 60 Wall Street, thought that a maid at his home might have thrown the ball into a refuse receptacle a few nights ago, and that from there it might have been carted to a city dump.

Commissioner Edwards, who is a Princeton graduate himself, took a personal interest in Mr. Preston's loss, and sent out a general order to the department to keep their eyes open for the souvenir. A thorough examination of all material dumped on scows was made yesterday, but no trace of the ball was found.

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Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm?

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Mother Carey's Chickens

is just as good, and even better, to judge from the following:

"It seems to me that it is better than the Rebecca books, but perhaps I think so because I had been sure that even Kate Douglas Wiggin could not create another girl with Rebecca's personal charm, and here was Nancy Carey, the little aristocrat, just as charming and rather more lovable than Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm."

Miss Emma L. Johnston,
Principal of the Brooklyn Training School for Teachers.

Mother Carey's Chickens
"The Book of American Motherhood."
By KATE DOUGLAS WIGGIN
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TAFT SEEKS TO LURE BACK PARTY VOTERS

Hopes to Convince Deserting Republicans That He Has Kept Tariff Pledges.

DEFENDS CONSERVATION PLAN

Federal Leasing System the Only Way to Bring Capital West, He Declares in Denver.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 3.—When President Taft was taken for a two hours' automobile ride this afternoon, at a speed from 35 to 40 miles an hour, it was but an incident of one of the most strenuous days he has spent since leaving Beverly more than two weeks ago. The President's Denver hosts kept him on the go from early morning until late to-night when he left for Cheyenne.

Mr. Taft made two important speeches during the day, the first to the Public Lands Convention and the second to the members of the Republican organization, including the State Central Commission and various county committees. The President talked politics to the Republican committeemen, and outlined the position of the Republican Party as he interpreted it.

"We are in favor of progress and construction," he said. "We are in favor of prosperity and of doing nothing that will interfere with the business growth of this country provided that business growth be along lines that are legitimate and within the statutes.

"There is not any desire on our part to hit corporations just because they are corporations. And if they are contributing to the growth of the country, if they are furnishing a large wage fund for the support of wage earners, and are engaged in that kind of work that is evidence of American enterprise, we are to encourage them, not to discourage them.

Agree On the Tariff, He Says.

"The question of the tariff," Mr. Taft added, "I think all Republicans agree upon. We are in favor of a tariff that will enable the manufacturers of this country who are dependent upon the tariff to meet competition from other countries. We are not making any apology in the slightest for the blocking of those bills that failed to sustain that measure in respect to tariff protection.

"There seems to be a little misconception as what my duty was in respect to signing the tariff bills passed at the recent session of Congress, on the part of those gentlemen who would be entirely consistent in signing those bills. I mean the gentlemen who are not in favor of Republican politics, but are in favor of Democratic tariff for revenue or free trade. It would be entirely consistent in them to sign any bill that reduces the tariff because they are opposed to the tariff generally. I am not in that class. I was elected as a protectionist."

The President said he was perfectly willing to sign any bill that conforms with the Republican platform on which he was elected. He said that he hoped when the people realized the "sincerity of our promises, they will see fit to keep us in power."

"The fact is," he added, "that the defection from the Republican Party in the last Congressional election and its defeat was not due to an increased number of Democrats. It was due to the defection of Republicans who insisted that we had not performed our promises. Now, if we go ahead, as I hope we may, and show to them that that is just what we are doing, acting on the Tariff Board's report, it seems to me that we may expect that those Republicans, who did not leave us exactly, but who withheld their votes, will now return to the place where they belong."

For Moderate Conservation.

In his speeches before the Public Lands Convention at the Auditorium, which, built to hold 11,000 persons, had few vacant seats, the President made a plea for a moderate attitude on the part of Conservationists. He urged them not to lose everything by claiming too much.

Mr. Taft said he thought that the "fetish" stage of the conservation movement had passed, and that the country now was prepared to "settle down to a calm consideration of what ought to be done in the preservation of our natural and our National resources and that steps ought to be taken which the mistakes of the past show to be wise."

"It does not do to abuse everybody," said the President. "That does not help a bit. There are certain of us that can stand it. I have got to the point where it is a sort of normal condition, but when you go to Congress you will find gentlemen there who have very definite ideas lest somebody shall get an advantage, not of you but of the generations to come after you."

President Taft flatly disagreed with the sentiment of the Public Lands Convention in regard to the leasing of public lands by the Federal Government as expressed in resolutions adopted yesterday. The President declared that the West needed capital to develop its public lands and said that only through a Federal leasing system could such capital be induced to come West.

In spite of his disagreement with the views expressed by the convention, the President was well received. When he made some of his points against the proposal of the convention that either public lands be disposed of to individuals or else placed under the care of the separate States, the crowd applauded vigorously. When he concluded, the cheering was long and loud.

Public Domain the People's.

At one point in his speech the President was discussing the public domain in general terms.

"Who owns the public domain, Mr. President?" shouted an old man sitting just under the platform.

"The United States owns the public lands," said Mr. Taft, showing some heat, "and the United States is the people of the United States."

The President said he knew that he was in a peculiar position, since the convention had already reached its verdict with respect to public lands.

"I know," said Mr. Taft, "how irritating it is to have somebody else lay down rules for your moral uplift, but you've got to stand a great deal in order to make progress. I will end as I began. I am not in agreement with your verdict."

From the mistakes of the past, he said, the country would now learn to go about saving its natural resources in the best way possible and with the best results.

Mr. Taft admitted that in the old days public land had been grabbed in many instances by corporations and combinations, and declared that to prevent a repetition of such grabbing was the work of the present and the future.

While the West, he said, might fret under a system that seemed slow, in the end it would prove best.

The President explained that he did not desire through a Federal leasing system of public lands to fill the Treasury with funds that should lie there unused, but pointed out that filling the Treasury would aid the West in getting appropriations in the future.

"I'm President of the whole country," he said, "and what I am trying to do is to get you together. It is not anything but getting on that counts. It is real development that counts. Your proposition is that the leasing system won't bring capital to the West, and my proposition is that it will. I am appealing against your 'decree.'"

Commends Fisher.

Mr. Taft spoke highly of the work of Secretary of the Interior Walter Fisher, who, he said, "has all the energy and steam that Chicago furnishes a man," and who, he contended, had evinced an understanding and an appreciation of the needs of the West that were bound to bring about good results. The President briefly defended the Administration's reclamation policy.

Arriving in Denver this morning the President was entertained at breakfast at the Country Club under the auspices of the Yale Association. He was then driven about the city, visiting Denver University and a number of schools. He lunched at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Crawford Hill, then went to the baseball park, where he presented local trophies to the members of the Denver baseball team, the champions of the Western League. Next Mr. Taft visited the Denver Press Club and was made an honorary member. He was informed that Col. Roosevelt was an honorary member.

"I am glad to follow Col. Roosevelt, as I always have done and as I hope to continue to do," said Mr. Taft amid applause.

During the automobile ride this afternoon the President stopped at the home of Mrs. Charles J. Hughes, widow of the late Senator Hughes, and left his card. When he last visited Denver, Mr. Taft stopped at the Hughes home as the guest of the Senator. To-night Mr. Taft was entertained at a "Chamber of Commerce" banquet, where 700 covers were laid. Later he left for Cheyenne.

WILSON HEADS OFF 1912 INDORSEMENT

Won't Let New Style Jersey Convention Do Anything but Make a Platform.

NUGENT AROUND, BUT QUIET

Governor's Administration Indorsed—Republicans Forced to Omit a Possible Rap at the Progressives.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 3.—A new kind of State Convention was shown here today. It took the Democratic and the Republican Conventions only a few hours each to perform the duty prescribed under the new Geran election law—that of preparing a platform for the candidates named at the primaries. There was none of the hurly-burly of such meetings in the past.

Soon after the Democratic Convention had been called to order by State Chairman Edward E. Grosscup and Senator Harry V. Osborne of Essex had been made Chairman, Assemblyman Egan of Hudson made a motion indorsing Gov. Wilson for the Democratic nomination for President. The motion was seconded by Assemblyman Cornelius Ford. Gov. Wilson arose and said:

"Mr. Chairman: I need not say that I regard this proposed resolution as having been conceived in great generosity and that I should very much value the indorsement of a body of men like this.

"But, Mr. Chairman, I shall take the liberty, at the same time asking the pardon of the mover and seconder of this resolution in doing so, by moving that it be laid on the table.

"I do that not out of any sense of modesty, for a man should be willing to receive so grateful an action on the part of a body of men like this, tendered in this way, but because I have a strong conviction, Sir, that this action would be inconsistent with our recent legislation.

"The business of this convention is distinctly marked out by the primary election law passed at the last session of the Legislature, and is confined, by that law, to the adoption of a platform, for our action, as a body of Democrats in New Jersey. It, moreover, provides for the expression of the preference of the people of New Jersey not in convention assembled, but at their primaries, for the Presidential nomination.

"While I realize that this resolution may be taken as an expression of confidence, by the gentlemen who vote for it, I nevertheless feel that we would be making a mistake to make this use of this convention, when we have provided so much more appropriate means of finding out the preference of the people with regard to National affairs, so I enter my earnest but respectful protest to the motion and move that the resolution lie on the table, and I hope that motion will be seconded."

The resolution was tabled.

Governor Wilson held a conference at the State House prior to the meeting and was in control of the convention at all times.

The platform as adopted indorsed his administration; called for a recasting of the law so that Sheriffs may be eliminated from drawing juries; favored such adjustment of the tax laws as will equalize the tax burdens; proposed better safeguards about the incorporation laws so as to control corporations; advocated the reorganization of the administration of charitable and correction institutions, the conservation by the State of its natural resources, the simplification of judicial procedure, the election of Assemblymen by districts and a constitutional amendment for the purpose; commended the Democratic Party in revising the rules of the Federal House of Representatives eliminating committee tyranny; pledged the party to a revision of the rules of the State Senate and Assembly to conform to the State Constitution; urged laws for more liberal automobile reciprocity, for the elimination of grade crossings, and for better factory and workshop inspection laws.

Attention was called to the economic Democratic administration and the large balance in the State Treasury. The platform also indorsed the "full-crew" bill for railroads. This measure failed of passage at the last legislative session. Mr. Bracken made a minority report from the Committee on Resolutions asking that the Governor at once call a special session of the Legislature to reapportion the Congressional districts of the State. The Governor put a stop to the acceptance of this plank by saying:

"It would be a strange plank in a platform on which candidates are to run before the people for office."

James R. Nugent, formerly Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, was in town all day, but did not appear in the convention hall, and no trouble was experienced with the Essex delegation, which alone was hostile to Gov. Wilson.

The Republican Convention was late in convening, and the session before noon was taken up with an address by Senator Prince of Passaic, the Chairman. The convention reconvened at 1:30 o'clock, and the platform was read and adopted.

It indorsed President Taft's administration, and advocated a protective tariff as a National issue; condemned the Wilson administration as one of Democratic extravagance; favored the Geran act's objects, but demanded a simplification of election laws; advocated Grand Jury reform, good roads, rate-making legislation and other refoms, and called a halt on demagogues. It was recommended that employers' liability legislation be made fair to both employers and employes.

Messrs. Ransom, Ives, Pierce, and James, progressive Republican Assembly candidates in Hudson County, raised objection to the word "irresponsible" in the plank of the platform reading:

"We pledge ourselves to the preservation and enactment of such legislation as will enable the people to rule without the intervention of irresponsible political machines."

They argued that the word "irresponsible" was intended as a rap at the progressives, and succeeded in having the word taken out, and "pernicious" inserted before "intervention."

DINNER TO HARBURGER.

Deputy Controller Receives Tributes from His East Side Friends.

Deputy State Controller Julius Harburger, who has been Excise Commissioner, Deputy Sheriff, Assemblyman, and Coroner, and who was for fourteen years Democratic leader of the Tenth Assembly District, received all sorts of oratorical tributes last night at the Café Boulevard from his east side friends. So many of them tried to crowd into the main dining room of the big Second Avenue restaurant that tables had to be set for guests in the corridors; and there was also an overflow meeting on the sidewalk.

The dinner was given by the Tammany Club of the Tenth Assembly District, and every Democratic politician on the east side was present. Mr. Harburger, at the head table, sat between State Controller William Sohmer and Congressman Henry M. Goldfogle, the latter being the presiding officer.

"This dinner is a tribute to one who has been closely identified with the east side for almost his entire life," Congressman Goldfogle said. "And every one of the acts, both of his public and private life, has been a credit to him."

Judge Warren W. Foster of General Sessions said that whether as clerk of a municipal court many years ago, or as present Deputy Controller, Mr. Harburger had always been the same democratic warm-hearted kindly friend to every one. Controller Sohmer said he was glad to bear testimony to teh efficient manner in which Mr. Harburger had conducted the affairs of his office. A telegram of regret from Gov. Dix was read. Maurice Rubinger then presented Mr. Harburger with a gold-framed life-size portrait of himself, which had been hanging on the wall behind the speakers' table concealed by an American flag.

Ex-Municipal Court Judge Roesch, Deputy Assistant District Attorney Maurice B. Blumenthal, City Court Judge Alexander Finelite, Municipal Court Judge Leonard A. Snitkin, Congressman William Sulzer, Assemblyman Harold Spielberg, and Assemblyman Joseph P. Burke were among the speakers.

CHARGES PERJURY IN SUIT.

N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Accuses Realty Man of Buying False Testimony.

Emanuel Collucci, a real estate dealer of 378 Pleasant Avenue, was arrested at his home last night by Secret Service Agent Oscar Pigniuolo and Central Office Detective Dondero on a warrant issued on Monday by United States Circuit Judge Chatfield, charging him with subornation of perjury. The warrant was issued on complaint of Assistant United States District Attorney William J. Young on evidenced furnished to him by the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

On Nov. 3, 1906, according to the police, Gabriel Amica, a switchman employed by the railroad, was killed by one of its trains on the Westchester Bridge. Amica's wife subsequently brought suit against the railroad, and two months ago received a verdict for $8,000.

Collucci, according to the police, knowing that Mrs. Amica was suing the railroad, three years ago married her, in March, 1908, and thereafter became busy finding witnesses to testify for her. Four of them, according to the Secret Service man, testified that they had seen the accident, and that it had been due to gross negligence on the part of the railroad. After the verdict was awarded the railroad company, according to the police, discovered that none of the four witnesses had been at the scene of the accident, and placed in the hands of the District Attorney evidence to show that Collucci had induced them to testify. The verdict has not yet been paid over.

According to Pigniuolo, Collucci was already under suspended sentence from Judge Chatfield for the fraudulent drawing up of citizenship papers three years ago. Ten years ago, too, he says, Collucci received and served a sentence of five years at Atlanta for counterfeiting.

Theatre Crowd Sees a Raid.

Inspector Hay and Capt. Day of the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station and sixteen plain clothes men raided an alleged gambling house in Seventh Avenue, near Forty-seventh Street, shortly before midnight last night, when the crowd from the Columbia Theatre at that corner was pouring forth. The theatre crowd remained to see the raid and lingered until the prisoners, five in number, had been carted off to the West Forty-seventh Street Station in the patrol wagon. About forty men who were playing crap, were caught on the second floor of the four-story brick building.

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"It is a better book even than 'The Forest Lovers.' . . . In its spontaneity, in its swift, elastic movement, in its fragrant atmosphere, 'THE SONG OF RENNY' might be the work of a young master just arrived to take the town by storm. . . . This is not only the most vitalized but the most artistic piece of work he has ever put to his credit. . . . The genius in him works in this book as genius works in the books of his two great predecessors—('Dumas' and 'Scott.'). . . . No one else has ever done such work as he has done in 'The Forest Lovers' and now again in 'THE SONG OF RENNY.'"—New York Tribune.

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Your particular chimney problem studied by experts, and estimates given without charge. The work is undertaken with this understanding:
We will not accept payment unless successful.
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The Fashion Exhibition Of the Season

"THE" in capital letters. And we doubt if that sufficiently emphasizes the importance of this event—and also its position in the World in Dress.

"La Promenade des Toilettes"

is not a display of mere "show" costumes, but an exhibition of the *clothes that well-dressed women* will want to wear. (Of course these models are for sale either in the Ready-to-Wear Salons, Third floor, or in the Dressmaking Salon, Tenth floor, where models will also be reproduced to your special order.) For it is the formal presentation of the

Latest and Finest Modes of Paris
In
Gowns, Wraps, Furs, Millinery

Styles were never so beautiful! Materials and ornamentations are superb. But what is more important, these costumes are ideal creations for *real* women. We could talk at great length about the "Moonlight" gown by Margaine Lacroix, the Persian gown with its wonderful color-harmony by Paul Poiret, and the artistic interpretations of the new modes by all the great Parisian dressmakers and modistes—but there is something else of greater importance. A fact that all our patrons and friends should know:

Every model is an authoritative Parisian mode for the season of 1911-12.
Weigh that statement in your mind, please.
Then you realize why GIMBELS is the recognized

House of Fashions in America

Then, too, there is power back of this event—which is but reflected—and that is our *Paris Organization.*

This Exhibition is for you, and we want you to see it. Not only the charming gowns, but the atmosphere will give you inspiration, as the display is being held in a representative setting of

Garden of the Casino at Monte Carlo

Between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. today, tomorrow and the following days. Eighth Floor.

The Dressmaking Salon

is well equipped to carefully and promptly reproduce any costume included in its large collection of original models by famous Parisian dressmakers.

Gowns for Tea, Reception, Dinner and Evening Wear
Tailored Costumes for Afternoon, Street and Traveling Wear

Conservative prices. Tenth Floor.

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In Exquisite and Original Gimbel Designs

People who see the Gimbel collection of precious stones for the first time are apt to be surprised at its extent and its exceptional beauty. While we have gathered choice pieces from the leading jewelers in Europe and at home, we are particularly proud of the beautiful pieces of our own design, made under our own roof, and priced in such a moderate fashion as can be achieved only by this direct source of supply.

This jewelry we recommend especially to those wishing to make gifts both artistic and original. It is in mountings of platinum, platinum-faced, or all-gold. The diamonds are pure and brilliant stones, fully cut, and bought directly from the cutters. The other precious stones uesd are of the same degree of merit. Here are price-instances of these and other new pieces of jewelry:

For Women and Girls

Diamond Rings, all diamonds, $75 to $320; in combinations, $95.

Cluster Rings with colored stones, surrounded with single row of diamonds, $45 to $225; with double row of diamonds, $110 to $175.

All-diamond Princess Rings, $120 to $275.

Colored Center Princess Rings, $118 to $175.

Women's Single Diamond Stone Rings, $25 to $510; girls', $6.50 to $25.

Lorgnettes, all-platinum with diamonds, $175; chains studded with diamonds, $110 to $225; fancy links of platinum, 44 round Oriental pearls, $275.

Savtoir Chains of platinum, studded with Oriental pearls, $64 to $112.

Plaques, all diamonds, set in platinum, $50 to $275.

Brooches, fancy scroll, all-platinum, $128 to $775; gold, $21 to $180.

Crescents, Horseshoes, and Harvest Moons, $150 to $300.

Bracelets, all platinum and diamonds, $235.

Bar and Veil Pins, $28 to $225.

Chain Bracelets, all platinum, $135 to $300.

Gold Bracelets, diamond studded, $8.50 to $115.

Pendant Earrings, diamonds and pearls, $22 to $275.

La Valliere Pendants, platinum and diamonds, $25 to $200.

Baroque Pearl and Diamond Earrings, $40.

For Men

Single Stone Diamond Rings, $11 to $250.

Three-stone Combination Diamond Rings, $22 to $225.

Evening Dress Chains, fancy platinum links with four Oriental pearls, $40 to $50.

Evening Dress Sets, mother of pearl and mother of pearls set with diamonds, $16.75 to $95.

Lockets, $6.50 to $40.

Scarf Pins, in numerous new and effective designs, set with diamonds, Japanese pearls, Oriental pearls, sapphires, amethysts and fine quality of synthetic stones, especially cut for us in Europe—many in all-platinum settings, from $12 to $135. Main Floor.

Rich Rugs From Asia Minor at Specially Tempting Prices

These richly colored, soft and durable Rugs from Asia Minor are much more frequently found in Europe, particularly England, than in the United States. Their owners are sensible; for in the Winter there is no more comfortable adjunct to the dining-room or library, than a Rug with so thick a pile that it almost gives one the sensation of walking on moss.

We have a fine selection of these Rugs from Asia Minor—in designs ranging from the well-known Yaprak, in the traditional reds, blues and yellows, to modern designs, harmoniously blended in pinks, light blues, soft creams, and old ivory. Prices are hardly more than for domestic rugs. For instance, a rug 8 ft. 5 in. x 12 ft. 1 in., is $67.50. Another 7 ft. 9 in. x 10 ft. 6 in., is $55. And others, all in useful sizes, at similarly reasonable prices.

We also have an interesting group of **Mahal Rugs**, averaging 10 x 14 ft., at $110 each, values which are $150 or more.

Particularly fine **Sultanabad Carpets**, averaging 10 x 14 ft., $125 each, although expected to be sold at $175 or more.

Among the **Indian Carpets** is a variety of Amritsar weaves, at about half their usual prices, including a good selection of odd and large sizes. Sixth Floor

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LIBRARY AND LIVING ROOM FURNISHINGS.

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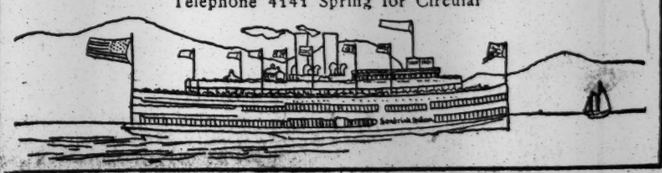

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Standard Remedy for Dyspepsia Stomach Troubles and Gout

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ANTI-SHEEHAN MEN ARE TURNED DOWN

Terry and Fry, Brooklyn Assemblymen, Are Beaten for Renomination.

BOSSES HAD FORETOLD IT

Terry's Defeat May Cost the Democrats the Heights District, Which Is Normally Republican.

Sheriff Patrick H. Quinn and Michael E. Butler, two faithful followers of Charles F. Murphy among the district leaders in Brooklyn, saw to it last night that Edmund R. Terry and Sidney W. Fry, members of the present Assembly, paid the penalty for their independence in voting and working for the election of Edward M. Shepard and against William F. Sheehan in the contest last Winter over the United States Senatorship. Both men were turned down when the Assembly conventions met last night. James H. McCabe was nominated in place of Terry, and Max Arens supplanted Fry.

The first district, which Terry represents, is in the fashionable Brooklyn Heights section and is normally Republican. It is admitted that the turning down of Terry will probably result in the election of a Republican, but apparently the machine leaders consider that the lesser of two evils.

Mr. Fry is a young man on whom the machine leaders thought they could depend. In the Shepard-Sheehan fight Michael E. Butler and Charles F. Murphy labored with him repeatedly in Albany, and made every effort to swing him to their side. He stood firm, however, and like Mr. Terry, aligned himself with the insurgent movement headed by Senator Franklin D. Roosevelt.

Both men were marked for vengeance, and Quinn and Butler have told their followers for several weeks past that they would not be renominated.

Dist.	DEMOCRATIC.	Dist.	REPUBLICAN.
1.	James H. McCabe.	1.	Daniel V. Barnes.
2.	Adjourned.	2.	Louis M. Moniz.
3.	Michael A. O'Neil.*	3.	Adj. to Oct. 9.
4.	C. W. Donovan.*	4.	G. H. Langhorst.
5.	Paul Yerman.	5.	Abraham F. Lent.*
6.	John H. Gerkin.*	6.	George Heyberger.
7.	Daniel F. Farrell.*	7.	Charles F. Vachris.
8.	John J. McKeon.*	8.	Adjourned.
9.	Adjourned.	9.	Albert H. Banzhof.
10.	W. R. Redmond.	10.	F. M. Ahern.*
11.	Edward J. Murphy.	11.	William W. Colne.*
12.	Max Arens.	12.	F. W. Singleton.
13.	J. H. Donnelly.*	13.	Charles Schmitt.
14.	James A. Garvey.*	14.	Wm. C. Grinnell.
15.	Thomas E. Wilmott.	15.	Adj. to Oct. 11.
16.	John F. Jameson.	16.	Forrest S. Chilton.
17.	C. H. Hemmerle.	17.	E. A. Ebbetts.*
18.	James S. Esquiral.	18.	Almeth W. Hoff.*
19.	J. Schifferdecker.*	19.	Adj. to Oct. 4.
20.	George F. Carew.*	20.	Frank Bennett.
21.	Harry Heyman.*	21.	Adjourned.
22.	Joseph T. Geatons.*	22.	E. R. W. Karutz.
23.	Louis Goldstein.*	23.	Wm. Matthewson.

*Renominated.

The present delegation from Brooklyn to the Assembly consists of seventeen Democrats, five Republicans, and one member of the Independence League.

WOMEN WAKE UP BROOKLYN.

Carry Suffrage Campaign to the Assembly Conventions.

Plentifully supplied with red fire and orange-colored burting, duly inscribed, the Woman's Suffrage Party tried to take Brooklyn by storm last night. Under the leadership of Mrs. Robert H. Elder, wife of the Assistant District Attorney of Kings, delegates visited the Democratic and Republican headquarters in the twenty-three Assembly Districts and urged that only those be nominated who favored letting the present electorate of the State decide the fate of woman's suffrage.

The delegates assembled early in the evening in front of the Borough Hall, where about thirty big touring cars, decorated with United States flags and the suffrage banners, awaited them. With Mrs. Elder and Alderman Harry Phillips of London in the first carriage a procession was formed, and, headed by a band, proceeded out Fulton Street and Flatbush Avenue to the Prospect Park plaza.

"We will wake up old Brooklyn" shouted the women as their automobiles, framed in red fire, whirled along the streets crowded with theatregoers. When they got to the park, however, some of them at least breathed more freely, saying: "Well, not a brick touched us any way." The fact is a lot of good-natured, long-suffering jeering was about all that was shied at them.

At the park the procession broke up, the delegates going at once to the Assembly districts to which they had been assigned. Everywhere the delegates were received with respect, and only in one or two places was open opposition shown. A clash came in the Thirteenth Assembly District. Miss Grace E. Raymond was making the usual plea, when Assemblyman John H. Donnelly hopped up and said he didn't want to be instructed to submit the matter to the voters. He was opposed to woman's suffrage and had always voted against the women's bill when before the Assembly.

"That shows just how competent a legislator you are," replied Miss Raymond hotly. "No woman's suffrage bill has ever been before the Assembly for you to vote for."

The men cheered her, and Mr. Donnelly, considerably exercised by the vigor of Miss Raymond's reply, challenged her to a debate. She said she couldn't then as she had other districts to visit, but she would meet him anywhere and at any other time he named. She remarked on leaving that the woman's suffrage bill had never been out of the committee for any Assemblyman to vote upon.

The suffragists seemed agreeably surprised that they were treated so well by the men.

KOENIG IS RE-ELECTED.

County Committee Makes It Known That Insurgents Are Welcome.

The annual reorganization meeting of the Republican County Committee took place last night in Eldorado Hall, Fifty-second Street and Seventh Avenue. Samuel S. Koenig was re-elected President after Otto T. Bannard and other leading Republicans of the city had made speeches advising the party to forget differences and put up a united front at the coming election.

"The election this Fall is very important," said Mr. Bannard. "Republican Assemblymen must be elected if a stop is to be put to the ruinous and vicious legislation now going on at Albany. It is our plan to welcome back the insurgent Republicans, and if they come there will be no questions asked. They will once again be trusted with the family latch key.

"It will be a great relief when the present Legislature adjourns, for that will mean its death. The Charter, which was a product of darkness, has been withdrawn only through selfish reasons. It was conceived in sin and the public knows little of what it contains. It was an outrage ever to have talked of passing it. In order to keep it from reappearing it will be necessary to elect new Assemblymen whom Tammany cannot control. It cannot be passed if Tammany Assemblymen are kept out.

"The Levy election law was an attempt to deprive the parties of the right to put the names of independent candidates upon the ticket. It was a bold and undisguised attempt to prevent united opposition to Tammany Hall."

The cheering lasted several minutes when the resolutions were read. They were:

"The Republican County Committee heartily commends and indorses the action of the Republican Legislature in which they expressed their opposition to the passage of the vicious Tammany-Murphy-Gaynor Charter. The thanks of all good citizens are due to the various civic bodies and organizations and the public press, which through their efforts and the votes of the Republican legislators thus far have defeated its adoption.

"The majority of the voters of this city is opposed to Tammany government, as was indicated when Mr. Prendergast and Mr. Mitchel were elected. We characterize the Levy bill as an attempt to cheat and prevent the anti-Tammany majority from expressing their opposition to Tammany Hall, as its provisions compel a division of the opposition or majority.

"The Tammany reapportionment is a disgraceful gerrymander, and the most unfair and unscientific ever adopted. It provides for twenty-one Democratic Congressmen in the State and two Republicans in the districts of the City of New York, thus depriving upward of 150,000 Republican voters of recognition in Congress.

"We reaffirm our position on direct nominations, as set forth in the platform adopted by the Republican State platform held last year.

"To Gov. Hughes is due the credit of arousing the interest of the people and convincing of the need of directly electing their party officers and directly nominating their party candidates, and we commend the action of our Republican members in forcing this issue to a vote in the present Legislature.

Julius M. Mayer nominated Mr. Koenig and the nomination was seconded by William Halpin, who opposed Mr. Koenig's election last year. In accepting President Koenig said that the party was pledged to bring about harmony in the county organization, "such harmony in fact," he said, "that will give the fullest aid that the Republican Party in this county can give to bring about the re-election of President Taft."

Collin H. Woodward was elected First Vice President, Joseph Levenson, Second Vice President; Ogden L. Mills, Treasurer, and John Boule, Jr., Secretary.

REPUBLICANS TO DIX.

Urge Him to Put Through Primary Bill with the Massachusetts Ballot.

The Brooklyn Young Republican Club sent to Gov. Dix last night a letter urging him to use his influence to have the Legislature pass a Direct Nominations bill which will provide for a Massachusetts form of ballot. The letter says:

We cannot be accused of seeking partisan advantage. For ten years we have been advocating direct primaries, and have laid down the principle which has been incorporated both in the Hinman-Green, Travis-Hoff, and Ferris-Blauvelt measures, and in the first two instances have actually written the original draft. In our opinion any direct primary law which contains provisions for the column ballot and emblem, as opposed to the so-called Massachusetts ballot, and gives an unfair advantage to the committee choice, by allowing the expenditure of money in his behalf, will defeat the purpose of the bill and will be universally condemned.

A call for a conference signed by the leaders of the fusion forces of the city was sent out last night to a number of men and organizations by the Citizens' Union, which wants to keep up the fight on the proposed Charter. The conference will be held at the Manhattan Hotel on Friday evening, Oct. 6.

MAY WAIT FOR FUSION.

Republican Nominations Likely to Go Over Until Levy Law Decision.

Both Democrats and Republicans will hold conventions in the city to-night. Manhattan Republicans will hold their Aldermanic district conventions at 8:30 o'clock and the Democrats will hold their municipal court convention in the Bronx. It is expected that on account of the status of the Levy election law the Republicans who want to arrange a fusion ticket in certain districts will postpone both to-morrow's conventions and their Assembly conventions on Thursday.

The Tammany municipal court convention in the Bronx to-night is expected to develop interest as there are several candidates. Two of the most active are former Assemblyman Joseph Silverman of the Thirty-second and Assemblyman Mork of the Thirty-fourth District.

NOMINATED FOR ASSEMBLY.

Dist.	Nominee.	Pols.
I.	Dutchess, Ferdinand A. Hoyt	Dem.
	Schoharie, Daniel D. Frisble	Dem.
II.	Rensselaer, Bradford R. Lansing	Rep.

HAINS OUT OF SING SING.

Army Officer Who Killed Annis Pardoned by Gov. Dix.

OSSINING, N. Y., Oct. 3.—Peter C. Hains, formerly a Captain of the United States Army, was released from Sing Sing Prison this morning after serving two years four and one-half months for the killing of William E. Annis at the float of the Bayside Yacht Club, in Queens Borough, New York, on Aug. 15, 1908. His release was on pardon by Gov. Dix. It was obtained after months of work on the part of his father, the venerable Gen. Hains of the United States Army.

The father was at the prison this morning to meet his son, and when Capt. Hains stepped out of the door they embraced and kissed. Then, after the formalities were complete, the father placed his son in a surrey, leaped in lightly himself despite his years, and they were driven to the Central Station at Scarborough to avoid the crowd which had gathered at the station here.

"I have nothing to announce at this time," Capt. Hains said. "I may have later, but I am not sure. I am going almost straight through to Washington to see my mother."

The warrant of pardon reached Warden Kennedy at 7:15 o'clock this morning from Albany. It came by mail, special delivery. At once Capt. Hains was notified that his liberty was close at hand. At the same time word was sent to his father, who had been here off and on for almost a week, awaiting the arrival of the document. The General at once rushed to the prison, carrying with him a complete outfit of clothing for his son.

Capt. Hains was shaved and emerged to freedom dressed in a dark serge suit, dark tie, and pearl-colored, soft hat. He wore a black string on his eye-glasses.

At the clerk's office, after the greeting with his father, the departing man received $10, which the State gives to every man as he leaves the prison. To this was added $10.87, which he had earned at the rate of 1½ cents a day for each working day he spent in the prison. He was also entitled to 72 cents as his fare back to Queens Borough, and this was included, so that he received $21.59.

Capt. Hains looked well, and walked with a firm step. His military air and bearing had not been broken by his prison service, and he was a much better appearing man to-day than when he came up to begin the serving of the eight to fifteen year term to which he was sentenced.

Hains was a model prisoner. Warden Frost and his successor, Warden Kennedy, have agreed as to that. For a time he was employed in the print shop where The Star of Hope is printed and where other State work is done. He was in the hospital for a time, worked in the correspondence department, and since Warden Kennedy has been in charge he has been at work designing and planning and helping to get under way a new concrete wall to skirt the river side of the prison yard in place of the worn-out iron fence which has permitted escapes. Being an accomplished engineer, the work was congenial to Capt. Hains. The wall will be completed from his plans.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—Following is the forecast for the cotton and grain States for Wednesday and Thursday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau:

North Carolina—Local rains Wednesday; slightly warmer in interior. Thursday fair; moderate northeast to east winds.

South Carolina and Georgia—Fair Wednesday, except rain along the coast. Thursday fair; moderate northeast to east winds.

Florida—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; light to moderate variable winds, except southerly in northwest portion.

Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; light to moderate southerly winds.

Texas—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; moderate southerly winds on the coast.

Utah—Fair, warmer Wednesday. Thursday fair.

Oklahoma, Arkansas, Tennessee, and Missouri—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Kentucky—Fair Wednesday. Thursday fair, somewhat cooler.

Ohio—Warmer and generally fair Wednesday, with brisk to high southwesterly winds. Thursday fair, cooler.

Indiana—Fair Wednesday. Thursday fair, cooler; brisk southwest to west winds.

Illinois—Fair Wednesday, cooler in northern and central portions. Thursday fair; brisk southwest to northwest winds.

Lower Michigan—Rain and warmer Wednesday, with high south to southwest winds. Thursday fair; slightly cooler.

Upper Michigan—Rain Wednesday, with high south to southwest winds. Thursday fair; cooler in eastern portion.

Wisconsin—Fair, cooler in southern, rains in northern portion Wednesday, with west to northwest winds. Thursday fair.

Minnesota—Fair in southern and western portions, rain in northeast portion Wednesday; cooler, with high west to northwest winds. Thursday fair.

Iowa—Fair, cooler Wednesday. Thursday fair; warmer in western portion.

North and South Dakota—Fair Wednesday. Thursday fair, warmer.

Nebraska—Fair Wednesday, cooler in eastern portion. Thursday fair, slightly warmer.

Kansas—Fair Wednesday. Thursday fair, warmer in northern portion.

CHALONER EXHIBITS POWERS IN COURT

Does Tricks with New Force He Says He Has Discovered Before Commissioner.

TO PROVE HIS SANITY

Also Displays Photographs to Show How He Has Grown Like Napoleon Bonaparte.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Oct. 3.—John Armstrong Chaloner to-day deposed that he had discovered a new application of animal magnetism, and that his facial lineaments had changed in recent years so as to resemble the portraits of Napoleon Bonaparte. Mr. Chaloner, who is fighting to get himself declared sane by a New York court, backed up his first assertion by a courtroom exhibition, which bordered on the spectacular, and to prove the second contention introduced in evidence a series of photographs of himself which show apparently remarkable changes in his facial appearance.

This evidence he introduced in his fight to recover custody of his $1,500,000 of property because of testimony against him when he was committed to Bloomingdale in 1897, whence he escaped four years later to Virginia.

Mr. Chaloner, who is the former husband of Amelie Rives, now Princess Troubetzkoy, an ex brother of Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler, ex-Lieutenant Governor of New York, and the great grandson of the first John Jacob Astor, is represented at the hearing before Acting United States Commissioner Booth by Frederick D. Ware of New York. Joseph Choate, Jr., was to have come from the firm of Evarts, Choate & Sherman, the last named of whom is the "committee" of his property and the defendant in the present action in the United States Circuit Court of the Southern District of New York. Mr. Choate did not appear, and the "committee" is represented by ex-Judge R. T. W. Duke of Charlottesville.

Mr. Chaloner this afternoon caused a silk necktie to remain hanging without physical support by pressing it with his four fingers and thumb against a red rep curtain. Then he taught others to do the same thing, and these, newspaper men and lawyers, were even more successful than himself, the scarf remaining suspended for five to fifteen minutes, apparently defying gravity. Only Judge Duke of opposing counsel failed. Judge Duke declared the performance due to electrical action. "But he added, "you certainly made a remarkable demonstration, Mr. Chaloner, I'll admit it freely."

Mr. Chaloner also testified—and introduced photographs to prove his statement—that one canton flannel portière in his bedroom had been made to hang lapped over another "six inches from the perpendicular near the top all night by stroking the edge of the overlapping curtain."

When he was committed to Bloomingdale, alienists "hired by my conspiring brothers," declared Mr. Chaloner, "said that I said that I had discovered a new force. I did not say this because the statement was made while I was in a trance, and I did not say it in the common acceptance of the words. I had not then made this discovery. Also the alienists further twisted my remarks, made also in a trance, that my features had changed—mark that had—to resemble Napoleon's. I did not notice any change in my features until a short time ago, nor did I discover this power or application of power until a comparatively recent time."

Mr. Chaloner was careful to state that he termed his "new application of power" as "animal magnetism only hypothetically."

"At all events, this discovery will furnish a diversion for society," said the plaintiff. "There are no games worthy the name in society save cards, and here is something for the ladies. They can amuse themselves by finding out who is 'magnetic' and who is not. Quote that word 'magnetic,' Mr. Stenographer.

"Not every one, my experiments on fifteen or more people show, can do these feats. Only persons who are of magnetic temperament, as people usually employ the word, can by stroking the curtains make on stay lapped over against the other or do similar feats. The reason Judge Duke failed is that he talked too much. Conversation is always fatal while trying this."

Mr. Chaloner has intimated that he will score heavily in his testimony on Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler and Robert Winthrop Chanler, the brothers who with William Astor Cary, signed the petition for commitment to Bloomingdale.

"I am not out for vengeance, but for redress," he declared in a statement to a reporter, "and I am loaded for bear."

Mr. Chaloner also hints that he will expose some other persons prominent in the "innermost circles of New York's four hundred" before he ends his deposition, the giving of which will last several days.

Opposing counsel will not stop him at any point, Judge Duke declared, and so Mr. Chaloner has every chance to say what he intends to say.

THEY WOULD WED, AT 14.

Young Elopers from Jersey Find Long Island Officials Flint-Hearted.

Arthur Edward James thought that if a fellow cared a whole lot about a girl youth should not be allowed to stand in the way of a wedding. Ruth Day quite agreed with him, and this being settled, they slipped away from their homes in South Orange and went into the world in search of a license. Theirs, they vowed, would not be the spiritless and easily daunted attitude of those of whom the song writer wrote:

But your father, to be sure,
Thought it rather premature;
And your mother, strange to say,
Was another in the way.
What a Heaven vanished then!
You were 7, I was 10.

Besides, they were not nearly so young as that. Arthur Edward James is fourteen, and so is Ruth. Yesterday they went into the Marriage License Bureau in Long Island City and asked for the necessary papers. Arthur was twenty-one, it appeared, and Ruth was eighteen.

The clerk was a little skeptical, and after drawing out the full information he bade them bring their folks if they wanted to get the license. So they went away from the stony-hearted official, arm-in-arm, but a little disconsolate. Arthur's father, Henry James, got hold of the clue and went to search that part of the city, for the two have been missing for some days.

To get away in style needed all sorts of planning. Arthur sold his pony, emptied his bank, and beguiled $3 from his mother. He acquired some long trousers, and at the same time the hem of Ruth's frock went down and her hair went up. Before they finally left South Orange, suspicions were aroused, for Arthur's aunt in Jersey City guessed he was trying to get a license one day when he left Ruth at her house there and returned later vastly disappointed.

The courtship was of long standing. Arthur and Ruth were in the same class at the Columbia School in South Orange. They went to the same church and were in the same Sunday school class. And Arthur would walk home with his sweetheart, no matter how much the other fellows guyed him. If Mr. James does not succeed in heading off the wedding, it was said yesterday, his son and his son's little wife could have a home with his family in Academy Street until he is able to support her himself.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS STILL UP

Statistics given out at the Custom House yesterday show that during the month of September, just ended, duties amounting to $389,702 were collected on the piers from transatlantic travelers. This does not include the duties collected on Public Store package, third-class baggage, and the estimated duties on baggage sent in bond.

The statement, showing results on the passenger piers for September as compared with the corresponding month for four years, was as follows:

	Passengers.	Dutiable Declarations.	Duties.
September, 1908	42,105	1,514	$93,530
September, 1909	41,184	2,737	264,772
September, 1910	46,871	4,359	373,267
September, 1911	49,349	9,525	389,792

I Like My Family to Drink This Beer!
Brewed from Purest Malt, Hops and Water,
Imperial Gold Label Beer
Bottled only by the Brewers,
BEADLESTON & WOERZ
New York.
Order from any dealer.
is Wholesome and Nutritious! Have a Case Sent Home!

Stern Brothers

desire to call particular attention to their

"Shop for Men"

occupying the entire First Floor of their New Building on West Twenty-third and Twenty-second Streets.

Its accessibility and greatly augmented assortment of high-grade merchandise will appeal to men accustomed to shop in exclusive haberdashery stores.

An unusual line of Men's Furnishings for the early Fall season is now being shown at very moderate prices.

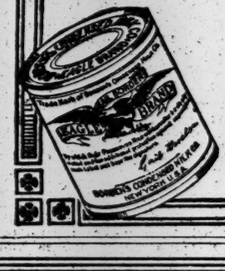
Neckwear
of Imported and Domestic manufacture, including Knitted, Crochet and Plain and Fancy Silks, in all the new effects.

Shirts
of Flannel, Silk, Silk and Linen, Cheviot, Madras and Percale, in a large assortment of exclusive patterns, with soft and stiff cuffs. Attention is directed to a special showing of Imported Shirts.

Gloves
of Kid, Cape, Mocha, Egal and Royal Buck and Reindeer, Doeskin, Chamois and the new Reindeer Cloth. Gloves and Gauntlets for driving and automobiling.

Pajamas, Night Shirts, Underwear, Hosiery, Waistcoats, Sweaters, Angora Jackets and Mufflers.

West 23d and 22d Streets

Best and Safest Food for Infants
Fifty-four Years' Experience Has Proven It
Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk


W. & J. SLOANE
ESTABLISHED 1843

Preparatory to Removal, We Offer a
$500,000
ASSORTMENT OF
ORIENTAL RUGS
AT PRICES WITHOUT PARALLEL IN AMERICA

The Rugs are not of commonplace character, assembled solely for sale purposes. They are all dependable and practical, and of our own direct importation.

The tremendous variety of weaves and qualities, the wide range of sizes and the unequalled values embraced in this sale must be seen to be appreciated.

An Opportunity of Such Magnitude Has Never Before Been Presented to the Public

We would be pleased to have you confirm this statement by a comparison with the assortment, qualities and prices offered elsewhere.

Prices Range From $5.00 Upward

BROADWAY AND NINETEENTH STREET, NEW YORK

ADVERTISEMENT.

Wild's

EST. JWCo 1852

Orientals

The Largest Specialty Rug House in America.

Feast or Famine?

New York furnishes the largest market in the world for Oriental rugs. Unless you are unusually well informed about rugs, you did not know this.

The statement is made authoritatively by the Curator of Decorative Arts of the Metropolitan Museum.

Constantinople and Paris are the only markets in Europe comparable with it.

Yet the average New Yorker feels helpless to the point of actual embarrassment when he starts out to shop for a rug.

There is no museum—no public institution—anywhere in America that exhibits a representative collection.

Such exhibits as do exist are of RARE OLD RUGS that are out of the market — each of them worth a fortune.

To learn rugs from books is an intricate study—a student's business.

How is one WHO DOES NOT KNOW RUGS—the New Yorker who wants to spend from $100 to $500, or even $50, for a rug, to be guided?

In the midst of apparent plenty, how is he to choose?

First, by remembering that the supply of WELL SELECTED rugs is very limited, even in this large market.

THERE ARE NOT ENOUGH GOOD RUGS TO GO AROUND.

He must have complete confidence in the JUDGMENT of the house from which he buys, as well as in its integrity.

Whatever the price of the rug, the buyer for the house must himself be able to select a rug that actually represents that value.

It is upon this accurate knowledge of Oriental rugs, in a market crowded with low-grade goods, that the buyers of Wild's Orientals have won the confidence of the best judges of rugs in the country.

Either to purchase, or simply to inform yourself as to comparative weaves and values, there is no other place in America offering the same advantages.

In addition to uniformly moderate prices, there is the insurance of knowing positively what you are purchasing — with a recognized guarantee back of every rug.

JOSEPH WILD & CO.
Fifth Avenue & 35th Street
NEW YORK

M'CABE, WILEY'S FOE, QUITS FOOD BOARD

Dr. R. E. Doolittle in His Place, While Dr. Dunlap Is Sent on a Long Vacation.

WILEY IS NOW IN CONTROL

Secretary Wilson Anxious to be Rid of All Responsibility for Enforcing Pure Food Law.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—Solicitor McCabe of the Department of Agriculture to-day asked Secretary Wilson to relieve him from further duty with the Board of Food and Drug Inspection, and the request was granted. Secretary Wilson announced that Dr. F. L. Dunlap, the member of the board whose vote with Mr. McCabe's placed Dr. Harvey W. Wiley in a permanent minority, would take a vacation until the return of President Taft to Washington from his Western journey.

R. E. Doolittle, now Chief of the Food and Drug Inspection Chemical Laboratory in New York City, was designated as a member of the board in place of Solicitor McCabe. Dr. Doolittle received his scientific education at the Michigan Agricultural College at Lansing. He has been in charge of the New York laboratory for several years, and has acquitted himself in many difficult cases with distinct success and to the satisfaction of importers and merchants. Eighty to 90 per cent. of the food and drug cases arising from imports originate in New York, and have thus come directly under the work of Dr. Doolittle in the New York laboratory. He has the full confidence of Dr. Wiley and of his associates in the Bureau of Chemistry.

The reasons for Solicitor McCabe's resignation were not announced. Secretary Wilson stated that Mr. McCabe's duties as solicitor remain unchanged, and under the general provisions of the law he will continue to exercise an important control over the enforcement of the pure food law.

"There will be no permanent change in the department's methods of enforcing the pure food law until President Taft has had an opportunity to take up the matter in Washington," said Secretary Wilson. "The appointment of Dr. Doolittle will simply continue the board's operations as at present up to the time when President Taft returns."

The changes in the Pure Food Board were announced by Secretary Wilson today following a conference with Dr. Wiley. They were deemed inevitable in view of the official and personal antagonism aired before a Congressional committee last Summer and Dr. Wiley's exoneration by President Taft after Attorney General Wickersham, with views aligned with those of Secretary Wilson and Solicitor McCabe, had recommended Dr. Wiley's removal from office as head of the Chemistry Bureau because of a technical irregularity in appointive methods, the responsibility for which he denied.

Dr. Wiley returned to his desk in the Bureau of Chemistry to-day after ten days' absence in attendance on the Conservation Congress at Kansas City and other gatherings which desired to hear him. In his absence Secretary Wilson and Solicitor McCabe had returned to Washington, and for several days the report has been current that the Secretary would turn over to Dr. Wiley full control of the Bureau of Chemistry and the administration of the pure food law.

Secretary Wilson would like to be rid of all responsibility for executing the pure food law, and his friends have suggested that a commission like the Inter-State Commerce Commission be created, independent from any Executive department, for the purpose of dealing with public health and food questions. This is a solution that Congress is not likely to entertain. Congress is not so anxious to accommodate the Secretary, who at best has only a few months to remain in the Department of Agriculture, and the Democratic House will be averse to increasing the number of Government offices and salaries.

Dr. Wiley had no ideas to offer to-day as to how the question will be settled. He had a long talk with Secretary Wilson, and afterward said:

"If any one thinks the adulteration snake is killed, he is very much mistaken. It is lying low just at present. The men who are responsible for food adulteration think the feelings of the public will soon quiet down."

Dr. Wiley believes that eternal vigilance is needed if the country is to get pure food and drugs, and that public officials must be required to enforce the laws strictly.

Until it is settled by direction of the Secretary what is to be the course of things in the department, and what part he is to be allowed in the administration of the pure food law, Dr. Wiley will probably have no plans to announce. It is well known, however, that Secretary Wilson, bowing to the storm of public disaproval of the past methods of administering the law, is now willing to leave Dr. Wiley a freer hand. With Dr. Doolittle's support, Dr. Wiley will now have the controlling voice in the Pure Food Board.

Boy Playing on a Barge Is Drowned.

Seven-year-old Edward Butler of 499 Court Street, Brooklyn, while playing with several other boys on a sand barge of the Goodwin Sand Company of 71 Broadway, at the foot of Huntington Street and the Gowanus Canal, late yesterday afternoon, fell into the water. He did not appear again, and laborers called by his frightened companions were unable to find his body. Late last night it was recovered by the harbor police.

MAURETANIA FILLED UP.

Many Distinguished Passengers on To-day's Sailing List.

The Cunarder Mauretania, which sails for Liverpool at 9 o'clock this morning, is going out with her saloon practically booked to capacity. Her list is one of the most distinguished she has taken East in months, and among those who are on the passenger list are Lord Strathcona, Canadian High Commissioner in London; Baron Rosen, Russian Ambassador; Surgeon General Arthur W. May, R. N., C. B.; Mrs. Mary T. Leiter, widow of the late Levi Z. Leiter of Chicago, and mother of Lady Curzon; Dr. G. W. Badgerow of the Royal Geographical Society, Sir John Barker, Mrs. Robert Howard, daughter of Lord Strathcona; Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd S. Bryce, Col. George Pope, and Pastor Russell.

Lord Strathcona, who is soon to celebrate his ninety-first birthday, returns to England after a visit of less than a week to this side. He arrived here on the Mauretania last Thursday night, departing immediately for Canada. It has been reported that he came over as a result of a suggestion that Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian Premier, who went down to defeat on the reciprocity issue, be made the President of The Hague Tribunal. President Taft was reported to be in favor of Sir Wilfrid for that high honor.

Among others who are booked to sail on the Lusitania are: Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Alexander, Capt. and Mrs. H. C. Akroyd, Mr. and Mrs. Lyle D. Andrews, N. H. Bacon, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Cunningham, E. L. Dana, Mrs. Townsend Davis, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Duncan, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Forbes, Allen French, Mrs. William A. Gaston, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Grant, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. Richard S. Hosford, Joseph Leiter, Mrs. H. De Forest Lockwood, Mrs. W. J. Loring, Mrs. R. H. McCormick, Miss McCormick, Mrs. W. W. Phipps, Mr. and Mrs. Widdrington Stafford, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Strawbridge, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Swanston, the Right Hon. John W. Wilson, M. P., and Mr. and Mrs. James Watt.

TEA IMPORTERS PROTEST.

Get a Rehearing on Government's Action Barring Colored Teas.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—The Tea Board has been called to meet in New York at the Appraiser's Office on Thursday to take up the question of colored or faced teas. Great pressure is being brought to bear on the Treasury Department to obtain a modification of the order made last Winter barring from entry into the United States of all colored or faced teas. This order went into effect on May 1, and affected fully one-half the crop imported into this country, something like 25,000,000 pounds. At the time there was complaint among producers in Japan and Formosa and among importers in the United States that the date fixed gave too little time for the producers to learn what was required and comply with the new regulation.

Recently it was found that the samples presented at the San Francisco Custom House did not conform to the color of cargoes offered for entry to that port. By means of these samples tea was imported which did not comply with the regulations of the department.

As a result of this discovery Assistant Secretary Curtis issued a new order not only barring the tea waiting at the Port of San Francisco, but also applying to tea prepared for shipment to the United States May 1 of this year. This order has had the effect of holding up about 1,000,000 pounds of colored tea now at San Francisco, and about an equal amount en route from China to this country.

Pacific Coast importers insist that the enforcement of the order will result in a heavy financial loss to them, and they wish to have the order modified. Up to date the department has shown no inclination to modify the order on the ground that the regulations are so plain that a strict observance of them would have prevented shipment of the 2,000,000 pounds, which are at or bound for San Francisco. It is probable that the department order will be carried into the courts by the coast importers.

WOMEN WITH STEPLADDERS

Threaten to Storm Pay-as-You-Enter Cars if They're Not Made Lower.

The Woman's Health Protective Association, at a meeting in the Academy of Medicine yesterday afternoon, voiced a protest against the high steps on the pay-as-you-enter cars. The women say that if something is not done to improve conditions they will insist upon carrying their own little stepladders.

The association heeded the request of the Chelsea Improvement Society, an organization of men, and voted to allow its name to be used in a protest to the Board of Health against allowing carts loaded with refuse from butchers' shops and restaurants to cross on the Lackawanna ferryboats at night on the way to the New Jersey soap factories. The Health Protective Association suggests that this refuse be carted away on scows.

Neely Gets Out on Bail.

F. Tennyson Neely, who was arrested at the time Jared Flagg's offices were raided by the postal authorities, was released from the Tombs yesterday afternoon on a $2,500 bond put up by a surety company. He was originally held in $25,000 bail. Madeleine Russe, confidential secretary to Flagg, was a witness before the Federal Grand Jury yesterday.

FRANK GOULD LOSES COTTON BELT FIGHT

Directors Friendly to Edwin Gould Elected at St. Louis Southwestern Meeting.

WINS IN MISSOURI PACIFIC

Despite Combined Opposition of Edwin and George Gould, Stockholders Elect R. Lancaster Williams.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 3.—Frank Gould was beaten to-day in his fight to have personal representation in the Directorate of the St. Louis Southwestern (Cotton Belt) Railroad. At a meeting of the stockholders R. Lancaster Williams was defeated and the old Directors, all friendly to the Edwin Gould interests, were re-elected.

Edwin Gould is President of the road. He opposed his brother's effort to break into the Directorate.

Henry W. Anderson, counsel representing Frank Gould's interests, issued a statement saying that no litigation will follow the rejection of Frank Gould's candidate for the Directorate. He said to insist upon a contest at this time would lead to controversy, and possibly to litigation. The one object of the minority interests was to broaden the representation on the board by electing one independent member. The large number of proxies given to the minority members on short notice, he said, indicated that many stockholders had the same desire. The interests of the company will now be conserved, he said, by accepting the election as final and abiding by it.

The Directors elected are F. H. Britton, St. Louis; R. M. Galloway, New York; William H. Taylor, New York; E. T. Jeffery, New York; Murray Carleton, St. Louis; Tom Randolph, St. Louis; Edwin Gould, New York; Howard Gould, New York, and Winslow S. Pierce, New York.

Neither Edwin nor Frank Gould was present. Edwin Gould was represented by his attorneys, Winslow S. Pierce of New York and Sam H. West and Roy S. Britton of St. Louis.

The St. Louis Southwestern is one of the best paying of the Gould properties. Recently, notably in the reorganization of the Missouri Pacific, Frank Gould has opposed the interests of his brothers, George and Edwin.

Despite the combined opposition of his brothers, Frank Gould forced the election of R. Lancaster Williams of Baltimore as a Director of the Missouri Pacific. Williams, Henry W. Anderson, and N. A. Campbell hold proxies to be voted in Frank Gould's interest. Those holding proxies who were instructed to vote against Williams, in the interest of Edwin Gould, are William H. Taylor, Dave H. Morris, A. J. Trussell, and W. S. Pierce of New York and F. H. Britton, Tom Randolph, L. G. McNair, Alexander Berg, Alden H. Little, Sam H. West, Roy S. Britton, R. E. Kimball, C. W. Nelson, E. W. Hanlan, C. A. Tilles, and E. T. Dickinson, Jr., of St. Louis.

CHIN SAM AGAIN ARRESTED.

Since He Was Taken Before an Opium Spy Has Been Killed.

Chin Sam, well known in Chinatown, was arrested by Deputy Surveyor of Customs Harris, yesterday, charged with selling opium at the Chinese restaurant at 94 Third Avenue. Chin Fock was arrested at the same place on the same charge. It was the second time that Chin Sam had been arrested recently, the other time being Sept. 11. He was released on $2,500 bail, and the first thing that Chin did, according to the customs officers, was to resume the sale of opium.

Three days after Chin Sam fell into the hands of the Federal authorities Wong Ben Yung, a Chinese restaurant keeper, was found murdered in his sleeping room above his place of business at 58 West 135th Street. The customs men admitted that the slain man was one of their most important spies in furnishing information relative to the smuggling of opium into the United States. The suspicion is that Yung was made away with by "hatchet men" belonging to the "Opium Smuggling Ring."

When arraigned before United States Commissioner Shields Chin Sam was required to give an additional bond of $500, and Chin Fock was put under $1,500 bail. The examination was set for Oct. 10. The prisoners furnished the surety and were released.

National Surety Will Give Bail.

Responding to a suggestion from the City Club and other organizations the National Surety Company of 115 Broadway announced yesterday that it had decided to furnish bail bonds for persons who are charged with crime. It was the opinion of the City Club that it would be much better for surety companies to furnish such bonds than for individuals to do so, in most cases, and that it should be generally known that such bonds were obtainable from responsible companies at reasonable and fixed rates of interest. The National Company will keep its bail bond department open day and night, with a representative always ready to go to court or station house to issue bonds.

CLEARS 42D STREET.

Commissioner Broderick Again Seizes Sidewalk Encumbrances.

The sidewalks on West Forty-second Street after 2 P. M. yesterday were so clear of obstructions that the building line could be clearly seen for the length of an entire block. Commissioner J. A. Broderick of the Bureau of Incumbrances was in the street with one of his red wagons and an automobile filled with police officials. The Commissioner himself walked on the sidewalk between two blue-shirted ex-baggage men, who knew how to handle anything with weight. Showcases, trunks, and auction signs were mowed down like grass, and there was room for all of them in the red wagon.

The news of the raid soon spread along Forty-second Street, and there was a scurry among clerks and shop proprietors to drag everything outside the building line within doors.

"Take that trunk," said the Commissioner to one of his men, designating a yellow "$4 this week only" trunk in front of 129 West Forty-second Street.

But William Canning, owner of the trunk, held on tenaciously, and was trying hard to drag his property within safe limits.

"Take your hands off or we'll arrest you," said a plain clothes man, who followed in the wake of the Commissioner.

The trunk man complied, and the procession, headed by the red wagon, moved eastward on the much torn-up street. A large crowd followed and hooted whenever the raiders carried an additional piece of furniture to the red wagon.

When the wagon reached Madison Avenue there could be counted among its effects three showcases, five trunks, two auction signs, one wicker bench, one antique rocker, and one bootblack stand. The property was taken to the Corporation Yard.

HELD AS A MURDER WITNESS.

Arthur Taylor Rearrested to Get His Testimony in the Warner Case.

Arthur Taylor, the Wild West showman who witnessed the murder of John C. Warner, the civil engineer, by striking express drivers at Seventh Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street last Oct. 31, was discharged yesterday on his own recognizance by Judge Hough, sitting in the Criminal Branch of the United States Circuit Court.

He was arrested on Aug. 9 by Federal authorities on a charge of having represented himself to be a United States Secret Service agent. At the time of his capture for the alleged violation of the Federal statute Taylor was being hunted by the local authorities as the State's chief witness in the Warner murder case. He vanished on the eve of the trial of James Mulligan, one of the indicted drivers, and in consequence of his disappearance the prosecution fell through and a verdict of not guilty was rendered.

Alfred Langlone and Peter J. Connell, two men alleged to have participated in the murder, are awaiting trial, and Taylor will be used as a witness against them. Taylor's explanation for his sudden disappearance was that he had been scared away by Langlone's "Black Hand" friends, who had threatened to kill him if he took the stand against his comrades.

As soon as Taylor was discharged, a detective from the District Attorney's office rearrested him on a writ of attachment issued by Judge Malone. He was taken to Judge Malone's court and, as he could not furnish $1,500 bail, he was sent to the House of Detention, where he will be kept till the trial is held.

PHILADELPHIA SUGAR PLANS.

Pennsylvania Refinery to Start Soon After Five Years of Idleness.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 3.—After more than five years of idleness, beginning the day the plant was turned over by the builder to its owners, the Pennsylvania Sugar Refinery, at the foot of Shackamackon Street, will be opened on or about the first of the coming year. It will be operated as its promoters intended before the American Sugar Refining Company obtained control of it. This is given as the indirect cause of the downfall of Adolph Segal, the failure of the Real Estate Trust Company, and the suicide of Hipple, its financially involved President.

Directors' meetings of the re-organized company are being held daily, and plans for the opening are being perfected. The machinery, which has deteriorated during its long inactivity, is being repaired, and the plant itself is to be enlarged.

An addition is to be made to the building and the most modern apparatus for storing and handling sugar is to be installed. When the machinery of the refinery is set in motion Philadelphia will regain to a considerable degree the place it held as a sugar port years ago.

The closing down of the Pennsylvania Sugar Refinery before a wheel of the costly machinery had been turned caused the collapse of the involved schemes of Segal.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue, 46TH and 47TH Sts.

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Gowns, Tailor-made Suits, Coats,
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This Wednesday, October the Fourth.

The Poisonous Bees Imported from Thibet

and substituted for the Honey Bees, which nearly exterminated the entire Ravenspur family; the beautiful but specially cultivated poppies used for dinner table decorations, which nearly accomplished the same purpose; the mysterious and deadly perfume which overcame Vera in her boudoir—and the startling face, all marred and injured, which suddenly appeared at the window when Geoffrey was dining at Mrs. Mona May's; all the above and far more, weird with marvelous details, are fascinatingly told in

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The Mystery *of the* Ravenspurs

Full of Mental Surprises. Hours of Delightful Reading. It's the Fiction Book of the Hour.

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If you can't come to *me*, I'll go to *you*.

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Loans from $1 to $1000 upon pledge of personal property.

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One per cent. (1%) per month or fraction thereof.

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For the Young
Are Different

Besides being made with unusual thoroughness and care, they possess inimitable style and are peculiarly suitable to individual needs and preferences.

So wide is their range and variety that selections invariably please their wearers and are in every way becoming.

Are you interested in the cost of your children's wear? You can get everything here, from the lowest priced reliable articles, to the finest qualities — **always below the usual retail prices.**

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STANDS FOR SUPERIOR EXCELLENCE IN ALL THAT PERTAINS TO THE MAKING OF A HIGH GRADE WHISKEY, INCLUDING AGE, QUALITY, PURITY AND FLAVOR

FRANK MORA, C. H. ULRICH, LARRY EMRICH, Representatives, 15 William St., New York, N. Y.

GIANTS END LONG TRIP WITH VICTORY

Connie Mack Looks on and Sees McGraw's Men Play a Dashing Game.

ALEXANDER BATTED OUT

Phillies' Leading Boxman Forced to Retreat—Crandall Pitches Strong for New York After Getting Warmed Up.

THE SCORE.

New York	2	0	0	0	1	9	0	0	0—12
Philadelphia	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0— 3

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Devore, lf	2	1	1	0	0	0
Becker, lf	1	0	0	0	0	0
Doyle, 2b	5	2	2	2	5	1
Paulett, 1b	0	0	0	0	0	0
Snodgrass, cf	5	2	2	2	1	0
Burns, cf	0	0	0	1	0	0
Murray, rf	5	2	3	0	0	0
Merkle, 1b	4	1	1	8	0	0
Devlin, 1b, 2b	1	0	0	7	1	0
Herzog, 3b	4	1	1	1	1	0
Fletcher, ss	5	1	2	2	3	0
Meyers, c	3	1	0	2	0	1
Wilson, c	2	0	0	2	0	0
Crandall, p	3	1	2	0	2	0
Total	40	12	14	27	13	2

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Knabe, 2b	2	1	1	0	2	0
Walsh, 2b	1	0	0	0	0	0
Lobert, 3b	4	1	1	0	5	0
Magee, lf	1	1	0	1	0	0
Luderus, 1b	4	0	1	10	0	0
Paskert, cf	4	0	1	3	0	0
Titus, rf	4	0	1	3	1	0
Doolan, ss	2	0	0	2	2	2
Lehr, ss	2	0	0	0	0	0
Killifer, c	2	0	0	7	1	0
Cotter, c	0	0	1	3	0	0
Alexander, p	2	0	0	0	1	0
Stanley, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smith, p	1	0	0	0	2	0
*Beck	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	3	6	27	14	2

*Batted for Stanley in seventh inning.

Two-base hits—Doyle, Merkle, Fletcher, 2; Paskert. Three-base hits—Murray, 2. Left on bases—New York, 5; Philadelphia, 6. Stolen bases—Snodgrass, 2; Herzog, Knabe. Struck out—By Crandall, 3; by Alexander, 4; by Stanley, 2. Double plays—Fletcher, Doyle, and Merkle; Doyle and Devlin; Killifer and Doolan. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1. First base on balls—Off Crandall, 5; off Alexander, 2; off Stanley, 2. Wild pitch—Stanley. Pitchers' record—Off Alexander 10 hits and 2 times at bat in 3 1-3 innings; off Stanley, 3 hits and 8 times at bat in 1 2-3 innings; off Smith, 1 hit and 7 times at bat in 2 innings. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

Giants' Remaining Games.

To-day—At Brooklyn.
Oct. 5—At Brooklyn.
Oct. 6—At home with Philadelphia, (two games.)
Oct. 7—At home with Boston.
Oct. 9—At Brooklyn.
Oct. 10—At Brooklyn.
Oct. 11—At home with Brooklyn, (two games.)
Oct. 12—At home with Brooklyn.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 3.—In the fifth inning of the game here to-day between the Giants and the Phillies, news was rushed to the New York Club that Connie Mack, eagle-eyed manager of the Athletics, was in the grandstand looking over the almost-National League champions. Right then and there the game took on a different hue. The Giants rose in their might and struck hard at Alexander the Great. With the score tied in the fifth inning they opened fire on the Phils, and the Quakers began to feel just like Tripoli. The shot flew thick and fast, and after a terrific bombardment Alexander retired, battered and bruised. Then came Stanley, and he got the same reception. Finally a young man about seven feet tall named Smith appeared and put a stop to the Giant rush after eight hits and nine runs had been registered.

Oh, yes, the score was 12 to 3.

That sixth round, performed for the personal edification of Connie Mack, was a masterpiece. One of the eight hits was a triple, two were good for two sacks, and the other five were clean cut, screeching singles propelled with great impact that cut holes in the sod when the ball landed. Intermingled with the batting carnival were two daring stolen bases, two passes, and a tumultuous heave by Doolan. Connie Mack saw what he was looking for. He got a rapid glimpse of McGraw's men flying at top speed. If Cornelius didn't believe that the Giants could scorch the base paths, he knows it now. If he had an idea that they were tired out and all in, his notion was changed.

This city didn't close up shop and take a holiday to see the team that is going to clash with the Athletics. Not more than 5,000 people were there, but the assemblage had quality, if not quantity. Enthusiastic fans, who back their best judgment with coin of the realm, hung anxiously out of their seats to get a good peek at the National Leaguers. There seems to be lots of money in Philadelphia which is willing to say that the Athletics have an even chance. Nobody is in any hurry about naming the price on the conflict. Everybody admits, however, that it's going to be a corker.

After the Giants grand gallop in the sixth inning, Manager McGraw pulled out his regulars and sent in a bunch of second string men to finish the game. George Burns from the Utica Club of the New York State League got a chance in centrefield, Gene Paulett and Devlin took turns at first base, Wilson went in to catch for the first time since his injury, and Becker went to left field. It was easy sailing for the young men as well as for the old.

Crandall did the pitching for New York, and outside of the ragged first inning, he twirled fine ball. The Phillies gathered three hits, a pass, and, aided by Larry Doyle's error, got three runs in the first inning, which overbalanced the two which New York had made off Alexander on singles by Doyle and Snodgrass and Murray's first triple. After the first inning the Quakers reached Crandall for only three scattered singles, which were not damaging.

New York's start was good, but the Phillies' was better. Lobert threew Devore out at first. Doyle singled to centre and went to third on Snodgrass's crack to right. "Snod" stole second. Red Murray rammed a long drive to the middle wall, scoring Doyle and Snodgrass. Murray tried to stretch the wallop into a home run, but was nipped at the tray, Paskert to Doolan to Killifer. Merkle collapsed at first base.

That's all very pretty, but watch the Phillies knock that lead higher than a kite. Knabe and Lobert promptly singled and Crandall jammed the bases with a pass to Magee. Luderus rolled a grounder to Doyle, and, what do you think? Larry booted it, Knabe scoring. Paskert hit into a double play, the enactment of which enabled Lobert to count. More misery for Crandall. Titus singled through second, scoring Magee. Doolan's demise at first ended the inning.

New York gallantly tied the score in the fifth portion. After Fletcher fanned Meyers was safe on Doolan's fumble. Crandall walked and Devore banged a single to centre which scored the Big Crief. Doyle's strike out and Snodgrass's fly to Magee ended that chapter. The Giants knowingly profited by their own mistake in the Quaker end of the fifth. With two out Knabe walked. He stole second, and Meyers threw the ball to centre field. How careless! Knabe sailed right into port, only to bump into the ball, which Snodgrass had conveniently deposited in Meyers's care.

So far, so good, but just wait.

In regard to that sixth inning, Murray tore a single to centre, and Merkle's double pushed him to third. "Red" scored on Herzog's pelt to right, and then came a two-bagger by Fletcher which sent Merkle and Herzog over the plate. Alexander pitching, too. Meyers skled out to Titus. Crandall banged a single to left, scoring Fletcher. Out of sheer kindness for the weak and infirm, Alexander was hurried to the bench by willing hands and Stanley tried to pitch.

Stanley uncorked a wild pitch for a starter, which sent Crandall to second. Devore walked, and Doyle rapped a single to right, registering Crandall. Josh and Doyle came through on a whistling drive to left by Snodgrass. "Snod" stole second.

Well, well, here comes Red Murray again, his second appearance in the same inning. This time he drove the ball to the right-field fence for three bases, sending in Snodgrass. The ball was relayed to Doolan, who made a poor heave to third base, and Murray rolled right through to glory. Merkle went out, Lobert to Luderus. Herzog walked.

Is this ever going to end? Yes, in a minute. Herzog burglarized second, and then, not until then, did Fletcher consent to end the Quakers' agony and strike out.

And after that the Giants hurried through the game so that they could catch a train for home. They caught it.

HAIL ! THE CONQUERING GIANTS.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 3.—Little more practice for the world series.

The final thrust comes in Brooklyn to-morrow. Matty will pitch. Then a rest for the regulars.

How do they know they will win? Because the whole troupe of Giants are fighting mad to have the thing over and prepare for the Athletics. That's why.

The Phillies and Giants broke even on the season's series, each taking ten games, with two more yet to play.

Some of the players have lost weight on the trip, but not enough to worry about.

Charley Faust predicts a Giant victory in the world series. Yes, you may smile, but, just the same, all of Faust's optimistic predictions about the Western invasion have come true.

The Boston team is lieing off here for a double-header to-morrow. They watched the Phillies get plucked and remarked: "That's they way they did it to us."

If Connie Mack was a native of Missouri, he couldn't kick cn what his optics saw. He got a good look.

Up to the present time Josh Devore flaunts the weightiest and flashiest diamond on the team. But just wait till the world series money is doled out.

Three weeks ago when the team started out, skeptics said the Giants would go against a snag. They went headlong into the enemies' country, and outfought them at every turn on their own ground. Pluck, confidence, and an unfiring fighting spirit won the hardest fight baseball has seen in years.

Where's Nap Rucker? Trot him out, professor.

St. Louis Pitchers All Wild.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 3.—Wildness of the St. Louis pitchers gave the game to Chicago to-day, 14 to 8. Three pitchers faced the Chicago batters in the first inning. Cole for the visitors gave eight bases on balls. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Evers, 2b	4	2	2	1	7	0
Shkard, lf	4	2	1	1	0	0
Tinker, ss	5	1	1	1	5	0
Schulte, rf	5	1	3	0	1	0
Doyle, 3b	5	3	4	1	0	0
Saier, 1b	3	3	0	10	0	0
Hofman, cf	5	0	1	2	0	0
Archer, c	4	1	1	7	0	0
Cole, p	4	1	0	0	1	0
Total	39	14	13	27	14	0

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
H'gins, 2b	5	2	1	4	1	0
Oakes, cf	4	0	2	3	2	0
K'tchy, 1b	4	0	2	6	1	0
Evans, rf	5	1	0	4	0	0
Wille, lf	2	3	0	1	1	0
Hauser, ss	3	0	1	1	3	0
Mowrey, 3b	4	0	1	1	4	0
Wingo, c	5	0	1	5	2	0
Dale, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Zackert, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
St'd'dge, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
L. Lauder-milk, p	2	0	0	0	0	0
Camnitz, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
*Ellis	1	0	0	0	0	0
†Clarke	1	0	0	0	0	0
‡Bliss	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	38	8	9	27	8	0

*Batted for Standridge in the first inning.
†Batted for Laudermilk in the eighth inning.
‡Batted for Camnitz in the ninth inning.

Errors—Tinker, Saier, (2,) Huggins, Oakes, Evans, Hauser.

Chicago	6	2	0	0	0	0	6	0	0—14
St. Louis	4	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1— 8

Two-base hits—Archer, Doyle, Oakes. Three-base hits—Doyle, Konetchy, Schulte. Double plays—Tinker, Evers, and Saier. Stolen bases—Doyle, Saier. Hit by pitcher—By L. Laudermilk, 2, (Saier, Cole;) by Cole, 1, (Hauser.) Bases on balls—Off Dale, 3; off Camnitz, 1; off Standridge, 1; off Zackert, 1; off Laudermilk, 1; off Cole, 8. Struck out—By Standridge, 1; by Camnitz, 1; by Cole, 6. Hits—Off Dale, none in no innings, three men on bases in the first inning; off Zackert, 2 in no innings, one man on base in the first inning; off Standridge, 1 in one inning; off Laudermilk, 10 in seven innings; off Camnitz, none in one inning. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; St. Louis, 12. Time of game—Two hours and twelve minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Emslie.

Hard to tell whether the artist wanted to illustrate that our Fall overcoats are literally "warmth without weight" or that the pockets are most substantially built.

Either guess goes.

The careful choosing of our woolens vouches for the first.

The careful making speaks for the second.

Smart, service-giving coats that must be satisfactory in fit, style, wear and tear, or "your money back."

Some specially smart Scotch tweeds and cheviots imported direct from the Land of Heather.

Some cut with Raglan shoulder.

$18 to $45.

Our "Stetson Special" Derby is the pride of the Stetson Shops.

Exclusive with us in New York.

$5.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY,
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

YANKS LOSE TWO GAMES TO BOSTON

Farewell Series on Hilltop Results in Big Boost for Red Sox, Who Win Easily.

THE SCORES.

FIRST GAME.

Boston	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	0—4
New York	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1

BOSTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Hend'ckson, rf	4	1	2	1	0	2	0	0
Yerkes, ss	4	1	1	0	0	1	3	1
Speaker, cf	3	0	0	1	0	2	0	0
D. Lewis, lf	4	1	3	1	0	1	0	0
Engle, 3b	4	0	0	0	1	0	2	0
J. Lewis, 2b	4	1	2	0	2	2	5	0
Bradley, 1b	4	0	1	0	1	10	0	0
Williams, c	2	0	1	1	1	9	1	0
Hall, p	3	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
Total	29	4	10	5	6	27	12	1

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, rf	3	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
Dolan, 3b	3	0	1	1	1	0	5	0
Chase, cf	3	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
Cree, lf	3	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
Knight, 1b	3	0	0	0	3	12	2	0
Hartzell, ss	3	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Gardner, 2b	3	0	1	1	1	3	4	0
Blair, c	2	0	0	1	1	8	1	0
Fisher, p	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Caldwell, p	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	1
*Hemphill	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	29	1	4	7	9	27	15	1

*Batted for Blair in the ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Daniels. Sacrifice hits—Yerkes, (3,) Speaker. Sacrifice fly—Williams. Stolen bases—J. Lewis, D. Lewis, (2;) Daniels, Cree. First base on errors—Boston, 1; New York, 1. Left on bases—Boston, 9; New York, 8. Double plays—Yerkes, J. Lewis, and Bradley; Hartzell and Knight, Gardner and Knight. Struck out—By Hall, 9; by Fisher, 3; by Caldwell, 3. Bases on balls—Off Hall, 1; off Fisher, 4; off Caldwell, 1. Hit by pitchers—By Fisher, 1, (Yerkes.) Passed balls—Williams, 2. Hits—Off Fisher, 6 in 5 innings, (at bat, 16;) off Caldwell, 4 in 4 innings, (at bat, 18.) Umpires—Messrs. Westervelt and Connolly. Time of game—One hour and forty-nine minutes.

SECOND GAME.

Boston	2	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	7
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

BOSTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Hend'kson, rf	4	1	2	0	0	1	0	0
Yerkes, ss	3	0	1	0	0	0	2	0
Speaker, cf	4	1	2	0	0	2	0	0
D. Lewis, lf	4	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
Engle, 3b	3	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
J. Lewis, 2b	4	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Bradley, 1b	4	1	1	0	2	6	2	0
Nunamaker, c	3	0	0	0	1	13	0	0
Wood, p	2	2	1	0	0	2	1	0
Total	31	7	9	1	3	24	8	1

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, rf	4	0	1	0	3	4	0	0
Dolan, 3b	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
Chase, cf	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Cree, lf	3	0	0	0	2	4	0	0
Knight, 1b	3	0	0	0	1	8	1	1
Hartzell, ss	3	0	0	0	1	2	5	1
Gardner, 2b	3	0	1	0	0	1	2	0
Williams, c	2	0	0	1	1	3	0	1
Warhop, p	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Hoff, p	2	0	0	0	1	2	2	0
Total	27	0	2	1	13	24	12	3

Two-base hits—Speaker, D. Lewis, Bradley, Wood. Sacrifice hit—Nunamaker. Sacrifice fly—Yerkes. Stolen bases—Engle, (2,) Gardner, Hoff. First base on errors—Boston, 1; New York, 1. Left on bases—Boston, 4; New York, 4. Double plays—Hoff, Hartzell, and Knight. Struck out—By Wood, 13; by Worhop, 2; by Hoff, 1. Bases on balls—Off Wood, 1; off Hoff, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Warhop, 1, (Wood.) Wild pitch—Wood. Passed ball—Williams. Hits—Off Warhop, 9 in 4 innings, (at bat, 19;) off Hoff, 0 in 4 innings, (at bat, 12.) Umpires—Messrs. Westervelt and Connolly. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes.

The Yankees' farewell to New York fans for 1911 was begun at the Hilltop yesterday with a double header against the Boston Red Sox, who are here for the final series at Frank Farrell's ball yard. It will be concluded this afternoon in the shape of one game between the same clubs and then the Yanks will move over to Philadelphia, where they will finish their season Saturday. Yesterday's double bill sized up like practice games for Patsy Donovan's athletes, and they romped away with both games without making much of an effort. The double defeat put the Yankees in a choice position to slide out of the first division before the curtain is rung down Saturday night. The first game was won by the visitors, 4 to 1, and the second game was easier, 7 to 0. Darkness ended the second game after eight innings had been played.

In each game the pitcher who was picked out as best able to help the Hilltoppers clinch third place fell by the wayside. Ray Fisher drew the assignment in the opening contest, and he was excused after five frames which netted the Red Sox six hits, four passes, and a hit batsman. Ray Caldwell finished the game and had one bad chapter, the seventh, when he was reached for a brace of singles, besides making an error which helped along a pair of Boston runs.

Meanwhile Charley Hall was mowing down the Yankees with deadly regularity. He allowed only four hits, and half of this quartet arrived in the fifth inning, netting the lone Yankee run. In the other chapters Hall played with the Yanks. He took pleasure in putting Chase's men on the paths by means of passes and then letting the side down without a run. Only two Yanks saw third base during the game.

The second encounter was still more one sided, and Hall's work was put completely in the shade by the performance of Joe Wood. Joe had had unusual success in his games against the Yankees this season, and yesterday was no exception. The dark day and his own speed formed a combine that had the Yankees breaking their backs with futile swings. One clean single by Bert Daniels and a scratch hit by Earl Gardner was the extent of the hitting by the Chase clan, and thirteen went down on strikes in the eight-inning game. Wood's control was superb and he issued only one pass.

While Wood was retiring the Yanks in order the Red Sox were pushing Jack Warhop's underhand twisters to every section of the meadow. They started in the first inning, after two were out, with a pair of doubles and a single, and in the second they added two more doubles with a single. Each time the combination netted a pair of runs. In the fourth, after Jack had fanned the first two Red Sox who faced him, he hit Wood, and the next three batsmen rattled off a trio of safe smashes, which pushed two more runners home. That put an end to Warhop's sojourn with the boys, and Larry Hoff was sent in to finish the hopeless game. Considering the conditions Hoff pitched great ball. He did not allow a hit during the four innings he was on the rubber, the one run scored against him being the result of a pass, two steals, and a poor throw by Williams.

A crowd of about 1,500 sat through the double tragedy and had little to enthuse over. The only genuine applause uncorked during the afternoon was showered on Joe Wood for retiring the Yankees in order for five successive innings, and on the distant Giants when the score board announced that nine runs had been gathered in a single inning in Philadelphia.

Athletics Win and Lose.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—Washington and Philadelphia divided honors in to-day's doubleheader, the visitors taking the first game 6 to 2, while the second went to the locals, 2 to 0, in 5½ innings, darkness preventing further play. Johnson allowed only one hit in the champions' six innings. Plank got a Texas leaguer into short centre, and was the only man to reach first base. Cashion's wildness practically lost the first game. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, lf	5	1	4	1	0
Strunk, cf	5	1	2	3	0
Collins, 2b	3	0	2	5	2
Derrick, 3b	4	1	1	0	3
Davis, 1b	4	0	0	10	2
Barry, ss	5	0	1	1	5
Emerson, rf	2	1	0	3	0
Lapp, c	4	1	2	3	0
Bender, p	2	0	0	1	1
Coombs, p	2	0	0	0	2
Total	34	6	12	27	16

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf	5	0	1	3	1
Shaefer, lb	3	0	1	3	1
Henry, 1b	0	0	0	5	0
Eib'rd, 2b	2	0	0	2	4
C. Wiker, lf	3	0	0	3	0
Long, rf	3	0	0	0	1
McBride, ss	4	0	1	4	5
Conroy, 3b	4	0	1	2	2
A'smith, c	4	1	2	3	2
Cashion, p	3	0	1	1	1
Total	31	2	7	27	18

Errors—Henry, Barry.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	3	0—6
Washington	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—2

Two-base hit—Lord. Three base hit—Lord. Hits—Off Bender, 3 in four innings; off Coombs, 4 in five innings. Sacrifice hits—Schaefer, Long, Cashion. Stolen bases—Collins, (2,) Derrick, Strunk. Double plays—Milan and McBride; Strunk and Lapp. Left on bases—Washington, 7; Philadelphia, 7. Bases on balls—Off Cashion, 6; off Coombs, 1. First base on errors—Washington, 1. Hit by pitcher—Davis, Bender, Derrick, Elberfeld, Walker. Struck out—By Cashion, 2. Wild pitch—Coombs. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Egan.

SECOND GAME.

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf	3	1	2	1	0
Henry, 1b	1	0	0	11	1
Elb'rd, 2b	1	1	0	0	5
C. Wiker, lf	1	0	1	1	0
Long, rf	2	0	1	0	0
McBride, ss	2	0	0	0	1
Conroy, 3b	2	0	0	0	1
Street, c	2	0	0	4	1
Johnson, p	2	0	0	1	2
Total	16	2	4	18	11

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, lf	3	0	0	2	0
Strunk, cf	2	0	0	1	0
Collins, 2b	2	0	0	0	0
Derrick, 1b	2	0	0	5	0
Davis, 3b	2	0	0	0	0
Barry, ss	2	0	0	2	2
Emerson, rf	2	0	0	2	0
Thomas, c	2	0	0	3	1
Plank, p	2	0	1	0	2
Total	19	0	1	15	5

(Game called on account of darkness.)

Washington	1	0	0	1	0	.	.	.	—2
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Sacrifice hits—Henry, Walker. Stolen bases—Milan. Left on bases—Washington, 2; Philadelphia, 1. Hit by pitcher—Elberfeld. Struck out—By Johnson, 4; by Plank, 3. Passed ball—Thomas. Time of game—Forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Egan.

Harvard's New Baseball Plan.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 3.—The announcement that next Spring's 'Varsity baseball squad at Harvard will be picked at the end of the Fall practice, brought 40 players to the 'Varsity diamond this afternoon. There are four regulars in the squad, Reeves, the catcher; Gibson and Desha, infielders, and Babson, an outfielder. Capt. Potter, second base, Wigglesworth, centre field, and Felton, the best pitcher now in college, are also eligible, but they are playing football, and will do no Fall baseball work under coach Sexton. There is a movement on foot at Cambridge to have a three-game series next Spring with Princeton and Pennsylvania, just as there has been with Yale. To-night the Baseball Committee held a meeting in Boston, with the players and Captain, but no official decision regarding these series was reached. Last year Harvard had one game only with Princeton, and only one with the Quakers.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 12; Philadelphia, 3.
Chicago, 14; St. Louis, 8.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston, 4; New York, 1.
Boston, 7; New York, 0.
Philadelphia, 6; Washington, 2.
Washington, 2; Philadelphia, 0.
Detroit at Cleveland—Rain.
St. Louis at Chicago—Rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	To Play.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	10	94	50	.653
Chicago	6	88	60	.595
Pittsburgh	3	84	67	.556
Philadelphia	*9	79	67	.541
St. Louis	‡10	73	71	.507
Cincinnati	5	68	81	.456
Brooklyn	‡12	60	82	.423
Boston	‡10	58	106	.284

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	To Play.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	†6	99	49	.669
Detroit	6	87	61	.588
Cleveland	6	78	70	.527
New York	*5	76	73	.510
Chicago	†8	74	72	.507
Boston	*5	74	75	.497
Washington	4	63	87	.420
St. Louis	†8	41	105	.281

*Includes one game canceled.
†Includes two games canceled.
‡Includes three games canceled.

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Brooklyn—2:45.
Chicago at St. Louis.
Boston at Philadelphia—2 games.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston at New York—3:30.
Philadelphia at Washington.
Detroit at Cleveland—2 games.
St. Louis at Chicago—2 games.

MISS MARIE WAGNER BEATEN IN TENNIS

Metropolitan Champion Eliminated at West Side by Florence Sutton.

There were several interesting features to the women's metropolitan tennis championship competition yesterday on the courts of the West Side Tennis Club, but the continuation of the singles furnished the two most important contests of the day. Miss Marie Wagner, holder of the title, was eliminated by Miss Florence Sutton of California, in the opening contest of the session, and Miss Adelaide Browning took a set from Miss Hazel Hotchkiss, the National champion, in a warmly fought match in the fourth round. Only once before during her campaign in the East this season has a set been taken off Miss Hotchkiss, and that was at Niagara against Miss May Sutton, the ex-American and English champion, and sister of Miss Florence Sutton. Miss Browning played magnificently, but she was not quite able to cope with the Californian girl, whose figures were 6—2, 5—7, 6—1. This victory leaves Miss Hotchkiss the only player to reach the semi-final, where, in the top section, she will meet the winner of the match between Miss Sutton and Miss Florence Ballin.

The women's championship doubles got under way, but they will not be in full swing until this afternoon. The best of the matches yesterday was where Mrs. Barger-Wallach and Mrs. George M. Chapman defeated Miss Elizabeth H. Moore and Miss Elsie Little. The summary:

Women's Singles.—Second Round—Miss Marian Vanderhoff defeated Miss Emily Deitz, 6—4, 6—1; Miss Florence Ballin defeated Mrs. H. E. Manvel, 6—3, 12—14, 6—3.
Third Round.—Miss Hazel Hotchkiss defeated Mrs. Henry Blum, 6—1, 6—2; Miss Florence Sutton defeated Miss Marie Wagner, 7—5, 6—2; Miss Adelaide Browning defeated Miss Marian Vanderhoff, 6—0, 6—1; Miss Florence Ballin defeated Miss Bessie Holden, 6—1, 8—6; Mrs. A. Lehman defeated Miss Florence Sheldon, 6—3, 6—3; Miss Edna Wildey defeated Mrs. Frederick Schmitz, 6—2, 3—6, 9—7.
Fourth Round.—Miss Hazel Hotchkiss defeated Miss Adelaide Browning, 6—2, 5—7, 6—1.

The University Heights Field Club tournament is gradually nearing the closing rounds, and some matches which were necessary to straighten the different brackets have been disposed of. W. Fischer by playing two successive matches has worked his way to the fourth round, where he is coupled with F. H. Duffy, the Fordham College crack. In the second round G. S. Groesbeck won over the Rev. Edgar A. Lowther, and then went far to bring the top section toward the semi-final round. The summary:

Men's Singles.—First Round—W. Fischer defeated R. Raymond, 6—1, 6—1.
Second Round.—George S. Groesbeck defeated the Rev. Edgar A. Lowther, 6—1, 6—4; W. Fischer defeated C. Steinkamp by default.
Third Round.—W. Fischer defeated C. Birkmire, 6—1, 6—1.
Men's Doubles.—Second Round—Martin and Martin defeated Groesbeck and Belknap by default; Wolff and Smith defeated Duffy and Healy, 6—3, 6—3; Oliver and Raymond defeated Quimby and Waugh, 4—6, 6—2, 6—4.

WOMEN'S NATIONAL GOLF.

Sixty-five Entries Received for Annual Tournament at Baltusrol.

Numerically at least the East will have a decided advantage in the seventeenth women's National golf championship tournament to be held over the Baltusrol links next week. Of the list given out by Robert C. Watson, the United States Golf Association Secretary, yesterday, all save thirteen are representatives of clubs in the New York, Boston, and Philadelphia districts.

The fact that Miss Dorothy Campbell, champion of Great Britain, United States, and Canada, has entered along with Miss Florence Harvey, runner-up to Miss Campbell in the recent Canadian tournament, and Miss Lillian B. Hyde of the South Shore Field Club, the metropolitan title holder, and Mrs. R. H. Barlow, the Merion player, who enjoys a similar distinction in the Women's Eastern Golf Association, insures a high-class field. The first pair will tee up at 10 o'clock on Monday morning, and thereafter the couples will leave at five-minute intervals. Miss Campbell and Miss Georgianna M. Bishop of Brooklawn, a former National and metropolitan champion, will be a third pair away.

There are sixty-five entries, eight more than a year ago at Homewood. In the 1909 tournament at Merion seventy entries were received, while only forty-one names graced the 1908 list at Chevy Chase. The absentees include Miss Kate

YALE PLAYS POORLY; SCRUBS SCORE AGAIN

Anderson's Blocked Punt Grabbed by Church, Who Crosses 'Varsity Goal Line.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 3.—After defeating the Yale 'Varsity yesterday, the scrubs' cup of joy was filled to overflowing to-day by a tie score in the afternoon practice. A muffed punt by Dick Merritt, the 'Varsity quarterback, only ten yards from the 'Varsity goal, gave "Uncle Sam" Coates, the scrub second team end, a chance to fall on the ball. The regulars partially pulled themselves out of a hole by standing stonewall-like for four down and taking the ball on downs at their five-yard line. Anderson, the 'Varsity half back, made a mess out of the attempt to punt out of danger. His kick was downed at the ten-yard line, and Church, full back, plowed a furrow to the goal line for the score. Mitchell's missed goal saved the 'Varsity from deeper ignominy than a tie score.

The 'Varsity showed improvement in tossing forward passes, Merritt and Spalding handling several cleanly for fifteen-yard gains. This play was used for most of the gains which took the ball from midfield to the scrubs' ten-yard line. Here Philbin and Merritt dashed for five yards each and the score. Francis kicked the goal. Scully, Capt. Howe, and Reilly of the 'Varsity were in the signal drill, but did not scrimmage. Ed Freeman, whose eighty-yard run yesterday scored a touchdown for the scrubs, was tried at full back part of to-day's practice on the 'Varsity. Word has been received that Gatins, freshman half back last year, will not return to college. Baker's knee, which was injured last week, will keep him out of practice two weeks longer. To-day's line-up:

Left end, Davison; left tackle, Warren; left guard, Francis; centre, Ketcham; right guard, McDevitt; right tackle, Perry; right end, Howe; quarter back, Merritt; left half back, Anderson; right half back, Spalding; full back, Philbin and Freeman.

HARVARD'S HARD PRACTICE.

'Varsity Struggles with Second String Men, Scrubs Being Too Weak.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 3.—None of Harvard's early season games will be as hard for the players as was to-day's scrimmage in the Stadium. The scrub team proved so weak offensively and defensively for the 'Varsity that Coach Haughton brought the regular substitutes into the field and matched them against the first string men. This often is done at Yale, but it has not happened at Cambridge in open practice for many years. The men played for more than an hour, and there was some hard football, made all the more keen because the players who are really fighting for places on the team were opposite each other.

There was only one score, a touchdown made by Storer, the centre rush, who intercepted a forward pass and ran fifty yards, and without even being touched by a tackler. Twice the regulars drew close to the substitutes' goal line and got away with two pretty forward passes, Potter making them both, one to Hollister and the other to Smith. Neither play, however, gained enough for a first down, and on his subsequent trials for field goals Potter missed the mark.

Storer, who played in Huntington's place at centre during most of the scrimmage, showed up especially well, while Jencks, who played left tackle in the Bates game, was on the substitute rush line and opposite Gardiner, these two men having a splendid battle. Campbell displaced Tom Frothingham in the regular back field, Potter running the 'Varsity from quarter back, with Wigglesworth on the eleven against him.

The left wing has been bothering the coaches a lot lately, and Rogers was tried at left tackle to-day. He is not as good as Jencks, however. Keays showed a lot of improvement, but Harvard's end playing was not as good as it has been.

TIGERS PRIMED FOR RUTGERS

Scoreless Scrimmage and Signal Work Constitute Day's Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 3.—Fifteen minutes of scoreless scrimmage, some snappy signal work, and a long practice for the backs in handling punts constituted to-day's 'Varsity practice at Osborn Field. Baker and Penfield tried several field goals after the practice in good form.

Dutch Brown, last year's 'Varsity tackle, though he only reported Monday for the first time, gets the call over McCormick on the first team to-morrow, which will play Rutgers. The line-up will be as follows: Left end, White; left tackle, Brown; left guard, Wilson; centre, Bluethenthal; right guard, McLean; right tackle, Norman; right end, Wight; quarter back, Pendleton; left half back, Sawyer; right half back, De Witt; full back, Penfield.

More than a thousand howling Princeton students danced around a monster bonfire here to-night in celebration of Princeton's baseball success last Spring. The fire was followed by a mass meeting at which Bill Roper, Keene Fitzpatrick, and Bill Clark, the baseball coach, delivered enthusiastic talks.

Light Practice for Rutgers.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Oct. 3.—The Rutgers College football team had light practice this afternoon on account of the game with the Tigers at Princeton to-morrow. The players appear to be in very good shape and spirits. It is thought here that the Tigers will outweigh Rutgers, but that the difference will not be very great. Contrary to expectations, the Rutgers student body will not be excused from classes to-morrow afternoon to attend the game, and if they stay out of college they will not be given an opportunity to make up their work. Coach Howard Gargan and Capt. Alverson state that they do not care to make any prediction as to the score of the game, but say they expect to give the Tigers a hard rub. The game to-morrow is the first athletic contest between Rutgers and Princeton in many years, and the first football game between them in two decades.

Cornell's Defense Tested.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Oct. 3.—After a sharp defensive scrimmage in which the scrubs were unable to get the ball across the 'Varsity line in twenty plays, the Cornell Reds and Blues lined up for a scrimmage and play was hot when darkness interfered. Neither team had scored, but the defensive qualities of the 'Varsity were thoroughly tested. Jess Whyte was back at centre in the 'Varsity line-up and he was a big improvement over the work of Weidenthal and Pfeiffer, who have played the position during his temporary absence. His passing was good considering the length of his absence from practice. Weidenthal was given a chance at right guard, Stimson going over to the scrubs, and Reed worked like a Trojan to whip the blonde-haired chap into shape. Delano was at right guard, Munk at left tackle, and Williamson, who continues to show improvement, played right tackle. It is probable, however, that he will give way to Champaign's superior experience before long. Watson's good work in the Colgate game was rewarded by allowing him to don a red uniform and play left end on the 'Varsity. When Enrich goes back into the line-up it is probable that Watson may be shifted to the other side. However, Rees, who has wrested the right end away from Guyer, seems to be pleasing Coach Vanorman quite a bit.

In view of the absence of Underhill, O'Conner, and Hawkins, all of whom are laid off temporarily, the back field was shifted materially. Davidson and Collins, two substitute half backs, were given a thorough trial, and Gass was in at full back. Butler played quarter and punted frequently. The squad was much strengthened by the arrival of J. D. McCormick, a 180-pound half back of the freshman team two years ago, and also catcher on the baseball team.

Shifts in Navy Line and Backfield.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Oct. 3.—Several shifts were made in both the line and backfield of the navy team this afternoon, and Capt. Dalton and Brown, the big line man, laid off from the scrimmage, though Brown was in the signal practice at left tackle. Brown, who played guard last year, is being tried at tackle this season, but has been on the right side of the line. Elmer and Howe, 200-pounders, were at guard, and Davis, who did good work in several games last season, was at right tackle. Vaughn took Brown's place during the scrimmage. Rodes was shifted from full back to left half, and Collins, a new man, was placed at full back. The team is working well together for so early in the season, and will present a strong aggregation next Saturday against Johns Hopkins.

216 ANSWER YALE CALL.

Record-Breaking Registration of Candidates for the Crews.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 3.—The careful canvass of the university by Capt. Romeyn for candidates for the Yale crew attracted 216 students when registration closed to-day, a record-breaking total. Capt. Romeyn was here to take charge of the reorganization of the rowing, under the newly formed graduate coaching system—Bob Cook, the veteran coach; Jim Rodgers, the new head coach; Fred Stevenson, Captain of the 1888 crew, which made the record which has never been broken, and Fred Allen, Captain of the 1900 crew. Two eights were formed, as follows:

First—Stroke, Snowden; No. 7, McHenry; No. 6, Ross; No. 5, Stevenson; No. 4, Denman; No. 3, Bugbee; No. 2, Rodgers; bow, Gore; coxswain, Shepard.

Second—Stroke, Beck; No. 7, Capt. Romeyn; No. 6, Spencer; No. 5, Chandler; No. 4, Beals; No. 3, Pease; No. 2, Appleton; bow, Street; coxswain, Barnum.

As now composed, the first eight is the freshman crew which defeated Harvard last June on the Thames.

Fall baseball work began at Yale to-day, and a more extended programme than ever is planned. Frank Quinby, the new head coach, arrived, and with Harold Carhart, last year's catcher, who has been appointed Acting Captain by Capt. Merritt, the freshman squad was set to work. About fifty candidates have already registered. The 'Varsity will begin practice to-morrow, and the class and 'Varsity squad will work as late this Fall as weather will permit.

FRESHMAN OARSMEN OUT.

Thirty-eight Columbia Men Report to Coach Rice for Fall Work.

A squad of thirty-eight freshmen reported to Coach Rice yesterday to take up their initial work in rowing. It was hoped that a larger squad would be out, but those that did report were a husky lot, and Rice was fairly well pleased.

An innovation has been made in the training of the freshmen this year, a week's work on the machines in the rowing room being prescribed before they attempt to start out on the river. Yesterday's practice was in the elementals of the sport, but Rice hopes that before the end of the week he will have taught the youngsters enough on the machines to keep them from catching numerous crabs and breaking oars when they once get out on the Hudson.

On Monday afternoon the first-year candidates will report to the quarters at Edgewater and will start the river work at that time. If enough freshmen report there will be two shells boated for them later in the year, when they become proficient enough to handle the fragile boats. Until that time they will work entirely in the barges.

The 'Varsity practice will also get under way next Monday. Coach Rice expects a large number out, and the barge has been fixed up for a big opening next week. It is the plan of the rowing association to provide further equipment this year, and according to present prospects it will be needed.

Gwathmey Leads In Hot Springs Golf.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., Oct. 3.—The annual Hot Springs golf tournament for the championship of the links began this morning with an eighteen hole qualifying round and will be concluded Friday. Gaines Gwathmey, Apawamis Club, won the qualification cup with a score of 80. Arlo Pardee, Foxhills Golf Club, followed with a card of 82, and the Rev. James Avery Norris brought in a card of 85. Owing to wet weather the scores were all low. Five players made the last nine holes in 39. These were: Arlo Pardee, Gaines Gwathmey, A. S. Post, Archer Harmon, and Harry Potter, Jr.

Those qualifying for play to-morrow were: A. S. Carpenter, Philadelphia Country Club; J. D. Suydam, Toledo Country Club; J. F. Stevens, Wheaton Club; Josiah C. Thaw, National Golf Links; J. R. De Witt, Foxhills Golf Club; S. C. Walbridge, Toledo Country Club; C. R. Murphy, Detroit Country Club; H. W. Howe, H. A. Thornall, C. M. Carr, Arlo Pardee, Foxhills; Gaines Gwathmey, Apawamis; James A. Norris, Apawamis; D. F. George, J. L. Stack, Chicago Gold Club; Tyler Fields, Cincinnati; W. B. Averill, T. S. Beckwith, R. Hixon, H. S. Hall, Allen McCulloch, Garden City; George Warrington, Cincinnati; J. H. Reynolds, Jr., A. H. S. Post, J. E. Way, Robert Batcheller, B. Blossom, Dexter Tiffany, St. Louis Country Club; S. J. Moore, G. W. Welch, Apawamis; G. N. Alexander, Chicago Golf Club; W. F. Taylor, M. Carnegie, Shinnecock Golf Club; S. M. Inman, J. D. Beggs, G. Singer, Alleghany Country Club; H. S. Haskins, Westchester Country Club, and E. F. Martin and H. R. Hamilton, Westward, Chicago.

University Club Golf Match.

Under the auspices of the University Club Golf Association the twenty-first semi-annual thirty-six-hole medal play golf handicap, open to members of the University Club, will be held on the course of the St. Andrew's Golf Club, at Mount Hope, Wednesday, Oct. 18. The handicaps will be based on the metropolitan golf schedule as far as possible. Prizes will be given for the best three net scores, and a medal will be given for the low gross score for eighteen holes, made in either morning or afternoon round. The winner of this medal will not be disqualified from winning one of the net score prizes. Entries must be made in writing to Arthur H. Lockett, 25 Pine Street, New York, before 3 o'clock on Oct. 17. The committee consists of Robert L. Harrison, Chairman; B. B. Lawrence, Aleo Everett, John Reid, Jr., Alfred B. Meacham, and Arthur H. Lockett.

Brooklyn Wins Again at Billiards.

Brooklyn won its second victory of the week in the continuation of the Greater New York three-cushion carrom billiard tournament at John Doyle's Forty-second Street Billiard Academy last night, when J. M. Millette of Brooklyn defeated George Dankelman, a Manhattan representative, by the score of 30 to 29. The game was decided in fifty-seven innings, fast time, considering that the contestants were amateurs, and throughout the entire contest both players displayed splendid form and each man made some accurate and difficult shots at times. The New York player was on the long end of the scoring, he having to make 35 points to win the contest, while Millette had to make 30 points. Despite his five-point disadvantage, Dankelman, from the beginning of the contest held his opponent nearly even. At the start of the game the Manhattan player took the lead and soon overcame his opponent's handicap of five points. Dankelman held the upper hand up to the twentieth inning, when the Brooklyn player took a hand at setting the pace. From this stage of the contest the lead alternated between both contestants. Each player made a high run of four. The tournament will be continued this evening at Keeney's Knickerbocker Billiard Academy in Brooklyn.

Tennessee Dog Wins All-Age Stake.

MOUNT VERNON, Washington, Oct. 3.—The United Northwest Field Trial Club's all-age stake was finished here yesterday. Momoney, the Tennessee dog owned and handled by J. M. Avent of Hickory Valley, Tenn., ran in a class by himself, and was awarded first place. Uncle Dave, owned by George W. Parsons of Kennebunk, Me., and handled by Jacob Bishop of Rutherford, Ala., was second.

Whitney's Sun-Up Wins at Nottingham

NOTTINGHAM, England, Oct. 3.—The Barnby Manor Maiden Plate of 100 sovereigns, distance five furlongs, was run here to-day and won by H. P. Whitney's Sun-up. The Witty Girl filly was second and the Thimble colt third. There were fourteen starters.

Two Football Schedules.

Montclair Academy announces the following as the football schedule for the coming season: Oct. 6, Caldwell H. S., at home; Oct. 13, Eatfin, H. S., at home; Oct. 28, Bordentown Military Institute, at home; Nov. 3, Kingsley School, at home; Nov. 10, Newark Academy, at Newark; Nov. 18, Irving School, at Tarrytown; Nov. 25, Montclair H. S., at home.

The following is this season's Trinity football schedule: Oct. 7, Worcester Tech, at Hartford; Oct. 14, Amherst, at Hartford; Oct. 21, Colgate, at Utica; Oct. 28, Wesleyan, at Hartford; Nov. 7, (election day,) New York University, at New York; Nov. 11, Massachusetts State, at Hartford; Nov. 18, Haverford College, at Haverford; Nov. 25, Brown, at Providence.

NOTES OF THE BOXERS.

Tony Caponi, the rugged and hard-hitting light heavyweight, who has defeated Hugo Kelly and fought Jim Flynn to a standstill, will again box Sam Langford, the Boston "tar baby," next Friday night at the Twentieth Century A. C. Caponi fought Langford twelve fierce rounds to a draw at Winnipeg, Manitoba, a short while ago, and, although Joe Woodman asserted that Langford would have won decisively were it not for police interference, Caponi declares that Langford used the roughest and most unfair tactics in his endeavor to knock him out. The contest should furnish one of the greatest slugfests ever staged at this club, as there is no love lost between the principals since they fought in Winnipeg. Caponi will arrive in town to-day from Chicago, where he has trained hard for the past two weeks, expecting to get on a match with Sailor Burke or Jim Flynn.

Three ten-rounders and a six-round bout will comprise the programme at the Fairmont A. C. next Saturday night. In the main event Young Cashman, who has a record of twenty-one knockouts during the past year, will face Young Hickey. The semi-final is a clash between Ed. McDonald and Eddie Kelly. Larry Lundy, the slugging welterweight, will battle with Johnny Kelly, and Young Saylor will go six rounds with Frankie Brown.

OLYMPIC GAMES FUND.

Col. Thompson Gives $1,000 for American Team Going to Stockholm.

The Executive Committee of the American Olympic Committee will for the next several months carry on an active campaign to secure the required $50,000 to have America properly represented at the Olympic games at Stockholm in 1912. The official programme of the games has been issued and is in the hands of the American Committee, and arrangements are being made to have the United States, for the first time, properly represented in nearly all branches of sport. With the return of Prof. William M. Sloane to this country conferences will be held and plans perfected whereby the necessary money will be secured, and in a short time the committee will meet and designate a place for the try-outs for the athletes of the United States that desire to make the team.

Yesterday Secretary James E. Sullivan received a communication from Robert M. Thompson, President of the American Olympic Committee announcing his desire to subscribe $1,000 to the fund. Mr. Thompson, who is also President of the New York Athletic Club, has taken up the question of having the New York Athletic Club take the lead at once in appealing to its members for a fund to be transferred to the Treasurer of the Olympic Committee.

In a letter Mr. Thompson also said that the Army and Navy Corps were very anxious to send over an individual team for the rifle contest.

Julian W. Curtiss, Treasurer of the Olympic Committee, announced contributions of $500 from J. Pierpont Morgan, $1,000 from the Amateur Athletic Union, and $500 from the Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletic Union, making a total of $3,000. Mr. Curtiss also stated that he has received from Everett C. Brown, Chicago A. A., and Edward E. Babb, Boston A. A., letters to the effect that both of these important A. A. U. clubs will at once follow the example of the New York Athletic Club and take up the question of contributions to the Olympic Fund.

Secretary Sullivan stated that under no circumstances will the committee employ professional solicitors, nor will they have any connection with any Olympic games official programmes or booklets that will give to any solicitor a chance to solicit money for the fund. All contributions must be made payable to Julian W. Curtiss and sent to his office, 126 Nassau Street.

The Executive Committee that will directly manage the American end of the games will meet early in November to arrange definite plans. The members of the Executive Committee are Robert M. Thompson, Frederic B. Pratt, Julian W. Curtiss, Bartow S. Weeks, William M. Sloane, Allison V. Armour, Evert Jansen Wendell, Gustavus T. Kirby, Edward E. Babb, Dr. Luther H. Gulick, E. C. Brown, James E. Sullivan.

GINTY DEFEATS KEYES.

Scranton Lightweight Leads All Way Against New Yorker in Ring.

Tommy Ginty, the Scranton lightweight, won a comparatively easy battle last night against Bert Keyes before the Twentieth Century A. C. He had the better of every round except the ninth, which was evenly contested. Ginty showed himself a careful boxer, and evaded Keyes's wild swings time out of number. Keyes bored in and laid on his man at every opportunity, and was warned in the third round for hitting low, which he asserted was unintentional.

The Scranton lad showed himself possessed of two good hands, and had no difficulty in reaching his man with either. He jabbed Keyes repeatedly without a return, and at no time was he in trouble. Outweighed by possibly six pounds, he gave a very nice exhibition of fast, clean fighting, mixing when occasion presented itself and jabbing effectively at long range, which early in the bout drew blood from his opponent's nose.

Ginty was usually the aggressor, working both hands to the face and body in a manner which Keyes failed to relish. Keyes was prone to miss vicious swings, at the end of which he would run into jabs on the face which straightened him up. In the ninth round Keyes made his usual flashy showing and held the Scranton man even.

In the final session Ginty had little trouble in showing his superiority, and waded into his man as he pleased. Although far from being out, Keyes apparently knew that he had met his master, from the manner in which he tried to evade Ginty's two-handed punches.

The semi-final at six rounds was a capital bout between Mickey Devine and Billy McReynolds. The latter was very nearly out in the second round, but after that he came back and gave a remarkable demonstration of stamina, having none the worse of the two concluding rounds, in which he fought well with both hands against an opponent who took advantage of every opportunity to bore in and lay on his man. The preliminaries were fairly fast and provided some good fighting.

DENNING DEFEATS WEST.

West Sider Has Easy Time with Substitute Boxer at Brown's.

Jack Denning, the west side middleweight, had everything his own way at Brown's Gymnasium last night in his ten-round bout with Joe West of the east side. Denning was scheduled to oppose Jose Bush of Boston, but the latter refused to go on because Denning was too heavy and West was substituted. West did little more than take punishment all the way.

Denning was too experienced and carried too much cleverness for his opponent. West outweighed Denning by several pounds and was rugged enough to take all the punishment that came his way without going to the canvas. Several times during the bout it seemed that Denning was in a fair way to knock out his opponent, and he chased him all around the ring, raining blow after blow on West's face.

West did nothing of an aggressive nature, except in the sixth round, and then he got an even break. In the other nine rounds Denning had a clear lead.

Young Saylor Beats Nelson.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—Young Saylor of Indianapolis gave "Battling" Nelson, the former lightweight champion of the world, one of the worst defeats of his life in their twelve-round bout at the Armory Athletic Association to-night. Nelson faced a man who was his superior at his own game of mixing.

In the first three rounds the men were constantly clinching, with both working body punches to good effect. After the third round the men were broken apart from the clinches, and Saylor met every rush of the "Battler" with swift left and right swings. Nelson landed few clean punches. Saylor had every round and got the decision.

Madison Club Opens To-night.

The Madison Athletic Club, which with the Garden out of commission is the biggest boxing club in New York, reopens to-night for a season of boxing. As a starter Manager Gil Boag has One-Round Hogan and Jack Dorman in the main bout.

$10,000 STAKE GOES OVER.

Mainleaf Wins Two Heats and Atlantic Express One Before Postponement.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 3.—Despite the fact that he was slightly lame, Mainleaf, the game son of Main Sheet, won the first two heats of the Kentucky Futurity, the three-year-old classic of the trotting world here to-day, only to lose the third heat to Atlantic Express and have the race go over until to-morrow as unfinished. A rather slow track, made so by recent rains, undoubtedly helped Mainleaf, the going offsetting the disadvantage under which he was laboring with a lame leg. The race is worth $10,000.

Hal B., Jr., proved the best in the Tennessee Stakes for 2:06 pacers, winning the event in straight heats with little trouble. Major Brino and Peter the Second, looked as if they might be serious contenders after the first heat was passed, but Hal B., Jr., was far and away the best, and won handily with the other two finishing in the order named.

The feature of the card to-morrow, aside from the finish of the Futurity, will be an attempt by Uhlan to lower his own record to sulky. He will be driven by Charles H. Tanner. Summaries:

The Tennessee Stakes, 2:06 Pace.—Value $3,000. Best three in five heats.

Hal B., Jr., br. h., by Hal B, (Eason)	1	1	1
Major Brino, blk. g., (Hodson)	2	3	2
Peter the Second, br. h., (Valentine)	3	2	4
King Cole, b. h., (Dodge)	4	4	3

Time—2:06¼; 2:08¾; 2:06¼.

Kentucky Futurity.—Value $10,000; for three-year-olds. (Unfinished.)

Mainleaf, blk. c., by Mainsheet, (Curtis)	1	1	3
Atlantic Express, b. c., by Bellini, (Dickerson)	6	3	1
Peter Thompson, b. g., (Serrel)	2	2	2
Margaret Parrish, b. f., (Andrews)	3	4	4
Box, blk. c., (Young)	4	5	ds
Lettie Lee, b. f., (White)	5	dis	
Baron, b. c., (Moore)	7	dis	

Time—2:08¼; 2:08¼; 2:08¾.

SAILORS SWIM FAST.

Championship Events of Warship Men Attract Good Entry in Brooklyn Tank.

Sailors of the U. S. S. Connecticut carried off the team honors in the annual swimming championship last night, closed to sailors and marines now in port, held in the tank of the Naval Young Men's Christian Association, Brooklyn. They corralled 18 points. United States marines were second with 10 points, and U. S. S. Solace third, with 5.

J. J. Rosborg, of the Marine Barracks was the star performer. He excelled in the 440-yard and half mile swim. In the former event he clipped fifteen seconds off the old record, which was held by himself.

In the gymnasium the U. S. S. Connecticut defeated the second squad of the North Dakota in the navy yard championship basket ball tourney, by 18 to 5. The summaries:

440-Yard Swim.—Won by J. J. Rosborg, Marine Barracks; S. L. Johnson, U. S. S. Connecticut, second; W. L. Carr, U. S. S. Connecticut, third. Time—7:50.

25-Yard Swim.—Won by R. Mellen, U. S. S. Connecticut; A. Gobier, U. S. S. Solace, second; C. H. Mapes, U. S. S. Connecticut, third. Time—0:13 2-5.

Under-Water Swim.—Won by E. G. Sewell, U. S. S. Yankton, 152 feet; E. J. Gilnes, U. S. S. Panther, 135 feet, second; F. N. Sebastian, 106 feet 8 inches, third.

50-Yard Swim.—Won by R. Mellen, U. S. S. Connecticut; S. T. Johnson, U. S. S. Florida, second; A. Gobier, U. S. S. Solace, third. Time—0:32 3-5.

880-Yard Swim.—Won by J. J. Rosborg, Marine Barracks; G. E. Smith, U. S. S. Connecticut, second; Thomas Johnson, U. S. S. Florida, third. Time—18:35.

BASKETBALL.

Connecticut, (18.)	Position.	N. Dakota, (5.)
Bender	right forward	Smith
McGrath	left forward	Richardson
Lang	Centre	Moore
Flanagan	Right guard	Neves
Webster	Left guard	Moenar

Goals from field—Bender, (4,) Flanagan, (2,) Webster, Lang, Smith, Moenar. Fouls—Bender, (2,) Smith. Referee—Mr. Larson. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes.

CLEARING HOUSE ELECTION.

Hepburn Re-elected—Vanderlip Succeeds Nash—Trust Companies Recognized.

A. Barton Hepburn, President of the Chase National Bank, was re-elected President of the New York Clearing House Association at its annual meeting yesterday. Frank A. Vanderlip was elected Chairman of the Clearing House Committee, succeeding William A. Nash. Mr. Nash's services were commended in resolutions adopted, which mentioned his work on the Committee on Admission, beginning in 1881, and particularly his work as Chairman of the Loan Committee during the trying days of the money panic in 1907. The resolutions, which were offered by James G. Cannon, President of the Fourth National Bank, were carried by a rising vote. William A. Sherer and William J. Gilpin were re-elected manager and assistant manager, respectively.

In recognition of the recent modification of the constitution admitting trust companies to full membership several trust company Presidents were made members of the various committees. Otto T. Bannard, President of the New York Trust Company, was put on the Clearing House Committee; Clarence H. Kelsey, President of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, on the Conference Committee; Samuel R. Conover, President of the Fidelity Trust Company, on the Committee on Admissions, and John I. Waterbury, President of the Manhattan Trust Company, on the Committee on Arbitration.

Other committee appointments were:

Conference Committee—Alexander Gilbert, Frederick B. Schenck, William Woodward, and Samuel Woolverton.

Nominating Committee—Henry A. Smith, Christian F. Tietjen, George F. Baker, Jr., Benjamin Strong, Jr., and David H. Rowland.

Committee on Admissions—Ruel W. Poor, Charles Elliot Warren, Joseph B. Martindale, and Pierre Jay.

Arbitration Committee—Forrest H. Parker, William C. Duncan, Scott Foster, and Frank O. Roe.

The annual report of Manager Sherer showed balances for the year ended Sept. 30, of $4,388,563,113, the largest on record, but the exchanges totaling $92,420,120,091 were about $10,000,000,000 below those of the previous year, and $11,000,000,000 below those of 1906. The balances for the year were $4,388,563,113, compared with $4,195,293,966 in 1910, the next largest year, and the percentage of balances to clearing was 4.74 per cent., the highest percentage on record, except in 1904, when the percentage was 5.20.

SANTA FE EARNINGS LARGER.

Annual Report Shows a Balance of $21,371,067 for the Year.

The annual report of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé for the year ended June 30 shows a substantial increase in operating revenues, and a smaller increase in expenses, which, although income from other sources fell off, left a fair net increase.

The total operating income was $107,565,115, a gain of $2,571,921 over that of 1910, but income from other sources declined from $2,550,055 to $2,207,366. Total income was, therefore, $109,772,481, a gain of $2,220,231. Expenses increased by only $555,780 to $84,083,386, leaving a balance of $84,083,386, against $32,409,935 in the previous year. An increase in fixed charges from $11,984,151 to $12,712,319 reduced the gain in the final result $945,283, the actual balance being $21,371,067.

After the payment of dividends there was carried to profit and loss a balance of $8,515,777, making the credit to account at the close of the year $20,566,706. Maintenance charges during the year were $16,686,145, or $1,612 per mile, the largest on record.

Of the increase in operating revenues $1,767,685 came from passenger traffic and $593,145 from freight. The average passenger revenue per passenger train mile was $1.21, the same as in the previous year, but the number of passengers carried one mile increased 32,100,551, or 2.00 per cent., while the passenger car mileage increased 6,175,217, or 4.91 per cent. The actual revenue from passenger traffic was $27,204,867. Freight revenue, which was $71,787,200, averaged $3.19 per freight train mile, against $3 last year, a gain of 6.33 per cent.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to.

7,414. TELEPHONE CABLE.—An American Consul reports that a telephone company operating systems in various cities of India will shortly call for tenders for 10,000 yards of cable. The bids will be called for through the main office of the company in England and it might be well for American firms to get in touch with this office with a view to submitting quotations.

7,415. SOAPS, MEDICINES, AND DRUG SUPPLIES.—An American firm of customs brokers and forwarders writes that a European business man has established with it a buying office. He is the proprietor of a number of drug stores and furnishes the supplies for others in European countries and the near east.

7,416. REPRODUCTIONS OF PAINTINGS.—A report from an American Consul states that it has come to his attention that a well-known merchant in his district is desirous of securing the sole representation of one or two good firms producing colored reproductions of the best paintings. Believing that American concerns in this line would be able to give the dealer in question thorough satisfaction, the Consul requests that they communicate with him as soon as possible with a view to forming possible business relations.

7,417. OLIVES AND OLIVE OIL.—A business man in Greece who handles considerable quantities of Greek olives and olive oil informs an American consulate that he desires to be put in touch with American firms importing these articles with a view to establishing business relations. Correspondence should be in Greek or French.

7,418. BICYCLES.—An American Consul reports that a business man in his district desires to be placed in touch with American manufacturers of bicycles. He is especially interested in one make of machine. Correspondence should be in Bohemian, if possible; otherwise in German.

7,419. SHOES AND MEN'S FURNISHINGS.—An American consular officer reports that a business house in Russia desires to get in touch with American manufacturers of high-grade men's and women's shoes. It desires shoes of light weight and elegant finish, with the exclusive representation, if possible. It also desires to communicate with manufacturers of men's furnishings of best quality and styles. Purchases will be made of underwear, knitted goods, neckwear, shirts, hats, collars, cuffs, &c.; also knitted wearing apparel, such as jackets, vests, and sweaters for both men and women. A good trade could be carried on in rubber overshoes for Summer and Winter use, and an agency is sought for this line.

7,420. ANTISEPTIC PAPER DRINKING CUPS.—The Bureau of Manufactures is in receipt of a communication from a business man in Porto Rico stating that he would like to secure the names of manufacturers in the United States of antiseptic paper or straw drinking cups which are to be destroyed after being used once.

7,421. TURPENTINE, PITCH, RESIN, AND RESIN OIL.—A firm of Swedish merchants has written to an American consular officer that it desires to get in touch with American exporters of turpentine, pitch, resin, and resin oil, with a view to obtaining agencies. The firm would like to act as representative in England of such concerns, sending orders from inquirers in return for a commission of 3 per cent. Only inquiries and orders from reliable firms would be considered. References are furnished.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—Capt. S. S. Ross, Coast Artillery, to San Francisco, and take transport Dec. 5 for the Philippines, duty with Philippines Division.

Major W. B. Rochester, Paymaster, to New York, duty with Eastern Division.

A board to consist of Lieut. Col. C. F. Mason, Medical Corps; Majors J. H. Ford, Medical Corps; C. Gerhardt, Tenth Infantry; Capts. E. L. D. Breckenridge and J. J. Mayes, Tenth Infantry, is appointed to meet in the Panama Canal Zone Nov. 14, to conduct examination of applicants for commissions in volunteer forces.

Major K. Morton, Ordnance, will make not to exceed three visits per month during October, November, and December, to works of the Mills Woven Cartridge Belt Company, Worcester, Mass., to inspect material.

Lieut. Col. D. S. Stanley, Deputy Master General, to Austin, Costello, and Wharton, Penn.

Major A. W. Brewster, Inspector General, detailed as a member of the board appointed Aug. 4, vice Major W. H. Gordon, Inspector General, relieved.

The following-named officers are relived from duty at Army Service Schools, Fort Leavenworth, Kan., on dates specified: Capt. H. A. Smith, Infantry, unassigned, March 1; Capt. L. Eltinge, Fifteenth Cavalry, Jan. 1, and First Lieut. W. Krueger, Infantry, unassigned, April 4.

First Lieut. J. J. Burleigh, Twenty-second Infantry, detailed for general recruiting service to Fort Slocum, N. Y., for instructions; thence to Albany, N. Y., and relieve First Lieut. A. D. Chaffin, Twenty-ninth Infantry, who will return to Fort Slocum, N. Y.

Capt. D. Potts, Sixteenth Infantry, to Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for temporary duty.

The Navy.

Capt. N. R. Usher to temporary duty Navy Department.

Capt. E. E. Capehart to command the Michigan.

Commander W. W. Gilmer to duty in connection with fitting out the Hannibal and command when commissioned.

Commander D. W. Blamer to command the Paducah.

Commander C. T. Vogelgesang, orders Sept. 22, revoked.

Lieut. C. Bean to the Washington as Senior Engineer Officer.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Potomac at Norfolk, Sterling at Pensacola, and Hector at Boston.

Sailed—Georgia from Boston for navy yard, New York; Chester from Gibraltar for Malta, and Wilmington from Olongapo for Hongkong.

The Saturn was placed out of service at navy yard, Puget Sound, Sept. 30.

The Hannibal has been ordered placed in commission at navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H., Oct. 15.

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Publication Office.....Times Square
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....263 West 125th Street
Bronx.....149th St. and Bergen Av.
Brooklyn.....343 Fulton Street
Staten Island...8 Richmond Tce., St. George
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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 4, 1911.

THE TAX FIGURES.

There are many owners of property in New York City who will be relieved to learn that their properties have not increased in value in the eyes of the tax gatherer to the abnormal total of last year's increase. In Manhattan there is an increase of eighty-six millions, of which sixty is contributed by new buildings. That leaves an increase of twenty-six millions distributed over a total valuation of $4,799,693,660. In all the boroughs there is an increase of $147,000,000, of which new buildings contribute $102,000,000. This is moderate indeed when compared with last year's increase of $897,048,683. It will be recalled that the increase of such an approximation to a round billion of dollars was attributed to the equalization of tax values to market values. Those who recall that there was an even larger increase for the same reason in Mayor Low's time will wonder how often this equalization process is to be repeated. The answer is to be sought in the budget. The city has to pay its bills, and as often as its income exceeds its expenses the city increases either the rate or the valuation, whichever seems expedient at the moment, and with results about equally disagreeable to those who pay the bills.

The personal assessment offers two novelties this year. It is too soon to say what the ultimate total will be of either real or personal assessment, both being subject to correction, but both probably standing nearer the ultimate figures than is usual at this stage. The reason in the case of realty has already been indicated. The moderation of the increase is likely to be reflected in the moderation of the protests, both because of the moderation and because of the constant improvement in the relation of the various assessments to each other as well as to the respective valuations. While last year there was a process of leveling up, this year there has been a process of leveling down on a more thorough and scientific basis than has sometimes been experienced in the haphazard methods of other years. This has been conspicuously the case regarding this year's personal assessments. There has been leveling up in conspicuous cases, but there has been leveling down in obscure cases, to such effect that the total is $749,000,000 against $863,000,000 last year. But it does not follow that this deficiency will have a corresponding effect in raising the tax rate—which is a resultant of the total of both valuations and the budget requirements—for the reason that this year there is a prospect under the new tax law that a larger proportion of the assessments put on will remain put. The first man who appeared to swear off personal taxes learned this at his cost. He attempted to swear off $2,700, as he could have done under the old law, and found that he could not do it under the secured debt exemption law, of which he then heard for the first time. For this he and many others have only themselves to blame. The Tax Department has made every effort to inform taxpayers of their privileges, even publishing almost daily statements for the past fortnight. About $150,000,000 of personal property has qualified itself for exemption, but this is only a small part of the two billions estimated to be eligible for exemption.

This year's increase of valuations adds $15,000,000 to the city's power to spend borrowed money as compared with last year's increase of $80,000,000. It is worth while to note that the increase is much below what was estimated by the tax authorities for this year, and is only half what was estimated for the ensuing next few years. It is apparent that there is a limit to a mandate to increase valuations for the purposes of spending money. Neither the property nor its owners can stand arbitrary increases indefinitely, and the limit is reached. In his budget talk the Mayor gave no hope of relief through a moderate rate of tax. He gave fair notice that the budget is likelier to be larger than smaller, both this year and in future years. Another equalization would have neither logical nor intrinsic justification.

In other words, the city is using the last shot in its locker in the construction of subways, for which the Mayor said that he had directed the increase of last year's valuations. Nobody who pays taxes has any doubt about the increase, but with every dollar that is spent under the present plans there is growing certainty that we shall not have the subways for which the increase was levied and must be endured for generations to come. The plan which is being followed bleeds Manhattan, which pays most of the taxes, to the disadvantage of the Bronx, and not to the best advantage of Brooklyn. No defender of this plan will say that it is either his first choice, or the plan which the electorate gave a mandate to construct, or the plan contemplated when the Mayor ordered the increased valuations. Since it is impossible to recall the increase, or to repeat it, the necessity for applying the increase to a plan of development which shall justify its execution is urgent, and bears more strongly upon the Mayor than upon any other official. On the other hand the burden of proceeding with the present inferior plans grows constantly greater upon all who defend its indefensible characteristics on considerations not applicable to the construction of profitable rapid-transit routes. Sooner or later there will be a crisis which has been shirked rather than met and settled in the manner which would be followed in any private enterprise. The taxpayers need not deceive themselves. The result of any mistake will come home to them doubly in their twofold character of taxpayers and farepayers.

WORK WORTH WHILE.

There are men in this city who are ready, and anxious, to spend money for philanthropic uses, but they want first to know whether it will be effectively spent. Facts and figures that are convincing may be supplied to them by the Executive Committee of the New York Milk Committee, which has found an unexpected demand for its services in the districts where the mortality of infants is heavy.

The thirty-one stations of this committee have since their founding last April reduced this mortality by from 27 per cent. to 40 per cent. in their several neighborhoods. The committee sells pure and scientifically modified milk to the tenement mothers at the prices which they would pay for the filthy "loose" milk of the groceries. It engages nurses and doctors to visit the mothers, instructing them in infant feeding and sanitation.

The city can well afford to do this work, and it will do it, as a part of the activities of the Health Department. The demonstration of its value is perfect, but the Board of Estimate is slow. The annual appropriation of $300,000 needed from the city cannot be had until next November. Meanwhile Director TAYLOR finds the treasury of the committee empty, and he has advised its member that the calls upon it, increasing far beyond what had been anticipated, will compel the closing of the stations and the consequent loss of thousands of lives, unless additional means of succor be furnished. It is worth while, work of stern necessity. Pledges of $4,000 have been made, but $13,000 must be raised to prevent the closing of the infants' stations.

Checks may be sent payable to Dr. GODFREY R. PISEK, Chairman, or to Mrs. J. BORDEN HARRIMAN, Vice Chairman, 105 East Twenty-second Street, this city.

THE KAISER'S PEACEMAKING.

The hand of the Emperor is clearly to be traced in the proceedings of the German Government undertaken in the hope of preventing real war between Italy and Turkey. It was to him that the Sultan made his appeal when the violent course of the Italian Government was begun. And though the exact terms of his reply are not known, its tenor is to be inferred from the subsequent action of the German Government. The Emperor is clearly trying to get the demands of Italy reduced and the concessions of Turkey enlarged to the point of agreement.

It may be said that this is but the dictate of enlightened selfishness. On the one hand Germany has nothing to gain and much to risk by a serious disturbance of the present situation in Europe, such as might follow a prolonged contest between Turkey and Italy. On the other hand it has been the pronounced policy of Germany, since the revolution in Turkey, to secure the confidence of the Government of that nation and to strengthen her direct and indirect influence as far as possible. Whatever might be the ultimate result to Italy, a prolonged war would be very dangerous and probably fatal to Turkey. It would throw its finances into chaos; it would stop all its plans of reform in administration, and particularly in taxation, on which all hope of substantial progress depends, and, above all, it would impose such cruel losses on the Turkish people that the maintenance of order and loyalty would be impossible. Yet the Government of Turkey would find surrender, without a struggle, disastrous to its prestige and its authority. These evil consequences would be avoided if a settlement with Italy could be arranged through the good offices of Germany, and the sense of gratitude and obligation to that Power would be correspondingly deep. It would be an exceedingly valuable asset for the Kaiser in the vast and complex political business in which he is engaged.

But it would, we think, be unjust to the Kaiser to regard him as influenced solely by selfishness, however enlightened. Like most very able men with exalted and difficult functions to perform, the Emperor shows differing phases of character which it is not easy always to reconcile. The trustee of immense military force, divinely appointed, as he sincerely believes himself to be, to use it for the advancement of German interests as he sees them, he has shown at times a very deep love of peace, and has imposed peaceful purposes upon his bellicose associates and subordinates, to their intense disgust. He is far too keen in perception not to see how great and needless would be the injury wrought to both parties by a serious war between Italy and Turkey, and the danger involved of still wider and more lasting injury to other nations. Nor, it may be inferred, can he be very patient with the harsh, cruel, and costly policy of Italy, which is wasting precious resources in a venture the returns from which, even in case of success, must be very doubtful. His own Government has at times "rattled the sabre" to secure its ends, but the world has known that there was a mighty weapon in the scabbard and a strong, well-trained arm to wield it, should it really be drawn, while the ends to be secured were definitely thought out and worth the risk involved. One can imagine the Kaiser looking with amused contempt at the amateurish proceedings of his ally in obvious imitation of his own very differently effective methods.

Now that he has set his hand to the task, it is to be hoped that he will deal with it thoroughly. He would not be criticised if he should allow Italy to understand that his suggestions are not those of a wholly disinterested, still less those of a feeble and irresolute friend. All the forms that protect the dignity and self-respect, not to say the vanity, of a belligerent will doubtless be observed. But when the Kaiser has ascertained the terms on which a relatively honorable settlement can be made, he would have the approval of the intelligent public opinion of the world if he brought to bear the influence which the strength of his empire gives him to secure the acceptance of those terms.

THE GIANTS.

Italy's guns may batter Tripoli, nobody cares. But eyes are regardful of the battery of New York's Giants. They are with us, winners of seventeen out of twenty-one contests on their latest trip, and the great Mr. MATHEWSON is to pitch to-day against the Brooklyns in a game that should give them the pennant of the National League. Then for the "Athletics" and the world's championship! Had not the "Cubs" borne down St. Louis, yesterday's play in Philadelphia would have been decisive.

A slip-up this afternoon is possible, not probable. The baseball season thus far has been glorious. Football in the colleges can hardly eclipse it. Who among the "fans" high and low, rich and poor, would now watch a mass play, and peer into its furtive brutality? Baseball is the "open" game, the game of ten thousand umpires, seen thoroughly of all beholders. It is clean, it is honest, and capable of the highest professional brilliancy. Its virtues come home to us with the home-coming Giants. May we not hope that the Philadelphia team of the American League will find in these victors invincible foemen?

HOW STEPHENSON CARRIED THE PRIMARIES.

The artless and ingenuous testimony given before the Senate Committee that is inquiring into the charge that Senator STEPHENSON of Wisconsin procured his election to the United States Senate by corrupt means shows that the Senator was prodigal, even careless, with his money, but that his expenditures were effective. He did carry the primaries, and that was his object. We approve the decision of the committee in rejecting the plea of Mr. LITTLEFIELD, counsel of the Senator, that the investigation be limited to the actual election of the Senator in the joint session of the Wisconsin Legislature on March 4, 1909. Possibly improper arts of persuasion were employed on that day to cause certain Democratic members of the Legislature to absent themselves from the session. But an inquiry into the circumstances of the actual election would have been barren and devoid of picturesque interest. A disclosure of the earlier procedures of Mr. STEPHENSON and his managers is demanded by regard for the truth of history, the history of the direct primary in operation.

Mr. STEPHENSON admitted on the stand that his election cost him $107,793, but he didn't know just how the money was spent, although he had a firm moral conviction that it was not spent in violation of law. He paid $10,000 to his managers on one day, and $15,000 on another day. The bill for advertising amounted to $40,000. Several thousand dollars was paid to one of his managers more than a month after the primaries were held; he supposed it was for "some bill." He testified that $11,000, he believed, went for postage. But he did not concern himself much about details; he was after results.

These revelations of the working of the direct primary are timely, coming at a moment when the New York Legislature, gasping in the throes of a deferred dissolution, is, under a sort of executive duress, considering a primary bill for this State. The direct primary law in Wisconsin was the work of Mr. LA FOLLETTE, and at its very first trial it resulted in a triumph for Mr. STEPHENSON, a veritable money-bags of a lumberman, who is an old-fashioned sort of conservative, the implacable foe of all progressive notions, and the type and embodiment of everything that Mr. LA FOLLETTE abhors. Mr. STEPHENSON'S managers set themselves to the task of carrying the primaries in a very businesslike fashion. They looked upon the voters of Wisconsin as merchandise, and acquired them right and left. It was testified yesterday that Senator STEPHENSON spent about $5 a vote for the primaries. The total report of $107,793 by his managers is about $4,000 less than the actual expenditure, but that is unimportant. The sum of $107,000 is certainly large enough as the purchase price of a United States Senatorship.

Whether Mr. STEPHENSON would have made a better bargain had he conducted his transactions at Madison, dealing only with the legislators after their election, is problematical. If it cost him $107,000 to carry the Wisconsin primaries, it may fairly be estimated it would take $500,000 to carry the primaries of either party in New York State. Probably no aspirant to the Senatorship would be such a fool as to attempt to carry the primaries by the methods which Mr. STEPHENSON adopted. Arrangements made with Tammany Hall upon the one side, or with the Republican machine upon the other, would be just as effective, and very much cheaper.

The moral lesson of this Wisconsin primary episode must be plain to all. Millionaire lumbermen ought not to buy up voters at $5 a head, and, contrariwise, voters ought not to sell their votes at any price. Apart from the moral or immoral aspects of the transaction, it furnishes a valuable teaching as to the value of the direct primary as a means of giving the voters actual control over public affairs. About all the discernible difference between the old machine method and the method of the direct primary as illustrated in Wisconsin is that the primary is a good deal more expensive for the candidate.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Cruelty Is Hardly Its Name.

Wide and intense interest will be felt, beyond question, in the news that there is up in Dutchess County a game preserve of considerable extent, owned by sportsmen mostly living in this city and its vicinity, who cause to be raised there large numbers of ducks which, when their leisure serves, they go up and shoot out of traps.

The existence of this peculiar and novel form of amusement has hitherto been concealed with remarkable success, even from those who thought themselves fairly familiar with all the uses to which firearms are put, and the members of the Clove Valley Rod and Gun Club have been enjoying themselves and having fun in their own fashion for years without interference or criticism from anybody. Now some meddlesome person connected with the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has taken upon himself the task of threatening the Clove Valley sports with prosecution if they kill any more ducks in this way.

The society man, it seems, thinks the way cruel. Perhaps it is, though we have some difficulty ourselves in believing that one decently quick method of killing ducks is any more cruel than another in which the pangs of dissolution are equally prolonged, or that the ducks, if they had a voice in the matter, would have any more condemnation for the man who shot them as they were poked and shooed from a trap than for one who gave them at least a little chance for their lives. The issue, as we look at it, is not of cruelty, but of sportsmanship, and our opinion is that the members of the Clove Valley Club should be tried on an indictment brought before some such organization, say, as the Campfire Club, the right of which to speak authoritatively on such subjects as the legitimate and permissible devices for taking animal life is denied only by victims of the zoophil-neurosis.

What the verdict would be after such an arraignment can be prophesied with confidence, for few sportsmen outside of the Clove Valley Club would deny the feeling of an emotion compounded about equally of nausea and indignation on hearing of trap shooting with live ducks for targets. Pigeon shooting, that now almost everywhere abolished brutality, was bad enough, but duck shooting of this kind is evidently meaner and baser, and the wonder is that those whom it amuses do not go where they could get still more of the same sort of pleasure—in the poultry abattoirs, where their sport could be varied by the killing of chickens and geese and turkeys when the sportsmen wearied of the monotony of killing ducks.

Explanation That Is a Near-Excuse.

Complaints not infrequently reach us from out-of-town readers of THE TIMES, and especially from those whose out-of-town-ness is considerable, that their paper comes to them with the contents marred by a large, an unpardonable, number of typographical errors. That the number of errors is large is only too true—we know that well and have grieved over it often and sorely. That it is unpardonable is an accusation not to be so readily admitted—is, indeed, one so easily and fully explicable that understanding should change the accusation into sympathy. These unquestionably serious and irritating blemishes are so firmly imbedded in the Nature of Things as They Are that patient endurance is the attitude to be taken toward them, until conditions can be changed.

The exculpatory, or at least much mitigating, fact which our complaining readers apparently do not know is that to get to them a copy of THE TIMES at the early hour when they want, and insist on getting, it, there must be sent to them a first edition, which goes to press about 12:45 A. M. At that time the alternative which confronts the maker of a morning newspaper is either to put in his columns a good deal of late-coming and important news with few or none of its typographical errors corrected, or to fill up the space which that news would occupy with matter beautifully accurate as to its printing, but not news at all.

The choice we make between the horns of this dilemma is, we have always thought and still believe, the one most advantageous to the reader served by the early trains. Our theory is, better a dispatch with several or many misplaced letters in its words, and even with some whole words that are wrong, than a piece of ancient literature which, however admirable in itself, is not what the purchaser of a newspaper wants or expects to get for his more or less hard-earned pennies.

Fortunately, the great majority of these blunders affect appearance rather than sense. At least ninety-nine out of every hundred of them the reader can and does correct for himself with an amount of mental effort so small as to be hardly measurable. Of course they're blunders, just the same, and we hate 'em, but—well, what can't be helped must be tolerated, and really it doesn't do any good to scold about it. Besides, there is always the proofreader to be blamed. He gets an enormous salary on the clear understanding that he is not to resent any form of injustice, and he is so used to bearing the burden of other people's carelessnesses or misfortunes that he has come to like it.

Races That Tell Something.

When on the 14th of this month at least seventy-one, and probably a few more, automobiles start on their long competitive journey from this city to Jacksonville, that will be a race of the sort that really interests, because its results really concern, the man who owns a motor car and uses it 'n reasonable, legitimate ways for pleasure or business.

The now well-established "Glidden tour" is an admirable institution. As a spectacle for people who lament that gladiatorial shows are out of fashion, the passage of the Glidden procession is, indeed, a rather dull affair, for no matter how often or how long one watches it, one's chance of seeing anybody killed or hurt is miserably small. For people, however, who want to know the relative merits of the different makes of automobiles when driven far over all sorts of roads, the "records" which are made in these trips and the statistics as to fuel consumption, repair charges, continuity of action, and like facts, which they provide, while not exactly thrilling, yet have what the unmitigated speed contests lack—practical value.

The Glidden tours do improve the breed of automobiles, and it is more than doubtful if races of the man-slaughtering kind ever improved the breed of anything except gate receipts. Glidden tours also tend to improve the breed of roads, for they very widely advertise both good roads and bad ones, and people are becoming just a little ashamed to have other people know that their roads would be a disgrace to the outskirts of a Congo village. They are also becoming more than a little proud to have it known that they are catching up with the ancient Romans in appreciation of roads that serve road purposes.

So the Glidden tourists are both teachers and missionaries, if there be any distinction between those words, and they deserve well of their countrymen.

A German Rip Van Winkle.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I be allowed to ask, in connection with your editorial "Trifling With Masterworks," whether Washington Irving, when creating his Rip Van Winkle knew of the legend of Heisterbach? This wonderful legend, one of the oldest of the Rhine, concerned a monk of the monastery of Heisterbach, near the Rhine, (near Koenigswinter, Siebengebirge,) interesting ruins of which are still existing.

The monk in question doubted God's eternal nature, and one day, in the forest near the monastery, when brooding over his books he fell asleep. When he awoke he found his surroundings all changed, but he managed to discover his monastery, only to find faces there which he had never seen before. Neither did anybody know him. He told his name, and finally the perplexed friars found, when looking up the old records, that a monk of that name had strangely disappeared exactly 100 years ago. Then the doubting monk realized that a century is nothing but a brief moment in the eternity of God, and he collapsed, a heap of dust.

JOSEPH DOMMERS VEHLING.
New York, Oct. 1, 1911.

Men's Rush at Brooklyn Bridge.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am a business woman and usually arrive at the Brooklyn Bridge about 5:35 P. M. I was standing the other night where there is an iron railing on the side next to the track. When the signal announced the arrival of the train about half a dozen men rushed over from the opposite side and fell against me with so much force that my left wrist was bent backward, my umbrella handle was smashed, and my newspaper thrown to the floor. I screamed with the pain in my wrist, which I feared was sprained, and it cost me 50 cents the next day to have a new handle put on my umbrella.

I write this in an endeavor to have better conditions at the bridge and possibly save some serious accident. Had my wrist been broken, it would have meant loss of time and possibly loss of my position. Cannot the policemen at the bridge keep the men from rushing from one side to the other and thus injuring those who are passing by or standing in line? A few more policemen could be used there with good effect. M. P.

New York, Oct. 3, 1911.

Questions Increased Theatre Prices.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a regular theatregoer, I am much interested in the contemplated advance in price of theatre tickets. They are certainly dear enough as it is. Is there a "show" in town which is really worth, to the average person, $2 a seat? That, of course, is a matter of each individual to settle for himself. But does it not look, now that they have relieved us of the pestering of the sidewalk speculator, as though the managers were after all of that little fifty cents which formerly went—or was supposed to go—to the troublesome gentlemen who have now removed their business transactions to the exchanges? Of course the Saturday night suggestion is merely a feeler. If it works, the public will pay, as usual; but don't let us pay with our eyes shut, at least. THEATREGOER.

New York, Oct. 3, 1911.

Compliments from Times Readers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As an Englishman I would like to say that taken altogether I consider your paper the best and most reliable daily paper I have met with in the various countries of the civilized world. I hope I am not too late to congratulate you on your sixtieth birthday. How you produce your paper for one cent has always been a marvel to me. EDEN E. GREVILLE.

New York, Sept. 30, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My father landed in this country from Germany in 1856, and from that year to the present time THE NEW YORK TIMES has been daily read in our family.

H. T. MILLER, M. D.

Springfield, Ohio, Sept. 30, 1911.

Billboards on Eastern Parkway.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am sure that all citizens of Brooklyn, and particularly those interested in the Brooklyn Institute Museum, will be pleased with the editorial paragraph in SUNDAY'S TIMES concerning the billboards. Eastern Parkway should be one of the finest boulevards in the country. The Brooklyn Institute Museum is one of the largest and noblest buildings, and probably will be the noblest building, in Greater New York. The approach to the Museum along Eastern Parkway is now lined with detestable billboards, and one hundred yards of them face the Museum. In the interests of the city, it is extremely important that these atrocities should be removed. X.

New York, Oct. 2, 1911.

Columbus Day Without City Money.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It was very gratifying to me to read in your paper a few days ago that the Board of Estimate had refused to appropriate any money toward celebrating Columbus Day. We honored Columbus enough in 1892 to last a hundred years, and the Board of Estimate is to be congratulated for its action by the weary taxpayers. HENRY F. TIERNAN.

New York, Oct. 3, 1911.

THE TOBACCO ALTERNATIVE.

If Reorganization Plan Fails, Court Sale May Recreate the Trust.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We are now reading much about the proposed plan of reorganization to be submitted by the American Tobacco Company, with comments as to its probable results. But no one has anything to say about the disposition of the matter if no plan satisfactory to the Government or approved by the Circuit Court should go through. The alternative of a reorganization plan presents some interesting questions.

The Supreme Court has condemned the combination known as the American Tobacco Company and five so-called "accessory" companies. To carry out its mandate the Circuit Court would have to seize all the properties of those companies, through a receivership, sell the assets, pay the debts, pay the preferred stockholders the par value of their stock, and turn over the residue to the common stockholders. These properties are enormous, worth many millions of dollars. There is real estate with factory and other buildings thereon, there are machinery and equipment, raw material and supplies, unsold manufactured products and bills receivable, there are trade marks and brands of great value, there are stocks and bonds of other companies, some of them engaged in other than the tobacco business. All these presumably the receiver, on consultation with the court, would offer for public sale in such separate lots as seemed best adapted to secure for each a bid and a sale.

In the first place, it is manifest that at any such forced sale the prices realized would be far below the real value of the property. Nevertheless, there is so much real value that the proceeds would probably pay all the debts and the preferred stockholders and leave a considerable equity for the common stockholders—much less, however, than the present price of that stock indicates. The interesting question, however, is who would be the bidders and what would probably be the result of the sale.

A small group of individuals who are defendants in the suit own a majority of common stock. That has given them the control of the company because the preferred stock has no voting power. They and the other common stockholders are the ones who stand to lose by slaughtered prices at a forced sale. Presumably they will, directly or by some representative, bid at the sale. That's what always happens when the property of an individual is sold against his will by legal process at public auction. Or rather, it always happens if he can command the means to bid. In this way only can he force outside bidders to give a price somewhat approaching the fair value of the property sold, or, if no outside bidder will advance his bid, he can buy in his own property and save its sacrifice for a pittance. It is quite conceivable that as a result of a sale all the properties would pass for a sum sufficient to pay the debts and preferred stock into the hands of the present owners of the equity. Could the owners of the common stock, or even such of them as are defendants, be refused the right to bid at the sale, so as to avoid this possible result? It would seem not, even though the defendants were found guilty of a violation of the Sherman act; the courts would probably hold that the denial to an owner of the equity of the right to bid at the sale of his own property would be confiscation pure and simple, and confiscation of this sort is not the penalty provided by that act.

But presume even that the owners of the equity did not bid at all. These properties are more valuable as a unit than as fractions. What more likely than that some other group of men commanding abundant resources will appear and bid highest for every parcel. Then these very properties which the Supreme Court has held should be distributed will come into the hands of a single owner, holding a perfect title to them by deed from the receiver approved by the court. Can this result be avoided by providing in the terms of the sale that no single bidder shall be allowed to purchase more than so many factories, or so many brands, or that a bidder who has already bought some cigarette properties shall not buy any snuff properties? Probably not; such an interference with the ordinary methods of sale would be calculated to affect seriously the market and might be held by the courts to be another form of confiscation.

If this be the event of the sale, what is the result? A single entity will hold all the property which the American Tobacco Company and its five accessory companies now hold. And this single holding would be the result, not of years of continued effort to suppress competition and create a monopoly, but because that entity bought what the Government offered for sale on the open market. Some deliverances in the public press seem to contemplate that hereafter the Circuit Court is going to exercise some supervisory power over the several owners of the properties now about to be divided, possibly instructing them as to selection of directorates, or as to what agreements with competitors they may or may not make, (the Supreme Court has held that there may be business agreements between competitors which would not contravene the statute,) and supervising their conduct generally, as is done when property is being administered by a receiver. But courts are not created for any such purpose, and it remains to be seen whether the Circuit Court in the Southern District of New York will be persuaded to undertake any such enterprise.

What, then, will be the position of the group of men who may buy in all these properties at the sale? Can it be held that they have entered into a contract or conspiracy or combination in restraint of trade, under the first section of the act, or that they have monopolized or attempted to monopolize the whole or any part of the tobacco business of the country under the second section? No one can safely answer these questions till the Supreme Court shall have construed that act again, but they certainly afford food for thought. A LAWYER.

New York, Oct. 3, 1911.

THE DOUBTER.

Allus used t' think Pete Slayton
Was about as aggervatin'
As a feller gits. Bad weather,
When th' boys all git together
'Round th' stove somewhere, a-gassin',
An' when stories git a-passin'
True as gospel-teachin', mebbe,
Er perhaps when Coonskin Zeb, he
Calls t' mind some Injun killin'
Back in Forty-nine, an' willin'
T' bring dockyments t' show he
Sculped 'em fur West as Iowy,
All th' boys 'll nod, but Pete 'll
Say: "Ain't stretchin' it a leetle,
Air ye, Zeb?"—not mad er vicious,
But jest nachelly suspicious.

Make a real good story teller
Mad enough t' fight th' feller,
When y' call t' mind a very
Leetle out th' ordinary
Thing an' tell it jest as keerful
As a feller kin, an' fearful
Lest ye recollect it stronger
Than it really was, er longer,
Er a leetle wider, bigger
Than it was—it cuts no figger
How y' try. Onct Gabe Pike—sailor
Used t' be, a-board a whaler—
Tells us how a big whale swallered
His harpoon an' how they follered
Him fr'm Berin' Sea, his notion,
Plumb clean to th' Injun Ocean,
'Fore they ketched him—Sandy Greenhut,
Died las' year—was there an' seen it—
Proof enough, I say! But Pete 'll
Say: 'Ain't stretchin' it a leetle,
Air ye, Gabe?"—not louder shoutin',
But jest nachelly a-doubtin'.

Sp'ile th' fines' story weather
An' good fellers puts together;
Never hears no cur'us capers
But he wants t' see th' papers
Fer it all, an' affidavys,
Jest as if a feller 'd save his
All th' time an' have 'em able
T' plank down upon th' table.
Mebbe Decoration Mornin'
When Sharpshooter Sam 's adornin'
His blue coat with medals, sayin'
How one time he was a-layin'
Off two miles an' picked a Johnny
Fr'm a tree he's roostin' on—he
Looks around an' sees us noddin',
All but Pete, an' he's th' odd 'un
All th' time. An' Sam's accurate,
Got his carbine t' show fer it,
Plenty proof enough! But Pete 'll
Say: "Ain't stretchin' it a leetle,
Air ye, Sam?"—not flip er pryin',
But as if Sam might be lyin'.

J. W. FOLEY.

DEFENDS FORMALITY OF THE COMMON LAW

Sir Frederick Pollock Tells Columbia Students That Is the Law's Chief Stronghold.

SOME HARD AND FAST RULES

And Some Evils That Have Grown Out of the Archaic Forms of the Law in Modern Times.

The lecture on "The Genius of the Common Law" yesterday afternoon, the second in the series being given by Sir Frederick Pollock of London, one of the greatest living authorities on English common law, was a defense of the formalities of the law. It was called "The Giants and the Gods," following the symbolism of the first lecture on the earliest adventures of "Our Lady of the Common Law."

The giants are the formalities and tradition of the law. According to the speaker, the giants have been known to be tyrants, but, on the whole, they have been the good servants of Our Lady of the Common Law; have brought order out of chaos and made it possible for the gods to reach Valhalla.

"At this day there is no need to explain that formality is an essential feature of the archaic law," said Sir Frederick. "It has long ceased to be plausible, if indeed it ever was, to regard a strict insistence on form as degeneration from some better pattern of justice which our remote ancestors were supposed to have followed in a simpler golden age. Persons who talk of primitive simplicity, if they still do, confound rudeness of instruments and poverty in execution with simplicity of ideas. Prehistoric language, customs, and superstitions are exceedingly complex. The history of modern culture is, in essentials, a history of simplifications.

"Now, formalism in law and procedure seems to have two roots, one rational and the other irrational. The rational ground is the need of a hard and fast rule to make it clear that the law is the same for all men. In the early ages of regular justice men are highly suspicious of personal favors and caprice and will not hear of giving any room for discretion. As they apprehend it, a court once allowed to relax the customary forms could make of the law itself whatever its members and managers for the time being pleased.

"The irrational ground goes back to the oldest forms of superstition, older than both statecraft and priestcraft, the prehistoric belief in symbolic magic. It is assumed that words have in themselves an operative virtue which is lost if any one word is substituted for another. He who does not follow the exact words prescribed by the legal ritual does not bring himself within the law."

Sir Frederick then gave an account of the superstitions of the earliest Germanic courts and a description of the final breaking up of magical and semi-magical rites. Continuing, he said:

"Such were the strange guardians among whom Our Lady of the Common Law was born and cradled. They were her true guardians in their day. Caprice, even well meant, and at times, as it might chance, well-doing caprice, had to be kept at arm's length at all costs. Better even bad rules than a rule which is not of law. It was a great and true word that Thering spoke when he said: 'Form is the sworn enemy of caprice. She is Freedom's twin sister.'

"The giants are stark and grim figures in our sight, yet their force cleared a way for the gods through chaos and without them the gods would never have come to Valhalla. But the guardians became tyrants when, in a community growing civilized, the judicial results of semi-magical ritual ceased to be tolerable, and the so-called judgments of God were openly deemed unjust alike by men of war and by men of religion. Their ways could not be mended; they must be broken, and a new body must be fashioned for the justice which, in its old embodiment, was too visibly blind, even in the eyes of twelfth century suitors. The masters who were no longer protectors, but oppressors, must be fought with and overthrown if the law were to be made an organ of living righteousness. Truly the spirit of our infant law had need of a mighty champion.

"It was written of the Church that kings should be her nursing fathers. No less truly might it be said of the Common Law. The king's overriding power, a power both to devise and to execute, was the only one strong enough for the work. Royal inquests, royal precepts and decisions. Ingenuity of royal officers at least as eager to bring fees into the king's coffers and enhance the reputation of the king's court as to procure ease and satisfaction to suitors, were the means not precisely of abolishing the inflexible and cumbrous old proceuure—we had not formally begun to abolish anything—but of relegating it to an obscurity where it was speedily forgotten, and so completely forgotten, too, that professed antiquarian lawyers could, almost down to our own time, believe trial by jury to be immemorial.

"Technical dialectic is an excellent servant; the lay people may talk as they please, 'after their own talent,' as the year books say, but every lawyer that has sat on committees knows that untrained amateur pedantry can be both more absurd and more unjust than any professional bias. Nevertheless, good servants often want to be masters, and make very bad masters when they get their way. So it happened with common law pleadings and procedure. The mischief cannot be ascribed in any great measure to the partial survivals of extreme archaism.

"Form for form's sake has been a harsh mistress, and the demon of subtlety for subtlety's sake has been the cause of tremendous evils. The evils have not been due to the archaic forms of the law, but, in most cases, to the degeneration of the archaic forms into something else."

APPEAL FOR MEN TEACHERS.

Boys Too Effeminate, Say Principals, When They Haven't Male Instructors.

Principals and men teachers are making an urgent appeal for more men teachers in the elementary schools, saying the lack of supervision and instruction by male teachers is a distinct loss to the boys.

The Principals' Association will send resolutions to the Board of Education at its next meeting, asking that men teachers be appointed to classes in the fifth year. Under a ruling of the Board of Superintendents, men teachers are appointed in the elementary schools only for the sixth, seventh, and eighth years. The Principals declare this to be an unwise policy, tending to make the boys effeminate. They assert that thousands of boys in this city leave the schools at the end of the fifth year to go to work, and that under the present order of things such boys end their school days without ever having had instruction from a man teacher. This, the Principals declare, is a distinct discrimination against boys at an age when they most need instruction by men.

Investigation by the men teachers, as well as by men eligible to teach but as yet unappointed, shows, they say, that nothing like as many men teachers are now employed in the elementary schools as might be employed even under the present ruling. It was found, they say, that there were no less than fifty schools in Brooklyn in which men might be teachers in which no men were found. The unappointed teachers were surprised also to find that most of these schools actually had men Principals, who have usually maintained that the schools did not have nearly enough men.

Tablet to a Catholic Governor.

Gov. Dix will unveil a bronze memorial tablet on the eastern pillar of St. Peter's Church in Barclay Street next Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, in the presence of Archbishop Farley, Rt. Rev. Mgr. James H. McGean, rector of the church, and a number of guests. The tablet, which is erected by the Dongan Memorial Committee, recites that Sir Thomas Dongan was Governor of the colony from 1683 to 1688, and during his rule the first Legislative Assembly was organized and charters given to Albany and New York, and acts passed granting freedom of worship, freedom from arbitrary arrest, and securing trial by jury in the colony. Gov. Dongan was a Catholic.

DIVORCE AND ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH

Discussed in Joseph Medill Patterson's "Rebellion" at the Maxine Elliott Theatre.

VALUES RATHER DUBIOUS

Gertrude Elliott Reappears, but Though Lovely and Charming, Plays Too Much in Exalted Lyric Key.

REBELLION, a play in four acts, by Joseph Medill Patterson. Maxine Elliott Theatre.
Georgia Connor.....Gertrude Elliott
Jim Connor.....George Farren
Mrs. Talbot.....Eva Vincent
Al Talbot.....George Le Guere
Mason Stevens.....A. Scott Gatty
Father Hervey.....Fuller Mellish
Dr. Randall.....James E. Wilson
A Politician.....Charles Dowd
A Collector.....Malcom Cook
A Janitor.....Harry M. Price

Mr. Joseph Medill Patterson's play, "Rebellion," like his novel of the same name, discusses several things. Divorce, for instance, heredity, and sex selection. The poor little weakling baby, child of a drunken father and a rebellious mother, dies in its crib while the doctor and the priest bandy words about immortal life. Whatever respect any one may have for the doctor's personal opinions of the future, no doubt remains as to his inability to cope with the present. In fact, he has just pronounced the baby out of danger when it goes to sleep never to awaken.

This, of course, is a mere detail. But from little things, however, one is often able to get a sense of the bigger ones.

Georgie Connor has just had an increase in salary and brings home a nice, shiny twenty-dollar gold piece. Although she knows her husband is worthless and a drunkard, she puts the money in a drawer from which a few minutes later he is able to extract it. Which would seem to indicate that Georgie, for all her splendid qualities, is a little careless. But most people's sympathies, one fancies, will go out to Georgia.

With Georgie supporting herself, her mother, brother, and her husband, the theft of the money is the final straw. She packs the man's trunk, and turns him out of the house. What follows is the natural problem. Georgie herself is making progress in business, and she has the assistance of a decent, hard-working young man, who is rising in the world. All that Jim Connor lacks, in fact, Mason Steven possesses.

But Georgie's people have been Catholics for generations. And so, though Jim is utterly worthless—perhaps through inherited tendencies and no real fault of his own—her mother will not hear of divorce. And on her side, as against Georgie and what is ordinarily termed "common sense," stands the priest, a gentle, kindly, holy man—but firm. Then one Sunday morning after church he brings Jim back home with a plea for forgiveness and a positive record of not having tasted liquor for a whole month. Georgie is set in her mind, but the priest finally brings her round.

She says good-bye to the other man and takes Jim in for better or for worse. Of course, after that it is considerably worse. And somehow one feels that even the good priest should never have brought Georgie to the test, when Jim, whinlingly assuring her of his repentance, sullenly mentions as the only other alternative, his old friend whisky, "always a good friend," waiting for him round the corner. Somehow or other it seemed last night as though even a very saintly man would have taken Jim by the collar at this point, led him to the door, and, after planting a kick where it would have done the most good sent him on his way.

To be sure, all this doesn't affect what is obviously the chief purpose of Mr. Patterson's "Rebellion." That is to discuss and to get discussed the question of divorce, especially as it is viewed by the Catholic Church. Mr. Patterson, one assumes, is opposed to the churchly view, for when all is said and done, Georgie does fall away, even though in so doing she has lost the hope of absolution.

Viewed purely as a theatrical entertainment, its most doubtful aspect appears in the fact that the very people whom it might perhaps most interest will be the very ones who will probably be the least likely to enjoy having the subject argued on the stage. From another point of view it is in danger of repelling on account of its general cheerlessness and the fact that it leads to no particular conclusion. Moreover, its third act, though it piles on the horrors, marks no real progress of events.

The play contains some good writing, some interesting if conventional characters, and a good deal of talk. And of rather a theatrical order in itself. It is made no less so by some of the acting.

It was good to see Miss Gertrude Elliott again, to look on her loveliness, and to hear her beautiful voice and exquisitely precise and pleasing diction. But for some reason not to be understood Miss Elliott seemed always to be feeling that she might not be understood. Hardly once during the entire evening did she read a line as though she were merely speaking it, and though the lyric quality of her speech had its charm at times, the insistence of the elocution ultimately became trying.

The rôle of Georgie, for all the seriousness of its purpose, is melodramatic enough at the very best, but it might have seemed less so if keyed a little differently. And yet, in the climax of anguish at the end of the third act, Miss Elliott struck a beautifully true and poignant note that cut deeply into sympathy.

There was a good, colorful performance of the drunkard by George Farren, an attractive figure of a boy by George L. Guere, and, except for the speech which didn't sound the least like Chicago, an extremely virile and attractive other man in the person of A. Scott Gatty.

And Miss Eva Vincent, always dependable whether for humor or pathos, was perfection itself as the strictly catholic mother, with absolute conviction, not the least sense of humor, and a heart overflowing with pity and with love.

The rôle of the priest was played with dignity and gentleness by Fuller Mellish.

Mormon Choir at the Hippodrome.

The choir from the Mormon Tabernacle at Salt Lake City, composed of about 250 singers, will give two concerts at the Hippodrome on Sunday evenings, Nov. 5 and 12. Sponsors for the tour of the Mormon singers include many of the prominent men of Utah and several hundred business men of Salt Lake City. The singers will appear in several Western cities before reaching New York, and after their concerts here they will appear in Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and then go through the Middle West back to Utah. The choir is under the management of George D. Ryper, and the tour will cover more than 5,000 miles.

"The Three Romeos" Staged.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—The premier of the new musical comedy "The Three Romeos" took place at the National Theatre here to-night. The piece was sumptuously staged. Three good numbers are, "I've Been Looking for a Girl Like You," "The Lily and the Rose," and "Humpty Dumpty." The book and lyrics of the play are by R. H. Burnside and the music is by Raymond Hubbell. Fellner and Dreyfus are the producers. In the cast are Georgia Caine, William Danforth, Elita Proctor Otis, Fred Lennox, Ethel Cadman, Fred Walton, Alfred Kappeler, Shirley Kellogg, Vivian Rushmore, John G. Sparks, Mabelia Baker, and Sydney Barraclough.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Frederic Thompson has engaged Robert Drouet for a role of a newspaper reporter in W. B. Maloney's new play, "Graft," that is to be produced soon.

Georgia O'Ramey, who played Kit McNair in "Seven Days," has been engaged for one of the principal roles with Thomas A. Wise and John Barrymore in "Uncle Sam."

The Shuberts plan to organize a second company to play "The Kiss Waltz" out of New York this season.

David Warfield and his company in "The Return of Peter Grimm" began a week of rehearsals at the Belasco Theatre yesterday, preparatory to opening in Baltimore next Monday.

Gustav Frohman's production of "Father Jerome," with Orrin Johnson as the star, opened in Red Bank, N. J., Monday night.

Johnston Forbes-Robertson will sail for New York on the Lusitania on Oct. 7, to begin another season here in "The Passing of the Third Floor Back."

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence H. Mackay have taken an apartment at the Ritz-Carlton for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. William Allen Adriance of 116 Riverside Drive, will give a dance at Sherry's on the night of Jan. 1 for their débutante daughter, Miss Dorothy A. Adriance.

William Walton Rutherfurd, who has been abroad almost a year, has just closed a long lease for the Elms, near Brighton, England. The place is celebrated for its old world gardens. On completion of the alterations next Spring Mr. Rutherfurd will take possession.

Mrs. Charles P. Baldwin of Newport and Mr. and Mrs. Philip Rhinelander and family are at the Briar Cliff Lodge for the Autumn season.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Van Steenbergh and Mrs. James D. Taylor of 20 West Eighty-second Street, who have been spending the Summer at Douglaston, L. I., will return to town this week.

Mrs. Daniel Lamont, Miss Lamont, and Miss Katharine Lamont, who have been at their country place at Millbrook, N. Y., came to town yesterday for a few days and are at the Hotel Gotham.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Drexel Godfrey and Mrs. J. C. Hoagland returned yesterday on the Kronprinz Wilhelm after an extended stay abroad.

Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson, Jr., spent a part of September at the Château Frontenac, Quebec.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Y. Dalzell are the guests of Mrs. Joseph Stickney at Bretton Woods, N. H.

Mrs. Wickersham, wife of the Attorney General, is at the Mount Pleasant in the White Mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Gavin (Miss Hill) have gone to New Castle, N. B., to hunt moose and other game. They will make their headquarters a hundred or more miles from the route of the ordinary hunters.

Miss Alice Everard Strong, daughter of Mrs. William E. Strong of this city, and C. Tiffany Richardson will be married on Oct. 10 at Saranac Lake.

$235,000 FOR TRINITY.

Dukes Give Another Large Sum to North Carolina College.

Special to The New York Times.

DURHAM, N. C., Oct. 3.—From Trinity College stage to-night announcements were made of gifts amounting to $235,000, the contributions being those of Benjamin Newton Duke and James Buchanan Duke of New York, formerly of Durham. These gifts are for buildings and running expenses of the college, to which the Duke family has already contributed more than a million and a half. So frequent have been these munificences that they have necessitated a change in the college charter. The donations will make possible the completion of a quadrangular group of dormatories and administrative buildings and the purchase of fifty acres of land to add to the college campus. Thirty thousand goes to current expenses. Five thousand is also announced as the contribution from the two North Carolina Methodist Conferences to which the college belongs.

These are the nucleus of a million-dollar additional endowment, the Dukes agreeing to give $800,000 if the conferences contributed one-fourth that amount. That would make Trinity's endowment five times that of any Southern denominational college. At the exercises to-night President Henry N. Snyder of Wofford College, South Carolina, delivered the annual address, President W. P. Few making the announcements for the college.

JAY GOULD BUYS A HOUSE.

George J. Gould's Youngest Son Purchases 1,082 Fifth Avenue for $250,000.

Jay Gould, youngest son of George Jay Gould, who married Miss Annie Douglas Graham, daughter of Mrs. Hubert Vos, last May, has purchased a house at 1,082 Fifth Avenue. This was learned yesterday from an authoritative source, although the firm which reported the sale declined to give any information as to the buyer.

The house was purchased for $250,000, and is just south of the block occupied by Andrew Carnegie's house, between Ninetieth and Ninety-first Streets. Mrs. Elizabeth W. Van Ingen owns and occupies the house next door, 1,081, and 1,083 is owned by Archer M. Huntington. The house is a six-story American basement dwelling.

Mr. Gould's brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., have a house at 1,015 Fifth Avenue, and his father's new town house is at 857 Fifth Avenue.

PASSENGERS FROM EUROPE.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and Her Children on the Victoria Luise.

Among the passengers who arrived in New York yesterday were:

MOLTKE (Genoa and Naples)—Ramon Blanchart, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Carpenter, Mrs. Howard Chichester, Dr. J. H. Curtin, George W. Eastman, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Green, Dr. Richard Knobiauch, Mrs. R. A. Lancaster, Arthur C. Magill, the Rev. Dr. H. Nassau, the Marquis Bernardo Navarro, Howard A. Sperry, and John W. Thomas.

VICTORIA LUISE (Hamburg)—Henry C. Ide, United States Minister to Spain; Mr. and Mrs. W. Bourke Cockran, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and her children; Prof. David M. Robinson, and Prof. Albert A. Michelson.

To-day's Weddings.

Miss Grace Denton, daughter of the late Judge Eugene V. Denton, and James H. Pinckney, Jr., will be married this evening at the Church of the Incarnation at Garden City, L. I.

Miss Bertha Schloo, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Schloo of Corona, L. I., and Walter Burnett Woodruff of Flushing, N. J., will be married at 8 o'clock this evening at the Hotel Gotham. About 400 guests are expected to the reception.

WHITTLESEY—NOEL.

Miss Geraldine Noel, daughter of the late Capt. York Noel, United States Navy, was married yesterday to George N. Whittlesey by the Rev. M. C. Gleeson, a Chaplain of the navy. The marriage took place at 50 Willow Street, Brooklyn.

H. Henry Bertram's Bachelor Dinner.

H. Henry Bertram, whose marriage to Miss Ella Lawrence Lewis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Leon Lewis of this city, is set for Saturday at Allenhurst, N. J., gave his bachelor dinner last night at Delmonico's. His guests were Edward L. Lewis and his son, E. L. Lewis, Jr.; Clinton W. Crow, who will act as best man; M. V. W. De Mott, John Steingester, Ralph C. Runyon, A. F. Cronhardt, L. E. K. White, and H. W. Thorn.

"The Quaker Girl" in Atlantic City.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Oct. 3.—"The Quaker Girl" was given its American premier at the Apollo Theatre to-night by Henry B. Harris. The music is bright and the production is really light opera rather than musical comedy. The parts are well cast, the scenery attractive, and costumes pretty. There is a large chorus. May Vokes plays Cruicess, Mathilde's maid, and Daphne Glenne plays the Princess. Clifton Crawford as Tony Chute has the principal male rôle. The play goes to Philadelphia for two weeks and then to the Park Theatre, New York.

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MISS STALLO FOUND FIANCE UNCONGENIAL

Engagement to Florman Wasn't Broken Because Florman, Sr., Is a Masseur.

FATHER KEPT OUT OF SIGHT

Feared He Might Injure His Son's Social Prospects and Only Watched Him from Afar.

Miss Helena Stallo of Cincinnati, a granddaughter of the late Alexander McDonald, a Standard Oil magnate, who broke her engagement with Nils Florman, who is related to the royal family of Sweden, will sail presently for Europe with her sister, Miss Laura Stallo, to spend the Winter.

It came out yesterday that Miss Stallo's reason for breaking the engagement was not because she has recently discovered that Mr. Florman was the son of a masseur who had been employed in this city, but because she did not think that he would be congenial. Her father, Edmund K. Stallo, who lives at the Waldorf-Astoria, emphatically declared that the young man's connections on his father's side had nothing to do with the case.

"I have a very high opinion of young Florman," said Mr. Stallo. "He is one of the best bred young men in America to-day. My daughter broke off the engagement for a woman's reason and nothing else. She said she did not think that she and Mr. Florman would be congenial. She has a right to change her mind, hasn't she?"

Mr. Florman, who is living at the Hotel Gotham, went to business as usual yesterday, but made no statement. He has lived at that hotel for the last four years, ever since he was sent to this country to study banking by his grandfather, Admiral Count Bonde.

His father, Gasto Florman, whom his mother divorced some years ago, and who was a Lieutenant in the Swedish Army, came to this country some time previous to his son's arrival. Mr. Florman knew his father was somewhere on this side, but did not know just where he was. For months, it was learned yesterday, father and son lived within a few blocks of each other without knowing it, Mr. Florman, Sr., living in Lexington Avenue, near Fifty-ninth Street, while his son made his home at the Gotham.

A notice in the society columns of a newspaper which mentioned young Florman's name as a guest at a social function, was the first intimation that the senior Florman got of his son's whereabouts in New York, it is said, and forthwith the father communicated with him.

It is related of the elder Florman that he loved his son dearly, and would frequently take his stand outside the hotel, just to get a glimpse of him, but that he would never make himself known while any of his son's friends were near. He became acquainted with several of the men employed outside the hotel, but who have since left, and confided to them that he would never dream of forcing himself upon his son, as he felt that to make himself and his business known would seriously handicap the young man's chances of social success.

Young Florman, however, it seems, was not at all ashamed of his father and disclosed the fact that his father was a masseur to Miss Stallo and her family, as soon as he became acquainted with them. He also invariably told his friends, most of whom are in society, but this made no difference to them.

He spent part of the Summer on board Col. John Jacob Astor's yacht, the Noma, as he is a friend of Col. Astor's, and was a frequent visitor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Force, Mrs. Astor's parents. On the day following Col. Astor's marriage he took luncheon with Mrs. Force and her daughter, Miss Katherine Emmons Force, at the Gotham.

Oscar Larson, who runs a Swedish massage establishment at 813 Park Avenue, and his wife, Mrs. Tootsie Larson, said last night that they knew the masseur father of Mr. Florman.

"It's all wrong that Mr. Florman's father worked in a Turkish bath place," exclaimed Mrs. Larson. "He had a private practice of his own and got big fees. He had several wealthy men on his list. Most of his massaging has been done in the homes of his patients. He didn't have any set headquarters. I knew him very well, and referred several friends to him."

The Larsons were certain, however, that the elder Florman is no longer in New York. Mrs. Larson said he left the city some few months ago. Larson said he was in Paris. The elder Florman spoke several languages, and could make his way anywhere, Mrs. Larson said.

Mr. Florman first met Miss Stallo in Paris, although previously both had been at the Gotham, but never chanced to meet there. On July 19 Miss Stallo's engagement to Mr. Florman was announced at the Stallo home in Clifton, a suburb of Cincinnati. Mr. Florman then paid a visit to his fiancée and accompanied the family East when they were en route for their Summer place on Prince Edward Island. A few days ago she wrote to her father that she had changed her mind and would not marry Mr. Florman.

Miss Stallo is 18, two years younger than her sister, Miss Laura Stallo. They inherited a fortune from the grandfather, and each has an income of about $20,000 a year.

Mr. Florman's mother was Countess Ida Bonde, who married Gasto Florman against her father's wishes. After she had obtained her divorce, Count Bonde took his daughter and her three children under his care. Young Florman's brother is an officer now in the Royal Lancers of the Swedish Army, and his sister married Count Berundott. His grandmother on his mother's side was Charlotte Marryat, daughter of the Duke and Duchess of Somerset. He is connected with the King of Sweden.

Choates Prepare for Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Choate arrived here yesterday to complete preparations for the celebration of their golden wedding, which is to take place at their country place at Stockbridge, Mass., Monday, Oct. 16. Last night they entertained at dinner at the Hotel Gotham, where they are staying. A special train will carry their friends from New York on Oct. 15 to Naumkeag, and there will be a number of guests from Europe.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

WILLIAM HENRY HINCHMAN, died Sept. 22, 1911, at Newport, R. I.; left more than $10,000 personalty and realty of unknown value, a life income to his wife, Ella V. Hinchman, and remainder interests to his nieces, Marie L. and Emma H. Hinchman.

JOSEPHINE T. ROBINSON, died Aug. 22, 1911; left about $800 personalty to her husband, John E. Robinson.

LEOPOLD COHN, died Sept. 26, 1911; left more than $10,000 realty and personalty of unknown value to his wife, Sara Cohn, his sons Herbert, Frank, and Charles, and his daughters Dorothy and Marjorie Cohn.

BERNARD HENRY REPELOW, formerly REPELOWSKI, died Aug. 11, 1911, at Saranac Lake; left more than $10,000 personalty to his mother, Amelia Repolowski.

PETER VALENTINE SCHUSTER left $6,000 personalty to his mother, Katharina Schuster.

AMANDA LOUISA KEIGWIN, died Nov. 17, 1910; left about $500 personalty to her son, Albert E., and her husband, Albert H. Keigwin.

JOHN A. SINGER left his house, 110 East 177th Street, and its contents and 250 shares of the Singer Manufacturing Company to his housekeeper, Charlotte Jane Donelly; 250 shares of the same stock each to his nephews William P. and Jasper S. Archer and his cousin Charles Sponsler, and the residue of his estate to his nephew, William P. Archer.

THOMAS R. MANNERS, died Sept. 22, 1911, at Stonington, Conn.; left $1,000 to Jay P. Scott, $3,000 each to Mary A. Manners, Rebecca E. Manners, Annie C. Laird, Henrietta C. Henderson, Robert R. Manners, and William S. Manners, and $500 each to Fannie Robertson and Charlotte A. Manners, and an interest of unestimated value to his wife, Frances L. W. Manners.

JOHN S. WILSON, died Aug. 21, 1911, at Bass Rocks, Mass.; left more than $10,000 personalty and more than $10,000 realty; $150,000 in trust for his wife, Katherine W. Wilson, and equal shares to his son, John S., Jr., and in trust for his children, Ella D. Swan, Florence W. Swift, Dallet H. Wilson, and Joseph A. Wilson.

GERALDINE FARRAR ARRIVES.

With Antonio Scotti, Soprano Will Sing Phonograph Records.

Miss Geraldine Farrar arrived yesterday on the Kronprinz Wilhelm without her mother. It is the first time that the two have been separated since Miss Farrar became a singer. Mrs. Farrar's recent illness and operation for appendicitis were responsible for this. Miss Farrar received a cablegram from her father, Sidney Farrar, when she stepped off the boat, which told her that her mother was rapidly recovering and would soon be able to join her.

Charles E. Ellis of Boston, who is to manage Miss Farrar's concert tour, met her, and they spent some time last night discussing this tour, which will commence almost immediately. Before it begins, however, the soprano will go to Philadelphia to sing some phonograph records with Antonio Scotti, who also arrived on the Kronprinz Wilhelm.

Miss Farrar will open the season of the Metropolitan Opera Company in Brooklyn on Nov. 11, singing "Madama Butterfly." Her new rôle this season will be the leading part in Wolf-Ferrarri's "Le Donne Curiose."

Mr. Scotti has come back with a mustache. He will go on a concert tour also before the opera season commences. His singing partner will be Mme. de Pasquale.

RUSSIAN DANCERS ENJOINED.

Volinine and Lopoukowa Served in Suit by Miss Hoffmann's Managers.

Alexander Volinine and Lydia Lopoukowa, Russian dancers, who appeared with Gertrude Hoffmann's company in "La Saison des Ballets Russe" at the Winter Garden, and who left the organization about two weeks ago, were served with papers in an application for injunction, issued yesterday by Judge Ward in the United States Circuit Court. Sondheim & Sondheim, attorneys, appeared for Comstock & Gest, managers of "La Saison des Ballets Russe."

The papers were served on the dancers at the Metropolitan Opera House as they were about to begin rehearsals with the Rabinoff-Mordkin company. The temporary injunction granted by Judge Ward restrains Volinine and Lopoukowa from rehearsing or appearing under any other management than that of Comstock & Gest.

The dancers left this management in Minneapolis about two weeks ago, asserting that the introduction of a vaudeville review into the performance given by the company was a breach of contract.

KUBELIK'S FINGERS INSURED.

Violinist, Who Comes for Tour, Says He Carries a $235,000 Policy.

Jan Kubelik, the Bohemian violinist, was among the arrivals on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm yesterday afternoon. He comes for what had been announced as his final American tour. His first concert will be given at the Hippodrome on Sunday night, Oct. 15. He will then tour the United States and Canada and will sail for South America for another tour in April.

Kubelik among other announcements said on arrival that he had insured his fingers for about $235,000.

CITY DEATH RATE LOWER.

Health Commissioner Lederle Thinks 1911 Will Set New Record.

The city has an excellent prospect, Health Commissioner Lederle thinks, of making a new low record in the death rate this year. The number of deaths in the city reported for the nine months ended Sept. 30 was 58,144, giving a death rate of 15.56 per 1,000 population, as against 16.27 for the corresponding period of 1910, in which 58,631 deaths were reported.

Applied to the population for 1911, this reduction would represent 2,661 fewer deaths in the nine months just ended, and Dr. Lederle estimates that if this decreased mortality should continue for the remaining three months of the year it would mean 3,538 less deaths for the entire year as compared with 1910.

The present rate, 15.56 per 1,000, Dr. Lederle says, is the lowest for the corresponding period since the consolidation of the boroughs in 1898, the nearest approach being two years ago, when the rate was 16.06 per 1,000.

The number of deaths of infants from all causes under one year of age during the nine months just ended was 11,733, giving a rate of 124.6 per 1,000 of infants living under one year of age, as against 12,930 deaths and a rate of 142.3 per 1,000 infants during the corresponding period of 1910. This means a decrease in the death rate among infants of 17.7 per 1,000, which, if applied to the number of infants living under one year of age would mean a saving of 1,667 infants during the first nine months of this year.

MAY FLOAT PART OF MAINE.

If Engines Were in Condition Battleship Could Be Put Under Steam.

HAVANA, Oct. 3.—An examination of the after section of the battleship Maine, comprising about one-third the full length of the ship, has removed all doubt from the minds of the engineers of the feasibility of building a bulkhead in it and floating it out of the cofferdam. Consequently the fitting of the bulkhead will be begun as soon as the material for it is received from the north.

There is still a possibility that the engines of the Maine are in such condition that they can be restored to service, and with temporary boilers permit of the wreck proceeding out of the harbor under her own steam. This course probably will not be adopted, however, on account of the expense involved.

The next two months will be devoted to a continuation of the work of dissecting by gas blasts the shattered parts of the hull, from which more bodies may be recovered.

A part of one of the forward magazines is now visible, but its condition does not warrant a conjecture regarding the character of the explosion which sank the Maine.

FOUR HURT IN AUTO CRASH.

Three Men in a Dying Condition at a Mineola Hospital.

Three men are in a dying condition in the Nassau Hospital at Mineola, L. I., as the result of an automobile accident at Cold Spring Harbor, L. I., early yesterday morning. They are James Winkler of Grand Avenue, Brooklyn, owner of the automobile; Charles Nangelbaum of Bath Beach, Brooklyn, his chauffeur, and George Matthews, a friend of Winkler, who lives at Oyster Bay, where Winkler has been spending the Summer. A fourth man, John Harnett, proprietor of a hotel at East Norwich, L. I., was slightly injured, but was not taken to the hospital.

Winkler and his friends went out on Monday evening. They rode all night, and early yesterday morning were on their way home. While descending Jones's Hill at high speed the tire blew out. The chauffeur immediately applied his brakes, but could not stop the car soon enough to prevent it from skidding off the road, made slippery by heavy rains, and striking the telegraph pole.

THE LOVE MILLS' MELODIOUS

Adapted Belgian Operetta Produced at Frohman's Globe Theatre, London.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—Charles Frohman's Globe Theatre was the scene to-night of the production of "The Love Mills," an adaptation of the Belgian operetta by A. Van Most, which proved a delightful change after the somewhat monotonous succession of Viennese musical comedies.

The music is by a skillful hand and is gay, light, and melodious, and the book provides pleasant, if highly spiced, fare. It is arranged for the English stage by Leslie Stiles, who sang and played the chief male rôle with great success.

TRAPPED BY A MINISTER.

Man Who Asked to be Married Is Now Held for Bigamy.

Arrested at the instance of the Rev. Albert N. Stubblebine, rector of the Bethany Presbyterian Church, Newark, N. J., as he was about to commit bigamy, William J. Jones, alias William J. J. Fischer, was held by Judge Herr in the Fourth Precinct Police Court yesterday in $1,000 bail for the Grand Jury on a charge preferred by Miss Emma Zoeller of 185 Belmont Avenue, Newark.

When Jones and Miss Zoeller came to Mr. Stubblebine's parsonage on Monday night and asked to be married the minister became suspicious of the man, whose answers to some of the questions put to him were evasive. He telephoned to the Fourth Precinct Station, and Detective Sebold went to the house. After questioning Jones he placed him under arrest. Jones had in his possession a marriage license of the City of Newark, made out to himself as William J. J. Fischer and Miss Zoeller.

Detective Sebold learned that the prisoner had a wife, whom he married in 1909, living at 164 Morris Avenue. A letter was also produced in court and written by the prisoner to Miss Zoeller, in which he stated that he was single.

AGED COUPLE DIE TOGETHER.

He 85 and She 70, and a Leaking Gas Tube Ended Their Lives.

Children in the neighborhood of 285 Fackman Street, Brownsville, who had often been entertained by Yiddish tales by "Grandpop" Fincus Schwalb, the old tailor who lived there with his wife Lena, detected an odor of gas at the locked door of the place early last night. Several of them ran to the corner and told Policeman Cordes about it.

Cordes and several other men rang the bell, and, receiving no answer, put their shoulders against the front door and pushed it open. The interior of the little tailor shop was filled with gas fumes. The men hurried into the next room, which the old couple had occupied as a bedroom and living room. In bed there they found the two old people, apparently asleep. But neither voices nor hands could awaken them.

The flow of gas was traced to a leaking tube connecting a small stove in the room with a gas jet in the wall.

Henry Schwalb, a tailor, of 145 Christopher Street, Brownsville, a son of the dead couple, was notified by the police. He said he had frequently begged his father, who was 85 years old, and his mother, who was 70, to give up their home and live with him, but that the aged couple had insisted on working together until the last.

Capt. Charles P. Kirkland.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Oct. 3.—Capt. Charles P. Kirkland died at his home, here, shortly before midnight Monday night. He had been a sufferer from a cancerous growth on the tongue, and an operation afforded relief, but complications developed and hastened his death. Capt. Kirkland was 47 years old. He was a member of an old New York family, a son of Edward and Ellen Thorn Kirkland, both of whom are dead. A brother, Col. Eugene T. Kirkland, with whom Capt. Kirkland lived, survives him. While a resident of New York, Capt. Kirkland was interested in National Guard affairs. He was a Sergeant in Company K, Seventh Regiment, N. G. N. Y., of which his brother was Captain, and during the Spanish-American War he was promoted to a Captaincy. He was a member of the Pequot Casino Association and Thames Club and was active in Masonry.

John S. S. Remsen Dies in London.

Word was received in Brooklyn last night of the death yesterday in London, England, of John Schenck Suydam Remsen, a well-known Brooklyn sportsman. Mr. Remsen went abroad to attend the coronation ceremonies in London, and was taken ill while in England. He was a member of one of the oldest of Long Island families, and was born thirty-five years ago in the Remsen homestead on Flatlands Neck, Brooklyn. Mr. Remsen was never engaged in any business. For several years he had made his home in Islip, L. I., and was widely known on Long Island as a crack wing shot. He was for a time Commodore of the Babylon Yacht Club. His wife survives him.

Prof. John Bascom.

John Bascom, Professor Emeritus of Political Economy at Williams College and formerly President of the University of Wisconsin, died on Monday night at his home in Williamstown, Mass. He was born in Genoa, N. Y., eighty-four years ago, the son of the Rev. John Bascom. His class at Williams was 1849, and he became Professor of Rhetoric there in 1875 and Professor of Political Economy in 1891. His Presidency of the Western University was held during the four years which preceded his joining the Faculty of Williams.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN M. BRIGHT, 94 years old, the oldest lawyer in Tennessee, died Monday night at his home near Fayetteville. He was Inspector General of Tennessee during the civil war, and member of Congress from 1871 to 1879.

DAVID CROCKETT, 75 years old, a Confederate veteran of the civil war, cousin of the famous Texan of that name, died at his home in Columbia, Miss., yesterday. During the border warfare in Missouri Crockett was hanged to a tree by Union soldiers and rescued at the point of death by his comrades.

GEORGE E. HENDERSON, for forty-eight years a resident of Brooklyn, died on Sunday at his home, 728 Putnam Avenue. He was born in Chatham, New Brunswick. For many years Mr. Henderson was connected with the firm of Howard & Morse of Fulton Street, Manhattan.

CHARLES H. COLLINS, President of Collins & Fairbanks Co., hatters of Boston, died recently at his home in Dorchester. Death was caused by apoplexy. He was Director in the India Mutual Life Insurance Company, in Scott & Co., Limited, and in the Waltham Trust Company. Mr. Collins was born in Charlestown 91 years ago.

LEO HAFFORD of Somerville, Mass., died on Monday of typhoid pneumonia. Formerly a member of the Cincinnati baseball team, he was later coach at Storrs Academy in Willimantic, Conn., where he died. He was 27 years old.

Mrs. SARAH E. PURGESS, the oldest resident of East Wareham, died on Monday at her home there. She was in her 99th year. She was a direct descendant in the seventh generation from Richard Warren, who came over in the Mayflower. Her home in East Wareham was on a farm which had been in the possession of her family for a century.

HORACE HUNT died yesterday morning at his apartment in the Hotel Somerset in West Forty-seventh Street. He was eighty-six years old. Mr. Hunt is survived by his wife, Catherine W. Gore Hunt. His daughter, Marie A. Hunt, married Dr. Edward B. Dench of 15 East Fifty-third Street.

FERDINAND SUYDAM HEGEMAN, a retired farmer, who was a descendant of original settlers of Kings County, died at his home, 102 Parkey Street, Brooklyn, on Monday. He was born in the old Town of New Lots, sixty-five years ago.

EBENEZER KIMBALL, 78 years old, who was for half a century the sexton of the De Kalb Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, died at his home, 334 Second Street, that borough, on Monday.

WILLIAM E. FAISON, National Counselor of the Junior Order United American Mechanics in 1904, until last year editor of that order's National organ, and for a number of years Assistant Commissioner of Labor and Printing of North Carolina, was found dead from heart disease in his apartments in Raleigh yesterday. Mr. Faison was 43 years old, and was one of the largest men in the State, weighing 330 pounds.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

BAKER—MORSE.—At Greyrocks, Amherst, Mass., Sept. 30, Sarah Duncan, daughter of Prof. and Mrs. A. D. Morse, to James, son of Elizabeth E. and the late James Baker of Lawrence, Long Island, N. Y.

CLIFT—MORGAN.—At Oak Park, Ill., Sept. 30, by the Rev. Andrew J. Montgomery, Miss Evelyn May Morgan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Homer Morgan, Oak Park, Ill., and Mr. Fred W. Clift, son of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Clift of Summit, N. J.

WHITTLESEY—NOEL.—On Tuesday, Oct. 3, 1911, at 50 Willow St., Brooklyn, by the Rev. M. C. Gleeson, Chaplain, U. S. N., Geraldine Noel, daughter of the late Capt. York Noel, U. S. N., and Mrs. Noel, to George N. Whittlesey of New York.

SINCLAIR—M'GLYNN.—Oct. 2, Elizabeth McGlynn to Edward Sinclair.

Brooklyn.

PINCHIN—GUMPERT.—Oct. 2, Mabel S. Gumpert to Edward T. Pinchin.

RICHARDSON—NAYLER.—Oct. 2, Lillian Nayler to Harry F. Richardson.

Married.

TROUTFIELD—M'KEON.—Oct. 1, Margaret H. McKeon to Louis S. Troutfield.

Connecticut.

BERKLEY—RUSSELL.—Oct. 2, New London, Bessie B. Russell to Major Randolph C. Berkley.

FRISBIE—ROGERS.—Sept. 30, Danbury, Jeannette E. Rogers to Charles G. Frisbie.

New Jersey.

POPYS—GEHRS.—Oct. 1, Greenville, Magdalene Gehrs to Nicholas E. Popys.

New York State.

NOETZEL—WAITE.—Oct. 2, Poughkeepsie, Gertrude C. Waite to Paul C. Noetzel.

Died.

ALBERTSON.—Oct. 3, at Mantoloking, N. J., Benjamin Albertson. Funeral services at 4 P. M. Thursday, at the Albertson, Mantoloking, N. J. The interment will be at Trenton, N. J., train leaving Sea Girt at 7:44 A. M. Friday.

ALDERDICE.—Suddenly, at New London, Conn., at the residence of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Winslow Alderdice, Commander William Hillery Alderdice, U. S. N., retired.

BEATTY.—At his residence, 240 East 201st St., James T. Beatty, beloved husband of Mary Goodwin Beatty. Funeral Wednesday at 10 A. M. from St. Philip Neri's Church, where solemn requiem mass will be offered. Relatives and friends, members of Xavier Alumni Sodality, Holy Name Society, and Fabian Union are invited.

BIRKBECK.—Monday, Oct. 2, 1911, at her residence, 229 West 128th St., Anne E., eldest daughter of Ann E. and the late George Birkbeck. Funeral service in St Aloysius Church, West 132d St., between 7th and 8th Avs., on Thursday, Oct. 5, at 10 o'clock A. M. Kindly omit flowers. Interment at the convenience of family. Boston papers please copy.

BYRNE.—On Monday, Oct. 2, Thomas F., beloved husband of Elvira J. Byrne. Funeral from his late residence, 105 East 78th St., Thursday, Oct. 5, at 9:30 A. M., thence to Church of St. Ignatius of Loyola, Park Av. and 84th St., where a solemn requiem will be offered at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary.

BYRNE.—The Society of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick in the City of New York, announces with deep regret the death of Thomas F. Byrne. Members are requested to attend the funeral services at the Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, Park Av. and 84th St., on Thursday, Oct. 5, 1911, at 10 A. M.
JOHN J. DELANEY, President.
WARREN LESLIE, Secretary.

THE GENERAL SOCIETY OF MECHANICS AND TRADESMEN OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
Executive Office 20 West 44th Street.

Brothers: Sorrowful announcement is made of the death of Brother Thomas F. Byrne, on October 2, for seventeen years a

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Move Within Narrow Range in Another Dull Trading Day.

OUTSIDE INTEREST SMALL

Speculative Rise in United States Rubber Attributed to Operations of a Pool.

The New York Stock Exchange is now experiencing dullness, which stands out in sharp contrast to the extremely busy days of the past fortnight. What trading developed in yesterday's market was contributed almost entirely by the professional element, and the outside interest was again lacking. Some brokers are inclined to be discouraged at the public's indifference to stocks after they have been marked down to what seems to commission houses to be bargain prices. Not only was the total volume of sales yesterday small, but the range of prices was in most cases narrow, and a number of issues which ordinarily enjoy a fair amount of activity did not open. The list closed irregular, after showing a declining tendency in the early afternoon which failed to stimulate trading. The only interesting feature in the market was furnished by United States Rubber common. This issue closed an active day with a further advance of 2½ points. Rubber common has advanced 14 points in the past eight days, largely as a result of manipulative tactics of a pool, apparently. The movement has been accompanied by a revival of the periodic dividend stories and reports of lower prices for crude rubber. St. Paul was the object of another attack in the market, and at one time sold off 2 points, but closed with a loss of only 1⅛. The recollection of the St. Paul's 1911 income account is still fresh in traders' minds, and talks of the necessity of a reduction in the company's dividend has proved of assistance in depressing the price. Steel common relapsed another point yesterday, but appeared to be held up above 60 by the prospective buying orders of traders who are short of the issue below that quotation.

The Turkish situation is being almost ignored as far as its bearing on financial markets goes, and bankers are little worried over the prospect of more trouble from that source. There was a decline in money rates in European markets yesterday, Berlin quoting a further discount of ¼ per cent., which makes a total decline of ⅝ per cent. in in the past two days. Prices in the London stock market were higher on the belief that the war situation is in control of the powers. British consols advanced 1-16 and Turkish bonds 2 points. The Paris exchange on London advanced, indicating a lightening of the stringency at Paris. There were no further gold shipments from New York yesterday, but bankers do not believe that the $3,500,000 so far sent to France will be all that is exported on this movement.

Railroad earnings continue to prove disturbing, although they reflect a better control of operating costs by most systems. The combined statements of the New York Central lines show an increase for August of $346,000. Operating expenses were reduced $1,871,000 and net earnings for the month made the rather remarkable gain of $2,215,000. The Louisville & Nashville in August enjoyed a slight increase in gross earnings and a reduction in expenses, so that net earnings were $117,000 better than for August of last year. The Chesapeake & Ohio had an increase of $70,000 in gross earnings and $5,000 in net. The annual figures of the Northern Pacific for 1911, made public at a stockholders' meeting yesterday, showed that the 7 per cent. dividend was earned last year with $3,082,000 to spare, a decrease of $1,854,000 from 1910. Considering the fact that this system lost nearly $10,000,000 in gross earnings, about equally divided between the freight and passenger departments, a reduction of expenses sufficient to wipe out all but $3,000,000 of the loss in net appears creditable. The Atchison earned a surplus of $21,371,000, as compared with $20,425,000 in 1910, so that it was able to pay its dividends, set aside $5,000,000 for additions and betterments, and still end the year with a balance of $315,000.

CALENDAR FOR THE DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Dallas Electric Company for dividend on second preferred.
International Paper Company for dividend on preferred and for annual meeting.
National Carbon Company for dividend on common.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Canadian Pacific Railway.
Lake Erie & Western Railroad.
Lake Superior Corporation.
Louisville & Nashville Railroad.
National Railways of Mexico.
Pere Marquette Railroad.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 1¾@2¼ per cent., with the last loan at 2 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¼ per cent.

Time money rates, 3½@3¾ per cent. for sixty days, 3¾@4 per cent. for ninety days and four, five, and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 4 per cent. for November and December maturities and 4¼@5 per cent. for over-the-year maturities, with some business on special names at lower rates.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3 15-16 per cent., off 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 3¼ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3⅞ per cent., off ¼ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $420,448,999; balances, $21,479,822; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,579,288.

The local banks have lost $5,389,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

	Cable.	Sight.
London	$4.8640	$4.8610
Paris	5.17⅛ less 1-64	5.18⅛ plus 1-64
Berlin	94⅞ plus 1-32	94 13-16
Switzerland	5.20 plus 1-16	5.20 less 1-64
Holland	40⅛	40 1-16 plus 1-32
Belgium	5.20⅝ less 1-16	5.21¼ less 1-16

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

	Sixty days.	Ninety days.
London—Bankers'	$4.8260	$4.8060
London—Commercial	$4.82¼	$4.80¼
Paris—Bankers'	$5.20⅝	$5.21¼
Paris—Commercial	$5.21¼ less 1-16	$5.23⅛ plus 1-32
Berlin—Bankers'	94½	94⅝
Berlin—Commercial	94 less 1-16	94¼ less 1-32

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par @5c discount; Chicago, par; St. Louis, par; San Francisco, 50c premium; St. Paul, 25c premium; Montreal, par.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver unchanged in London at 24⅛d per ounce, and in New York unchanged at 52¼c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 42c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday.

Total sales Oct. 3, 1911 439,549
From Jan. 1, 1911 92,343,541
Same period last year 130,908,740

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
49½	49¾	17,500	Amalgamated Copper	51	51¼	49¼	49⅝	−1⅜
51½	52	1,000	Am. Beet Sugar	52	52	51¼	52	+⅞
9½	9⅝	200	Am. Can	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	−⅛
82⅝	83½	100	Am. Can pf				91½	+⅞
45¾	45⅝	500	Am. Car & Foundry	83	83	83	83	+⅞
49½	50¼	300	Am. Cotton Oil	45½	45½	45½	45½	+⅞
17	18	100	Am. Ice Securities	50¼	50¾	50	50	+⅞
8¼	9	100	Am. Linseed	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	+⅞
103¼	105	100	Am. Locomotive pf	88	88	88	88	+⅞
63⅜	64	9,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref	105½	106⅛	105½	106⅛	+⅝
100½	101¼	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	64⅜	64⅜	63½	63⅞	−⅝
30	32	200	Am. Steel Foundries	101	101	101	101	−⅞
133⅛	133½	879	Am. Tel. & Tel	30	30	30	30	+1
96	97	1,040	Am. Tobacco pf	133½	133½	133½	133⅜	−⅛
32	32½	200	Anaconda Copper Co	97⅛	97⅛	96⅞	96⅞	−1⅛
102⅝	102¾	3,400	Atch., Top. & S. F	32½	32½	32½	32½	+¼
121	122	100	Atlantic Coast Line	102½	102⅝	102⅝	102¾	+¼
96½	96¾	4,100	Baltimore & Ohio	121	121	121	121	+⅝
		119	Bank of Commerce	C5¼	96¼	95	95¾	+⅝
1⅞	2	10	Batopilas Mining	193½	193⅝	193	193	+½
28	29½	100	Bethlehem Steel	2	2	2	2	
55	57	200	Bethlehem Steel pf	28	28	28	28	−1⅜
73¾	74	800	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	56⅛	56⅝	56⅛	56⅜	+⅝
226⅛	226⅜	3,600	Canadian Pacific	74	74¼	73¾	73¾	+⅞
21	21⅝	200	Central Leather Co	228½	227	226	226⅜	+1⅞
71¼	72	600	Chesapeake & Ohio	21½	21¼	21¼	21⅞	
37¼	37⅝	400	Chi. Gt. Western pf	71⅜	71⅜	71⅛	71½	+⅝
107¼	107⅝	18,250	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	87⅝	87⅝	87½	87½	+⅝
143	147	125	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	108½	109	108⅜	108⅜	−1⅞
141¼	142½	175	Chi. & Northwestern	145	145	145	145	+1
195	200	3	Chi. & Northwest. pf	141½	141½	141½	141½	+⅝
17½	17¾	800	Chino Copper	200	200	200	200	
26⅞	27	300	Colorado Fuel & Iron	17¾	17¾	17¾	17⅞	+⅛
45	46	100	Colorado & Southern	27	27	26⅞	26⅞	+⅛
135½	135¾	2,600	Consolidated Gas	44	44	44	44	+1
11¼	12	200	Corn Products Ref	134⅜	136½	134⅜	135½	+1½
74½	76	200	Corn Products Ref. pf	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	−⅛
46	46½	200	Del. & Rio Grande pf	74⅜	74⅞	74⅜	74⅞	−⅛
30	31⅛	100	Distillers' Securities	47	47	46½	46½	−⅝
30½	30¾	3,700	Erie	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	−⅛
48¾	49	1,300	Erie 1st pf	30¾	30¾	30	30	−¼
			Erie 2d pf	49¾	49¾	48¾	49	−¾
147	148½	205	Fourth Nat. Bank	205	205	205	205	
37⅛	39½	400	General Electric	149¼	149¼	148½	148¾	−¾
5¼	5⅝	200	General Motors	38½	38½	38½	38½	
123¾	123¾	4,100	Goldfield Consol	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
46½	47	1,900	Great Northern pf	123⅜	124	123	123½	+⅛
135	138	700	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	47¼	47¼	47	47	−¼
14⅞	15	100	Illinois Central	128	128	128	128	−1
43¾	44	2,500	Int.-Met. vot. tr. cfs	135¼	135¼	135¼	135¼	+¼
		2,000	Int.-Met. pf	15	15⅛	14⅝	15	−¼
101½	102¼	390	Int.-Met. pf. v. tr. cfs	43¾	44	43¼	44	+¼
115¾	119	500	Int. Harvester	41½	42	41¼	42	+½
46½	47	100	Int. Harvester pf	102½	102½	101½	102¼	−⅛
29	30	100	Int. Paper pf	117	117	117	117	+1½
10¼	12¼	100	Int. Steam Pump	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞	
158	158½	5,800	Lake Erie & Western	29	29	29	29	+½
140¼	141½	600	Lehigh Valley	12	12	12	12	−½
16⅞	17	478	Louisville & Nash	159¼	159¼	157⅜	158½	−⅝
126	127½	900	Miami Copper	141	141	140	140	−⅝
27⅞	28	900	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M	17	17	16⅞	17	
38	38¼	2,030	Mo., Kansas & Texas	128	128	128	128	−1
45¼	46¾	100	Missouri Pacific	28¾	28¾	27⅞	27⅞	−¼
49½	50¼	100	Nat. Lead Co	38¾	38⅝	37⅞	38	
16½	16¾	100	Nev. Consol. Copper	46¾	46¾	46¼	46½	−⅛
104	104¼	3,450	New York Central	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅜	−⅛
131⅛	132½	200	N. Y. N. H. & Hart	103¾	104	103¼	104	+1¼
101⅜	102¼	700	Norfolk & Western	132	132	132	132	
87	90	50	Norfolk & West. pf	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼	−⅛
65½	66¼	200	North American	90	90	90	90	
113⅝	114½	2,900	Northern Pacific	65⅝	66	65⅝	66	+¾
30¼	30⅝	200	Pacific Mail	114½	113¾	113¼	113⅝	−⅜
120½	120½	3,480	Pennsylvania R. R	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	−⅛
103½	104	100	People's Gas, Chi	120⅝	120½	120¼	120¼	+⅛
90	93¼	200	P., C., C. & St. Louis	104	104	104	104	+½
17	17½	25	Pittsburgh Coal	93	93	93	93	
94⅜	95¼	100	Pressed Steel Car pf	17	17	17	17	
124½	125	900	Ray Consol. Copper	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼	+1¼
139¼	139¼	69,500	Reading	127⅛	127⅝	126¾	127⅛	
83	85	25	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	139⅞	140¼	138½	139¼	−⅝
23⅜	23⅞	900	Rock Island Co	85	85	85	85	
44¼	45¼	300	Rock Island Co. pf	23⅝	23⅞	23½	23½	−⅛
106¾	107	4,800	Southern Pacific	45¼	45¼	45⅛	45⅜	−¼
26⅛	26¼	1,700	Southern R'way ext	107¼	107½	106⅝	106⅞	−¼
65	66	300	South. R'way pf., ext	26⅜	26⅝	26	26¼	+⅛
87¼	87¾	500	Texas Co	65	65	64¾	65	+½
24½	24½	300	Texas & Pacific	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼	
9¼	9½	500	Third Avenue	24½	24½	24½	24½	+⅛
18	18⅞	200	Tol., St. L. & West	8	9	8	9	+1
40½	41⅜	400	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅞	+⅝
89½	93	100	Underw'd Typewriter	41	41¼	41	41	−¼
53	58	250	Union B. & Paper pf	90	90	90	90	−1
160½	160¼	64,800	Union Pacific	53	53	53	53	−¼
90	90½	100	Union Pacific pf	161	161¼	159⅜	160¼	−¾
109½	110	10	United Cigar Mfrs. pf	90½	90½	90½	90½	−½
30¾	32	100	United Rys. Inv.	106½	106¾	106½	106¾	
56	60	140	United Rys. Inv. pf	31	31	31	31	−⅛
12	13¼	200	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	56¾	56¾	56¾	56¾	+⅜
44⅜	44¾	15,500	U. S. Rubber	12¼	11⅞	11⅞	12¼	+⅜
100	110	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	42⅞	43⅝	42⅞	44¾	+2½
74½	75	100	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	108	108	108	108	−⅛
60⅝	60¾	160,500	U. S. Steel	75	75	75	75	+6
100	109½	3,400	U. S. Steel pf	61¾	62⅛	60¾	60¾	−1
40½	40¾	2,100	Utah Copper	110	110	108¾	109¼	−½
48¾	48¼	1,000	Va.-Caro. Chemical	41¼	41¼	40¾	40¾	−½
40¾	41	100	Va. R'way & Power	48	48¼	47¾	48¼	+½
22	22½	100	Wabash pf	40¾	40¾	40¾	40¾	+½
51	52	300	Western Maryland	22	22	22	22	−⅛
77	77¼	1,000	Western Union Tel	51½	51⅝	51½	51½	−⅛
				77¼	77¼	77¼	77⅝	

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¼	100⅜
2s, c., 1930	100¼	
3s, r., 1918	101¼	102½
3s, c., 1918	101¼	
4s, r., 1925	113⅝	114½
4s, c., 1925	113⅝	114½
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100¼	100⅜
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100¼	100⅜
Panama 3s, 1961	102⅜	102⅝
D. C. 3-65s, reg.	105	106
Adams Exp.	205	215
Allis-Chalm.	5⅝	7
Allis-Chalm. pf.	16½	19½
Am. Ag. C.	45	48
Am. Ag. C. pf.	90	
Am. B. S. pf.	96	101¾
A. B. S. & Fdy.	85	88
A. B. S. & Fdy. pf.	122½	128½
A. C. & F. pf.	115	116
Am. Coal	90	100
Am. Cot. O. pf.	99	103
Am. Exp.	203	210
A. H. & L.	3½	3⅝
A. H. & L. pf.	19¾	22½
Am. L. Co. pf.	27	28
Am. Locom.	35½	36½
Am. Malt.	3⅝	4
Am. M. pf.	41¼	42
Am. S. pf.	82	84
Am. Snuff.	226	
Am. Sn. pf.	101½	
Am. S. L.	114	116
Am. S. R. pf.	114	116
A. T. & C.	70	80
A. Tob. pf. ctfs.	94½	97
Am. W. Co.	28½	29½
Am. W. Co. pf.	87½	88⅞
Am. W. Pa. pf.	24	26
Ann Arbor	20	45
Ann Arbor pf.	60	85
Asso. Oil	...	52
A., T. & S. F.	...	...
A., T. & S. F. pf.	102½	103
B. & O. pf.	86	89
B. Un. G.	132	135
Bruns. Ter.	9	10
B., R. & P.	100	105
B., R. & P. pf.	129	150
But'k Co.	28	30½
Canada So.	...	72¼
Cent. L. pf.	92	95
C. R. R. of N. J.	235	270
C. & S. A.	...	116
Chi. & Alt.	16½	20
Chi. & Alt. pf.	35	40
C. & E. Ill. pf.	100	181
Chi. Gt. W.	18	19
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	125	140
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	142	155
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts.	sta. 1½	2½
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts.	st. 4½	5
C., C., C. & St. L.	55	59
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	90	100
Col. F. & I. pf.	...	112
Col. & So. 1st pf.	75	80
Col. & So. 2d pf.	63	...
Col. & H. C. & I pf. paid	12	19¾
Crex Carpet	65	80
Cub.-Am. S. pf.	94½	96
Cub.-Am. S. pf.	99½	100
Del. & H.	161	163½
D., L. & W.	500	540
D. & R. G.	21¾	22¼
D. M. & Ft. D.	6	...
Det. & M.	110	...
Det. & M. pf.	100	...
Det. U. R.	65	70
D., S. S. & A.	9	12
D., S. S. & A. pf.	19½	20
Du P. de N. Pow. pf.	80	85
Erie 2d pf.	40½	41½
Ev. & T. H. pf.	100	...
F. M. & S.	15¼	25
F. M. & S. pf.	47	62½
Gen. Motors pf.	75½	77
Gen. Co.	120	131
Gen. C. Co. pf.	104½	...
Granby Con.	...	60
Hav. E. R.	96	...
Hav. E. R. pf.	100	...
Hock. Val.	118	...
Homestake	83¾	87
Inger.-Rand.	110	...
Inger.-Rand. pf.	100	...
Int. Paper	9½	9¾
Int. St. P. pf.	82¼	84
Iowa Cent.	18	19
Iowa C. pf.	37	38
Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	72	80
Kan. C. So.	27½	29½
Kan. C. So. pf.	62	64
K. & D. M.	4	8
K. & D. M. pf.	40	50
Lack. Steel	30	40
Lacl. Gas	102¼	102¾
L. E. & W. pf.	25	30
Lake Shore	325	450
Long Island	45	52
Mackay Cos.	82½	84
Mackay Cos. pf.	72¾	74
Mah. C. R.	100	...
Man. Elev.	132	135½
Mer. Marine	3½	4
Mer. Marine pf.	14½	15
May Dept. Stores	74½	75½
May Dept. Stores pf.	106	110
Mich. Cent.	132	134
M. & St. L.	32	34
M. & St. L. pf.	59	61
M. St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	144	147
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	85	90
Mo., K. & T. pf.	62	64
N. C. & St. L.	147	...
Nat. Bis.	124½	126
Nat. B. pf.	124	126
Nat. Enam.	13¾	15
Nat. Enam. pf.	90	93
Nat. L.	105	160
Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	60	72
Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	29	29½
N. Y. A. B.	53	56
N. Y. C.	46	49
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	98½	...
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	75	85
N. Y. D. Co.	...	25
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	...	...
N. Y., O. & West.	38¼	39
Nort. So.	45¼	48⅝
Nor. Cent.	145	...
N. O. T. & Light	50	60
Ont. Mining	1	...
Pac. Coast.	85	100
Pac. C. 1st pf.	85	110
Pac. C. 2d pf.	85	100
Pac. Tel. & Tel.	36½	38
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	92	97
Peo. & E.	13	20
Pere Marq.	...	30
Pere M. 2d pf.	...	38
Phelps-D'ge.	175	...
P., C. & St. L.	106	115½
Pitts. C. pf.	78	80
Pitts. St. pf.	95	104
Pr. St. Car.	28	30
Pub. S. C.	114	...
Pullman Co.	155	156½
Quicksilver.	2	2½
Q'ksil'r pf.	3½	4
Ry. St. Sp.	27¼	28
Ry. St. Sp. pf.	90	103¼
Rdg. 1st pf.	88	91
Rdg. 2d pf.	91½	96
R. I. & S.	22½	23
R., W. & O.	116	...
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	58	65
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	38	38½
St. L. & S. E. 1st pf.	51	60
St. L. & S. E. 2d pf.	...	...
St. L. S. W.	25½	32
St. L. S. W. pf.	68	69
Sears-Roeb.	128	131
Sears-Roeb. pf.	...	121¾
S. S. & I.	37	40
So. P. R. S.	80½	88
So. P. R. S. pf.	105	110
So. Ry. M. & O. ctfs.	78	83
Tenn. Cop.	32¼	33
Stand. Mill.	14	17
Stand. Mill. pf.	45	50
Tex. P.	125	130
T. P. & W.	85	...
T. P. & W. pf.	90	...
T. C. & I.	104¾	105¾

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Prices Generally Firm—Turkish Bonds Gain 2 Points in London.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—There was a good demand for money to-day. Discount rates were easy.

The stock market continued firm, and there was a further general improvement on more confident local and foreign support. Mexican rails and Kaffirs led the advance, and Turkish bonds gained two points. Consols eased off in the afternoon.

American securities opened quiet and steady, and about unchanged from the New York closing prices of the previous day. During the forenoon prices advanced on New York buying. Canadian Pacific was firm and gained 1½ points. The market reacted sharply on realizing in the late trading, and the closing was easy.

Money, 2¼@2½ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for shot bills is 3⅞ per cent.; three months' bills, 4 per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid, 8.95; at Lisbon, 8.

PARIS, Oct. 3.—Prices were firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes 94 francs 22½ centimes for the account.

Exchange on London, 25 francs 18 centimes for checks.

BERLIN, Oct. 3.—Trading was active and prices were generally firm on the Boerse to-day.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 50 pfennigs for checks.

Money, 4¾ per cent.

Private discount rate, 3⅞ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge. +1-16
Consols, money	77⅞	..	..	
Consols, account	77 7-16	..	..	Nov. acct.
Anaconda	6½	31¾	32¼	− ⅛
Atchison	105¼	102⅝	102⅝	
Canadian Pacific	233	226⅝	225⅝	+ ⅝
St. Paul	110½	107½	108½	+ 1
Erie	31¼	30⅜	30¼	+ ⅛
Erie 1st pf.	50¾	49⅜	49⅜	− ⅛
Ill. Central	139	133½	..	
Louis. & Nash.	144½	140⅝	140⅝	
N. Y. Central	106¼	103⅜	102⅝	+ ⅝
Pennsylvania	61⅝	119⅞	120¼	+ ⅝
Reading	71⅜	139⅛	138⅝	+ ⅛
Southern Pac.	106⅝	106¾	107	+ ⅛
Union Pacific	164⅜	160¼	160⅞	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel	62⅝	61⅜	61⅝	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	113	110	109¾	+ ⅛

Exchange 4.86.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 7 3	Esperanza	1 15 6
Tomboy	0 18 3	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 3 6	Stratton's Ind.	0 2 0

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

On the Metal Exchange yesterday tin showed further strength, advancing ⅝c in the bid and ¼c. in the asking price. Other commodities were unchanged. The closing bid and asked prices follow:

Standard copper:	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Spot	11.80	11.90	11.80	11.90
October	11.80	11.90	11.80	11.90
November	11.80	11.90	11.80	11.90
December	11.80	11.90	11.80	11.90
Lead	4.45	4.55	4.45	4.55
Spelter	5.90	6.00	5.90	6.00
Tin	40.25	40.50	39.85	40.20

Transactions on yesterday's Exchange in London resulted in the following table of prices for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These figures are the closing prices and compare with Monday's close:

	Tuesday. £ s. d.	Monday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	54 18 9	54 18 9
Copper, futures	55 15 0	55 15 0
Pig tin, spot	184 0 0	182 10 0
Pig tin, futures	182 5 0	180 0 0

The market for spot copper closed firmer at an advance of £3 15s. on the day. Spanish pig lead was unchanged at £19 5s. and spelter at £23 10s. The market for tin closed firmer at an advance of £3 10s. on the day.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE. Tuesday.

Total sales Oct. 3, 1911 .. $2,152,500
From Jan. 1, 1911 641,406,000
Same period last year 488,053,000

Jap Gov 4½s, sterling loan	2,000	94	
Rep of Cuba 5s	3,000	102⅝	
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros

NORTHERN PACIFIC DECREASE

Gross Income $1,806,696 Less—Directors Re-elected.

The Northern Pacific Railway Company stockholders re-elected the retiring Directors yesterday. The annual report for the year ended June 30, 1911, has not been completed, but the accounts and statistics were submitted. Operating revenue was $84,912,832, a decrease of $9,612,994, and operating expenses were $39,729,761, a decrease of $6,257,645. The net operating revenue was, therefore, $25,183,071, a decrease of $3,355,349.

With outside operations and other income included and taxes deducted the gross income was $27,668,506, a decrease of $1,806,696. With interest, dividends, and rentals deducted the net income was $8,082,266, a decrease of $1,853,993. The ratio of operating expenses to operating revenue was 61.20 per cent., a decrease of .51 per cent.

Freight revenue was $43,332,918, a decrease of $5,425,518, or 11.13 per cent. The rate per ton per mile increased from .009 to .00903. Passenger revenue was $17,278,813, a decrease of $4,054,500, or 19.01 per cent.

FAILURES IN NINE MONTHS

Larger in Number Than for the Three-quarters of Previous Year.

Failures during the first three quarters of 1911 were larger in number by 8.5 per cent. than in the same period of 1910 and by 5.9 per cent. over 1909, according to Bradstreet's, which puts the total for the nine months at 9,293. Liabilities, which totaled $137,832,251, were only seven-tenths of 1 per cent. larger than in 1910, but 27.7 per cent. over 1909. Bradstreet's says:

When compared with 1900, a year which holds a very favorable place in business annals, it is found that this year has 35 per cent. more failures and 52 per cent. greater liabilities. The year 1906, it might be worth recalling, had the smallest number of failures reported in a quarter of a century, and the liabilities were smaller than in all but nine of the past thirty years.

UP-STATE BANK FIGURES.

The combined reports of State banks and trust companies, outside of Greater New York, for the week ended Sept. 30, 1911, as compiled by the State Banking Department, follow:

State Banks.		Decrease.
Loans and discounts	$102,399,900	*$172,800
Total deposits	107,326,800	383,100
Total reserve	21,125,300	241,200
Average reserve, 20.6%. Reserve required, 15%.		
Trust Companies.		
Loans	155,646,000	15,400
Total deposits	163,103,300	70,600
Total reserve	22,508,000	*23,400
Average reserve, 14.5%. Reserve required, 10%.		

*Increase.

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100 Autopress common	3.00
50 American Druggist Syndicate	12.75
700 Columbian Sterling	.75
100 Pinelawn Cemetery	6.50

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BUSINESS MEN

Is it feasible for business men to buy Stocks? If so, what methods should they follow in order to be successful?

A booklet by Roger W. Babson treats of this subject and will be mailed gratis.

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CHARTERED 1864
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Capital & Surplus, $8,900,000
Allows Interest on Deposits

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Lenox Ave. & 125th St. Third Ave. & 149th St.

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY
Member N. Y. Clearing House
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United States Mortgage & Trust Co.
New York
CAPITAL and SURPLUS $6,000,000.
Personal and Business Accounts Invited

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

United States Rubber's Advance.

United States Rubber common advanced 2¼ points yesterday, to 44⅞, and closed at 44¾, the high price representing a gain of 1⅝ points from the low price, made little more than a week ago. At the same time the preferred advanced 6 points from the last previous sale made last week. A contrary movement was made by Intercontinental Rubber on the Curb, which declined from 19 to 16 on the news of the passing of the dividend. The companies are not allied. The Curb concern is a producer of crude rubber of low grade, chiefly obtained from a Mexican shrub, and is therefore not only adversely affected by the decline in rubber prices, which is of obvious benefit to the manufacturing company, but is also potentially affected by the disturbed conditions in Mexico. United States Rubber's advance was accompanied b ya revival of rumors of resumption of payments on the common stock, which suspended dividends in 1900.

***

Central Up on Earnings Report.

New York Central was one of the strong features of yesterday's rather heavy market, and closed at 104, which was an advance of 1¼ points. The strength of the stock was based on the favorable showing of August earnings with their substantial gain in gross and big reductions in operating expenses.

***

Free Inter.-Met. at Premium.

Trading in Interborough-Metropolitan preferred stock has shown fractional premiums in favor of the free shares over the voting trust certificates for some time. Yesterday and Monday the premium, or the higher price of the free stock over that deposited with the voting Trustees, was at times as much as 2 points. The preferred sold at 44 and the preferred voting trust certificates at 42 at the close yesterday. This was an advance for the free stock of 1 point and of ½ point for the voting trust certificates.

***

Heavy Bank Clearings South.

While business progress as measured by bank clearings throughout the country has been making favorable comparisons with 1910 for two months the increases shown are less encouraging when it is recollected that it was in the same period that business last year began to show a set-back. Thus the gain in September of 10.5 per cent. over 1910 is a loss of 7.6 per cent. when compared with the same period in 1909, when business was on the upturn. The remarkable feature of the figures for September compiled by Dun's Review is the large increases in bank clearings in the South Atlantic and Southern States by comparison with both 1910 and 1909, the increase over 1909 being even larger than over 1910. Both years have been seasons of high-priced cotton, and this year, the lower price is offset by the earlier crop and heavier marketings. The clearings in the South Atlantic and Southern States in September of this year totaled $292,384,797 and $603,979,237, respectively, gains of 18.9 and 12.2 per cent. over September, 1910. The same figures are increases of 24.8 and 19.8 per cent., respectively, over the figures of September, 1909. The only section which has shown increases as much as half these percentages is the Pacific States which made a gain of 7.1 per cent. over 1910 and 18.1 over 1909. The Middle and New England States made gains of 1.1 and 4.3, respectively, over 1910, and losses of 1.3 and 2.2 from the showing of 1909. The Central States gained 3.0 over 1910, while the Western States lost 7.1. Both of these sections, however, made small gains over 1909. Leaving New York City out of consideration, the country as a whole made gains over both 1910 and 1909, the percentages being 4.5 over 1910 and 5.5 over 1909.

***

Money Easier Abroad.

Berlin's bank rate declined a further one-quarter of 1 per cent. yesterday, and is now five-eighths of 1 per cent. lower than on Monday, and in London there was an easier tendency. In Paris, though the rate was no lower, exchange moved in favor of London.

***

Kansas City Southern Objects.

When the Inter-State Commerce Commission made it obligatory on the railroads, about two years ago, to adopt a uniform system of accounting devised under its auspices, there was much grumbling over the expense involved in the change of system. This has largely died out now, and the railroads generally take the official system as a matter of course. Not so with the Kansas City Southern, however. In its report for the last fiscal year President Edson remarks that the prescribed form of balance sheet has been filed with the commission, but that the Directors deemed it advisable, in the report to stockholders, to retain the form that has been in use, "since the stockholders are familiar with the same, and since it is believed to set out more clearly the financial condition of your company." In the balance sheet itself is an item among the assets of "replacement value of line abandoned in course of improvements," amounting to $523,063, to which is subjoined the note: "Taken out of cost of properties under an order of the Inter-State Commerce Commission and carried separately pending appeal from that order."

KANSAS SOUTHERN GAINS.

Some Decreases Shown, Due to Wheat Shortage and Miners' Strike.

The report of the Kansas City Southern Railway Company for the year ended June 30, 1911, issued yesterday, shows gross earnings of $9,905,174, an increase over the preceding year of $400,522, and operating expenses of $6,404,001, an increase of $135,416. Other items bring the total income up to $3,721,633. Taxes, interest on bonds, and equipment notes, rents, and other deductions amount to $2,056,974, leaving a net income of $1,664,659, an increase of $173,238. Dividends on the preferred stock were $840,000, the remaining surplus equaling 2.74 per cent. on the common.

There was a net increase in freight earnings of $52,231, made up of increases of $572,675, attributed to the general development of the territory tributary to the road, and decreases of $520,444, which are analyzed and accounted for specifically. These losses were on wheat, due to shortages of crop and no export movement; coal and coke, due to miners' strike; products of forest, due to dull market and labor troubles; petroleum and other oils, due to completion of competing pipe lines.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday, and the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Oct. 2.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$372,621	$372,621	$74,475,890
Internal rev.	483,579	483,579	73,280,280
Corporation tax	572	572	1,785,642
Miscellaneous	158,754	158,754	14,747,783
Total receipts	1,015,528	1,015,528	164,289,625
Expenditures	1,593,305	1,593,305	180,804,842
Surplus	*577,777	*577,777	*16,625,216

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $88,416,181.

In banks and Philippine Treasury, $30,762,070.

The total of the general fund was $143,796,960.

*Deficit.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Trading in Reduced Volume, but Local Issues Hold Firm in Other Centres.

GAINS IN CHICAGO LIST

Many Local Issues in That Market and in Philadelphia Show Substantial Gains—Coppers Off in Boston.

Activity was limited in Chicago, with price changes mostly within narrow limits. The weakest points were McCrum-Howell preferred and Chicago Elevated Railways preferred, which lost about 3 points on small transactions. In Swifts there was a better tone and the shares crossed par for the first time since the slump began. The earnings of the company show material gain, and a bond issue is now contemplated to take care of increasing necessities. Chicago Telephone was firm at a rise of a point, and Commonwealth Edison was fractionally higher. In Booth there was less demand, the common falling a point. Although business of Chicago Pneumatic Tool for the past nine months has been considerably behind last year, current sales are larger than at this time a year ago.

The local list was quiet and firm in Philadelphia throughout the session. Here and there investment purchases occurred, but aside from the customary speculation in United States Steel, there was no activity worthy of the name. An unusual incident was the trading in St. Paul, two blocks of 500 shares each changing hands during the first hour. Cambria Steel improved, and so did Lehigh Navigation. The feature of the market was the establishment of a new high record for Tonopah Belmont, which sold above 7 for the first time in its history.

Most stocks held fairly steady in Boston at declines of small fractions from the closing levels of Monday. Business was restricted by lack of interest and by the declines in arbitrage stocks in sympathy with the Wall Street list. The copper shares were depressed, partly by the unsatisfactory state of the metal market. North Butte, which advanced Monday on reports of a strike of ore, sagged, notwithstanding official confirmation of the report.

The market was somewhat firmer in Baltimore, but trading continued narrow. Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Bank of Commerce	31½	31½	31½
20	Balt. Electric pf.	40¼	40¼	40¼
15	Con. Coal	99½	99½	99½
100	Houston Oil pf. ctfs	72½	72½	72½
25	Maryland Natl. Bank	24	24	24
15	Maryland Casualty	92	92	92
150	Norfolk Ry. & L.	26	25½	25½
10	U. S. Fidelity	164½	164½	164½

BONDS.

$1,000	A. C. L. con. 4s	95¾	95¾	95¾
2,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1930	95	95	95
5,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1928	95	95	95
10,000	Balt. City 4s, 1961	102¼	102¼	102¼
1,000	Con. Gas 5s	108½	108½	108½
1,000	Georgia & Atlantic 5s	104½	104½	104½
7,000	Ga., Car. & N. 5s	104½	104½	104½
3,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	98	98	98
1,000	Milwaukee Gas 4s	90	90	90
2,000	North Balt. 5s	100½	100½	100½
8,000	Seaboard adj. 5s	76	76	76
3,000	United Rys. 4s	85¼	85¼	85¼
12,000	United Rys. notes	99	98¼	98⅝
2,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝
2,000	Va. Midland 4ths	104	104	104

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Atchison	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
12	Boston Elevated	125	124½	125
8	Boston & Albany	221	220½	221
66	Boston & Maine	100	99¾	100
20	Fitchburg pf.	125¾	125¾	125¾
750	Mass. Elec.	19½	19	19
180	Mass. Elec. pf.	90½	89¾	89¾
120	N. Y., N. H. & H.	132½	132	132
650	Union Pacific	161	159½	159½
2	West End	87½	87½	87½
3	West End pf.	100⅞	100½	100½

TELEPHONES.

532	American	133¾	133¾	133¾

MISCELLANEOUS.

30	Am. Agr. Chem.	47¼	47¼	47¼
184	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	100¼	100	100¼
140	Am. Pneu. Svc.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
70	Am. Pneu. Svc. 2d pf.	14½	14	14
106	Am. Sugar Rfg.	115⅝	115	115
15	Am. Sugar Rfg. pf.	116	115¾	116
25	Am. Woolen pf.	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝
35	A., G. & W. I. S. S. pf	16¼	16¼	16¼
50	East Boston Land	10	10	10
20	Gen. Elec.	148½	148	148
50	Georgia Ry. & Elec.	102	102	102
68	Mass. Gas	90½	90	90½
12	Mass. Gas pf.	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
45	Portland Elec.	66	65⅞	65⅞
40	Pullman	155	154½	154½
81	Swift	100	99⅝	99⅝
129	United Fruit	189	188	189
1,053	United Shoe Mach.	42¾	42	42
8	United Shoe Mach. pf.	28¾	28¾	28¾
8,292	U. S. Steel	62¼	60¾	60⅞
50	U. S. Steel pf.	109¼	109	109¼

MINING.

50	Adventure	4¼	4	4
20	Algomah	3½	3	3½
10	Allouez	24½	24½	24½
742	Amalgamated	51¼	49½	49⅞
425	Am. Zinc	22¼	21½	22
1,111	Ariz. Com.	90c	85c	70c
200	Batopilas	2	2	2
50	Bonanza & Corbin	5	5	5
20	Butte Balaklava	4½	4½	4½
165	Butte Coalition	15	14⅝	15
680	Calumet & Ariz.	49	48	48⅝
15	Calumet & Hecla	890	885	885
80	Chino	17⅞	17⅛	17⅝
140	Copper Range	50¼	50	50
10	Daly-West	5½	5½	5½
105	East Butte	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞
105	Franklin	6¾	6½	6½
300	Giroux	3 13-16	3 11-16	3¾
80	Granby	28	27½	28
235	Greene-Cananea	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞
45	Hancock	18½	18½	18½
50	Helvetia	90c.	95c.	90c.
10	Indiana	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
800	Inspiration	6¼	6¼	6¼
56	Island Creek	33½	33½	33½
45	Island Creek pf.	84	83¾	83⅝
200	Kerr Lake	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
165	Lake	25⅛	24½	24½
100	Lasalle	3¾	3⅝	3⅝
35	Mason Valley	7	7	7
20	Mass.	5	5	5
6	Mayflower	50c.	50c.	50c.
40	Miami	17	16¾	17
25	Mohawk	38	38	38
495	Nevada Cons.	16¼	16	16¼
100	New Arcadian	2½	2½	2½
50	Nipissing	7⅝	7½	7⅝
1,589	North Butte	24¼	23¾	24¼
25	Ojibway	4¾	4¾	4¾
50	Old Dominion	36½	36½	36½
10	Osceola	83	83	83
10	Quincy	60	60	60
20	Ray Cons.	12¾	12¾	12¾
100	Santa Fe	99c.	99c.	99c.
128	Shannon	7¼	7¼	7¼
25	Shattuck & Ariz.	16	16	16
85	Superior & Boston	2½	2½	2½
200	Tuolumne	3	3	3
222	U. S. Smelting	32	31½	31½
40	U. S. Smelting pf.	46	46	46
150	Utah Apex	2 11-16	2	2
805	Utah Cons	12	11¾	11¾
190	Utah Copper	41¼	40⅞	40⅞
67	Wolverine	90	88½	90
10	Wyandotte	95c.	95c.	95c.

BONDS.

$1,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
1,000	A. Writing Paper 5s	89¾	89¾	89¾
5,000	A., G. & W. I. S. S. 5s	65	65	65
5,000	C., B. & Q. jt 4s reg.	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
1,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	100	100	100
8,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	99	99	99
1,000	Ore. Short Line 6s	113	113	118
1,000	West. Tel. & Tel. 5s	98¾	98¼	98¾

*Ex rights.

PHILADELPHIA.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
140	Amalgamated Copper	49¾	49¾	49¾
260	Am. Milling	1¼	1¼	1¼
10	Am. Railways	44	44	44
50	Cambria Iron	44	44	44
140	Cambria Steel	43½	43½	43½
102	Con. Tr. of N. J.	75	74½	75
100	Erie	30¾	30¾	30¾
1,200	Electric Co. of Am.	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
176	Electric Storage	51	51	51
26	Kentucky Sec. Cor.	15	15	15
31	Lehigh Navigation	86¼	86¼	86¼
90	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	86½	86	86
152	Lehigh Valley	79⅝	78¾	78⅞
61	Lehigh Val. pf. t. c.	22½	22½	22½
350	Phila. R. T.	21¾	21¾	21¾
760	Phila. R. T. t. c.	22	21¾	21¾
159	Pennsylvania R. R.	60¾	60¼	60¼
18	Penna. Salt Mfg.	112	112	112
43	Phila. Co.	50	50	50
63	Phila. Electric	16⅝	16⅜	16⅜
5	Phila. Traction	83¾	83¾	83¾
1,800	Reading	70	69¾	69¾
20	Southern Pacific	107¼	107¼	107¼
1,000	St. Paul	108⅜	108⅛	108¼
100	Southern Railway	26¼	26¼	26¼
7,035	Tonopah Belmont	7 5-13	7	7¼
765	Tonopah Mining	3 13-16	3	3⅞
87	United Gas Imp.	84¼	84¼	84¼
9,950	U. S. Steel	62¼	60¾	60¾
100	U. S. Steel pf.	103¾	103¾	103¾
455	Union Traction	40¾	40¾	40¾
35	Va. R. & P.	40¾	40¾	40¾

CHICAGO SUBWAY FINANCING.

Details of Reorganization Plan—Assessments $5,299,060.

Details of the plan for the reorganization of the Chicago Subway Company, which went into the hands of a receiver on Dec. 1, 1909, were made public yesterday, and a deposit of securities under the plan are invited to be made before Nov. 15 with the National City Bank. The late E. H. Harriman was largely interested in the company, which has built freight tunnels and kindred enterprises in Chicago, and the Harriman estate was represented on the Reorganization Committee by H. W. De Forest. The other members were L. C. Krauthoff and William S. Tod.

There are some $40,887,973 obligations of the Chicago Subway, and its underlying properties outstanding, and 449,812 shares of Chicago stock held by the public, in addition to stocks of the underlying companies pledged as collateral, amounting to 299,974 shares of the Illinois Tunnel Company, 1,000 shares of the Chicago Warehouse and Terminal Company, and 5,000 shares of the Illinois Telephone Construction Company.

The plan involves the adjustment of the loans and the collateral so that they will be accepted as representing $7,525,000 Illinois Tunnel bonds, $6,000,000 Chicago Subway bonds, and $4,000,000 new company, Series B bonds. This will leave $21,870,000 Chicago bonds and $8,630,000 Illinois Subway bonds to be provided for, and $44,981,200 in par value of Chicago Subway stock.

The bonds to enter into the plan are assessed $100 each and the stock $5 a share. For the amount of the assessment holders of the Chicago Subway or Illinois Tunnel bonds will receive an equal amount of the $20,000,000, Series A, thirty-year 5 per cent. first mortgage bonds in the new company.

There are also to be issued $4,000,000 Series B bonds, $30,500,000 5 per cent. cumulative preferred stock, and $22,500,000 common stock; $5,299,060 of the new Series A bonds will be required to take care of the issue in return for cash assessment, and $14,070,940 will be held as reserve for cash requirements.

The $4,000,000 Series B bonds will be used for the acquisition of collateral securities. The preferred stock will be issued in exchange for an equal amount of the principal of the subway and tunnel company bonds deposited, upon which the assessment has been paid, and the common stock will be issued at the rate of one new share for every two of Chicago Subway stock paying the assessment.

The assessment totaling $5,299,060 will meet the cash requirements of the reorganization, including $3,500,000 receiver's certificates and other obligations.

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Am. Can.	9⅝	9⅜	9⅜
100	Am. Can pf.	83	83	83
31	Booth Fisheries	41	41	41
420	Booth Fisheries pf.	66¼	66	66¼
85	Chi. Pneu. Tool	46¼	46	46
50	Chi. Rys., Series 4	6	6	6
350	Chicago Subway	2¼	2¼	2¼
30	Chi. Telephone	120	120	120
50	Com. Edison	134	133⅝	134
10	Diamond Match	101	101	101
15	McCrum-Howell	41	41	41
10	McCrum-Howell pf.	90	90	90
10	Hart, S. & M. pf.	100¾	100¼	100½
100	People's Gas	103⅝	103½	103⅝
750	Sears-Roebuck	130	129½	129½
213	Swift & Co.	100¾	100	100¼
100	United Box Board	1¼	1¼	1¼
225	U. S. Steel	61⅝	60½	61
25	Atchison	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜
75	Chi. Elev. Rys. pf.	85	85	85

BONDS.

$3,000	Chi. Rys. 4s, B.	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛
4,000	Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	99½	99½	99½
2,000	Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	99½	99¼	99½
2,000	Ogden Gas 5s	93½	93½	93½

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.03	Julia	.80
Alpha Con	.05	Justice	.10
Andes	.07	Kentucky Con.	.10
Belcher	.45	Mexican	3.25
Best & Belcher	.15	Occidental Con.	.50
Bullion	.06	Ophir	1.60
Caledonia	.51	Overman	.50
Challenge Con.	.12	Potosi	.21
Chollar	.12	Savage	.12
Confidence	.45	Sierra Belcher	.12
Con. Cal. & Va.	.68	Sierra Nevada	.30
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.09
Crown Point	.55	Utah Con.	.07
Gould & Curry	.04	Yellow Jacket	.55
Hale & Norcross	.16		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	7.20	Goldfield Con. M.	7.20
Jim Butler	.23	Goldfield Merger	.23
McNamara	.32	Great Bend	.03
Midway	.24	Jumbo Extension	.24
Montana	.77	Lone Star	.05
North Star	.18	Red Hills	.02
Tonopah Extension	1.00	Sandstorm Kendall	.04
West End	.58	St. Ives	.36
		Silver Pick	.09
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	2.90
Adams	.01	BULLFROG.	
Atlanta	.18	Bullfrog Mining	.01
Blue Bell	.02	Bullfrog Nat. B.	.01
Combination Fract.	.09	Homestake King	.01
Booth	.08	Montgomery Mtn.	.01
C. C. D.	.07	Tramps Cons.	.02
Florence	1.10		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	6	6¼	Jackpot	6	6¼
Elkton	62½	63⅜	McKinney	48	50
El Paso	53	54	Old Gold	4	5
Findlay	5½	6	Portland	96	96½
Gold Dollar	14	14⅜	Vindicator	69	75
Isabella	8⅝	9¼	Jen. Samp.	6¼	7

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Crucible Steel pf.	76¼	76¼	76¼
85	Fireproofing	5½	5½	5½
10	Fireproofing pf.	25	25	25
14	Harbison-Walker Ref.	48	48	48
15	Harb.-Walker Ref. pf.	98½	98½	98½
100	Mfrs. L. & H.	22½	22½	22½
20	Ohio Fuel Oil	7¼	7¼	7¼
290	Pittsburgh Brewing	13½	13⅜	13½
416	Pure Oil	9¼	9¼	9¼
88	River Coal	9¾	9¾	9¾
25	River Coal pf.	83¼	83¼	83¼
8,900	San Toy	44c	43c	43c
700	Tonopah Extension	1.00	1.00	1.00
230	U. S. Steel	62	61¼	61¼
20	Westinghouse Elec.	31½	31½	31½

BONDS.

$1,000	Wilkinsburg & P. 5s	101¼	101¼	101½

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Charles A. Peabody of Spencer Trask & Co. and William Goodman of F. J. Lisman & Co., New York, have been admitted to the Chicago Stock Exchange.

R. M. Grant & Co., 31 Nassau Street, having sold $500,000 of an issue of $1,000,000 City of Birmingham, Ala., funding 5s, are offering the remaining bonds at 106½ and interest.

The gross passenger receipts of the Massachusetts Electric Company for the month of September showed an increase of $50,700 or 6.88 per cent. over the corresponding month of last year. August receipts showed a decrease of $11,000, or 1¼ per cent., while July showed an increase of $16,200, or 1.7 per cent.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—Wheat made a slow decline during the day, closing last night at practically the low point and very quiet. The opening was firm, owing to heavy rains in the American and Canadian Northwest, causing apprehension of delay in threshing and also delay in the movement of the crop. The reports also claimed that considerable of the wheat was being damaged in stock. The actual receipts of wheat were again heavy in the Northwest, and Minneapolis stock in three days have gained 1,100,000 bushels. The interior receipts in two days have increased 500,000 bushels over last week. The weekly visible supply showed an increase of 1,341,000 bushels in the United States and an increase of 1,828,000 bushels in Canada. The world's visible increased 4,069,000 bushels, compared with an increase of 5,361,000 bushels the previous week and an increase of 12,388,000 bushels last year. The total world's visible is now 151,242,000 bushels, against 165,567,000 bushels last year. The European markets were very dull and indifferent, closing with small net change for the day in Liverpool, a little decline in Paris and a small gain in Berlin. The foreign markets are showing almost complete indifference to the war developments. There was an absence of foreign interest in the market, excepting 120,000 bushels of low-grade Manitoba wheat at outports. Cash prices were nominal, with No. 2 red, 99c, free on board; No. 1 northern, $1.15⅝; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.08; and No. 1 Manitoba, $1.08⅝.

CORN.—The market was fairly active, with prices at new high levels early, owing to the very heavy rains in Iowa, Nebraska, Illinois, and the Northwest. There were numerous reports of material damage to the corn in shock, and the advices claimed that the country was not offering corn at all freely. Western receipts are moderate, and the visible showed a decrease of 640,000 bushels for the week. The Chicago contract stocks decreased 770,000 bushels. Later in the day the market eased off, influenced by the heaviness in wheat and by reports from Snow, claiming a corn crop condition on Oct. 1 of 71.5, against 70.5 for Sept. 1. The close was quiet at the decline. Cash corn was quiet, with No. 2 quoted at 70c, elevator, domestic, and 75½c, free on board.

OATS.—The market opened firm with other grain influenced also by moderate receipts and decreasing stocks. The Chicago contract stocks decreased 314,000 bushels, and the present total of 2,231,000 bushels is less than one-third of last year. The visible supply showed a decrease of 2,388,000 bushels for the week compared with an increase of 641,000 bushels last week. The present visible supply is 29,935,000 bushels. Cash oats were steady, with standards, 32½@; No. 2 white, 53c, and No. 3 white, 52½c.

PROVISIONS.—Trade was again very slow in hog products, with prices slightly easier. Live hogs were about steady at Western markets, with receipts 65,000. The Chicago stocks of product showed a decrease of 3,000 barrels of pork for the month, a decrease of 47,000 tierces of lard and a decrease of 4,000,000 pounds of ribs. The stocks of all meats decreased 25,000,000 pounds. The present contract stock of pork is 9,093 barrels; lard contract, 70,730 tierces; ribs, 10,147,000 pounds, and all meats, 77,068,000 pounds.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	$1.03⅞	$1.03	$1.03¼	$1.03¾
May	..	..	1.08¾	1.09¼
Lard—				
Cash	..	..	9.01@9.15	9.15
October	..	..	9.00@9.15	9.00
December	..	..	9.00@9.10	9.00
January	..	..	8.90@9.10	9.00
March	..	..	9.00@9.10	9.00

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	98⅝	97⅝	97⅞	98⅛
May	1.04½	1.03⅝	1.03⅞	1.04⅛
July	1.01	1.00¼	1.00¼	1.00½
Corn—				
December	65	64⅝	64⅝	64⅞
May	66⅛	65½	65½	65⅞
Oats—				
October	..	..	46½	46¾
December

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J.—Law and Equity—Jury term. 1—Petition v. Adelsheimer. 2—Sigel v. Haas. 3—Petition v. Burr Bros. 4—United States v. 1 Automobile. 5—United States v. 2 baskets embroidery. 6—United States v. 2 valises lace. 7—United States v. Ackert. 8—United States v. Prangor. 9—United States v. Regan. 10—United States v. Roberts. 11—Yuzzolino v. Biasi. 12—Petition v. Gavigan & Co. 13—Petition v. M. Lindenbaum. 14—Petition v. Jacob Pfeffer. 15—Leavers v. Waldman and ano. 16—Rochmont v. Cameron. 17—Thomas v. Sugarman.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Laughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Miller, JJ.—Enumerated motions. 81—Bernstein v. Adler. 32—Allen v. Oppenheim. 35—Seasongood v. Prague. 36—Strahmann v. Yorkville Bank. 37—Valentine v. Willard. 40—Sciomon v. Kircher. 25—Sackett & W L P Co v. Natl Ass of Employing Lith. 26—Rausch v. same. 41—Dougherty v. City N Y. 42—Brudley v. Huber. 43—Farley v. liquors seized, 300 Broome St. 44—Evans v. Pelta. 45—Horn v. Gerstein. 46—Kinkaide v. Live Oak C M & S Co. 47—Mack v. Sanitary Fire Proofing Co.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—Seabury, Guy, and Cohalan, JJ.—For hearing of appeals for City and Municipal Court.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—McCall, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Goldman v. Moos. 2—Lumb v. Lumb. 3—Popick v. Popick. 4—In re Jardines. 5—Peterson v. Cluster Gas Light Co. 6—Frank v. Cohen, Frank & Co. 7—Escabach v. Freisinger. 8—Gibbons v. Skinner. 9, 10—Oppenheimer v. City of N Y. 11—Still v. Gerhardts. 12—Trymer v. Straus. 13—Maxwell-Briscoe v. United Motor N Y Co. 14—Martin v. Prentice. 15—In re Isaacs. 16—In re Andrew Marsh Mfg Co. 17—In re City of New York &c. 18—In re Wolf. 19—Muller v. City of Philadelphia. 20—Knick Trust Co v. Sabine. 21—Westchester Fire Ins Co v. Belatta. 22, 23, 24—Lange v. Bray. 25—Ellis v. Maxwell Briscoe Inc. 26—Chelar v. Chevra Agudath. 27—Harris v. Royal Ins Co. 28—Stevens v. Green. 29—Kalvin v. Smethurst. 30—Jackson v. Boggs. 31—In re Standard Cordage Co. 32—Meyers v. N Y Leather Belting Co. 33—Klein v. Klein. 34—In re Paul. 35—Branerman v. N Y Cab Co. 36—Am Woolen Co v. Newman. 37—In re Scholl. 38—In re Moersim Realty Co. 39—Horowitz v. Fuchs. 40—Stern v. Henry Phipps estate. 41—Lambert v. Ullo. 42—Taylor v. Taylor. 43—Jerome Av Laundry Co v. Jacke. 44—Acker v. Scott. 45—Moore v. Reinhardt. 46—In re Blum. 47—Brady v. Whitlock Printing Press Mfg Co. 48—Ainslie Mining Co v. Coe. 49—Clements v. Clements. 50—Cole v. Steyn. 51—In re Lackman. 52—In re Hawke. 53—Indef Moving Picture Co. v. Smith. 54—Rubens v. Met Opera Co. 55—J Doelgers' Sons v. Mazzarello & Gianno. 56—Rubin Bros v. Dorf. 57—In re Dunn. 58—Gottlieb v. Gottlieb. 59—Kapiloff v. Kapiloff. 60—Ruckert v. Bursley. 61—Bay State Thread Wks v. Nicholas. 62—Fibre Sales Co v. Eastern Fibre Dec Co. 63—Davis v. Traction Eng Co. 64—Kerscher v. Moross. 65—Offerman v. Offerman.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Pendleton, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Greenbaum, J. Motions. Preferred cause. 8998—Farley v. Herson. General calendar. 1958—Cas Co of America v. United States Cas Co. 1451—Kiefer v. Happel. 1634—Slomnisky v. Weslock. 2695—Leerburger v. Watson. 2644—Bookspan v. Bookspan. 2488—Williams v. Billings. 2580—Apesdorf v. Zwecker. 429—Cohnfeld v. Meyer. 404—Hoffman v. Hoffman. 2073—Essayan v. Essayan. Undefended divorces. 2781—Celenza v. Celenza. 2212—MacNeil v. MacNeil. 2632—Puglisi v. Puglisi. 3456—Goodman v. Goodman. 3455—Reiner v. Reiner. 3500—McMahon v. McMahon. 3510—Schumacher v. Schumacher. 3532—Persina v. Persina. 3534—De Montravel v. De Montravel. 3206—Tronson v. Tronson. 3437—Raum v. Raum. 3474—Schempf v. Schempf. 3477—Dublin v. Dublin. 2218—Chapman v. Chapman. 1818—Presser v. Presser. 1288—Stradt v. Stradt. 1308—Franck v. Franck. 1304—Kearney v. Kearney. 587—Turner v. Turner. 476—Montayne v. Montayne. 400—Mazzoni v. Mazzoni. 584—Bunt v. Bunt. 631—Wolfson v. Wolfson. 630—Jacobson v. Jacobson. 625—Light v. Demane. 478—Thompson v. Thompson. 572—Rieder v. Rieder. 830—Haas v. Haas. 581—Cuomo v. Cuomo. 1306—Davis v. Davis. 1328—Bergstraud v. Bergstraud. 2406—Kindler v. Kindler. 2414—Salovitz v. Salovitz. 2426—Genden v. Genden. 623—Davis v. Davis. 628—Lester v. Lester. 582—Spivak v. Spivak. 1708—Parsons v. Parsons. 1971—Yuret v. Yuret. 2050—Looes v. Looes. 2629—Bernstein v. Bernstein. 64—Root v. Root. 583—Schiffer v. Schiffer. 3396—Deltz v. Deltz. 396—Banks v. Banks. 771—Ladoux v. Ladoux. 1112—Walker v. Walker. 1102—Human v. Human. 1104—Suhrer v. Suhrer. 989—Sobel v. Sobel. 2174—Colwell v. Colwell. 2200—Rosen v. Rosen. 472—Wilson v. Wilson. 2696—Cohen v. Cohen. 2696—Raport v. Raport. 2003—McCartney v. McCartney. 426—Curran v. Curran. 1280—Berland v. Berland. 3442—Fosnacht v. Fosnacht. 3465—King v. King. 3268—Chiarchiaro v. Chiarchiaro. 3216—Rosenthal v. Rosenthal. 3589—Adel v. Adel. 3440—Jost v. Jost. 3449—Cohen v. Pollock. 3499—Dedarling v. Dedarling. 3061—Dimant v. Dimant. 3241—Kwetzky v. Kwetzky. 3482—Wiener v. Wiener. 3456—Balletti v. Balletti. 3460—Malawsky v. Malawsky. 3464—Burgess v. Burgess. 3473—Tonnelli v. Tonnelli. 3520—Sloen v. Sloen. 3520—Godfrey v. Godfrey. 3535—Israel v. Israel. 3487—Stuart v. Stuart. 3515—Brady v. Brady. 3207—Alemanni v. Alemanni. 3495—Cronk v. Cronk. 3451—Koenig v. Koenig. 3378—Julien v. Julien. 3513—Huff v. Huff.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I. (Criminal Term.)—Page, J. 1, 2—Adolph Keitel. 3—Gaetena Sielemble. 4—Michael Barberis. 5—Ella Isaacs.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Giegerich, J. 4592—Smith v. Cohen. 4437—Paull v. Fleischer. 3942—Sohn v. Maschbicher Cong. 3970—Curtain v. Thompson. 1003—Morris v. Hodge. 3792—Rabinowitz v. Kooner Unterstitzung Verein.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Davis, J. 852—Wilkie v. Erie R R. 2115—Blascoer v. Int R T Co. 3170—Bernstein v. Bklyn, Queens Co, &c, R R. 353—Ackerman v. Whitridge. 356—Riley v. same. 351—Meeker v. Int R T Co. 344—Alfer v. Int R T Co. 806—Ullman v. same. 324—Reed v. Int R R Co. 385—Phillips v. Linch. 390—Murray v. Long Island Shore R R. 406—Kane v. Joline. 894—Mernar v. Whitridge. 409—Mazziota v. Joline. 31—Edwards v. N J & Hudson River Ry & Ferry. 165, 166—Lyddy v. D, L & W R R. 370—Cavanagh v. Int R T Co. 374, 875—Dimpel v. Whitridge. 388—Brown v. Int R T Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Platzek, J. Inquest, 2214—Dannath v. Crowley. 2176—McCarton v. City of New York. 2159—Boedecker v. City. 2072—Berryman v. Man Transit Co. 1936—Sadan v. B Crystal & Son. 1526—Wexler v. Wexler. 2175—Levine v. Theaman. 1921—Goldstein v. Epstein. 1995—Frankel v. Gobelman. 2229—Apotheker v. Edelman. 2208—Sakaloff v. Gadd. 2152—Colin v. Martin. 2063—Nollack v. Earl. 2160—Sullivan v. City of N Y. 2215—Moore v. Dunlap's Express Co. 2217—Higgins v. Old Dominion SS Co. 2217, 2220—Kahn v. Schenck. 2225—Heinzelman v. N Y Taxicab Co. 2226—With v. Cook. 2228—Griffen v. Thos B Leahy Bldg Co. 2230, 2231—Lefkowitz v. Friedlander. 2232—Shapiro v. City of N Y. 2235—Blumenthal v. Siegel Cooper Co. 2238 — Schnamsith v. Rolling Egg Swing Co. 2239—Meyer v. Offenheimer. 2249—Morrissey v. City of N Y. 2250—Ciancia v. Knoblock. 2252—Same v. same. 2254—Shablow v. Fennell. 2256—Weiss v. City of N Y. 2258—Strauss v. Thompson. 2260—Martin v. Hedden Const Co. 2261—Bullfant v. Terry & Tench Co. 2263—Nieman v. City of N Y. 2265—Traners v. Helmsley. 2275—Quinn v. C A Burr Co. 2280—Stern v. Mirror. 2284—Placek v. Consumers Brew Co. 2286—Wackar v. N Y Edison Co. 2291—Forsberg v. Steel & Masonry Cont Co. 2293—Dolan v. Heinig. 2297—Bidtel v. Bruck. 2299—Lowe v. City of N Y. 2300—Coppers v. Elevator & R Co. 2301—Garrick v. Trainor Cont Co. 2304—Scott v. Margolin. 2306—Rosenbush v. Frank. 2156—Joseph v. Tekulsky. 1830—Biagio v. Zinn. 1332—Campagna v. same. 4907—Drummond v. A E Norton Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Blanchard, J.—Inquest, 903—Turner v. Rothstein. 3125—Hamilton v. Crawford. 526—Pirie v. Emery. 592—Same v. Somers. 1562—Same v. Curran. 2986—V Loewer's Gambrinus Brew Co v. Sarey. 3124—Oliver Refining Co v. Aspegren. 4176—Barsotti v. Del Genovese. 4410—City of N Y v. Henry. 4381—Same v. Am Mfg Co. 3042—Kohn v. Powell. 3896—Ward v. Ward. 3672—City of N Y v. Hearst. 2985—European Comm Co v. Hyman Co. 2867—Kline Bros & Co v. Hanover Fire Ins Co. 2369—Helfer v. Katz. 2902—Hunt v. Gilbreth. 3389—Bilder v. Ellis. 586—Cox v. Hedenpyl. 3006—Wakefield Const Co v. City of N Y. 4323—Cohen v. Given Mfg Co. 1334—Darling v. Mitchell. 1536—Mack Paving & Const Co v. City of N Y. 4213—Nardella v. N Y Life Ins Co. 1016—Haustin v. Dan Talmage's & Sons Co. 3007—J Marcus Woodworking Co v. Gulliver. 407—Rollow v. Nat Biscuit Co. 859—Springer v. Durand. 2673—People v. Weipke. 1977—Moskon v. Conomos. 1760¼—Thacher v. N Y & Westchester Ry. 665—Valdes v. Hamilton. 1093—Mittleman v. Todd. 920—Seaman v. City of N Y. 477—Carlin v. same. 1900—Lobuono v. Fargo. 1017—Greenberg & Co v. Mackenhorst. 2014—Alden v. Hargreaves. 2049—Gatlus v. Dick. 1934—Nat Mfg Co v. Post.

SURROGATES' COURT — Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Wills for probate: Eleazar M Brolasky, Emma L Campbell, James S McVity, Joseph Hoffing, Louis Shapiro, Bessie Greenberg, Clara Oppenheimer, James Gray, Leonie Gillie, William H J Sieberg, Rose Kerr, Mary P G Devereux.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Smith, J.; Part II., Green, J.; Part III., La Fetra, J.; Part V., Donnelly, J.; Part VI., Lynch, J.; Part VII., Schmuck, J.; Part VIII., Mayo, J. Calendar called in Part III. at 9:45 A. M. 2819—Kirwan v. Alexander. 3854—Perez v. Joline. 2855—Scarborough v. same. 3861—Rosenkrantz v. Brand. 3868—Golden v. Curtis. 3869—Fellman v. Silverman. 3876—Redmond v. Natl Horse Show Assn. 3882—Kanlowitz v. Goldman. 2432—Commersford v. Whitridge. 1580—Kirby v. Estey Piano Co. 2804—Fitzgerald v. Courtney. 1595—Newgass v. Shuehof. 2901—Cathedral of the Incarnation in the Diocese of L I v. Lewis. 3037—Noonan v. Joline. 706—Scheler v. Ackerson. 729—Goodstein v. Frisco Realty Co. 801—Grossman v. Silverman. 803—Celband v. One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Street Co. 804—Celband v. Bernstein. 5435½—Miller v. Levering & Garrigues Co. 1887—Koster v. Hammerstein. 1388—Minuet v. same. 727—Murray v. Hedgson. 3053—McGinnis v. Thompson. 2293—Park Av Holding Co v. Levenson Wrecking Co. 1968—Lessing v. Weisman. 3516, 3517—Spier v. Cohen. 2041—Dick v. Hutchinson. 713—Hays v. N Y Taxicab Co. 1285—Birbaum v. Unger. 1284—Music Trades Co v. Budd. 1454—Licht v. Duval Co. 2261—Werger v. Albert. 2279—Gaspard v. 14th St. Store. 2366—Ward v. S Goodwins Sons. 2404—Silverstein v. Dutka. 2426—McConville v. N Y Taxicab Co. 2450—Pernick v. Int R T Co. 2452—Simon v. same. 2823—Willis v. Harris. 2826—Hamilton v. Schwarzier. 2888—Fuchs v. Maryland Cas Co. 2936—Mutual Life Ins Co v. Pohlemus. 3002—Comiskey v. Kaufman. 3039—Lanfgraben v. Joline. 3041, 3042—Morris v. Hudson River Day Line. 3050—Stannage v. Cent & So Am Tele Co. 3086—Shine v. Goodman. 3123¾—Segall v. New England Auto Top Co. 3124—Sherman v. N Y Taxicab Co. 3126—Cassatt v. Arkin. 3149—Wieser v. Heights Metropole Const Co. 3186—Sabbo v. Stewart, Howe & May Co.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Finelite, J.—Short causes. 3308—Holland v. Stohl. 2725—Feldman v. Reliant Holding So. 3389—Personality Liquadating Co. v. Magoldi. 3295—Sekir v. N Y Terrain, &c. Co. 3405—Frank v. Am Fidelity Co. 3421—Matthews v. C E Sheppard Co. 3422—Battaglis v. Youmans. 3424—Finger v. Bay Ridge Amuse Co. 3425—Clayman v. French Am Stores Co. 3427—Creamery Package Mfg Co v. Standard Ice Cream Co. 3433—Oelbaum v. Spielberg. 3457—Bernstein v. Kohn. 3461—Block v. Ullman. 3452—Bronx Borough Bank v. Krabo Erush R Co. 3453—Bayles v. Augenblick. 3454—Woods v. De Souza. 3455—Kirby v. Coleman. 3463—Owen v. Barry. 3464—Queens County Trust Co v. Builders' Marble Works. 3465—Walther v. Prudential Ins Co. 3466—Disbrow v. Manheim. 3410—Stern Bros v. Loeb. 3426—Savoy Trust Co v. Builders' Marble Works. 3467—Nat Nassau Bank v. Sierra. 3468—Kaplan v. Wadler. 3469—West End Mfg Co v. Apartment House, &c. Co. 3470—Roden v. Hanover R & C Co. 3471—Fleischman v. Goldman. 3472—Federal Adv Co v. Draper Realty Co. 3473—Hattemer v. Beck Bros Brew Co.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—McCall, J.—Ferulli v. Romm—H Battone. Same v. same—Arthur R Walsh. Cohnfeld v. Furlong—Charles S Simpkins.

SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J. Mase v. Maze—Frank L Polk. Power v. Llewellyn Realty Co—Marcel Levy.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

CITY COURT—O'Dwyer, C. J. James Twyford v. Draper-Hansen Co—Charles W Ridgway.

CITY COURT—McAvoy, J. Louis Phillips v. Samuel Meisner—Walter A Hirsch.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department—Jenks, P. J.; Burr, J.; Thomas, J.; Woodward, J.; Rich, J. Enumerated. 803—Croghan v. Hedden Co. 804—Hamilton Trust Co v. Atlas Co. 809—Kelly v. St. Michael's Church. 810—Campbell Milk Co v. U S Casualty Co. 813—Reed v. Gilman. 814—Ransom v. Gilman. 818—Wright v. McConnell. 820—Quinn v. Myers. 822—Voorheees v. Collins. 825—Apostolaks v. B H R R. 824 M A—Vogel v. Stratton Co. 826—Payne v. Yonkers R R. 827—Pritchard v. Pritchard. 829—Marcell v. Young. 830—Driscoll v. Healy. 831—Bauer v. N Y & C I R R. 832—Impellizzieri v. Cranford. 833—Anderson v. Nat Casualty Co. 835—Burton v. N Y C & H R R R. 837—Heeren v. N Y C & H R R R.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Aspinall, J.—Day Calendar. 1823—Szemko v. Gainsborough Bldg Co. 1862—Murray v. Heyman. 1854—McCarmack v. Robertson. 1856—Ledyard Const Co v. Warner-Stunman Bldg Co. 1858—Swanson v. Swanson. 1029—Canraturo v. Gainsborough Bldg Co. 800—Day v. McElhinney. 131—Loomis v. Gold. 806—Jussila v. Jussila. 1039—Barila v. Barila. 1183—Friedlander Co v. Elev Sub Realty Co. 396—Martin v. Ryan. 1028—Sengstack v. Moeser. 1299—Duryea v. Foster. 1372—Hilzinger v. Hilzinger. 1373—Briggs v. Briggs. 1374—Greenberg v. Greenberg. 1375—Golinsky v. Golinsky. 1876—Rodinsky v. Lewis. 1377—Tax Lien Co of N Y v. Colwell Lead Co. 1378—Drucker Const Co v. Thrall Const Co. 1379—Horowitz v. Horowitz. 1380—Brokhahne v. Brokhahne. 1085—Galloway v. Galloway. 1153—Benjes v. Benjes. 226—Salemine v. Salemine. 981—Maben v. Maben. 203—Swenson v. Swenson. 889—Shapiro v. East N Y Mattress Co. 736—Higgins v. N Y Dock Co. 1278—Friedman v. Teres. 100—Neff v. Neff. 1285—Ramber v. Ramber. 1256—Rosenkranz v. Salit. 972—Heppel v. Heppel. Highest number reached on the regular call 1380.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Putnam, J.; Part II., Clark, J.; Part III., Jaycox, J.; Part IV., Kelly, J.; Part V., Crane, J.; Part VI., Marean, J.; Part VII., Stephenson, J. 1552 1603—Kelly v. L I R R. 3377—Kaskell v. Tack et al. 4643—Schneider v. Schechter. 1676—Curran v. L I R R. 1677—Johnson v. L I R R. 1678—Hennessy v. Int R T. 1694—Cross v. C I & E R R. 1696—Hinck v. Block. 1702—Curtis Bros Lumber Co v. Coyne. 2132—Kenny v. City of N Y. 1315—Calandra v. same. 2138—Jaekel v. Reilly. 1330—Smith v. Cagney et al. 1628—Steenbaugh v. B H R. 1703—Masmar v. Nassau R R. 1705—Buckingham v. Williams. 1706—Pinz v. Snare & Triest. 1708, 1709—Hurley v. Wardell. 1720—Searles v. Nassau R R. 1721—Riley v. Rohde. 1728—Kiernan v. Cutita Percha Co. 1736—Friedman v. B H R R. 1738—Fitzgerald v. same. 1753—McGrouen v. Greenwald. 1757—Solimena v. B H R R. 1763—Berman v. same. 1767—Felis v. Bklyn Elev R R. 1772—McDonald v. B H R R. 1779—Lederer v. same. 1781—Rosenberg v. same. 1787—Brown v. Rush, Jr. 1790, 1791—Brodersen v. Nassau R R. 1793—O'Neill v. Schlosser. 1794—Bannon v. City of N Y. 1795—Doyle v. Jewish Hospital. 1797, 1798—Dunlop v. Nassau R R. 1799—Carney v. same. 1804—Corcoran v. Richt. 1816—Rasmussen v. Wills. 1817—Kennedy v. Normandi.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call: 1818—Gullickson v. Central R R of New Jersey. 1820—Gibbons v. Brooklyn El R R. 1821—Flattery v. Gair Co. 1822—Thomsen v. Thomsen. 1823—Moore v. Nassau R R. 1827—Crossman v. Ballin. 1829—Himmelstein v. Kessler. 1836—Schuster v. B H R R. 1837—Ernest v. same. 1838—Schaefer v. same. 1839—Eckel v. Interboro R T. 1840—Steiler v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 1841—Ennis v. B H R R. 1844—La Gratto v. Becker. 1847—Costello v. Morse Dry Dock Co. 1848—Berman v. Nassau R R. 1856—Applebaum v. Busch. 1857—Boyle v. B H R R. 1858—McConnell v. Centner. 1680—Harrington v. City of N Y. 1862—Ryerson v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 1947—De Maria v. Luckenback. 1950, 1951—Hunter v. B H R R. 1952—Ryan v. same. 534—Vogt v. Nassau Ferry Co. 1005—Specht v. Waterbury Co. 1820—Dunn v. Brooklyn El R R. 1551—Lippman v. City of N Y. 1957—Appel v. Iron Clad Mfg Co. 1958—De Santis v. Skidmore. 1959—Breen v. Brooklyn Gas Co. 1960—Mylord v. B H R R. 1961—O'Donohue v. Merksamer. 1963—Schwartz v. Joline. 1964—Ferrara v. Jones. 1965—Martindale v. Nassau R R. 1967—Prager v. Arowitz. 1972—Hartnell v. Furlong. 1976—Danielstrom v. Nassau R R. Highest number reached on regular call. 1974.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Part III., Tierney, J.; Part IV., McCann, J. Calendar will be called in Part III., Room 14. 714—Gneiser v. Klein. (inquest.) 655—Shannon v. Delmonico, (inquest.) 701—Monseen v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 703—Kossiter v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 707—Barron v. same. 715—Wyler v. B, Q Co & S R R. 614—Lewidey v. So Brownsville Improvement Co. 731—Burke v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 732—O'Donnell v. Brooklyn M E Church Home. 733—Robbe v. B, Q Co & S R R. 734—Lewis v. same. 735, 736—Clifford v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 737—McCormack v. same. 738—McElroy v. Thomas. 739—Vitrano v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 740—Auerbach v. same. 692—Leimn v. Reinitz Bros.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 741—McGarry v. Coney Island & Brooklyn R R. 742—Clark v. same. 743—Farrell v. same. 744—Salvesen v. same. 745—Maier v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 746—Kuhn v. Leiffer. 747—Vincenzo Bros v. Nicolelli. 748—Maguire v. Federal Brewing Co. 749—Eig v. Jarashow. 750, 751—Hamburger v. Nassau Electric R R. 753—Olson v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 754—Lieberman v. same. 755—Goldstein v. same. 411—Morris v. B, Q Co & S R R. 412—Everett v. Nassau Electric R R Co.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Special term—Mills, J.—Court convenes in Board of Supervisors' room—Calendar called at 9:45 A. M. 22—Stansfield v. Stansfield. 31—Xavier v. Knapp. 32—De La Barre v. Sees. 33—Nelson v. Village of Peekskill. 34—Vermilya v. Hunter. 35—Shelley v. Hupfel. 36—Tench v. Irwin. 37—Young Brothers v. Mack Paving Cons Co. 38—Schneier v. Schneier. 40—Corporate Investment Co v. New York Terrain & Bldg Co. 41—Corporate Inv Co v. New York Terrain & Bldg Co. 42—Murphy v. Yonkers Savings Bank. 45—Stewart v. Stewart. 44—Gates & Co v. Asmus. 45—Orton v. West & Bronx Title & Mortgage Gy Co. 46—Borgia Marble Works v. Mayer. 47—Marshall v. Wood. 48—Palmer v. Bloomer. 49—Sullivan v. Sullivan. 50—Embury I I v. Edwards. 51—Erdenbrecher v. Koh. 52—N Y C & H R R R Co v. Virtele. 53—Katz v. Joseph Wick. 54—Wallace v. Wallace. 55—Merlino v. N Y Terrain & Bldg Co. 56—Johnson v. Russo. 57—City of Mt Vernon v. Hamilton Steam Laundry. 58—Precht v. Precht. 59—Monypenny v. Monypenny. 60—Sherwin v. Tunick.

SUPREME COURT—Day Calendar. Part I., Morchauser, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.—Court convenes and calendar called at 9:45 A. M. 20—Saundstrom v. Gilbert. 33—Willets v. Poor. 35—Johnson v. Joline. 29½—Gulosh v. Jakubch. 42—Tillinghast v. Elliott. 45—Washburn v. Sutherland. 48—Ehlenberger v. Joline. 51—Coyle v. Dutton. 55—Tompkins v. Zachariasen. 59—Kinciter v. McKenny. 60—Cheers v. V B Construction Co. 62—Lindheimer v. Receiver Yonkers R R Co. 69—De Simone v. Sutherland. 68—Roedell v. Krug. 206—Martin Son v. Werthirgton. 75—Rowlands v. City of Mt Vernon.

The following causes if answered ready will be passed for the day upon the call: 49—Donohue v. McGrath. 70—Schurberg v. Grady. 76—Reo v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 77—Seo v. Ocean Steamship Co. 78—Fitzpatrick v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 79—Part v. Thomas McNally Co. 80—Napear v. Interborough Rapid Transit Co. 81—Nitsch v. Rowley. 82—Hunter v. Interborough Rapid Transit Co. 83—Volk v. Mead. 84—Dent Realty Co v. Chelton Park Realty Co. 85—Draper v. Studwell. 86—Willetts v. Poor. 87—Stack v. Merritt. 88—Dalzell v. N Y N H & H R R Co. 89—Wilson v. Village of White Plains. 90—Morris v. Katz. 91—Herman v. New England Navigation Co. 92—Whalen v. Ringler & Co. 93—Vosburg v. N Y C & H R R Co. 94—Alexander v. Armstrong. 95—Rizzute v. Wood. 96—N Y State Realty Term Co. v. Mack Paving Cons Co. 97—German v. Inter Rapid Transit Co. 98—Bernstein v. Weiss. 99—Hawley v. Yonkers Catholic News Co. 100—Rodgers v. Fuller. Highest number reached. 100.

COUNTY COURT—Day Calendar—Platt, C. J. —People v. Salvatore Cartebolloto, William Marone. People v. Francesco Martinelli, James F. Dalton. People v. Edil Hill, Maurice Zuckert.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial term held in the County Court House in Long Island City, N. Y.—Scudder, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M. in Part I. 589—Reimer v. Dunton Lodge Realty Co and another. 216—Eadie v. Thurston and another. 222—Kreig v. N Y & Q Co L & P Co. 223—Kwaitkowski v. Nicholas Copper Co. 224—Lorberman v. N Y & L I Traction Co. 226—Burke v. City of New York. 227—Neiderstein v. Gunther. 228—Johnston v. City of New York. 230—Zlominski v. B H R R Co. 231—Hagen, an infant, v. Brooklyn, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 100—Jones v. Smith, individually and as executor, et al. 232—Miller v. Robertson & Gerhardt Co. 236—Gowday v. Redfield. 238—Heiser v. Ocean Elec R R Co. 239—Pryde v. S. Pearson & Son. 35A—Orlando v. L I R R Co and another. 246—Mulhane v. E H R R Co. 241—McGiven v. Streever. 243—Donaven v. Woodside Heights Land Co.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set for a day on this call. 244—Murray v. Oppenheimer. 246—Small v. Brana. 247—Botte v. Transit Development Co. 251—Abell v. Royal Sight Seeing Co. 538—Weber v. Kuske and another. 160—McMahon v. Standard Oil Co. 135—Kaminsky v. Benisch and another. 252—McKee v. Standard Oil Co. 253—Ficeto v. Metal Stamping Co. 254—Zittlesen v. McAllister Steamboat Co. 255—Pieres v. Rosenberg. 256—Tovino v. Brooklyn, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 257—Richard v. Haas. 258—Weiner v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 259—Darling v. the City of New York. 260—Stahl, administrator, v. N Y & Q Co R R Co. 261—Smith v. Brooklyn, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 262—Haring v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 263—Haring v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 264—Johns v. Brooklyn Un Elev & L I R R Co. 265—Howell, an infant, v. Lorillard, Jr. 266—Boland v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. Highest number reached on general calendar in its regular order. 266.

COUNTY COURT—Trial Term, held at the County Court House in Long Island City, before Humphrey, J. Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M. 59—Muro v. Mazzei et al. 58—Levy v. same. 62¼—Darrin v. Clay. 65—Lindstrom v. Larsen. 67—Frank v. B H R R Co. 68—Vogel v. B, Q Co & Sub Ry Co. 74—Anderson, an infant, v. N Y & Q Co Ry Co. 75—Hughes v. B H R R Co. 76—Weiner v. B, Q Co & Sub Ry Co.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call. 78—Sheehan, an infant, v. N Y & N Shore Traction Co. 79—Valentine v. same. 80—King v. same. 82—Douglas, an infant, v. B H R R Co. 86—Robbins v. Bellou. 87—Pierson v. B H R R Co. 89—Healy v. L I R R Co. 90—Ostapowicz v. Dunning and another. 91—Howell v. N Y & Q Co Ry Co. 64—Bohan, an infant, v. Kinnersley.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
DETROIT UNITED—			
1st week Sept..	$218,020	$191,754	$21,266
2d wek Sept....	198,458	177,684	15,774
Jan. 1-Sept. 14.	7,066,163	6,501,947	564,213
HAVANA ELECTRIC—			
Week Oct. 1....	45,866	40,154	5,212
Jan. 1-Oct. 1...	1,779,647	1,624,094	155,553

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA RAILROAD for August—

	1911.	1910.	Increase
Gross	161,054	141,992	19,052
Exp. and taxes.	119,942	121,313	*1,371
Net	41,612	20,589	21,023
Other income ..	1,703	1,489	214
Total income ..	43,315	22,078	21,237
Charges	12,727	12,571	156
Surplus	30,587	9,507	21,080
Gross, 2 mos...	302,374	282,441	19,933
Exp. and taxes.	287,455	226,144	11,311
Net, 2 mos	64,919	56,297	8,622
Other income ..	8,848	2,516	832
Total income ..	68,267	58,814	9,453
Charges	28,760	26,796	1,964
Surplus, 2 mos.	39,507	32,018	7,489

*Decrease.

The Buffalo & Susquehanna Railway Co. reports August gross $58,184, decrease $1,620; net (deficit) $5,614, increase $12,953; total income $23,288, decrease $16,400; surplus after charges $18,169, decrease $16,289; two months gross $112,742, increase $2,845; net (deficit) $11,115, increase $18,183; total income $46,787, decrease $21,664; surplus after charges $37,097, decrease $22,037.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO for August—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Mileage	2,241	2,224	1,933
Freight rev....	2,813,307	2,246,461	2,035,980
Passenger rev..	586,414	583,859	497,300
Other tran rev.	99,955	102,004	84,960
Non-tran. rev..	19,554	16,403	24,352
Total op. rev...	3,019,132	2,949,328	2,642,594
Mt. way & str..	357,161	356,832	327,565
Mt. of equip...	506,871	506,841	475,805
Traffic exp....	52,846	51,620	41,118
Tran. exp.....	847,075	835,849	689,083
General exp....	58,842	66,991	45,633
Total op. exp..	1,532,796	1,818,134	1,520,204
Net op. rev....	1,136,336	1,131,193	1,118,388

July 1 to Aug. 31:

Freight rev....	4,881,536	4,286,937	3,884,211
Passenger rev..	1,117,517	1,120,434	957,568
Other tran. rev.	199,212	198,137	173,648
Non-tran. rev..	38,455	36,555	37,170
Total op. rev..	5,736,721	5,638,023	5,052,601
Mt. way & str.	696,862	703,059	628,922
Mt. of equip...	1,053,314	975,958	887,135
Traffic exp....	112,333	109,910	87,400
Tran. exp.....	1,652,033	1,616,119	1,288,324
General exp....	125,236	125,105	97,154
Total op. exp..	3,640,078	3,531,291	2,964,025
Net op. rev....	2,096,643	2,106,732	2,088,576

CHICAGO & ALTON for August—

Mileage	1,025	998	998
Gross earnings..	1,402,454	1,460,644	1,265,060
Exp. and taxes.	983,401	939,093	897,975
Net earnings...	419,053	521,551	367,084
Other inc., deb.	63,347	82,798	42,980
Total income...	855,706	488,709	524,104
Gross, 2 mos...	2,717,355	2,831,636	2,354,748
Exp. and taxes.	1,890,634	1,782,503	1,428,089
Net, 2 mos....	826,721	849,133	926,678
Other inc., deb.	129,026	115,514	78,649
Total income ..	696,794	733,619	848,029

DENVER & RIO GRANDE for August—

Gross earnings..	2,188,086	2,200,422	2,046,674
Exp. and taxes.	1,557,446	1,494,732	1,372,530
Net earnings...	630,640	705,690	674,144
Other income..	72,240	54,364	56,973
Total income...	702,880	760,053	731,117
Charges	503,611	481,884	417,001
Balance	199,268	278,179	304,116
Renewal fund ..	10,000	10,000	10,000
Surplus	189,268	268,179	294,116
Gross, 2 mos...	4,747,702

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Marked Activity in the Fifth and Madison Avenue Sections —Heirs of Peter Lorillard Sell Old Broadway Parcel on Eleventh Avenue—Block Front Deal.

More than usual activity was manifested in the realty market yesterday, the Fifth and Madison Avenues of the east side furnishing the bulk of the important deals. Fifth Avenue was easily the feature of the day, for besides the rumor that Jay Gould was the buyer of the six-story house at 1,082 Fifth Avenue, near the north corner of Eighty-ninth Street, the announcement of another deal in the Seventy-second Street section was made which insures another big apartment house for the avenue.

The latter deal includes the vacant plot having a frontage of 80 feet on the avenue and 125 feet deep, between Seventy-first and Seventy-second Streets. The plot begins 35 feet south of Seventy-second Street, and adjoins the James A. Burden mansion on the Seventy-second Street corner. The property has been sold by the estate of S. Barton French, and has been acquired by Bing & Bing, who have been large building operators in some of the best quarters of the city. The price paid is said to be about $750,000.

This deal reveals the fact that the project to erect a huge apartment over the entire corner, including the Burden plot, has failed to materialize. James A. Burden was President of the syndicate which was reported as purchasing the property last March. The plan did not meet with favor from many of the neighboring residents, and it was admitted by the parties interested yesterday that the option on the property expired a month ago, and was not taken up.

The acquirement of the inside Fifth Avenue parcel by a newcomer indicates, however, that the apartment house scheme has by no means been allowed to die, even though a smaller plot will be utilized for the improvement. Bing & Bing, it is said, will erect on the site a high-class twelve-story house with a single apartment on a floor, and the building loan will be made by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company.

Jay, Gould's new house at 1,082 Fifth Avenue is just below the Carnegie residence. Charles S. Phillips was the former owner of the house which was reported last week as sold by Henry D. Winans & May. It adjoins Mrs. Elizabeth W. Van Ingen's home at 1,081, and Archer M. Huntington's house at 1,083. The price paid for the house is said to be about $250,000.

Madison Avenue Block Front Deal.

The block front on the east side of Madison Avenue, between Eighty-second and Eighty-third Streets, has been sold by A. L. Mordecai & Son and Heilner & Wolf to two buyers. The southeast corner of Eighty-third Street, a plot 109.4 on Madison Avenue by 85 feet on Eighty-third Street, has been bought by Emanuel Krulswitch, who will immediately erect on the proeprty an eleven-story, fireproof apartment house. The lower half of the block has been bought by Adolf Hirshfield. The plot is 95 feet on Madison Avenue and 85 feet on Eighty-second Street. Mr. Hirshfield will improve his purchase with a building similar to the one planned for the adjoining court.

The entire block front was purchased last June by the sellers from the Schermerhorn estate, and is the only remaining property unimproved of the original Schermerhorn farm in that locality. Mr. Krulewitch has been identified with building operations on the west side, and recently sold the twelve-story apartment house at 113th Street and Riverside Drive, which he erected last year. Mr. Hirshfield is now building a twelve-story apartment on the corner of Seventy-eighth Street and West End Avenue.

Eleventh Avenue Block Front Sale.

The Otis Elevator Company is reported to have sold to a syndicate the block front on the easterly side of Eleventh Avenue from Twenty-sixth to Twenty-seventh Street, comprising a parcel of about nine lots.

The property, which was originally acquired by the company to improve it with a building for its use, will now be improved, it is said, by the new owners for the elevator company, with a six-story building, costing between $400,000 and $450,000.

The completed structure is to be leased by the Otis Company for a period of twenty-one years at a rental basis of 6 per cent. of the cost of the building and a similar rate on the cost of the land, aggregating about $40,000 per annum.

Investor Buys Park Avenue Corner.

Henry Kettlehodt has sold through Tutino & Cerny the three-story brick store property, on a plot 20 by 100, known as the northeast corner of Fifty-third Street and Park Avenue. This is the first transfer of this property in fifteen years. The buyer is an investor.

Old Lorillard Parcel Sold.

A Broadway lot which was purchased by Peter Lorillard in 1811 for $3,500 and owned up to the present time by his descendants was sold yesterday by the estate of George L. Ronalds to a client of the Charles F. Noyes Company.

The property, 450 Broadway, is a six-story building, with elevator, on a plot 26 by 120, between Howard and Grand Streets.

The property as it stands to-day is assessed by the city at $105,000. No. 454, two doors below, was bought last April by Dr. J. F. Hasbrouck from I. Randolph Jacobs, who took in trade 62 West Thirty-eighth Street. The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company negotiated the sale.

L. W. Gillespie Buys Homesite.

Lawrence L. Gillespie of J. S. Bache & Co. has purchased from the Breckenbridge estate 19 East Eightieth Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 25 by 102.2, 95 feet west of Madison Avenue. Mr. Gillespie will replace the present building with a thoroughly modern residence for his own occupancy.

He at present resides at 108 East Seventieth Street. The property adjoins on the west the fine six-story residence of Paul M. Warburg.

Hamilton Grange Plot Sold.

Benjamin Barnett has purchased from the Hamilton Holding Company five lots at the northwest corner of 142d Street and Convent Avenue. The property fronts 100 feet on the avenue and 125 feet on the street, and will be improved with a high-class apartment house.

The plot forms part of the historic Hamilton Grange, on which stood the thirteen famous Hamilton elms, representing the original thirteen States.

Sale on West 43d Street.

Pierre M. Clear & Co. have sold for William T. Armstrong to Mary V. McDonnell 402 West Forty-third Street, a three-story and basement flat, on lot 19.5 by 80.5. The property sold is situated 62 feet west of Ninth Avenue.

Bronx.

J. Clarence Davies has sold for John J. Hickey the two three-family houses occupying a plot 38.9 by 85 on the southeast corner of Cauldwell Avenue and 138th Street.

Alexander Selkin, in conjunction with D. Schoen, has sold for Matilda Kraft the three one-family houses 902, 904, and 906 Jennings Street, near Wilkins Avenue, on plot 52 by 100.

D. S. Crater has sold for the Mount Vernon Builders Supply Company three of the six two-family brick dwellings recently completed on 234th and 235th Streets, west of Katonah Avenue.

Brooklyn.

John H. Geldart has sold 533 Quincy Street, a three-story and basement brownstone house, to J. Mahlstedt of this borough, who will occupy it shortly.

J. H. Miller has sold 2,040 Eighty-third Street, a one-family brick house, to a client for occupancy. This house is one of a row of houses on the block which was built a few years ago.

Oyster Bay Farms Sold.

S. Osgood Pell & Co. have sold the Baylis and Waldron farms, containing about 150 acres, near Oyster Bay, to C. Baum. The property will be developed into a country estate.

Leases.

S. Osgood Pell & Co. have rented for the Manhattan Centre Company to A. D. Fleetwood, the entire fourth floor at 20 to 22 East Forty-sixth Street.

Ogden & Clarkson have leased for William H. Whiting & Co. a loft at 65 to 69 Fourth Avenue to Adolph & Emil Pimsler.

Broadway Building Alteration.

Plans have been filed for removing a portion of the front wall projecting beyond Fulton Street of the old Post Building at the southeast corner of Broadway and Fulton Street and setting it back to the new line as ordered by the city. It will cost $5,000 to make this alteration. The Collegiate Reformed Dutch Church is the owner; Shire & Kaufman are the architects.

Real Estate Exhibit.

Arrangements have been perfected which, it is believed, will make it possible to have all of the exhibits at the Real Estate and Ideal Homes Show completed when the doors of Madison Square Garden are thrown open to the public next Saturday afternoon. The exhibit includes several complete houses, some of which are to be built of brick and concrete. One of the biggest tasks which will confront the workmen will be the laying out of a miniature development to occupy the entire rear section of the garden. The advantages of living in the suburbs will be depicted. One of the features will be a fully furnished five-room bungalow.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

624 St, 212 to 218, s s, 200 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 75x100.5, three five-story tenements and stores; also,

624 St, 222, n s, 375 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x100, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, A. A. Silberberg, $71,250.

West Broadway, 655, e s, 97 ft e of 3d St, 42x128, five-story loft and store building and five-story tenement in rear; foreclosure sale, adjourned sine die.

131st St, 28 and 30 West, s s, 360 ft w of 5th Av, 50x99.11, six-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, James Blaine, $61,637.

AT 3,156 THIRD AV.

By James L. Wells Company.

Newell Av, e s, 100 ft s of Juliana Av, 100x125; also Duncombe Av, w s, 100 ft s of Juliana Av, 25x125; also Duncombe Av, w s, 450 ft s of Juliana Av, 50x125, Wakefield; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Cosmopolitan Bank, $4,500.

By Joseph P. Day.

Morris Av, 589, w s, 96.5 ft n of 150th St, 25x100, one-story store and dwelling; partition, to Charles A. Weber, $6,550.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures In Manhattan and the Bronx.

Oak Point Av, s e corner of Tiffany St, for a two-story brick dwelling and stable, 50x25; E. Stelter, 882 East 162d St, owner; Charles Schaefer, Jr., architect; cost, $4,500.

239th St, s s, 100 ft e of Kepler Av, for a two-story and attic frame dwelling, 21.6x40; George L. Christian, 236 East 238th St, owner; Ross & McNeil, architects; cost, $3,000.

Carr St, n s, 20 ft w of German Place, for a one-story frame shed, 50x80; New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co., 45th St and Lexington Av, owner; J. C. Riley, architect; cost, $500.

160th St, s e corner of Boston Road, for a one-story brick store, 19.94x87.10; Charles S. Levy, 2,720 3d Av, owner; Moore & Landsedel, architects; cost, $6,000.

176th St, n s, 168 ft e of Mount Hope Av, for two four-story brick tenements, 41x89 each; William O. Bergen, 130 West 180th St, owner; Charles S. Clark, architect; cost, $60,000.

Cruger Av, e s, 175 ft e of Burke St, for two two-story brick dwellings, 20x35 each; Madison Court Co., 132 Nassau St, (Thomas Riegiero, 132 Nassau St, President,) owner and architect.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Broadway, s e corner of Fulton St, to a five and nine story office building; Collegiate Reformed Dutch Church, 113 Fulton St, owner; Shire & Kaufman, architects; cost, $5,000.

70th St, s s, 220.8 ft w of 3d Av, to a four-story and basement dwelling; J. G. Rogers, architect; cost, $9,350.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, OCT. 3.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

AV B, 220, w s, 26.9x85; Jonas Weil and others to Fanny Gruen, 401 East 52d St, Sept. 18; attorneys, Weil & Mayer, 5 Beekman St..$100

S/ME PROPERTY; Fanny Gruen to Jonas Weil, at Lake Placid, N. Y., and another, Sept. 19; attorneys, same.....$100

BROOK AV, s w corner of 146th St, 24.11x90; Delia McLaughlin to Jacob Ruppert, 1,639 3d Av, Oct. 2, (mtg $21,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$100

CENTRE ST, n e s, lot 5, map John Mapes, 52x125, Bronx; Marie Krabo and another to Albert H. Herbert, 1,566 Vyse Av, (mtg $5,000,) Sept. 30.....$100

CRESTON AV, n w corner of 180th St, 81.9x96; Thomas J. Higgins and another, executors, to Mary J. McTaggart, 1,742 Pacific St, Brooklyn, and another, Sept. 14; attorney, E. F. Moran, 51 Chambers St.....$7,000

FOREST AV, 1,065, w s, 20x67.3, Adelaide Staring to Jere Wood, 277 Broadway, (mtg $9,000,) Sept. 27.....$1

GREENE ST, w s, 175 ft n of Grand St, 48.4x100; Ludia A. Devoursney to Mary B. Reeve, 1,102 Broad St, Newark, N. J., and another, quitclaim, Sept. 22; attorney, S. T. D. Jones, 60 Wall St.....$1

HEATH AV, e s, 211.6 ft n of Boston Av, 33.4x63.3; George L. Lucas, and others to Peter Donahue, 201 West 21st and 415 8th Av, (mtg $5,500,) Sept. 28.....$100

INTERVALE AV, s e corner of 165th St, runs e 20.3x s 68.8x193x w 25 to avenue x n 86.5 to beginning; Christopher Seitz to Joseph Cohen, 65 East 107th St, C. A. G., Sept. 16; attorney, Louis Cohen, 37 Wall St.....$1

JENNINGS ST, s s, 126 ft w of Southern Boulevard, 52x128.8; Matilda Kraft to Ida Brantman, 882 Prospect Av, (mtg $12,800,) Sept. 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

LAFONTAINE AV, n w corner of 178th St, 37.6x100; Francesco La Sala to Andrea La Sala, 2,007 Lafontaine Av, Sept. 28; attorneys, Arnstein, L. & P., 128 Broadway...$1

LOT 278, map of Laconia Park; A. S. Realty Co. to Giuseppe Benante, 237 Elizabeth St, Oct. 2, (mtg $500;) address, 237 Elizabeth St.....$1

PROSPECT AV, n e corner of 165th St, 25x81; Lewis Perthekis to John Perthekis, 851 East 165th St, all title, quitclaim, Oct. 3; attorney, Philip J. Dunn, 15 Broad St.....$1

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 176, s e s, 28.11x90.9; Peter Biege to Anna C. Schlmeyer, 174 Southern Boulevard, Oct. 3, (mtg $9,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

TINTON AV, w s, 152.8 ft s of Cedar St, 26.4x153; Ida Brantman to Matilda Kraft, 902 Jennings St, (mtg $10,000,) Sept. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$1

THOMPSON ST, 66, e s, 18.8x84, Nicola Galgano to Egidio D'Alessandro, 40 2d Av, ½ part, May 12, 1910.....$100

WASHINGTON ST, s w corner of Clarkson St, 75x irregular x100x150; Joshua Kantrowitz and others to Silas H. Pomeroy, 1oz Neptune Av, New Rochelle, N. Y., (mtg $70,000,) Oct. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

6TH ST, n s, 225 ft west of Av A, 25x90.10; Charles Gaspar to Louis Peter, 19 East 4th St, ½ part, Sept. 13; attorney, Joseph Prager, 280 Broadway.....$100

12TH ST, n s, 255 ft e of White Plains Road, 25x114; Irving Realty Co. to Elise Sotramoza, 2,940 3d Av, Aug. 15; address, 2,940 3d Av.....$100

50TH ST, 52 East, s s, 20x100.5; Anna M. Romaine to Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, 30 Nassau St, (mtg $40,000 and all liens,) Oct. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

65TH ST, n s, 140 ft west of Av A, 37.7x100.5, Isaacs Realty Co. to Franconia Realty Co., 1,400 5th Av, (mtg $46,000,) Sept. 28; attorney, State Bank, 378 Grand St.....$1

103D ST, 130 West, s s, 16.3x100.11; Ada T. Richards to Clara C. Churchill, 131 West 61st St, Sept. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

113TH ST, 134 West, s s, 27x100.11; Lena Miller to Sophia Oppenheimer, 600 West 178th St, (mtg $21,500,) Oct. 3; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

131ST ST, n s, 420 ft e of 8th Av, 16x99.11; Harold B. Abrams to James M. Scofield, White Plains, N. Y, (mtg $7,500,) Oct. 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; James M. Scofield to Samuel A. Gould, 231 West 131st St, (mtg $7,500,) Oct. 3; attorney, same.....$100

135TH ST, s s, 300 ft e of Lenox Av, 50x99.11; 134th St, n s, 385 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x99.11; Thomas S. Ollwe to Samuel A. Cunningham, 2,109 Broadway, (mtg $33,000 and all liens,) Oct. 3; attorney, Henry Fluegelman, 299 Broadway.....$1

139TH ST, s s, 80 ft e of Cypress Av, 40x100; John A. Hennion to Hennion Construction Company, 256 West 46th St, (mtg $4,000,) Sept. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway.....$1

146TH ST, s s, 525 ft west of Amsterdam Av, 50x99.11, Riverview Construction Co. to Louis Bloch, 416 West 122d St, (mtg $66,000,) Sept. 29; attorney, Saul Bernstein, 149 Broadway.....$100

184TH ST, 552 West, 40x99.11; James Calhoun to Cabot Real Estate Co, 55 Liberty St, Oct. 2, (mtg $43,150;) attorneys, Davis, S. & S., 55 Liberty St.....$1

216TH ST, n s, lot 467, map Laconia Park; Rosario Spitaleri and others to Anna Moscato, 301 East 108th St, (mtg $4,000,) Sept. 30; attorney, Charles Novello, 320 Broadway..$1

Recorded Mortgages.

With name address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

BAER, Abraham, to Edw. Baer; 2d Av, 845, w s, 25x100, June 11, 1910, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Riegelman & B., 141 Broadway...$500

BERTSCHINGER, Otto T., to William Bertschinger, 232 East 12th St; Lexington Av, 1,516, w s, 25x105, Oct. 2, due ss per bond; attorney, Charles Braudt, Jr., 189 2d Av..$4,000

CHURCHILL, Clara C., to Ada T. Richards, 143 Oak St; Binghamton, N. Y., 103d St, 130 West, s s, 16.3x100.11, Oct. 2, 5 years; attorneys, H. A. & C. E. Heydt, 27 William St.....$8,000

COLUMBIA CONSTRUCTION CO. to Richard H. Jaeger, at Monticello, N. Y.; Southern Boulevard, e s, 325 ft n of Barretto St, 150.11 x—, Oct. 2, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, O. E. Davis, 3,210 3d Av.....$6,000

CONTI, Gaetano T., to Paul Conti, 635 9th Av.; 28th St, s s, Lot 65, map of Cornelius Ray, 25x98.8, prior mtg $10,000, Sept. 25, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Joseph A. Allen, 35 Wall St.....$5,000

CONNERY, Thomas, Jr., to Henry De F. Weekes, executor, Oyster Bay; Cherry St, 107, s s, 16.8x90, Oct. 3, 5 years; attorneys, Weekes Brothers, 45 William St.....$6,000

SAME to same; Cherry St, 105.5, s s, 16x—, Oct. 3, 5 years; attorney same.....$6,000

CROUCH & FITZGERALD to Franklin Savings Bank, 656 8th Av; 41st St, 352 and 354 West, 50x98.9, Oct. 3, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, W. M. Powell, 29 Wall St...$30,000

CUNNINGHAM, Samuel A., to Thomas S. Ollive, 23 West 74th St; 135th St, s s, 360 ft e of Lenox Av, 40x99.11; 134th St, n s, 385 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x99.11, Oct. 3, 5 years; address, 409 West 15th St.....$33,000

DAVID, Hannah, to Frederick A. Clark, at Cooperstown, N. Y.; 87th St, 32 West, 20x100.8, quit as per bond Oct. 3; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway.....$20,000

DAVIS, Joseph H., to John Alexander, 540 West 165th St; Jessup Place, w s, at n e s of Boscobel Av, 168.6x100x88.4x122.3, prior mtg $12,000, Sept. 25, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Murray & Hill, Southern Boulevard and 143d St.....$5,000

FOX, Frederick P., to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square East; Webster Av, w s, 100 ft s of 190th St, 51x98.4, 5 years, 6 p. c., Oct. 3; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway...$15,000

HEILAND, Frances H., to Susan Murray, 368 East 136th St; Lots 109 to 112, map of Lohbauer Park, Oct. 2, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles A. Weber, 410 East 149th St...$2,000

HENNION CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, to Manhattan Mortgage Company, 200 Broadway; 139th St, s s, 80 ft e of Cypress Av, 40x100, Oct. 2, due, &c., as per bond; address, 200 Broadway.....$25,000

HERRMANN, Maurice, to Louise Benziger, New Brighton, S. I.; 116th St, 131 West, 25x100.11, Oct. 3, 5 years; attorneys, De Witt, L. & De W., 88 Nassau St.....$30,000

HURRY, Edmund A., to Seamen's Bank for Savings, 76 Wall St; Amsterdam Av, w s, 26 ft s of 150th St, 27x100, Oct. 3, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St. $6,000

KINGSLEY CONTRACTING CO. to William Scholz, 465 East 143d St; 164th St, s s, 101.6 ft e of Washington Av, 40x100, prior mtg $28,000, Oct. 2, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$4,500

LANGE, Gustav, to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av; 110th St, n s, 35 ft e of Park Av, 42.6x100.11, Oct. 3, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Amend & Amend, 119 Nassau St..$33,000

LYNCH, Bridget, and others to City Equity Co., 165 Broadway; Brook Av, n e corner of 139th St, 25.11x100, Sept. 28, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. C. Todd, 165 Broadway...$536

NEW YORK URBAN REAL ESTATE COMPANY to James H. Wood, 1,383 Dean St, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Amsterdam Av, n w corner of 165th St, 75.11x100, July 14, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, 160 Broadway.....$1,000

RIVERVIEW CONSTRUCTION CO. to Noah S. Shefler, 124 West 114th St; 146th St, 546 and 548 West, s s, 525 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x99.11, prior mtg $51,000, Sept. 29, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Saul Bernstein, 149 Broadway.....$15,000

ROS, Oswaldo, to Mary L. Fowler, at Newburg, N. Y.; Bainbridge Av, 2,054, e s, 29.2x125.6, prior mtg $8,000, Oct. 2, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$3,000

RUBIN, Jacob, and another, to Penn-American Plate Glass Co., at Alexandria, Ind.; Willett St, 49, w s, 25.1x88; Avenue A, 1,661, w s, 25x77, Aug. 21, due as per bond; attorneys, Lewkowitz & S., 73 Nassau St.....$4,000

SCHLUTER, August, to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery; Pleasant Av, s w corner of 120th St, 20.5x88, Oct. 3, due May 20, 1914, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St..$1,000

SHOEMAKER, William, to Adam Muller, 44 East 87th St; 9th Av, 659, w s, 28.4x75, prior mtg $20,000, 3 years, 6 p. c., Oct. 2; attorneys, Deyo & B., 111 Broadway.....$7,000

SIEFERMANN, Andrew, to Albert E. De Mott, 347 Lafayette Av, Brooklyn; Cedar St, w s, 225 ft s of Kingston Av, 25x100, Sept. 30, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. T. Mathies, 506 East 175th St.....$3,000

THERRY, Mary, to Payne estate, a corporation, 98 Park Av; 149th St, s s, 404.6; 9th Av, 2d Av, 23.6x103.3, prior mortgage $20,000, Oct. 2, due June 1, 1913, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Reeves & T., 165 Broadway.....$6,000

WAINWRIGHT, Stuyvesant, to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery; 55th St, n s, 146.3 ft w of Lexington Av, 18.9x100.5, Oct. 3, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$12,000

Recorded Leases.

EAGLE AV, 911, ground floor and part of cellar; Edward Greenebaum to Paul Peter, 911 Eagle Av, 3 years and 2 months from July 1, 1911; attorney, 911 Eagle Av.....$320

WESTCHESTER AV, n w corner of Southern Boulevard, west store, &c.; Ferdinand Boller to Jacob Carstens, 1,051 Westchester Av, 7 years and 7 months from Sept. 29.....$1,500 and $1,800

7TH AV, 2,522, corner store and basement; Abraham Kornbluth to Annie O'Brien, 5 years from Sept. 1, 1911; attorney, Paskus, C. & G., 2 Rector St.....$1,500

21ST ST, 46 West, store; Philip Rhinelander et al. to Mark Vogel, on premises, 10 years from completion of alterations; attorney, J. S. Shapiro, 130 Delancey St. $1,900 to $2,400

26TH ST, 26 West, store; David Herring to Joseph Reiss, on premises, 3 years and 7 months from Oct. 1; attorney, B. E. Ropelman 320 Broadway.....$2,800

108TH ST, 130 East, store; Alema Realty Exchange Co. to Mary Sweeney, 130 East 108th St, 3 years from Sept. 15, 1911; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 1 West 34th St.....$480

Mechanics' Liens.

AVENUE B, n e corner of 6th St, 20.2x93; Thomas Galligan, Inc., against Hugo Realty Co., owner; Julius Schwartz, contractor, $110.

BATHGATE AV, e s, 25 ft n of 184th St, 25x96; Henry G. Silleck, Jr., against Special Building Co., owner and contractor.....$183

FORT WASHINGTON AV, s e corner of 181st St, 173.9x140.9x irregular; Lee Marble Works against Fort Washington Construction Co., owner; William H. Straanese, contractor..$880

JACKSON ST, 79 and 81; Salgona & Co. against the Church of St. Mary, owner; Patrick Walsh Co., contractor.....$220

SAME PROPERTY; White, Van Glahn & Co. against same.....$405

LEXINGTON AV, 2,170 to 2,184; E. F. Jeating Co. against Theodore and Henry Rockmore, owners; Max J. Kramer and Henry Rockmore, contractors; George Dellon, contractor, (renewal).....$620

WEBSTER AV, e s, 158.6 ft n of 169th St, 75x100; Noonan & Price Co. against Bernard Construction Co., owner; John Lamborghini, contractor.....$1,084

23D ST, 34 East; Porsth Electric Co. against Alfred E. Schermerhorn, owner; Mercantile Construction Co., contractor.....$20

23D ST, 36 East; Porsch Electric Co. against Alfred E. Schermerhorn, owner; Mercantile Construction Co., contractor.....$18

23D ST, 36 East; Radley Steel Construction Co. against John Doe, owner; Mercantile Construction Co., contractor.....$90

23D ST, 34 East; Radley Steel Construction Co. against John Doe, owner; Mercantile Construction Co., contractor.....$97

72D ST, 166 West; Hull, Grippen & Co. against Brown Brothers, Inc., owners; J. Harry Nicholson & Co., contractors.....$16

119TH ST, 610 East; Sanitary Fireproofing and Contracting Co. against D. H. Spring Realty Co., owner; D. H. Spring, contractor.....$34

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

PINEHURST AV, n w corner of 180th St, 100x106.9; William Buess against Solow Construction Co. and others, Sept. 22, 1911, (by bond).....$880

11TH AV, 210 to 216; Galway & Co. against Zinn Brothers and others, Sept. 5, 1911...$200

134TH ST, 539 East; Kratenstein & Weinstein against One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Street Co. and others, June 19, 1911, (canceled).$950

239TH ST, s s, 220 ft e of Keppler Av; James Martinelli against Annie Cobban and others, Sept. 13, 1911.....$55

Lis Pendens.

FAILE ST, w s, 125 ft n of Randall Av, 75x100, three actions; Hunt's Point Estates against West Mount Vernon Realty Co., (foreclosure of three mortgages;) attorney, S. T. Stern.

GRANT AV, 1,064; Robert Kirkaldy and others against Michael J. McGuire and others, specific performance;) attorney, J. E. Durosa.

HOE AV, e s, between Freeman Av and Jennings St; Max A. Weller against John O'Brien and others, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorneys, Saxe & Powell.

MORRIS AV, n w corner of 150th St, 59.2x100; Julia Friedlander and others against Alliegro & Spallone Construction Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Strouse & Strauss.

148TH ST, n s, 375 ft w of Morris Av, 25x106.6; Isabella Hart against Eric Borkstrom and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Wechsler.

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FAMILY LEAVING CITY DESIRES TO SUBLET, THREE YEARS' LEASE, AN ELEGANT NEW APARTMENT OF NINE ROOMS AND THREE BATHS; MODERN, NEW BUILDING; APARTMENT NEVER OCCUPIED; LOCATED ON WEST END AV., NEAR 82D ST. ADDRESS A. M. HOLLSTEIN, 7 EAST 17TH STREET.

THE ADRIAN,
57 West 72d St., Corner.
Eight large, light rooms, tiled bath; electric light; parquet floors; night and day elevator; Subway express and elevated stations on 72d; all surface lines convenient; rent $1,200 to $1,300.
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West Side.

Rockledge Hall
Riverside Drive,
Corner 102d Street.
The Most Substantially Constructed House on the Drive.
The Finest 9 Room Apartment in New York.

THE Rockledge Hall, a new 12 story, steel constructed building, represents the most modern type of high class apartment house construction. The large rooms and general arrangement are designed to meet the requirements of those accustomed to private dwellings.

Suites of 8 and 9 Extra Large Rooms,
3 Baths, Large Foyers.
COAT AND LINEN ROOMS.
Rental, $2,400 to $3,500.
Renting Agent on Premises, or
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Broadway and 105th Street.

The BELNORD
BROADWAY TO AMSTERDAM AVENUE
Eighty-sixth to Eighty-seventh Street.

¶ You find in the Belnord the best that modern ingenuity can conceive in the way of apartment house comfort and efficiency.

¶ For instance, the building, which covers an entire city block and is 12 stories high, is so constructed that every room is an outside room.

¶ The building surrounds the largest apartment house court in the world. The court has grass plots, walks, shrubs and fountains—a miniature park.

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¶ Apartments contain from 7 to 11 rooms at yearly rentals of $2,400 and upward. The Belnord service is perfection. Interested parties are cordially invited to inspect the Belnord.

W. H. DOLSON & CO., Agents,
Office on the Premises
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RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
NORTH CORNER 99TH ST.
New Fireproof Apartments,
Convenient to 96th St. Subway.
FINEST PART OF RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Suites of 7, 8 & 9 Rooms.
Large Foyers and 3 Baths.
Exceptional 9-room corner apartment every room with southerly exposure
RENTAL $1,600 TO $2,900.
READY FOR OCCUPANCY.
Renting Agent on Premises.
Calder, Nassoit & Lanning,
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Absolutely Fireproof.
The Evelyn,
Columbus Av. and 78th St.,
opposite Museum of Natural History; non-housekeeping Apartments; all improvements; elevator, hall and maid service; electric light free; extension telephone.
Restaurant in Building.
Two rooms and bath.....$600 to $720
Three rooms and bath.....$660 to $900
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Superintendent on premises.

Most Accessible Location.
The Coronet
57 West 58th Street
One block from
Central Park and 5th Av.;
high class fireproof apartments, consisting of 9 and 12 rooms, 3 baths, every known modern improvement and all conveniences.
SUPT., ON PREMISES, OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

The **Wendolyn**
S. E. Cor. 100th St. and Riverside Drive
A new twelve-story building.
The only house of its kind on the west side. Only two of the 10 and 11 room apartments left.
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400-408 MANHATTAN AV.
High-class elevator apartments of 2, 4, 6 rooms and bath.
Rent $30 to $65. Dining room on premises.

67-69 St. Nicholas Ave.
Elevator apartments of 5-6 rooms and bath.
Rent $38 to $48. Supt. on premises.

61-69 East 86th Street,
NEAR MADISON AV.
High-class elevator apartments of 5, 6, 7, 8 rooms and bath; $45 to $80.

BERKELEY ARMS
326 to 332 West 95th St.
Handsome up-to-date apartments.
All light, airy rooms; Subway express station.
RENTS, $45-75.
Telephone 4174 Riverside.

BACHELORS
THE OAKDALE
36-38 West 35th St.,
NEAR 5TH AV.
Suites of 2 and 3 rooms and bath.
Hotel service.
Rents $600 to $1,000
Superintendent on premises.

THE
METROPOLITAN
S. W. COR. 88TH ST. & BROADWAY
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION.
Seven and eight rooms and foyer, generous closets; separate laundries and drying rooms; complete night and day service.
ELECTRIC LIGHT FREE

45 FIFTH AVENUE,
Between 11th and 12th Sts.
Attractive apartment; 7 large, light rooms and bath; possession October 1st.
RENT, $1,250.
Hall service. Opposite First Presbyterian Church. Apply Superintendent on premises, or WILLIAM HENRY FOLSOM,
927 Broadway. Tel. 5929 Gramercy.

THE CHACORNAC,
5-7 WEST 91ST ST.
High-class elevator apartments, 7 and 8 large, light rooms, with 2 baths; very attractive; convenient location; rent $1,200 to $1,500.

The Prasada Central Park West, Corner 65th Street.
Apartments of 7 & 10 rooms, 2 & 3 baths; every convenience and improvement, including foyer, pantry, free refrigeration, etc.

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HOUSEKEEPING ANNEX
Broadway & 55th St., N. Y.
CONVENIENCE of a Hotel with PRIVACY of a Home.
Furnished if Desired.
'Phone 5000 Columbus.

The **WILBRAHAM**
N. W. Cor. Fifth Ave. & 30th St.
Opposite Holland House
Two, Four or Six Rooms with Baths.
Southern Exposure—Fireproof Bldg.
FRED'K FOX & CO.,
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THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 67th St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators night and day, passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; rent $1,000 to $1,500.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.
THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

141st St., 221 West.— Near 7th Ave.
Elegant 4-6 large, light room elevator apartments, modern; near "L" and Subway stations; $32.50 to $45. Concessions desirable tenants. Investigate.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.
West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Campolyn & Wenonah,
521 & 523 W. 112th St.
JUST COMPLETED
Two New 8 Story Fireproof Apartment Houses.
Erected by the Theodore Starrett Company, which is a guaranty of superior construction, these buildings contain conveniences found in very few Apartment Houses in this city. Vacuum cleaning, indoor clothes dryers, commodious clothes closets, servants' bath. No long halls; unusually large rooms and entrance foyer.
Very attractively arranged in suites of
5 & 7 Rooms and Bath
Rents $770 to $1,400
Very Liberal Concessions on 2 Year Leases
Representatives on premises day and evening, or
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STRATHMORE
RIVERSIDE DRIVE, S. E. CORNER 113TH STREET
A Few Choice Apartments to Let
100 Feet Frontage on the Drive
Two apartments to floor; 10 rooms, 3 baths and large foyer, 14 closets, pantry. Parlors 18x22. Dining room 17x21; Master bedroom 17x20; other rooms large.
No other apartments on Riverside Drive, with similar rental, can compare with these. The sunlight, air and view are really unusual.
Apartments may be seen at any time, and on request by letter or telephone (John 5567 or Morningside 488) our representative will call on you with plan and prices.
HALL, HAWKES & PRENTICE,
32 NASSAU STREET.

New Fireproof Elevator Apartments
THE ALABAMA
550 Riverside Drive, N. E. Cor. 127th St.
One block from Manhattan St. Subway Station & B'way Surface Cars.
An apartment house of unusually substantial construction, containing every up-to-date improvement and convenience including vacuum cleaners, etc. Service of the Highest Standard.
3-4-5-6 and 7 Rooms & Baths
3 Room Suites Have Kitchenettes.
Rents from $40. up Manager on premises

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Before Deciding
Be Sure to See These
Large Light Sunny Rooms
7 ROOMS & BATH
Cheery and Homelike.
605 West 112th St.
Between Broadway and Riverside Drive.
No better Location on the West Side.
Two blocks to Subway.
AT THE VERY ATTRACTIVE FIGURE OF $1,150.
Apply to Superintendent, or
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S. E. Cor. 140th St. and Broadway. Largest and Best Finished Apartments on Washington Heights. Suites of 4, 6, and 7 Rooms and Bath, with 6 and 7 closets to an Apartment. Bedroom, size 12x15; Dining Room, 12x16.
RENT $540 TO $1,100.

THE BRIARCLIFF
S. E. Cor. Broadway and 162d St. 4, 5, 6 Rooms and Bath, Parquet Floor, with ample closet room.
RENT $420 to $720.

RENAULT COURT
207 West 110th Street, Cathedral Parkway. Apartments of 4, 6, 7, and 8 rooms and bath. Bedrooms, 12x15; Dining Rooms, 12x16. Five and six closets to Apartments.
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S. E. Cor. 97th St. and Madison Av. Apartments of 5, 7, 8, and 9 rooms, 2 baths.
RENTS $720 TO $1,500.
C. M. Silverman & Son, Owners.

146th St. & St. Nicholas Av.
NORTHWEST CORNER.
On 100-foot street; corner; quiet, well settled, residential quarter; all light rooms; every modern improvement; continuous elevator service; elevated station (2 blocks), express Subway station (145th St.), crosstown line (one block.) Four, five, six, nine rooms and 2 baths.
RENTS REDUCED
Attentive service. An investment, not a builder's speculation, subject to re-sale. An inspection is invited.
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JUST COMPLETED—UP TO DATE.
ETHAN ALLEN
STONY POINT
N. W. Corner Pinehurst Av., 180th St.
5 Room APARTMENTS RENTS $39-$43
Finest non-elevator apartment
ON WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.
Shower Baths and Parquet Floors.
Vacuum Cleaning, Sanitary Garbage Closets.
TELEPHONE IN EACH APARTMENT.

The "HILLCREST"
430 WEST 116TH STREET
One Block from Broadway Subway Station.
8 & 9 Large, Sunny Outside Rooms, 2-3 Baths, Elevator, Etc., **$1,500**
Living Rooms.....18x23 ft.
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Bedrooms (So'th'n Exposure).13x16 ft.
Spacious Foyers, Wide Halls, Ample Closets.
OPEN FOR INSPECTION UNTIL 10 P. M.

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High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.
Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and 'phone service.
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610-615-619 W. 136th St.
Bet. Broadway and Riverside
4-5-7 Room Apartments
All modern improvements.
Rents $30 to $55 per month
Apply on premises, or
BANALD H. McDONALD, 29 West 34th St.

4, 5 ROOMS
$29-$33 PER MONTH
Electric light; telephone service, etc.
184TH ST. & AUDUBON AVE

TWO MONTHS FREE.
Must sublet exquisite apartment, 7 all outside rooms; electric light, parquet floors; only $35.
1,239 Franklin Avenue
Two blocks 169th St. 3d Av. Elevated.

18-20 WEST 107TH ST.
Unusual Apartments.
Seven and eight extra large light rooms, $80-$70; modern elevator buildings; all improvements.

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454-456 Riverside Drive.
(116-119 STREETS.)
FRONT APARTMENTS.
5&6 Rooms 2 Baths, $1,100-1,500
REAR.
4 Rooms and Bath, $700-900
APPLY ON PREMISES OR
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
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ROSALIND COURT
510 West 144th St.
Between Amsterdam and Broadway.
BEAUTIFUL MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
Near Subway, Elevated, & Crosstown Cars.
4 Large Rooms.....$35—$40
6 Large Rooms, Front...$55—$60
Ground Floor, 6 Rooms, Suitable for Dentist, $60.
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THE ROCKFALL
N. E. CORNER BROADWAY & 111TH ST.
Adjoining Subway station; beautiful location.
NEW FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOUSE OF THE HIGHEST TYPE.
6 Rooms and 2 Baths
7 Rooms and 2 Baths
All outside and unusually large rooms.
REASONABLE RENTS.
Immediate possession. Apply Superintendent.

300-302 W. 49th St.
ONE BLOCK WEST OF BROADWAY.
New 8-story elevator apartment house; all outside rooms; fireproof; all Improvements
3—4 Rooms
$40, $42.50, $50 Monthly
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

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near 145th St.
Harvard Court
5-6-7 Rooms,
$45 to $75.
New Elevator Apartments.

THE ENDYMION,
352 WEST 117TH ST.
Close to transit lines and Park; refined home apartments; very moderate rent; seven rooms; modern appointments; only $48 and $55; references; diagrams, &c., of Superintendent, on premises, or
Wilcox & Shelton, Managers,
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TOP FLOOR
4 AND 5 ROOMS AND BATH
ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.
$29 TO $33.
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THE IDLEWILD
1,854 SEVENTH AVE., (NEAR 112TH ST.)
8 large rooms, bath, 2 toilets; select neighborhood; elevator, electric light, telephone; $75 a month. Concessions to desirable lessees. Superintendent.

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8 Rooms, 3 Baths, Single..$3,700
9 Rooms, 3 Baths, Duplex.. $3,500—3,900
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7 Rooms, 2 Baths, Duplex. 2,100

145 East 35th St. The Southfield At Lexington Av.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, Single. $1,800—$2,400
7 Rooms and Bath, Duplex. 1,800

116 East 58th St. Near Park Av.
8 Rooms, 3 Baths..... $3,100
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40 East 62d St. New Building Near Madison Av.
7 Rooms, 3 Baths.$2,600—$3,000

316-318 West 84th St. Near West End Av.
7 Rooms and Bath..... $1,000
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780 Madison Av. Semi-housekeeping At 66th St.
9 Rooms, 3 Baths.$3,500—$3,900
9 Rooms, 3 Baths, Furnished .....$4,000— 4,500

830 Park Av. New Building Corner 76th St.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths, Private entrance.....$2,750
9 Rooms, 3 Baths..... 3,500
12 Rooms, 3 Baths..... 4,000
12 Rooms, 4 Baths..... 4,500
13 Rooms, 3 Baths..... 4,500
15 Rooms, 4 Baths..... 5,500
Individual Laundry with each apartment.

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NEW BUILDING.
6 Rooms, 2 Baths (Front) $1,300—$1,500
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4 Rooms (Front & Rear) 750— 900

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6 Rooms and Bath..... $1,200—$1,500
7 Rooms and Bath..... 1,800
8 Rooms, 2 Baths..... $1,400—2,100
9 Rooms, 2 Baths..... 2,500
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The PARK VIEW CHOICE APARTMENTS Overlooking Central Park Steam Heat, Hot Water, &c. 6 & 7 ROOMS & BATH

Houses just thoroughly renovated. EVERYTHING NEW. $32.50 to $55

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Choice Apartments in Central East Side Fashionable Section.

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15 East 10th St.,
NEAR FIFTH AVE.
Exclusive neighborhood, accessible location, convenient to L, subway, surface and 'bus. Extra servants' rooms if desired.
8 Rooms and Bath. Rents $1,600 Up.
Booklet, with floor plan and further particulars, on application.
Huston & Spraker Co.,
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17 Livingston Place
CORNER EAST 17th ST.
Overlooking Stuyvesant Park
6 AND 7 ROOMS
large, light and airy; 'phones, elevators, electric light, uniformed hall attendants, separate servants' toilets.
RENTS $800 TO $1200
Also physician's corner first floor Apartment, seven large outside rooms and bath.
APPLY TO SUPT. ON PREMISES.

MAYFAIR
S. E. Corner 57th St. and Park Av.
449 Park Av.
Housekeeping Apartments, of 8, 9 and 10 outside rooms and 2 baths.
Rents $2,800 to $3,250.
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5TH AV. AND 58TH ST.
100 feet east of 5th Av.
THE MASON,
6-12 East 58th St.
Attractive Apartments of 8 and 9 rooms and bath; open plumbing, steam heat; hall boys; elevator service all night.
VERY LOW RENTS
FOR CHOICE LOCATION
$1,600 to $1,750
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 BROADWAY, OR SUPERINTENDENT, ON PREMISES.

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EIGHT UNUSUALLY LARGE, WELL-LIGHTED ROOMS AND BATH, ELEVATOR, ALL CONVENIENCES, 292-294 WEST 92D ST., BETWEEN BROADWAY AND WEST END AV., NEAR SUBWAY STATION; REASONABLE RENTS AND CONCESSIONS TO GOOD TENANTS. INQUIRE SUPERINTENDENT, ON PREMISES, OR

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Overlooking Union Square, At 14th St. Subway express station.
High Class Apartments, 1, 3 and 5 Rooms and Bath.
Every Room Sunny.
Steel constructed building, magnificent entrance and reception room, excellent hall and telephone service.
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61-65 East 59th St.,
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The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments, 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.
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S. W. Cor. 50th St.
NON-HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENT FOR RENT,
4 Rooms and 2 Baths.
All conveniences. Apply to
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NEAR MADISON AV.
7-8-11 rooms, bath and servants' bath; rent, $1,000-$1,250; also corner apartment, all light rooms, $1,400; white enameled woodwork; parquet floors, electric lights, telephone each apartment. Telephone 1690 Lenox.

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Seven and eight room corner Apartments; fireproof building.
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223 LEXINGTON AVENUE,
Suites of 2 Rooms and Bath, $40 per month
111 WEST 43D ST.
2 ROOMS, BATH, $25 TO $45 PER MONTH.
Ashforth & Co., 11 E. 42d St.

KINGSTON—129 E. 76th Street
Handsome apartment, seven large, light rooms, $55.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

East Side.

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144-146-148 East 22d St.
To lease, attractive large apartments, 5 & 6 rooms and bath. All-night elevator service. Electric light, telephone.
MODERATE RENT.
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Corner Gates and Franklin Avenues, Brooklyn, on 3 car lines; elevator service; 8 large rooms and bath. All outside rooms. All conveniences. Rental $600 to $1,100 a year.

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68-74 Montague Street, Brooklyn Heights, overlooking Bay and Harbor; elevator service; 8-story fireproof. Every modern convenience; vacuum cleaning. Within a few minutes of Subway, Wall Street Ferry and Brooklyn Bridge. $525 to $1,000 a year.

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62-64-66 Pierrepont Street, Brooklyn Heights, overlooking Bay and Harbor. Ideal housekeeping apartments for small families; elevator service; vacuum cleaning; 8-story fireproof. Near Wall Street Ferry, Subway and Brooklyn Bridge. $485 to $1,200 a year.
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Separate entrance to apartment. Seven large, all light rooms with bath. Every improvement, handsomely decorated. All comfort and privacy of a one-family dwelling, with conveniences of an up-to-date apartment. Rents $65. Superior to anything in Manhattan at twice that Rental. 20 minutes from Park Row. Elevated, Trolley, or Subway.
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FRANKLIN AVE., 1408-1414
2 blocks E. 169th St., 3d Av. L station; 1 block to park and school.
LARGE, LIGHT APARTMENTS OF
4 and 5 ROOMS.
New building, equipped with steam heat, electric lights throughout, modern plumbing, hardwood trim.
RENTS $20 to $26

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200 feet from Mott Av. Subway Station. 4-5 large, elegant rooms; halls and bath heated; all improvements.
RENTS $16 TO $19.
Opposite school, near parks. Choice location.

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FORDHAM ROAD, CORNER VALENTINE AV. Most refined section of Bronx; every modern improvement; five and six rooms; $28-$50.
Superintendent on premises, or
HUBERTH & GABEL,
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1024 BOSTON ROAD NEAR 165TH — High-class 5 and 7 rooms; electric light; parquet floors; bath, telephone, etc. Well-kept house.

MORRIS AV. 1921 SOUTH OF TREMONT AV — **JUST COMPLETED** 3-4-5 Extra Large Rooms, Electric light, telephone, parquet floors, &c. Refined, quiet neighborhood.

193d Street and Marion Avenue.
THE WILLOW APARTMENTS.
Just completed; 5 and 6 rooms; two families on each floor.

2,650 MARION AV., bet. 194th and 195th Sts., 2 blocks west of Webster Av., Fordham Road "L" Station, apartments, just completed, 5 and 6 rooms, $25 upward.

1,999 MORRIS AV., Corner 179th St., 6 and 8 rooms in 2-family house; select neighborhood; rents reasonable.

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Hotel Woodward
Broadway and 55th Street
Residential and Transient.
Established reputation for catering only to people of refinement.
Easy access to theatre and shopping centre.
Woodward Housekeeping Annex
Furnished or Unfurnished.
Privacy of a home and convenience of a hotel.

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59th St., Between Madison & Park Avs., Block from Grand Plaza Entrance to Central Park.
SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 PER DAY.
DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY.
Family Hotel for Permanent and Transient Guests.

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It Is Hard to Get Better Meals at Any Price Than at THE DUNLEETH, 143 W. 47th St., Bet. 6th & 7th Avs. 40c. LUNCH - - DINNER 50c. 'Phone 7937—Bryant.

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MANHATTAN.

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HATFIELD HOUSE,
103 East 29th St.
Two and three rooms, bath; all light; southern exposure; dr.'s office; excellent table optional.

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SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, KINGS COUNTY.—ADA F. DE LANEY, Plaintiff, against JOHN R. CAVE and MINNIE CAVE, his wife, Arthur J. Cave and Winfred Cave, his wife, Florence Cave, Thomas A. Barnes, Julia T. McDonald or Julia F. King, Albert McDonald, William Henry Barnes, Victor Barnes, Alice Barnes, the said John R. Cave, named as executor in an instrument purporting to be the will of Daniel Heatley Barnes, deceased, the unknown persons (other than the defendants named herein) who are or may be devisees, heirs, descendants, executors, administrators, husbands, or wives of said Florence Cave, Thomas A. Barnes, Julia T. McDonald, Albert McDonald, William Henry Barnes, and Victor Barnes, and the unknown persons (other than the defendants named herein) who are or may be the devisees, heirs, descendants, executors, administrators, husbands, or wives, of any of the devisees, heirs, or descendants of said Florence Cave, Thomas A. Barnes, Julia T. McDonald, Albert McDonald, William Henry Barnes, and Victor Barnes, the heirs and next of kin of Daniel Heatley Barnes, late of the County of Kings, deceased, said Florence Cave being now known as Florence C. Allen, Defendants.—Summons.
To the above-named defendants:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated New York, June 17th, 1911.
RONALD K. BROWN, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Office Address and Post Office Address, No. 320 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.
To Florence Cave, Thomas A. Barnes, Julia T. McDonald, or Julia T. King, Albert McDonald, Alice Barnes, the unknown persons, (other than the defendants named herein) who are or may be the devisees, heirs, descendants, executors, administrators, husbands, or wives of said Florence Cave, Thomas A. Barnes, Julia T. McDonald, or Julia T. King, Albert McDonald, the heirs and next of kin of Daniel Heatley Barnes, late of the County of Kings, deceased, said Florence Cave being now known as Florence C. Allen. The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Townsend Scudder, Justice of the Supreme Court, dated the 31st day of August, 1911, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings.
Dated New York, September 7th, 1911.
RONALD K. BROWN, Plaintiff's Attorney.
320 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—MAE WEIL, Plaintiff, against SIGMUND WEIL, Defendant.—Summons—Action to annul a marriage.—County Clerk's number, 20,568, 1911.
To the above-named defendant:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated December 10, 1910.
DAVID C. MYERS, Plaintiff's Attorney, office and Post Office address, No. 309 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.
To SIGMUND WEIL, the defendant above named:
The foregoing summons is hereby served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Edward J. Gavegan, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 16th day of September, 1911, and filed with the original summons and duly verified complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 18th day of September, 1911.
Dated New York, September 18th, 1911.
DAVID C. MYERS, Plaintiff's Attorney, office and P. O. address 309 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice to Creditors: Notice is hereby given to the Creditors of Antonio Greco, owner of the bootblack shop at 1,966 Seventh Avenue, New York, to prove their claims on or before the 14th day of October, 1911, at his premises, without further notice. CHRISTOS MISSIS, THEODORE TZOMPIS.

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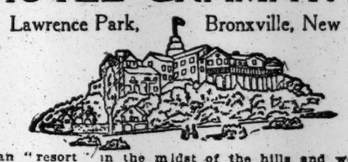
Lawrence Park, Bronxville, New York



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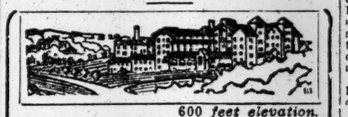
Automobiling, riding, driving, beautiful walks. Best tennis courts in Westchester County.
The most picturesque and sporty golf course near New York. New Clubhouse. Noted for the excellence of its table and the class of its custom. An ideal Fall and Winter home for the New York business man. Send for illustrated booklet or come and see for yourself. HOTEL GRAMATAN, Inc., Proprietors.

NEW YORK—New York City.

IN THE COUNTRY IN NEW YORK CITY. Ideal hotel, 300 feet above Hudson. Large grounds, plenty shade, fine tennis court. Stable and garage accommodations, modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accommodates 50 guests; accessible by train or Subway. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York City. Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

NEW JERSEY—Montclair.



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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Josiah White & Sons Company.

A Charming Place for Particular People.
NEW HOTEL MERION
Open all the year. Vermont Ave., close to beach. Unobstructed ocean view. Newly brick built. Cuisine unsurpassed. MACK LATZ & CO.

ATLANTIC CITY is at its best during its famous Autumn Season.

Ask Mr. Foster. | Free information. Flatiron Arcade. B'way & 23d St.

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THE ONLY EUROPEAN PLAN HOTEL IN LAKEWOOD, N. J.
Write for illustrated booklet and rates

NEW ENGLAND—New Hampshire.

Autumn in New Hampshire
ROCKINGHAM HOTEL PORTSMOUTH
A beautiful hotel, in a quaint old town, on direct route of all motor tours.
An attractive Winter home. Rates on application.
GEORGE Q. PATTEE, Prop.

PENNSYLVANIA—Delaware Water Gap.

The KITTATINNY
DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
Leading hotel, steam heat, open fires, &c. Write for Booklet, Auto Maps. Special October rates. Cafe. Grill. G. FRANK COPE.

PENNSYLVANIA—Mount Pocono.

NEW SPRUCE CABIN INN open to Dec. 1st. Shooting in season. Rooms en suite with bath. All amusements. Garage. Livery. Saddle Horses. Booklet. Lacka. R. R. to Cresco. W. J. & M. D. Price, Canadensis, Pa.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.
Wednesday, October 4th, 1911
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
25 shs. The John Good Cordage & Machine Co.
20 shs. American Extractor Co.
86 shs. Southern Investment Co.
12 shs. Delaware, Lack. & Western Coal Co.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
40 shs. Lassen Realty Co.
10 shs. Morristown, N. J., Trust Co.
15 shs. Bank of America.
10 shs. Knickerbocker Trust Co.
10 shs. Metropolitan Trust Co.
40 shs. Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.
$1,000 United States Steel Skg. fd. 5 p. c. Bond.
10 shs. Central Trust Co.
$20,000 Iron Clad Manfg. Co. 6 p. c. Gold Bds., 1935.
100 shs. New York Transfer Co.
20 shs. Naushon Co. prefd.
10 shs. Continental Insurance Co.
40 shs. Atlantic Fruit & Steamship Co. Temp. Certf.
38 shs. Arlington Mills of Mass.
9 shs. Brothers Valley Coal Co. of Penn. 2nd Prefd.
1 share Brothers Valley Coal Co. of Penn. 1st Prefd.
86 shs. U. S. Shipbuilding Co. Pfd. and $100 Scrip.
86 shs. U. S. Shipbuilding Co. Common and $100 Scrip.
5 shs. Bankers Trust Co.

Department Store
OF THE BRAY-MITCHELL CO.
of Kansas City, Mo., inventoried at $55,000, will be sold at Public Auction Sale,
Tomorrow, Thurs., Oct. 5, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., at my Annex Salesroom, 74-76 Greene St., near Spring Street, by D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer,
Consisting of large and regular lines of
LADIES' and GENTS' **FURNISHINGS**
Ladies', Gents' and Children's Underwear, Hosiery, Shirts; a large line of Notions; a large assortment fine Kid Gloves, extensive line of Laces, Embroideries, &c.; Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Cotton Goods, Silk and Velvet Ribbons, Corsets, Ladies' and Misses' Cloaks, Suits, Skirts, &c.; Furs, Shirt Waists, &c., and a large line of Toys; also one Lamson Cash System, with 12 stations and baskets, complete; 2 Glove Cabinets, with 42 drawers each.
The extensive lines and excellent variety of the above offering makes this sale an extraordinary opportunity for Department and Retail Stores to secure exceptional merchandise value.
Auctioneer's Office, 5 Greene Street. Telephone 4299 Spring.

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Advertisements in the Furnished Room columns of The New York Times attract the most desirable patrons.

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1 time per line, 25c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.40. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, DISTRICT of New Jersey.—In the matter of S. HEYMAN DRY GOODS COMPANY, Bankrupt.
Pursuant to the order of this court, the undersigned, trustee of the above-named bankrupt, will sell the following-described property, assets, and effects of said estate: All of the personal property contained upon the premises formerly occupied by said bankrupt at 200-208 Springfield Avenue, Newark, N. J., consisting of furnishings for men and women, dry goods, laces, underwear, cotton goods, clothing, and articles of a like nature, safes, desks, fixtures, showcases, etc. Sale to be made first in lots, then as a whole, subject to confirmation of the court. The trustee reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
Said property may be inspected between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. every day until date of sale, upon the aforesaid premises.
The said property will be sold at public auction at the said premises on Wednesday, the fourth day of October, 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Application for confirmation will be made before Hon. Edwin G. Adams, referee, at Bankruptcy Court Rooms, Essex Building, Clinton and Beaver Streets, Newark, N. J., Thursday, October 5, 1911, at 10 A. M.
SAUL COHN, Trustee in Bankruptcy, 222 Washington Street, Newark, N. J.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney of Trustee, 350 Broadway, New York City.

TRUSTEES' SALE.—In the matter of MANNING, NOBLE & CO., Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, will sell on Wednesday, Oct. 4, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., at Nos. 113-115 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, personal property of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of filing cabinets, desk, office tables, typewriter, and various other office fixtures, and a safe which can be inspected at the office of the bankrupt, at No. 103 Park Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, any day between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M., and at 12 o'clock noon, at West 145th Street and Harlem River, north side 145th St., ½ block east of Lenox Av. Subway Station, property consisting of wheelbarrows, scaffolding, horses, planks, mortar tubs, tarpaulin, ladders, and a portable house. The trustees reserve the right to withdraw any of the said property from the sale unless it shall bring at least 75 per cent of the appraised value.
ROBERT GRANT, BENJAMIN STORCH, JOSEPH RAUCHMAN, Trustees.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LESLIE B. WILSON and DUNCAN M. FERGUSON, doing business under the copartnership name of L. B. WILSON & CO., Bankrupts.
Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Oct. 4, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 60 Wall St., Room 1,905, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of B. K. desks, R. T. desk, F. T. desk, rugs, carpets, tables, stools, settees, leather couch, linoleum, chairs, pictures, maps, stock quotation boards, books, &c.
CHARLES P. BISHOP, Receiver.
HAROLD C. MITCHELL, Attorney for Receiver, 60 Wall St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS HIRSCHENBEIN & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Oct. 11, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 1,653 Madison Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of woolens, dress goods, silks, safe, desk, fixtures, &c.
HARRY OSTERMAN, Receiver.
CHARLES ENO, Attorney for Receiver, 63 Park Row, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

AT A STATED TERM OF THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, held in the Post Office Building, Manhattan Borough, New York City, on the 25th day of September, 1911.—Present Hon. Charles M. Hough, Judge.—In the matter of JAMES A. WYLIE, Bankrupt.
It appearing to my satisfaction by the petition of Charles H. Fuller, verified September 19, 1911, that a petition in bankruptcy was duly filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court on the 20th day of July, 1911, praying that the above-named alleged bankrupts be adjudicated bankrupts, and that a subpœna directed to the said alleged bankrupts was duly issued out of this Court to the Marshal of this District, and that the said Marshal has been unable to serve the same, and that the said alleged bankrupts are not now within this District, so that personal service may be made upon them, and that diligent efforts have been made to ascertain the whereabouts of said alleged bankrupts, but that they are not now within the jurisdiction of this Court. Now on motion of Charles H. Fuller, attorney for petitioning creditors, it is hereby
Ordered that the above named alleged bankrupts plead, answer or demur on the 12th day of October, 1911, and in case of their failure to plead, answer or demur thereto, adjudication shall be made according to the prayer of the said petition, and it is further
Ordered that this order be published in the New York Times once a week for two successive weeks, said publication to commence not later than the 27th day of September, 1911, and that a copy of this order be mailed to the said alleged bankrupts at their last known residence or place of business, 216 Elizabeth Street, Manhattan Borough, in the City of New York, on or before the date of the first publication.
C. M. HOUGH, D. J.

NO. 15,548.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MOSES D. JURAN and REBECCA or ROSIE JURAN, individually and as members of the firm of MOSES D. JURAN, Bankrupts.
To the creditors of Moses D. Juran and Rebecca or Rosie Juran, individually and as members of the firm of Moses D. Juran, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:
Notice is hereby given that on the 29th day of September, A. D. 1911, the said Moses D. Juran and Rebecca or Rosie Juran, individually and as members of the firm of Moses D. Juran, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of October, A. D. 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, October 3d, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

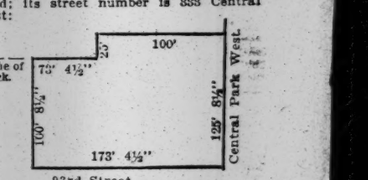
NO. 15,473.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JAMES A. WYLIE, Bankrupt.
To the creditors of James A. Wylie of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of September, A. D. 1911, the said James A. Wylie was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of October, A. D. 1911, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, September 19th, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,387.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BARESI COAL COMPANY, Bankrupt.
To the creditors of Baresi Coal Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 26th day of September, A. D. 1911, the said Baresi Coal Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of October, A. D. 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, October 3d, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,218.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS N. ADLER, Bankrupt.
To the creditors of Louis N. Adler of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1910, the said Louis N. Adler was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of October, A. D. 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
NATHANIEL S. SMITH, Referee in Bankruptcy.
October 3, 1911.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK. LOUIS M. JONES, et al., Plaintiffs, against STURTYVANT REALTY COMPANY, et al., Defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 5th day of September, 1911, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 4th day of October, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:
All that certain plot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon and to be hereafter thereon, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:
Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of Ninety-third Street with the westerly side of Central Park West and running thence westerly along the northerly side of Ninety-third Street one hundred and seventy-three (173) feet four and one-half (4½) inches; thence northerly parallel with Central Park West one hundred (100) feet eight and one-half (8½) inches to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along said centre line seventy-three (73) feet four and one-half (4½) inches; thence northerly again parallel with Central Park West twenty-five (25) feet; thence easterly and parallel with the northerly side of Ninety-third Street one hundred (100) feet to the westerly side of Central Park West, and thence southerly along the westerly side of Central Park West, one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet eight and one-half (8½) inches to the corner aforesaid, the point or place of beginning.
The above described premises lie in Section 4, Block 1,207 on the Land Map of the City of New York.
Said premises being the same premises which were conveyed by said plaintiffs and their respective wives to said defendant Sturtyvant Realty Company, by deed bearing even date and delivered and intended to be recorded simultaneously with said mortgage.
Dated New York, September 9th, 1911.
FRANCIS W. POLLOCK, Referee.
W. BENNETT MARX, Attorney for Plaintiffs, 257 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 333 Central Park West:



93rd Street.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is two hundred and twenty-two thousand four hundred and ninety-one 91-100 ($222,491.91) dollars, with interest thereon from the first day of September, 1911, together with costs and allowance, amounting to four hundred and ninety-two 65-100 ($492.65) dollars, with interest from September 5th, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is sixteen thousand four hundred and twenty-five dollars and interest. Said premises will be sold subject to a mortgage for $750,000.00 on which there is unpaid $745,000.00 and interest thereon, recorded in New York County Register's office in Section 4, Liber 200 of Mortgages, page 63; covenants and restrictions contained in instruments recorded in said Register's office in Liber 1,274 of Conveyances, page 480, and Liber 1,275 of Conveyances, page 482; party wall agreement referred to in deed recorded in said Register's office in Section 4, Liber 26 of Conveyances, page 323, so far as the same may be in effect; covenants and restriction contained in deed of a portion of said premises recorded in said Register's office in Section 4, Liber 131 of Conveyances, page 157; state of facts an accurate survey of said premises will show and tenancies, if any.
Dated New York, September 9th, 1911.
FRANCIS W. POLLOCK, Referee.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New York, County of New York.—HARMON W. HENDRICKS, as sole surviving trustee of the trust created by the last will and testament of FANNY HENDRICKS, late of the

RUBBER CO. PASSES DIVIDEND

Intercontinental Directors Blame Conditions in Mexico.

The quarterly dividend on the common stock of the Intercontinental Rubber Company, controlled by the Ryan-Aldrich interests, has been passed for an indefinite period. The rate has been 1 per cent. quarterly The stock has declined from over 30 in the last few months to 14¾, and is now selling at 16½.

In passing the dividend the Directors explained that "unsettled conditions" in Mexico, which may affect cost of operation, justify extremely conservative action at this time. and that therefore it seems wise to accumulate and hold the surplus for the benefit of the future developments rather than disburse it in dividends or retire a further amount of the preferred stock, which would be the regular course in normal times, based upon the results obtained during the past fiscal year.

It is also stated that the Directors fear that the price of rubber may suffer a decline during the coming period, and speak of the dividend as deferred until "such time as conditions justify its resumption."

The report for the year ended July 31 shows profits of $2,640,519, which, after the payment of dividends of $1,200,490 and the allowance of $137,145 for depreciation, left a surplus for the year of $1,203,883. The retiring officers were re-elected at the annual meeting.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Fob Chains Composed of Gun Metal Must Pay 85 Per Cent. in Duty.

In overruling a protest filed by Marshall Field & Co., the Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday decided that fob chains composed of gun metal and white metal, valued at more than 20 cents per dozen pieces, commonly and commercially known as jewelry, are dutiable at rates equivalent to 85 per cent. ad valorem, and not as articles commonly or commercially known as jewelry at 60 per cent. under the last clause of Paragraph 448, act of 1909, under which assessment was made and claimed by the importers.

Judge Sharretts holds that the last clause of Paragraph 448 refers to jewelry composed exclusively of gold or platinum. While practically all the articles enumerated in the paragraph are known as jewelry, the articles in question, not being composed of gold or platinum, are excluded from the benefit of the 60 per cent. duty. The assessment at 85 per cent. is affirmed. According to Judge Sharretts, thousands of importers' protests have been filed with the board involving this issue.

T. Buettner & Co. failed to secure a reduction in the duty assessed on imitation precious stones pierced vertically and claimed by the Government to be intended as ornaments for theatrical garments. The articles are made of paste to imitate diamond rubies, emeralds, opals, &c. Duty was assessed at the rate of 35 per cent. ad valorem as "beads," under the provision of the tariff act of 1909. The protestant claimed a rate of 20 per cent. ad valorem as "imitation stones."

Judge Sharretts points out in his decision that the law of 1909 differs from that of 1897 in that the present act limits imitation precious stones to those suitable for use in the manufacture of jewelry. It is held that the importers failed to establish the correctness of their claim. The protest is overruled, although it is stated that the Collector's classification as "beads" is erroneous. The merchandise should have been assessed at 45 per cent. on the value as "manufactures of paste."

The board denied a contention raised by Maffei & Co. regarding the classification of cotton bandings. They were returned for duty as "cotton bandings." They were claimed dutiable at lower rates, either as countable cottons or as cotton wearing apparel.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

SAMUEL COHEN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Cohen, shoe dealer, at 621 Lenox Avene, by the following creditors: A. J. Bates & Co., $1,309; Goller Shoe Company, $146, and Friedman Brothers, $1,600. Liabilities are $6,500 and assets $3,800.

LORETTA G. LYMAN, typewriting copyist, residing at 51 East 122d Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $1,458 and no assets. She went surety for William Lyman on a bond to discharge a mechanics' lien on a building at Broadway and 184th Street, and a judgment was obtained against her on April 13, 1910, for $1,458, by Rosen & Appell.

EMILE JEANTET.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Emile Jantet, dealer in human hair goods, at 94 Fifth Avenue, show liabilities of $23,213 and assets of $10,681, consisting of stock and fixtures, $8,000; accounts, $2,663, and cash, $18. Among the creditors are Mrs. E. Greco, $5,171; Louis J. Dartbrallh of Lyons, France, $5,600; Solomon Glemby, $4,329; William C. Demorest, $3,750, and the New York County National Bank, $400.

THEIL BROTHERS.—Joseph J. Theil, dealer in clothing and men's furnishing goods, at 284 Bowery, and Samuel Theil, dealer in clothing and men's furnishing goods, at 62 Bowery, made separate assignments yesterday to Morris E. Arnold. Both were formerly in business together as Theil Brothers, but dissolved partnership on July 15, each taking a store. Later in the day a petition in bankruptcy was filed against them as Theil Brothers, at 62 and 284 Bowery, by the following creditors: Weil & Livingston, $400; M. Boley & Co., $40, and Edward Golden, $100. It was alleged that they committed an act of bankruptcy by making an assignment. H. & J. Lesser, their attorneys, said that the liabilities are about $38,000 and assets $10,000.

LAZARUS BROTHERS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Joseph and Harris Lazarus, who compose the firm of Lazarus Brothers, jobbers in woolens at 162 Greene Street, by Charles L. Greenhall, for the following creditors: H. E. Claflin Company, $400; Boesneck, Broesel & Co., $100, and Edward Golden, $30. It is alleged that they are insolvent and made preferential payments of $5,000. Mr. Greenhall says that the liabilities are about $80,000 and assets $35,000, consisting of stock, $25,000, and accounts, $10,000. The business was started by Joseph in 1893, and Harris became partner in 1897. Judge Hough appointed James N. Rosenberg as receiver and authorized him to continue business for twenty days, on the request of many of the creditors, among whom are the American Woolen Company, $12,000; Amoskeag Manufacturing Company, $5,400; James Talcott, $2,600; Converse & Co., $4,005; F. Vietor & Achelis, $2,414, and J. P. stevens & Co., $2,157. Lesser Brothers, attorneys for the firm, said that the liabilities are between $80,000 and $90,000, and assets from $50,000 to $60,000 in merchandise and accounts.

Judgments.

The following judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor:

Archibald, Frank D.—H. Spear et al., $101.
Attwell, John, et al.—M. H. Kahn et al., $268.
Bennett, Anna—John Forsythe, $547.
Blake, Lawrence E., et al.—L. J. Grant, $209.
Cooper, William A.—B. Altman, $261.
Baron, Louis—C. F. Rumpp & Sons, $170.
Bosse, Henry—R. T. Randall, $131.
Beckley, Henry A.—H. F. Birge, $244.
Budd, William—S. Katz, $174.
Cuffe, Ezra J.—Joseph R. Potter & Co., $277.
Chalmers, Thomas—Howell-Demarest Co., $132.
Cochen, Henry B.—A. E. Mietke, $324.
Carlson, Charles O.—Aurora Paint and Varnish Co., $110.
Campbell, Walter, et al.—People, &c., $500.
Cella, Nicholas, et al.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $158.
Duncan, Henry S.—G. E. Nacardle, $128.
Delenne, Ferdinand—H. Kahn, $143.
Same—E. Hemmendinger, $602.
Decker, Garrett B.—P. Kalmus et al., $188.
Dessauer, Monroe—I. S. Thacher, $123.
De Respiris, Pietro, et al.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $158.
Emdin, Lionel—N. W. Lazelle, $688.
Forney, Mowbray W.—F. R. Smith, $170.
Fisher, Abraham—M. Wachsman, $306.
Feldman, Jacob M.—I. Warm, $257.
Friedman, Harry J.—M. Gold, $144.
Friedman, Joseph, et al.—J. Lautenberg, $355.
Gaynor, John, et al.—M. H. Kahn et al., $268.
Graeffe, Jessie M.—P. Wolfstart, costs, $137.
Grossman, Samuel, et al.—J. Smith, Jr., $101.
Grisez, Xavier—Cheney Brothers, $192.
Gruet, Charles B.—Hall's Safe Co., $101.
Geller, Samuel, (not summoned,) et al.—S. Schwartzberg, $124.
Glass, John, Jr.—Church E. Gates & Co., $1,040.
Same—Same, $282.
Haldy, George H.—Nickelsburg Brothers Co., $337.
Cohen, Charles, et al.—John Furlong, Jr., $232.
Cottrell, John W., et al.—J. L. Grant, $200.
Houston, Alex—Parson Manufacturing Co., $2,389.
Hollister, Osmer—E. Leder, $100.
Johnson, Louise—E. Moore, $203.
Joseph, Edward—B. Castellano et al., $106.
Kaufman, Maurice B.—Schwed & Frank, $161.
Kendall, Charles, et al.—Liberty Cornice and Roofing Co., $220.
Horenberger, Herman—State Bank, $163.
Kramer, Philip—H. Baum et al., $108.
Koerner, Louis—P. Sadovsky, $91.
Lippmann, Israel, et al.—I. Jarcho, $529.
Same—Same, $529.
Lippmann, Israel, et al.—J. Jarcho, $529.
Lewis, Lester H.—J. W. Lewis, $824.
Liebouvitz, Morris, et al.—J. Smith, Jr., $101.
Lotze, William G.—G. B. Hayes, $423.
Lonigan, Thomas J.—American Ice Co., costs, $961.
Levine, Sam, et al.—A. Levine, $159.
Littman, Samuel—C. Steiner, $105.
Metz, Joseph G.—Manhattan Leasing Co., $225.
Mannick, Emil—M. L. Warmuth, $129.
Messer, Adolph—Fialla & Eppler, $133.
MacPhater, Sara H.—Gorham Co., $1,782.
Modersohn, Anna—J. & J. Eager Co., $272.
Menschel, Benjamin—H. Cohn, $5,404.
McCoun, Sidney—Washburn-Crosby Co., $366.
Masch, Kathie, et al.—Dwyer & Carey, $120.
Norosky, Stanley A., et al.—Dwyer & Carey, $120.
Ochse, Anna—H. S. Horton & Co., $1,144.
Olson, John E.—Russell & Erwin Manufacturing Co. of New York, $780.
Preglin, Julius—L. R. Wallace, $100.
Rosen, Sam—M. Ausfresser, $148.
Reigenstreich, Solomon—State Bank, $110.
Rosner, Hyman—Broadway Trust Co., $189.
Ryan, Francis J., and James T. P.—P. P. Carlon, $1,643.
Siegel, Sarah—H. T. Radin, $116.
Shipman, Henry, or Harry and Gussie—C. E. Scofield, $303.
Seigel Harry—S. Kahn, $150.
Sachs, Maurice, et al.—Liberty Cornice and Roofing Co., $229.
Smith, Alice—G. N. Buttle, $105.
Shurman, Clifford N.—W. Rau, $112.
Sweetzer, Wm. A.—Garrison Realty Co., $249.
Strianese, William, et al.—John Furlong, Jr., $282.
Springer, John H.—E. Lindgren, $219.
Strianese, William, et al.—M. Cohen, $231.
Schulz, Adolph, et al.—S. Schwartzberg, $124.
Sullivan, Michael G.—Matthew Wilson & Co., $190.
Scocco, Micola—C. B. Law, $221.
Schoenberger, William—B. Weinstein, $106.
Tripodi, Antonio—Antonio Maggio & Son, $149.
Thomas, Benjamin F., et al.—People, &c., $500.
Van Orden, Joe Ruyter, et al.—M. Cohen, $231.
Waldman, Joseph H.—W. S. Gordon, $148.
Wallace, Robert and Wm. F.—S. Miller, $230.
Wallenberg, Erik J.—H. E. Gunter $401.
Waxman, Rudolph—H. Hirschfeld et al., $128.
Wellfleet Co.—N. Dain's Sons Co., $513.
Abingdon Construction Co. et al.—Dimock & Fink Co., $220.
Same—J. Jarcho, $529.
Byron Alger Laundry Co.—Thomas Gill Soap Co., $446.
Dictaphone Co. of America—Metropolitan Bank, $690.
New York Terrain and Building Co.—W. P. McDonald, $223.
A. Marish & Sons, Inc.—Brighton Pier and Navigation Co., $1,024.
West 139th Street Realty Co. et al.—J. Loutenberg, $355.
R. H. Sellers Co.—American Press Ass'n, $646.
Same—Same, $1,050.
City of New York—D. Quay, $415.
Franco-American Tire Co.—Endurance Tire and Rubber Co., $265.
Schulz Construction Co. et al.—S. Schwartzberg, $124.
West Mount Vernon Realty Co. et al.—Dwyer & Carey, $120.
International Dispatch—F. Condrand, $300.
E. E. Sheppard Mfg. Co.—Conrad Scheckerling Co., $215.
Codae Realty Co. and Parsons Marble Works—G. P. Sherwood, $217.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed.

Aronson, Louis J.—S. J. Scheckter, May 6, 1907, $69.
Aronson, Louis—Same, May 1, 1908, $394.
Block, Rudolph—J. Lurie, Aug. 16, 1911, $99.
Demaria, Lugui—W. S. Rafferty et al., April 26, 1909, $95.
Daggett, Grace—Aeolian Co., Nov. 14, 1906, $400.
Fackner-Coates Construction Co., Edward Fackner, Charles B. Coates, William H. Lake, and Charles B. Sagar—Mutual Bank, April 14, 1911, $5,381.
Gatto, Ferdinando—S. S. Steiner & Co., Feb. 19, 1909, $206.
Hero, Arthur—M. Marcuse, Sept. 22, 1911, $84.
Leischen, Nick M.—Hobart Electric Mfg. Co., Sept. 29, 1911, $133.
Lynch, Bridget—W. H. Warren et al., Aug. 7, 1911, $536.
Oltarsch, David M.—F. L. Froment et al., Aug. 5, 1908, $27.
Same—Same, March 20, 1908, $133.
Peloso Brothers Co.—H. Helder, Sept. 19, 1911, $33.
Rosenfeld, Ray, and John Deutsch—J. C. Neuman, May 16, 19[illegible] $144.
Shurman, Clifford N.—W. Rau, Sept. 7, 1911, $112.
Howard, Robert S.—Bank of the Metropolis, Feb. 16, 1906, (canceled,) $225.

THE TIMES's judgment list of Sept. 29 erroneously reported that a judgment for $328 had been entered against Sidney B. and Louis Miller. Examination of the records yesterday showed that the Millers had not been served in the action, which was tried in the Third District Municipal Court, Brooklyn. The fact of non-service is entered in the County Clerk's docket in New York County.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Pottsville, Penn.; Miss Volk, upholstery goods; G. Arbagast, notions and laces; 2 Walker Street.
Denholm & McKay Company, Worcester, Mass.; F. J. Craddock, linings, silks, and velvets; 2 Walker Street.
Shartenberg & Robinson Company, Pawtucket, R. I.; J. Maher, notions, stationery, leather, and toilet goods; 75 Spring Street.
Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; W. M. Snigg, notions and stationery; Miss L. M. Brehm, muslin underwear, corsets, and infants' wear; 75 Spring Street.
Bizzs, G., Dry Goods Company, Little Rock, Ark.; A. Weil, notions; 43 Leonard Street.
Scruggs, Vandervoort, Barney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss F. E. Thompson, corsets, ladies' and infants' wear; 214 Church Street.
Lord & Gage, Reading, Penn.; H. Volk, cloaks, suits, waists, and furs; 214 Church Street.
White, E. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; E. A. Roberts, domestics, white goods, flannels, and linens; A. H. Shannon, dress goods and linings; E. H. Young, prints; R. B. Slocum, furs; S. Abbott, books and stationery; M. Bell, hosiery and knit underwear; Miss M. F. Hirsh, waists; W. E. Hebbard, boys' clothing; T. J. Graham, laces, trimmings, gloves, and handkerchiefs; 41 Union Square.
Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; D. C. Walsh, domestics and wash goods; Mr. Barry, domestics and wash goods; Miss Berman, children's wear, (basement;) Mr. Day, waists; Mrs. M. E. Darlington, misses' suits; H. Cook, muslin underwear; Miss Snelling, laces, (basement;) G. H. Guest, housefurnishing goods; 31 Union Square.
Hens & Kelly Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. M. Looby, cloaks and suits; J. C. Bennett, laces, ribbons, embroideries, and vellings; 31 Union Square.
Baylor-Yarborough Company, Richmond, Va.; S. M. Baylor, ready to wear; 69 Fifth Avenue.
Smith, R. C., & Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.; Mr. Smith, ready to wear; 69 Fifth Avenue.
Filene's, W., Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; F. Spear, misses' coats and skirts and children's coats; L. Dutch, skirts; Miss Mahoney, skirts; Mrs. M. L. Jackson, waists; Miss Fitzgibbons, misses' coats; Miss Griffin, misses' waists and children's underwear; Mr. Koenig, coats; Mr. Lyford, fur coats; Mrs. Moore, underwear; 4 West Twenty-second Street.
Rich, Schwartz & Joseph, Nashville, Tenn.; L. Schwartz, ready to wear; 15 East Twenty-second Street.
Berg Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; M. Berg, cloaks and suits; Miss Parmews, ready to wear; 223 Fourth Avenue.
Maison, Blanche, Company, New Orleans, La.; N. Mendelson, hats and furnishing goods; 114 Fifth Avenue.
Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; Miss Ball, leather goods; 15 East Twenty-second Street.
Kaufmann Brothers, Pittsburgh, Penn.; C. Kline, domestics, linens, flannels, and blankets; 200 Fifth Avenue.
Schwartz Brothers, Chattanooga, Tenn.; S. Schwartz, ready to wear; 15 East Twenty-second Street.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; T. S. Mayer, cloaks and suits; 2 Walker Street.
Watt & Shand, Lancaster, Penn.; P. T. Watt, dry goods; W. S. Sullivan, cloaks, suits, and furs; 55 White Street.
MacInnes, J. C., Company, Worcester, Mass.; J. K. Rice, furnishing goods; A. J. Moir, ribbons, laces, leather goods, and jewelry; 55 White Street.
Crowley Brothers, Detroit, Mich.; N. Schlaff, domestics; 43 Leonard Street.
Neal & Hyde, Syracuse, N. Y.; J. W. Neal, linings; 72 Leonard Street.
Martin & Naylor Company, Gloversville, N. Y.; J. Martin, carpets and millinery; Mrs. W. C. Jeffers, cloaks, suits, and waists; 41 Union Square.
Watt & Shand, Lancaster, Penn.; E. G. Eby, notions; 55 White Street.
Simons, M., & Co., Providence, R. I.; M. Chatkoff, furs; The Breslin.
Potlitzer Brothers, Pittsburgh, Kan.; J. Potlitzer, cloaks, suits, skirts, waists, and dresses; 114 Fifth Avenue.
Seelberg Store, Fort Wayne, Ind.; I. Seelberg, cloaks, suits, skirts, waists, and dresses; 114 Fifth Avenue.
Malley, E., Company, New Haven, Conn.; H. J. Dogett, notions and ribbons; A. Sandbach, furnishing goods and gloves; 320 Church Street.
Bergner, P. A., Company, Peoria, Ill.; F. J. Schroeder, cloaks and suits; 60 Fifth Avenue.
Steiger, A., Company, Springfield, Mass.; R. A. Steiger, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel Cadillac.
McCarthy Dry Goods Company, Woonsocket, R. I.; A. J. Lalliferte, cloaks, suits, and waists; 320 Church Street.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; D. P. Birkett, prints; A. Alexander, linings; 2 Walker Street.
Scott-Griggs Company, Newark, Ohio; W. H. Massey, furnishing goods, cloaks, and suits; 43 Leonard Street.
Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; J. M. Shwart, men's clothing; 884 Broadway.
Brown, Thompson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; Mrs. L. B. Semple, infants' wear; 2 Walker Street.
Boston Store, Chicago, Ill.; F. Karel, jewelry and leather goods; J. Govinsky, jewelry and leather goods; 114 Fifth Avenue.
Elliott-Taylor-Woolfenden Company, Detroit, Mich.; C. W. Bieber, jewelry, leather goods, ribbons, and ladies' neckwear; 31 Union Square; Hotel Cadillac.
Anderson-Dulin-Varnell Company, Knoxville, Tenn.; H. J. Dulin, general merchandise; 70 Franklin Street.
McKelvey, G. M., Company, Youngstown, Ohio; C. E. Johnston, housefurnishing goods; 320 Church Street; Hotel Navarre.
Hoger & Bro., Lancaster, Penn.; Mrs. C. F. McCoy, millinery, 75 Spring Street.
Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; F. D. Pennock, domestics, dress goods, and silks; 214 Church Street.
Jones & Audette, Jamestown, N. Y.; Miss M. B. McCormick, cloaks, suits, and waists; Miss E. G. Matthews, muslin underwear and corsets; Hotel Grand.
Frowler, Dick & Walker, Evansville, Ind.; J. R. Duncan, cloaks, notions, and suits; Hotel Grand.
Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, Md.; G. H. Lanten, hats; 621 Broadway.
Sibley, Lindsay and Curr, Company, Rochester, N. Y.; A. L. Shaw, furs; 454 Broome Street.
Heyns, Bazaar, Company, Detroit, Mich.; M. May, millinery; Hotel Imperial.
Burns, J. A., Company, Detroit, Mich.; J. A. Burns, domestics and hosiery; 41 Union Square; Hotel Wolcott.
Porteous & Mitchell Company, Norwich, Conn.; H. D. Mitchell, clothing and furnishing goods; 55 White Street; The Hermitage.
Griffith Bros., Indianapolis, Ind.; C. T. Griffith, millinery; Hotel Navarre.
Goldenberg Bros., Baltimore, Md.; J. Wolf, cloaks and furs; Hotel Marlborough.
Frear, William H., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; E. M. Powell, cloaks and suits; Hotel Collingwood; J. Huolan, colored dress goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Reeves, J. S., & Co., Nashville, Tenn.; C. V. Phelps, dress goods and silks; 51 Leonard Street; Hotel Cadillac.
Thomas, A. S., Meriden, Conn.; J. J. Killen, notions and furnishing goods; 31 Union Square.
Lewis, A. T., & Son, Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; Miss E. Kelly, muslin underwear, corsets, and infants' wear; 16 East Eighteenth Street; Hotel Wellington.
Houston, J. A., Company, Boston, Mass.; C. M. Dodge, two-piece suits, wrappers, and kimonos; Hotel Great Northern.
Solomon Brothers & Lempert, Rochester, N. Y.; L. Solomon, woolens; Hotel Victoria.
Kann, S., Sons, & Co., Washington, D. C.; T. F. Finnin, notions, jewelry, and leather goods; 215 Fourth Avenue.
Mann, L., Albany, N. Y.; cloaks and suits; The Elks.
Edwards, E. W., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; D. W. Hayes, clothing; The Elks.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; J. A. Weaver, toilet goods; 434 Broome Street; Hotel Broztell.
Edwards, E. W., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; W. Slattery, dress goods and silks; Hotel Broztell.
Hagerdorn, J. B., Schenectady, N. Y.; furnishing goods; The Breslin.
Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss A. M. Day, laces and ladies' neckwear; 1261 Broadway.
Kibbey, T. E., Washington, D. C.; cloaks and suits; Hotel Latham.
McWhirr, R. A., Company, Fall River, Mass.; F. Starrett, notions and jewelry; 75 Spring Street; Hotel Broztell.
Zallinger, Harned, Company, Allerton, Penn.; Miss Weiser, notions and laces; Hotel Grand.
Herstmann, W. H., Company, Philadelphia, Penn.; W. H. Horstmann, dry goods; 4th Avenue and EAighteenth Street; Hotel Wolcott.
Arfuthnot, Stephenson, Company, Pittsburgh, Penn.; J. G. Kohl, flannells; 43 Leonard Street; The Breslin.
King, McLeod, Company, Newport, R. I.; J. H. Mustard, notions and stationery; Hotel Breslin.
Gimbel Bros., Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss R. E. Ramsey, infants' wear; Miss Guggenheim, umbrellas; Miss E. Fitzgerald, millinery; C. M. R. Whitely, linings; J. S. Connell, books; J. A. Hudson, ladies' garments; E. B. Bohn, leather goods; G. A. Dunn, art needle work; Broadway and Thirty-second Street.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 3.—The Western disturbance of Monday turned sharply to the northeastward, with rapidly increasing energy, and is central to-night over northwestern Minnesota. Pressure is falling rapidly to the eastward, and storm warnings are displayed on the Great Lakes. It is considerably cooler in the South Atlantic States, and warmer in the central valleys and the lake region. Frost occurred Tuesday morning in New York and New England, Utah, and Western Colorado. There will be rain Wednesday in the lake region, accompanied by brisk to high southwest to west winds, followed Thursday by fair weather.

During Wednesday night and Thursday the rain will extend into the Middle Atlantic States and New England. There will also be local showers Wednesday in the South Atlantic States, and rains will also continue Wednesday and Thursday in the North Pacific States. The winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coast will be south, and increasing by Wednesday night; South Atlantic Coast, moderate northeast to east.

Steamers departing Wednesday for European ports will have southerly winds, increasing by Thursday morning; fair Wednesday, and rain Thursday, to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Local rains and warmer Wednesday. Thursday, probably fair; increasing south winds.

New Jersey—Local rains Wednesday; warmer in interior. Thursday, probably fair; increasing south winds.

Eastern New York—Local rains Wednesday or Wednesday night, and probably Thursday, with increasing south winds; warmer Wednesday.

New England—Increasing cloudiness and slightly warmer Wednesday. Thursday, rain; warmer in interior of Maine; south winds, increasing Wednesday night.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	56	56	4 P. M.	66	60
6 A. M.	56	48	6 P. M.	65	55
9 A. M.	64	54	9 P. M.	63	58
12 M.	69	59	11 P. M.	64	57

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 55; for the corresponding date last year it was 62; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 61.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 50; at 8 P. M. it was 55. Maximum temperature 60 degrees at 3:50 P. M.; minimum 48 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 55 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 70 per cent. at 8 P. M.

JULIUS BACHRACH,
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FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.
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Algiers, North Africa.
The most modern hotel building in Town. Numerous Suites, with private baths and lavatory, hot and cold water to every room. French Restaurant, Auto Garage, Concerts, etc. CHAS. SWOBODA, Manager, late of the bathing establishment at Hammam R'Irha, N. Algiers.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.
Magnificent S. S. "Arabic" leaves Feb. 8, rates $400 up, including shore excursions; 71 enchanting days. Stop-over privileges. RoundWorld Tours Oct. 21. Nov. 18 and later. FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.
CLARK'S ORIENT CRUISE

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Halcyon and Observation, around New York Harbor and Manhattan Island, Daily from Battery Pier, near South Ferry, 10:30 and 2:30. SEE THE OCEAN, Sandy Hook Lightship and Forts. Trips daily, 1:15, returning 5.
Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton,
Around Manhattan Island, foot W. 42d St., 10:30, 2:30; lecturer aboard. Tel. 5441 Gram

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.
CENTRAL-HUDSON LINE
From Pier 24, N. R., foot Franklin St.
For NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, & KINGSTON, Week-days, 4:00 P. M. West 129th St., 4:30 P. M.
For NEWBURGH, week-days, 5:00 P. M.; SUNDAYS, 9:00 A. M. West 129th St., 5:30 P. M.
BY SEA TO MAINE
The Most Charming
Short Sea Trip on the Atlantic Coast.
Sailings from New Pier 20, East River, New York, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at 5 P. M. For full information apply to MAINE S. S. CO., 290 Broadway, N. Y.

Guide for Buyers.
1 line, 1 year, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.
ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS. A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.
Leumann, Boesch & Weingart, 122 5th Av.
MARABOU Neckwear, Novelties & Trimmings. Blauser & Davis Mfg., 50 East 8th St.
MANICURE SUPPLIES
Lustr-ite (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

The Upper Hudson
"Above Hudson," says J. Fenimore Cooper, "is perhaps the finest reach of this very beautiful stream.
"A lovelier landscape can scarce be imagined."
Insure the pleasure of an Autumn trip on this river of Cooper's fancy by traveling on the big, fast, clean steamers "Hendrick Hudson" or "Robert Fulton."
ON COLUMBUS DAY, OCT. 12TH, the great Str. "Hendrick Hudson" will run to Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, and return, leaving Desbrosses St. 9:40 A. M., W. 42d St. 10 A. M., W. 129th St. 10:20 A. M.
ALBANY DAY LINE STEAMERS, DAILY, except Sunday, leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M., landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.
Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses Street Pier, N. Y.
52

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
REDUCED RATES
TO
Boston, Providence
VIA
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.50
PROVIDENCE, Boat Direct..... 1.60
FALL RIVER, Via Boat and Rail... 1.85
WORCESTER, Via Boat and Rail... 2.50
PROVIDENCE, Round Trip, $3.00
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail. Round Trip. $4.80
These rates include berth in either Gentlemen's or Ladies' Cabins. The Cabins are under the charge of competent Stewards and Stewardesses.
Steamer leaves New York from Pier 39, North River, foot West Houston St., daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M. Staterooms, $1.00 and up.
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS—FINEST SERVICE.
'Phones Spring 9491 9492.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND
FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., ft. Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:00 P.M. Strs. COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.
NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N.R., ft. Clarkson St., week days, 5:00 P.M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE.
NEW HAVEN LINE Lv. Pier 26, E. R., 2:45 P. M.; week days only, ft. East 22d St., 3:00 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.
BRIDGEPORT LINE Lv. Pier 27, E. R., week days only 11:00 A. M. Str. NAUGATUCK.
Tickets, &c., at 171 Broadway. Transfer Tourist Offices and Piers.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO'S
HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
"The Popular Searchlight Route."
PEOPLES LINE To Albany
CITIZENS LINE To Albany & Troy
Str. C. W. Morse and Adirondack, Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.; W. 129th St., 6:45 P. M. daily (Sunday excepted). Observation and Palm Room a new feature.
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ROUND TRIP $2.50

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New Management. Improved Service.
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Short Sea Trips to Texas
Nothing so stimulating to tired nerves as a short ocean trip. You can go from New York direct to Galveston on one of the big 11,000 ton record holders of the Mallory Line and enjoy all the comforts of a trans-Atlantic journey at moderate cost. Close connections for San Antonio, all Texas resorts and Pacific Coast points. Write for travel magazine, AGWI News. It is free.
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To Bermuda $10 Up Round Trip
Tours Inc. Hotels, Shore Excursions, Lowest Rates.
Twin Screw S. S. "Bermudian," 5530 tons, sails Oct. 11th and 21st.
Bilge keels; electric fans; wireless telegraphy.
Fastest, newest and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda.
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LLOYD BRAZILEIRO.
(Brazilian Steamship Line.)
Barbados, Para, Ceara, Pernambuco, Bahia, Rio de Janeiro, and Santos, Brazilian SS. Minas Geraes, October 10th. New fast twin-screw steamer; wireless and deep-sea sounding apparatus; excellent accommodations; cabins de luxe. Sailing from Pier 5, Bush Docks, South Brooklyn. A. R. Graca, General Agent, 8-10 Bridge St., New York.

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FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
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AZORES LISBON NAPLES NICE MARSEILLES
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TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN
TO HAMBURG Via PLYMOUTH AND CHERBOURG.
S. S. VICTORIA LUISE (16,500 Tons)
SAILS Oct. 7, 10 A. M.
GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES, GENOA.
S. S. MOLTKE (13,500 Tons.)
SAILS Oct. 12, 2 P. M.
CRUISES DE LUXE
Italy and Egypt
SPECIAL TRIP by the superb transatlantic liner "KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA" the largest and most luxurious steamer of the Hamburg-American service. Equipped with Ritz-Carlton Restaurant, Palm Garden, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevators. Will leave New York
FEBRUARY 14, 1912,
for Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche (Nice,) Genoa, Naples and Port Said.
Time for sight-seeing at each port.
To and from Port Said, $165 and up.
To or from all other ports, $115 and up.
Also Cruises to the Orient, West Indies, South America, Italy and Egypt, etc.
Write for Booklets of All Cruises.
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REGULAR SERVICES
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
VICTORIA LUISE.....Oct. 7, 10 A. M.
*PRES. GRANT.....Oct. 10, 11 A. M.
†AMERIKA.....Oct. 14, 10 A. M.
‡§PENNS

Lost

80c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Sunday evening, at New York Central Station, 125th St., or in 125th St. crosstown car, lady's gray handbag, containing gold watch, diamond pin, letters, and about $15 in money; finder may keep money as reward. Return to 560 West 113th St.

LOST—$30 reward; Monday morning between 40 West 51st St. and 48th & Madison, small black Morocco box containing scarf pins, opal fob, and cuff buttons, one pair marked " E. R. C."; no questions asked. D 62 Times.

LOST.—Lady's small gunmetal Tiffany watch, uptown Subway, Brooklyn to 23d St.; thence to Fifth Avenue Building. Tuesday afternoon, between 4 and 5 P. M. Reward, Room 1,007, 200 5th Av.

LOST.—A lady's gold watch, between Saengerbund Hall, Brooklyn, and Borough Hall Subway station to Manhattan. Liberal reward. Brady, 175 Claremont Av. Tel. 5750 Morningside.

LOST.—A diamond bargin, on Sunday, Sept. 17, coming from Larchmont on New York, New Haven & Hartford. Liberal reward. 19 East 79th St.

LOST—Lady's brooch, amethyst and pearls, on Monday, Oct. 2. Suitable reward given for its return to E. L. Rosenfeld, 35 South William St.

LOST—Monday evening, Amsterdam Av., near 105th St., eyeglasses in case. Please return to Mrs. J. E. Tully, 929 Amsterdam Av.; reward.

LOST—Eyeglasses in case on Monday, Oct. 2, in Hotel Astor, or between there and 38 West 42d; liberal if returned to 38 West 42d, Room 803.

LOST—Gold pin, Friday, 29th, afternoon, on 3d Av. " L " from 59th St. to City Hall or local bridge car to Brooklyn; reward. 168 East 61st.

LOST—$50 REWARD.—Solitaire diamond ring, inscribed Geo. to May, 14th St. to 29th, or Subway. Return Owen, 109 West 45th St.

LOST—$50 reward; gem-stoned diamond bar pin, lost between 40th and 56th Sts.; return to Harword & Co., 5th Av. and 50th St.

LOST—A bunch of keys; finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same to Harry G. Hochstadter, 440 Lafayette St.

LOST.—Lady's Tiffany gold watch, marked B. C. M. Notify, receive reward, Bretton Hall office.

LOST—One gold tassel earring, between Madison, Lexington, on 57th; reward. 63 East 56th.

LOST—Black marabou cape, 86th St. and Columbus Av.; reward. Marger, 100 West 86th.

LOST—Pin, circle of pearls, about inch diameter; reward. 11 East 52d St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

80c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Lost or stolen, female English bulldog, brown and gray, brindle, Sunday, 24th, around 80th St., answering to the name of Snooks; reward. L. Rowan, 246 West 39th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

80c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, Oct. 2.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO., Hudson Tubes. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Gloves, book, portfolio, pin, 3 umbrellas, boa.

FOUND, Oct. 2.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA STATION. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Umbrella, 2 books, fob, nightcap, nightshirt, comb. Oct. 3—Five books, 3 nightshirts, suit of pajamas, silk hat, 6 umbrellas, spectacles, key, pair of glasses, handbag, 2 pairs of gloves, coat, dress suit case. LONG ISLAND DIVISION: Rule, raincoat, 2 packages, rubber coat, 2 umbrellas.

FOUND, Oct. 2.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Package of collars, 2 raincoats, 3 umbrellas, roll of papers, package of eggs, napkin ring, pin, electrical, instrument, pair gloves, bathing suit. Oct. 3—Two umbrellas, drinking glass, cashbox, rule, pair gloves.

FOUND, Oct. 3.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.: Razor, hatpin, toothbrush, 2 umbrellas, package.

FOUND, Oct. 3.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Railroad ticket, keys, 3 umbrellas, mileage book, lady's coat, package, overcoat.

FOUND, Oct. 3.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City, L. I.: Two umbrellas, hat.

FOUND, Oct. 3.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Four umbrellas, 2 packages, tennis racquet.

Business Opportunities

80c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Investment of $600 with services will net good living and large interest in stable manufacturing business to a bright young man who is looking for a future; bank references and orders from railroads, automobile trade, &c., on hand; money can be secured through bills receivable. Genuine, 268 Times Downtown.

MAN wanted, with $3,000 or more, with service, for manufacturing business; large contracts on hand. Particulars only on personal interview, by appointment. No agents. W. S. Pfister, Yonkers, N. Y.

Have exceptional and unusual opportunity for good investment; going business, big profits showing; principals only; strictest investigation. X 241 Times Downtown.

Wanted, active, executive man as treasurer hardware company; must invest $10,000, with services; good salary and contract; protection. X 62 Times.

Wanted—Partner with $5,000 or $6,000 for garage business; fine location; unusual chance; quick action necessary. D 78 Times.

Profitable going wholesale wrapping paper and twine business for sale; investigation invited. D 67 Times.

Sole agent wishes connection with firm interested in German laces and embroideries. D 61 Times.

I will lend you money on all kinds of stocks or bonds at 6 per cent. interest. Address Cash, D 69 Times.

Active man with $10,000 for well-established wholesale thread business. W. B., 317 Times Downtown.

Business Notices

80c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Best multigraph typewritten letters, 1,000, $1.50; get samples; we do printing, addressing, and mailing. Advanced Typewriting Bureau, 181 Broadway. Cortlandt—3617.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers. BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co. (Agency.) STENOGRAPHERS. 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John.

Domestic.

COLE EMP. AGENCY, 47 Lexington Av.—Tel. 8875 Madison.—Reliable help; nice trade solicited.

COMPETENT colored help; all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. Telephone 1538 Riverside.

COOK.—Swedish; good references; $30; no washing; city. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th. Telephone 2,224 Plaza.

COOK.—English, no washing; $30; city; good reference. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th.

COOK.—German; $40; with kitchen maid; city. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St.

COOPER'S AGENCY, 637 6th Av., 38th St. Established 1888.

Cook, first class; full charge of kitchen. Cook and laundress; country; neat woman. Chambermaid and waitress; young cook; city preferred. Houseworker; young Protestant. Houseworker by woman; reference; investigate.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

LADY'S MAID.—German; good hairdresser, masseuse, and seamstress; good references; $35. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St.

LAUNDRESS.—Swedish; $30; city. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St.

MRS. MALMBERG'S Swedish Employment Agency, 115 East 26th St., formerly at 352 4th Av.—Reliable servants for private families. Established 1881.

PARLOR MAID.—$30; good references. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished, short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 8th Av. Harlem—6370.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BEST & CO.,

5TH AV. AT 35TH ST.,

REQUIRE BRIGHT, ACTIVE GIRLS AS FLOOR MESSENGERS; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT.

BEST & CO.,

FIFTH AV. AT 35TH ST.,

REQUIRE STRONG, ACTIVE GIRLS, 18 YEARS OF AGE, AS STOCKKEEPERS.

CASHIER, with knowledge bookkeeping; insurance experience preferred; accuracy and quickness at figures essential; permanent position. B 292 Times Downtown.

COOK.—An experienced white woman, to do cooking and part of laundry work, (no collars, cuffs, or shirts,) for gentleman living alone in private house; second girl kept; wages $25; must have recent references. Call 49 West 92d St., Wednesday, 9 to 11 A. M.

DRESSMAKER wants errand girl and shopper. Cooke & Cunningham, 2,255 Broadway, cor. 81st St.

EMBROIDERER wanted on frame; good position. Miss Lorenc, 109 West 46th St.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER wanted, experienced, for house in upper part of city; best references required. Call 13 East 36th St., 9 to 10 A. M.

HOUSEWORK.—A competent young woman, German preferred, wanted at 460 Riverside Drive, to do the work in a family of three. Apartment 112, 110th St. Subway station.

LADIES.—New, quick-selling educational device needed by every family and teacher. Call mornings or write Mr. Carter, Room 926, 225 Fifth Av.

LADIES to copy work home during spare time; good pay, steady employment. Call, 10 to 8, Apartment 1, 215 West 80th St.

SALESWOMEN to handle high-class real estate; only those capable of earning good commissions. C. E., Box 49 Times Square Station.

TEACHER of Isaac Pitman shorthand for day and evening class of commercial school; $1,200 per annum. Call or write to-day. Kaplan School, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A young woman of experience in selling and fitting corsets to a select clientele by a Fifth Avenue establishment. Address, stating experience, " Contour," D 76 Times.

WANTED.—A lady desires a Scandinavian kitchenmaid who will go to the country for a month and then to California with her for four or five months, returning to the neighborhood of New York in April; wages $25; references and experience required. X 61 Times.

WANTED.—Girl to do general housework; good home; two adults, boy 2 years; minister, 2,626 Broadway.

WANTED—Ten show girls. 87 East Houston St. Sullivan & Teat.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

AN OPPORTUNITY
FOR SEVERAL EDUCATED, INTELLIGENT MEN TO BECOME CONNECTED WITH ONE OF THE LARGEST SUBURBAN DEVELOPMENT COMPANIES IN NEW YORK. THE SALES DEPARTMENT OFFERS EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES TO THOSE WHO WORK ENERGETICALLY AND INTELLIGENTLY.
C. C. PRISBIE,
ROOM 1,108, 347 FIFTH AV.

A FEW ENERGETIC MEN of education and good appearance are desired as salesmen for one of the highest-class, established residential developments in the city; best season is just opening, and an aggressive advertising campaign is planned; liberal commission paid and personal assistance given; previous experience not necessary; splendid returns for hard workers. Call to-day before 11 A. M. Mr. Green, 334 5th Av., Room 217.

A GOOD canvasser and salesman to call on stationary engineers for engineers' technical book and city directory combined. Room 622 Tribune Bldg.

BOY.—Wanted, bright boy to run errands; must have references. Apply, between 8 and 9, Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

BRIGHT, around 25; A1 personality; some knowledge of inside work and business; also selling ability; must possess just this or don't apply; salary according to value; send references to D 71 Times.

SALESMAN.—An old-established manufacturer of a business requisite indorsed by thousands of users has an opening for specialty salesman for Newark and Jersey City. Must be resident and closely acquainted with the business interests in each case. A brilliant future for the right man. B 301 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for popular line of waists and dresses for well-established trade; must be thoroughly experienced through South; commission basis; must have good past record. Greenberg-Wiener & Co., 42 Wooster St., N. Y.

SALESMEN.—New, quick-selling, $2.50, educational departure for every family and business man. Call mornings or write Mr. Carter, Room 926, 225 Fifth Av.

SALESMAN for Benco Sidewalk Advertiser. Broadway Electrical Novelty Co., 421 Broadway, near Canal.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman for ladies' shirt waists for city trade. Jacob Rothbard, 94 Canal St.

Tenor or baritone for a church in Manhattan; choir; $1 per service. D 54 Times.

VARNISH SALESMAN to handle our extensive line among the trade; must have executive ability. Michael McNamara Varnish Works, 254 Pearl St.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED.—A young man with executive ability to assist in supervision of a large group of boys, high school education or its equivalent required. Call at office of Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, Broadway and 150th St., at 7:30 P M.

WANTED—Ship draftsmen; pay from $2 to $5.04 per diem. For further information address " Commandant, Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va."

WANTED—Ship draftsman; pay from $2 to $5.04 per diem. For further information address "Commandant, Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va."

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

LEDGER CLERK, male, department store experience, $18.
Bookkeepers, female, $10-$12.
Bookkeeper-stenographer, female, Harlem, $10 start.
Saleslades, (2,) neat, bakery, $10.
Employers' Reference Service, (Agency,) 144 West 23d St.

Domestic.

MRS. MACK, Waldorf Employment Agency, 12 West 33d St. 'Phone 300—Madison. (Formerly of Eaton Terrace, London, England.) Only first-class help supplied of all classes and nationalities, after careful investigation of references; no fees until positions are secured.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge of typewriting; best references. Accurate, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 E. N. Y.

COOK.—A young girl wishes position in private family as good plain cook or housework; no laundry; best city reference. Callahan, 207 East 73d St.

EXPERT STENOGRAPHER and typist, over ten years with well-known mercantile and manufacturing corporation, filling successively nearly every position, and for several years private secretary of the executive head of the concern, thoroughly familiar with the technique of factory and sales office, desires a position for which her attainments and experience fit her. Could take charge of and run a large office or undertake high-class secretarial work. Liquidation of the business reason for application. Feel that I am worth fifteen hundred dollars salary. Refer to present employer as to qualifications. THIRTY, care B 302 Times Downtown.

EXPERT STENOGRAPHER.—A stenographer of many years' exceptional experience in New York State courts is free for engagements for referee work and stenographic reports of stockholders' and Directors' meetings, &c.; terms liberal. Address Box D 73 Times.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Lady, 45, American, capable handling servants, marketing; consider small family. Housekeeper, 390 Amsterdam.

KITCHENMAID.—A lady desires a Scandinavian kitchenmaid who will go to the country for a month and then to California with her for four or five months, returning to the neighborhood of New York in April. Wages $25. References and experience required. % 61 Times.

LAUNDRESS.—By a Canadian woman; first-class; by the day or week or month; sleep home. 304 East 75th St., care of O'Keefe.

PRIVATE SECRETARY seeks position; eleven years with corporation now dissolved; references. "Trustworthy," 3,525 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Intelligent, neat girl, beginner; rapid, accurate; good penman; excellent speller; understands bookkeeping; American; $6. B 308 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER desires position where good work is appreciated; ambitious, rapid, accurate; 6 years' experience; $15. Address X 218 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; broad experience; handles correspondence without dictation; high credentials; knowledge Spanish; $15. B 304 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' experience; very competent; A1 references; rapid operator; $15. B 304 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, dictaphone operator, filing, office assistant; three years' experience; $10. "Steno," 852 Columbus Av.

STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience, law, commercial; first-class references; $15. B 305 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper, somewhat experienced. Steno, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

TRANSLATOR.—German, French, English, literary and commercial; excellent references. Widmer, 131 East 26th St.

VISITING COMPANION.—Young lady, musically educated at Damrosch's Institute; thorough German; experienced teacher; mornings, afternoons. "Alert," 90 8th Av., adv. office.

WAITRESS or PARLORMAID.—Young girl as first-class waitress or parlormaid; best city reference. Call at 118 East 33d St. Ring Reddington's bell.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; books opened; balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 57 Murray St. Tel. 5988 Barclay.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; specialty, opening, closing, adjusting, complicated accounts; corporation work. Schultz, 89 Delancey.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, adjusted, statements drawn; moderate. D 79 Times.

ADVERTISING Manager.—I have been for two years advertising manager of a large corporation, having entire charge of its advertising and catalogue work; have conducted campaign in national magazines, and have published monthly 24-page house organ; previously I was for three years connected with advertising department of metropolitan newspaper. am a good worker, and have original ideas; twenty-seven years old; I am seeking a better opportunity than my present position affords. D 65 Times.

A MAN with some business experience wants steady employment in hardware store or wholesale house at once; held last position over five years; always for the interest of my employer. Can you use me? Write to 125 West 116th St.

A PHYSICIAN'S widow wishes position as secretary to woman of refinement or as assistant and secretary in physician's office; knowledge of stenography, experienced; highest references. D 68 Times.

A WIDEAWAKE YOUNG MAN, (18,) that means business, ready to go right to work in office. Address Energetic, 297 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Fifteen years' experience in several lines; familiar with modern methods; capable man; qualified take charge office; best references. X 242 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Expert accountant, writes up books, regular intervals, moderate. Accountant, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge of typewriting; best references. Accurate, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 E. N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.—A competent bookkeeper, age 22; three years' experience; exceptionally qualified. B 294 Times Downtown.

BUYER.—Capable and reliable; thoroughly experienced men's furnishings, underwear, and hosiery; best trade references. B 309 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, with 8 years' experience and best of all references, desires position with private family; can handle any make of cars, foreign or domestic. D 48 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young; couple years' driving, high-class family; sober, obliging, careful mechanic; European auto school; good traveler. Chauffeur, 156 East 79th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man would like position with private family; good mechanic; references. D 75 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Aged 21; careful driver; experienced; desires position. Orsenigo, 206 East 110th St.

CHINESE.
POSITION WANTED BY MAN WHO KNOWS FRENCH, GERMAN, SOME CHINESE. X 60 TIMES.

EXPERIENCED assistant to execute or manager; has qualified as valuable assistant, performing confidential services, which services require executive ability; salary $2,400. Executive, 94, 1,364 Broadway.

EXPERIENCED Southern salesman wishes ready-to-wear line for coming season. D 47 Times.

Expert stenography done evenings; Saturday afternoons. S. W., 27 Jackson Av., L. I. City.

J. H. P. BROWN, Masseur, is open for treatments at home of clientele; medical referencer; telephone, 9039 Schuyler.

JAPANESE, long experienced butler, valet, wishes position in small family; has reference. D 64 Times.

JAPANESE, first-class cook or butler-valet, desires situation. F., 41 East 19th St.

MANAGER or Superintendent; young man of 30, very able and reliable; many years' experience. B 310 Times Downtown.

PARQUET, hardwood floors cleaned, refinished, polished equal to new, by expert; references; reasonable; city or country. Mehrtens, 353 West 44th St.

PROOFREADER.—Expert, wide awake, active; desires position in editorial department; knowledge printing. Franklin, D 17 Times.

RELIABLE YOUNG MAN, colored, married, only self and wife in family; first-class city reference; good renter and cleaner and good on small repairs; would accept several small houses or one medium size. Answer, M. E. L., D 63 Times.

SALESMAN with experience wishes position with reliable firm. Box 76, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

SOLE AGENT wishes connection with firm interested in German laces and embroideries. D 61 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (24,) seven years' experience, possesses initiative, energy and ability, desires change; excellent correspondent; handle details of busy office. T 9 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper, several months' experience. Beginner, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 E. N. Y.

VISITING VALET wishes a few gentlemen; first-class references. F. L., 153 East 33d St.

YOUNG, energetic business man; six years' experience, has just sold his interest in waists and dress manufacturing firm; seeks position; capable of buying, selling, through Middle West and managing; can produce results. D 72 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, (24,) capable and thoroughly experienced, desires position of responsibility or secretaryship. F. R., 337 East 18th St.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

5TH AV., 47.—Large and small rooms, private baths; transients and table guests.

7TH AV., 2,053, (122d.)—Double, single rooms; home cooking; well-kept, homelike house; references.

16TH, 20, 22, 83 WEST.—Large rooms; newly decorated; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

87TH, 68 WEST.—One large room; all conveniences; Southerners accommodated; references.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week, 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

39?TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms in well-kept Southern home; persons with reliable references.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Large room, private bath; telephone; exclusive.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house and table strictly first-class; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; table guests; first-class references.

55TH ST., 63 WEST.—Room and board for gentleman; valet; large parlor; suitable for physician.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Two large rooms on second floor; references.

57TH ST., 432 WEST.—Large, small well-heated; electric light, hot water, telephone, excellent board.

58TH ST., 37 WEST, (near "L" and Subway.)—Newly decorated large and small rooms; private baths, electric lights; table guests; references.

61ST ST., 152 EAST.—Beautiful, light back parlor, suitable doctor or dentist; other well-kept rooms; first-class table; table guests accommodated.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Large, small rooms, baths; families accommodated.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large room, steam-heated; room telephone; hot water supply; references.

71ST ST., 62 WEST.—Pleasant, desirable rooms with board; references.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—For Fall and Winter months, desirable rooms, with board; references.

72D ST., 242 WEST.—Rooms, single or en suite; private baths; telephone; superior table; references.

72D ST., 134 WEST.—Suite; desirable for gentlemen; large front; private baths; medium; meals optional.

72D, 260 WEST.—Large front rooms, steam-heated.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms; sunny; private bath; refined surroundings; reference.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—All hotel conveniences, private baths, 'phones, electricity, steam; parlor dining room.

74TH, 131 WEST.—17th year; rooms, private bath; parlor dining; references.

76TH ST., 110 WEST.
NEWLY, HANDSOMELY FURNISHED LARGE AND SMALL ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRIC LIGHTS. TELEPHONE; PARLOR DINING ROOM; EXCEPTIONALLY FINE TABLE FARE; SOUTHERN COOKING; TABLE GUESTS ACCOMMODATED.

76TH, 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated single and double rooms; private bath, hot water; parlor dining, excellent table; table guests; telephone.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table guests; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references required.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high grade.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Refined, exclusive home for desirable people; new throughout; generous table; telephone.

80TH ST., 121, 123 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; telephone; excellent cooking; table guests.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Large second-story front, newly decorated, adjoining bath; parlord dining; references.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Large double room, most delightful neighborhood; Southern cooking; table guests.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—Beautiful, comfortable rooms, superior table; high-grade Jewish house; table guests.

50, 52 WEST 82D ST.
Large room with private bath; double room, bath adjoining; single room; electricity. Schuyler 8397.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Table guest accommodated; all home cooking; select parlor dining room.

86TH, 137 WEST.—Can accommodate gentleman or couple; exclusive, refined Jewish home; access surface, Subway, elevated; references exchanged.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant large, warm rooms; handsomely furnished; every convenience; telephone; superior board.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large single rooms; select, homelike surroundings; parlor dining; moderate, reference.

92D ST., 117 WEST.—Sunny front alcove room; conveniences; telephone; excellent table; good service; references.

94TH ST., 60 WEST.—Attractive rooms; warm; excellent meals; parlor dining; table guests; telephone; reasonable.

95TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with board; private bath; business people preferred; telephone.

96TH, 61 WEST.—Rooms, with board; reasonable terms.

101ST ST., 331 WEST.—Sunny front room; river view; refined private family; elevator apartment; telephone; lavatory; maid service; gentlemen preferred. Gaston.

103D ST., 252 West.—Attractive rooms; excellent table; refined home; boarding house eliminated; table guests.

104TH ST., 257 WEST, (West End Av.)—Rooms, private bath; table guests; references.

104TH, 81 WEST.—Elegant rooms, bath, steam; excellent table; refined surroundings; table guests accommodated.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

121ST ST., 148 WEST.—Small room; well furnished; excellent board; table guests accommodated.

122D, 520 WEST.—Attractive front, modern room; telephone, electricity, elevator; reasonable; board optional. Kerker.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

123D ST., 148 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; excellent table. Telephone 6289L Morningside. Reference.

131ST ST., 264 WEST.—Large and small rooms; good closets; excellent table; American family; telephone.

129TH ST., 106 WEST.—Gentlemen find superior home and board; refined Jewish surroundings; moderate; references.

137TH ST., 602 WEST, (Broadway Subway.)—Large, beautiful front room; private family; German family. Kissin.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional, homelike accommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

145TH ST., 623 WEST.—Large, completely, costly furnished room; commanding view of Hudson; large closets; running water; delightful meals; Subway station at corner; every home comfort; private family.

145TH ST., 613 WEST.—Large rooms, second floor, adjoining bath; southern exposure, overlooking Hudson River; good board; telephone; moderate; reference; table guests.

145TH ST., 412 WEST.—Large, small rooms; refined house; superior table; references exchanged; table guests.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Two large, handsome rooms; running water; good table; private house; one block from Subway; gentlemen; telephone 4678 Audubon.

157TH ST. SUBWAY, (Washington Heights.)—Pleasant outside room, southern exposure; home cooking; telephone 208 Audubon.

A fine location, opposite Park, convenient to all lines of cars; floor, two large and two small rooms; every room steam heated, and running water; private bath; telephone; references exchanged. 41 West 124th.

ALLIANCE HOUSE,
258-260 West 44th St.
Quiet place for quiet people; in the very centre of the city, catering only to a respectable class; suites consisting of parlor, sleeping apartment, and private bathroom; also parlor and sleeping room, with running water; single and double rooms; steam heated; elevator service; popular rates; special rates for permanent guests.

Board with single and double rooms; in private family; references. Rogers, 534 West 124th St.

MANHATTAN AV., 131.—Three spacious sunny rooms; private house; home cooking; American family; references.

WEST END AV, 828, (100th.)—Attractive rooms; private, modern house; home cooking; table guests.

East Side.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, (opposite Stuyvesant Park.)—Handsome back parlor; private bath; two large connecting rooms; telephone; table guests.

Boarders Wanted

75c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

East Side.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Desirable, large rooms; view Stuyvesant Park; reference; telephone; board optional.

16TH, 132 EAST.—Elegant large room, steam-heated; bath; board; references; Subway convenient.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Desirable large front, sunny rooms; excellent table; telephone; references.

23TH ST., 44 EAST, (at Subway.)—Family hotel; rooms and board, $15 per week; inspection invited.

63D ST., 23 EAST, also 694-696 Madison Av.—Fine rooms; second floor; Autumn transients accommodated; single room; excellent table; parlor dining.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Fine corner rooms, suites, with bath or separate; elevator, steam heat; uniformly fine table; select house; reasonable.

1—IRVING PLACE; 53, Gramercy Park District.—Nicholas Fish mansion; attractive to those desiring quiet, well-ordered house; breakfasts served in rooms; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms; private baths; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

MADISON AVENUE, 210-212.
Sunny, newly furnished and decorated rooms; table unsurpassed; table board. Mrs. Jeffrey, Proprietor.

MADISON AV., 436.—Couple wishing refined home can have large third floor alcove room; large closets; reference.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large and small rooms, with board; telephone; references.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76, (Near Borough Hall Subway Station.)—Delightfully cool rooms; excellent table; moderate rates. 'Phone 1795—Main.

Board Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

YOUNG MAN desires board with strictly private, refined, sociable family; moderate price; references given; state fullest particulars. B 300 Times Downtown.

Young man wishes board and room in strictly private family; preferably between 34th and 50th Sts.; permanent; references exchanged. C 88 Times.

Bachelor, 37, with good reference, desires board with an intelligent, radical family; state particulars. D 49 Times.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

9TH, 32 WEST.—Comfortable, well-furnished rooms; every convenience; private house; fine location.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house, charming suites, accommodate 2, 4, single; electric lights; references.

11TH ST., 111 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms for gentlemen; steam, bath; price low. Inquire janitor.

12TH ST., 113 WEST.—Large room for two; furnace heat, running water; private house; reference.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Parlor floor, single or en suite; newly furnished and decorated; other rooms.

16TH ST., 181 WEST.—Heated parlor; piano; running water; two bedt; $6; kitchenette.

21ST ST., 210 WEST, (7th Av.)—Newly furnished, heated, elevator, electric light. Ash L. Woodward.

22D ST., 428 WEST.—Back parlor, suitable dentist, doctor; use front parlor; running water; telephone.

23D ST., 365 WEST.—One or two connecting, in private apartment; board optional; very desirable.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable double, single rooms; large closets; bath, running water; $8-$5; gentlemen.

42D ST., 322 WEST.—Elegantly furnished single, double rooms, bath, heat; $3; gentlemen; references. Hughes.

45TH ST., 244 WEST.—Beautiful sunny room, one flight; adjoining bath; abundant hot water; large closets; quiet, refined home; references exchanged.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large and small connecting rooms; private bath; all conveniences; for gentlemen.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Large, comfortable room, private bath; smaller room, running water; reference; gentlemen.

51ST ST., 72 WEST.—Bright, new, comfortable; artistically decorated; electricity; telephone; private baths; private bells; exclusive quarters for exclusive men; $7 to $12.

52D, 236 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Exceptionally attractive large and small rooms; hot and cold running water; newly furnished; refined, private family.

57TH ST., 482 WEST.—Large, small; well-heated; electric light, hot water, telephone; board optional.

58TH ST., 222 WEST.—Large and small rooms; bath, telephone; parlor, with piano; all conveniences.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Unusually desirable room, near bath; attractively furnished; all improvements; reasonable.

64TH ST., 137 WEST.—Square front room; fine bath; small kitchenette; $8 week; telephone; hear.

66TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large sunny rooms; single or en suite; baths; steam heat; electric light; telephone.

70TH ST., 133 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentlemen only; references.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Second-story room; private bath; hot water supply; telephone; reference.

70TH, 109 WEST.—Parlors, also large room; all conveniences; Subway, telephone; reasonable.

70TH, 250 WEST.—Large front room in private house for gentleman; references.

73D, 160 WEST.—Very pleasant room in private house; all modern conveniences; gentlemen only.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive large and single rooms; baths; southern exposure; Subway and " L."

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Beautiful large single or connecting; private house; telephone; references.

74TH ST., 104 WEST.—Well furnished large small rooms; running water, bath, 'phone; terms reasonable.

75TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished large rooms; running water; bath; telephone.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; refined house and neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 148 WEST.—Second-story front room, one or two gentlemen; electric lights; telephone.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Attractively furnished large sunny rooms; conveniences; reasonable; references.

78TH ST., 160 WEST.—Large handsome rooms, suitable for gentlemen or business women; every convenience; telephone.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Desirable large and single rooms, bath adjoining; gentlemen preferred; reasonable; references.

80TH ST., 119 WEST.—Furnished or unfurnished suite of two large, light rooms and bath in private house, near elevated and Subway stations; gentlemen only; references exchanged. Call or write.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelors' superior accommodations; attractive to gentlemen appreciating private, refined surroundings; references.

80TH ST., 186 WEST.—Desirable single room, southern exposure; telephone; gentleman; references; private family. Ostrom.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Large front room, with bath; second floor; private residence; newly furnished.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, private house; all conveniences; reasonable; references; " L," Subway.

81ST ST., 131 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private house; all conveniences; private baths; together or separate.

81ST ST., 200 WEST, (Apartment C)—Large, sunny room, corner apartment, one flight; telephone. Deal.

82D ST., 110 WEST.—Very desirable large and hall room, private bath, suitable two gentlemen; first floor; conveniences; all cars; breakfast.

82D, 327 WEST.—Private house; bright, airy basement room, tastefully furnished; gentleman; telephone. Campbell.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Private bath; steam heat, electricity, parquet floors; special parlor suite; telephone.

Furnished Rooms

*15c. a line

LINED UP TO ELECT CONNOLLY IN QUEENS

Three Aldermen Who Make the Choice Favor Magistrate for Borough President.

THE MAYOR FOR HIM. TOO

While the Choice Is Pending Some Assembly and Aldermanic Conventions Are Held Up.

When the five Aldermen from the Borough of Queens meet at the City Hall this morning to elect a successor to Lawrence Gresser, who was removed from the Presidency of Queens by Gov. Dix, it is almost certain that Police Magistrate Maurice E. Connolly will be chosen. Three of the five Aldermen, Daniel Entholt, Alexander Dujat, and W. August Shipley, have already announced themselves as being in favor of Magistrate Connolly, and it is understood that Mayor Gaynor is satisfied with their choice. Alderman Brady, a Cassidy man, it was said yesterday, has made up his mind to throw his vote to Connolly if he finds the majority are against any candidate he proposes.

There was gloom yesterday among the Cassidy followers in Queens when it was learned that their chief had lost out. It was said in some sections that Cassidy was satisfied, but for all that he expressed his disappointment after he received word on Monday that Mayor Gaynor had approved Connolly and that he had three Aldermen with him.

Cassidy Men Give Up.

All yesterday Miller's Hotel in Borden Avenue, Long Island City, where Cassidy's followers make their headquarters, was crowded with Cassidy workers and sympathizers, and late last night they conceded that unless something entirely unforeseen happened between midnight and 10 o'clock this morning that Connolly would be elected. When the local board was adjourned on Monday Connolly had three votes. Had a ballot been taken at that time he would undoubtedly now be President of Queens. Cassidy was supported at the meeting by Alderman Edward Brady, while former Sheriff Herbert S. Harvey was supported by Alderman Fred Snell. It was rumored in Queens yesterday that Cassidy and Harvey had buried old scores and united to make common war on Connolly. It was said that Patrick J. Mara of Flushing, who is said to be the real power behind Harvey, had joined the combination. This was denied last evening by Mara.

So sure are the followers of Connolly of his election that they are talking of his probable successor as Police Magistrate. It was suggested that Mayor Gaynor, out of his friendship for former President Gresser, might be induced to appoint Gresser's son, Lawrence T. Gresser.

Railroad Not in Politics.

Within the next few years the Long Island Railroad, it is estimated, will spend about $5,000,000 on the elimination of grade crossings in Queens, and an interesting rumor in Queens yesterday coupled the controversy over the office of Borough President with the giving out by the railroad of the contracts for this work. It was said contracting firms identified with Tammany Hall were anxious to get the work and wanted a man for President of Queens who would be favorable to their contract plans.

All this was denied by the Long Island Railroad Company in an official statement by President Ralph Peters, who said:

"The Long Island Railroad has never let a contract due to any pressure from political sources, and never will do so. The work always goes to the lowest responsible bidder. On the Atlantic Avenue and Bay Ridge improvement work, which involved many hundreds of thousands of dollars, contracts were let to the lowest bidders through the commissions, and there never was and never could be any influence brought to bear favoring any particular contractor.

"The story appearing to-day, wherein our company is mentioned in connection with Queens Borough politics, is a myth, and I think it right to deny it."

James E. Gaffney, the contractor and former partner of Charles F. Murphy in the contracting business, had a long conference with Mayor Gaynor on Monday.

In a letter yesterday to A. E. Sholes, publisher of The Flushing Daily Times, Mayor Gaynor again deplored the fact that he had ever interested himself in behalf of Gresser, as he considered his interference provoked the movement which ousted him from office.

Nominating Conventions Held Up.

Local Assembly and Aldermanic conventions throughout Queens are also being held up, waiting the election of the new Borough President. Cassidy nominated Assemblyman Andrew Zorn for a third term from the First Assembly District, and the Aldermanic convention at which Alderman Daniel Entholt will be a candidate for renomination has been postponed until after to-day.

In the Second Assembly District former Sheriff Herbert S. Harvey, who controls the delegates to the Aldermanic convention, wanted to renominate Assemblyman Alfred Kennedy. Followers of City Magistrate Connolly, who held a majority of the delegates, refused to go ahead with the convention. They want Alderman Dujat, who is going to vote for Connolly, renominated first; then they will give a renomination to Kennedy.

In the Third Assembly District Assemblyman Owen Fitzpatrick was renominated, while in the Fourth District, which is represented by Assemblyman Henry I. Huber, who has trained with the insurgents in Albany, the naming of a candidate was postponed.

At the Aldermanic conventions of the Republicans held in the Sixty-seventh District, Vincent Kenna from the Sixty-eighth District, and C. Augustus Post from the Sixty-ninth District, while in the Seventieth District, which is represented by Alderman W. August Shipley, who is scheduled to vote for Connolly this morning, the making of a nomination was postponed.

No nomination was made by the Republicans in the Sixty-sixth District.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
3:35—154 Nassau St.; New York Tribune	$50
5:20—615 E. 12th St.; Mary Palmer	$10
8:45—602 W. 52d St.; Moore & Minder	$100
9:30—382 Broome St.; Paul Caillech	Trifling
10:20—532 E. 172d St.; Max Sagien	$200
10:40—526 6th Av.; Codington Restaurant	Trifling
10:50—508 Morris Park Av.; B. Pellgatti	Trifling
10:55—234 W. 62d St.; Stephen Davis	Trifling
11:00—51 W. 111th St.; Jos. Kalinsky	Trifling
11:50—109 E. 10th St.; George Gross	Trifling
P. M.	
12:10—205 E. 99th St.; Jennie Simon	Trifling
12:20—193 Madison St.; Abraham Levinsky	$25
12:25—1,214 Jerome Av.; John Alexander	None
4:25—263 Avenue A; Sophie Ganeberg	Trifling
7:10—Pelham Bay, 300 feet from Pilot St.; John Dodd, (launch)	$600
7:35—56 Forsyth St.; Moses Wolevitz	Trifling
7:35—4,133 Gleason Av.; G. Heilman	Trifling
8:30—645 East 13th St.; M. Arenski	$10
9:00—114 to 120 West 26th St.; A. Greenbaum	$10,000
10:00—2,260 3d Av.; Kaufman Hat Co	$5,000
10:00—2,284 3d Av.; Persch & Greenthal	$1,000

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
neutralizes the destructive acids of the mouth—cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth, and imparts purity and fragrance to the breath

FIGHT OFFICERS, KILL TWO.

Deputy Sheriffs Slain in Attempt to Arrest Woman in Virginia.

JONESVILLE, Va., Oct. 3.—In a fight between a Sheriff's posse and kinsmen of a young woman wanted as a murder trial witness at Gibson's Station, Va., to-day, one Deputy Sheriff was killed and two other officers seriously injured. The posse was beaten off, and another has been organized here to regain the bodies of the victims and arrest the men who did the shooting.

The dead are John Collins and William Collins, Deputy Sheriffs of Bell County, Ky. James Collins, Sheriff of Bell County, was probably fatally injured. George Tucker, Sheriff of Lee County, Va., was injured.

The posse, headed by James Collins, went to the home of George Smth, near Gibson's Station, Va., to arrest Mrs. Zirelda Denny Bartlett, wanted at Pineville, Ky., as a material witness against her brother, Charles Denny, accused of a murder that occurred near Middlesboro, Ky., several months ago. It is said that Mrs. Bartlett was willing to go with the officers, who held a requisition for her, but her kinsfolk, the Smiths, objected to her arrest.

When officers attempted to force their way into the Smith home they were fired on.

Fears were expressed this afternoon for the safety of Deputy Sheriff McCoy of Pineville, Ky., who accompanied the posse when it first called at the Smith home. It is believed he returned to attempt to recover the bodies of the two Collinses, and was shot by persons barricaded in the Smith house.

Posses from Kentucky and Virginia were organizing this afternoon to rout out the Smiths. All approaches to the house have been picketed, and warnings have been given that attempts to reach the barricade will be resisted.

Following the fight this morning, Sheriff James Collins was removed to the Smith house. He is said to be dying. One of the Smith boys rode over the mountain and procured a physician to attend Collins.

Eight or ten men are barricaded in the Smith house. They are said to be well armed and capable of desperate resistance. One of them is believed to be Calvin Mirracle, wanted in Bell County, Kentucky, on a murder charge. A big reward for his capture is outstanding.

LOVE OUTSTRIPS LEARNING.

Miss of 15 Excused from School So She Can Get Married.

After hearing the case of Rose Butterfaca yesterday Magistrate Dodd, in the Gates Avenue Court, Brooklyn, was convinced that in a contest for the favor of a girl of fifteen years, wily Cupid was more than a match for older and presumably wiser folk. It was revealed that the reason the girl had taken no interest of late in her studies at Public School 53, in Central Avenue, was that love had appealed more strongly to her than learning. Since school began all manner of excuses has been given for her non-atendance, from mumps and toothache to the sudden demise of a visionary grandmother, but, as the Magistrate viewed it, none possessed such irresistible logic as that offered to him by young Miss Butterfaca.

The girl, it appeared, had been absent from school because she was busy getting ready to be married. "Readin' and writin' and 'rithmetic" had lost all charm for her. Rose and her parents, who live at 312 Melrose Street, were summoned to court to explain why she had been away from school for a month. Attendance Officer James Sullivan made the complaint.

"Why don't you send this girl to school?" asked the court.

"She's in love, Judge," explained the mother, smilingly.

"In love!" exclaimed the astonished Magistrate. "Why, that's no excuse."

"Well, Judge, also she is soon to be married."

The court looked at the girl, who was gazing tenderly at a dark-haired young man standing near by.

"That's true, Judge," said the girl. "I just can't go to school any more, because I want to get married."

"Well, if that is the case, little can be gained by forcing you to go to school," decided the court. "Love seems again to have worsted learning."

"And I am not to go to school any more?" asked Rose, eagerly.

"No. You may go home."

Rose clapped her hands and went skipping down the aisle to the side of the dark-haired young man, whose air of anxiety yielded to one of perfect happiness. Throwing her arms around his neck the girl cried joyfully:

"Oh, Jimmy, it's all right; we can get married now."

WHOLE FAMILY POISONED.

Taken to the Hospital After Eating Canned Tomatoes.

Neighbors of Mr. and Mrs. Shayerson of 293 Lenox Road, Flatbush, were aroused at midnight last night by moans coming from the Shayerson home. Some of them smashed in the door and found Mrs. Shayerson, her children, Herbert, six, and Edna, five; her sisters, Lena and Rosa Goldstein, 20 and 18 years old, respectively, and a servant, Anna Buckner, almost senseless in their beds. Mr. Shayerson was not at home.

The neighbors got Dr. Kelley and Dr. Brockway from the Kings County Hospital and the family were removed there, suffering, the physicians said, from ptomaine poisoning. After treatment they were all able to go home, though the doctors said they had had a narrow escape.

Mrs. Shayerson said they had partaken of a bef stew in which were some canned tomatoes for dinner. It is believed that the canned vegetable poisoned the family.

CONVICTED MAN'S PLEA.

Wants a Penitentiary Sentence Instead of One to Elmira Reformatory.

Judge Swann in General Sessions yesterday received a letter from William Schmidt of 1,734 Second Avenue, who is in the Tombs awaiting sentence on a plea of guilty to petty larceny, in which the young man asks that he be sentenced to the penitentiary instead of the Elmira Reformatory, where Judge Swann announced he would send him. Schmidt is jointly indicted with Joseph Wehman of 4 Suydam Street, Brooklyn, and Joseph Rowling of 347 East Fourteenth Street, both of whom ask that Judge Swann send them also to the penitentiary in preference to Elmira.

When the boys were arraigned for sentence Judge Swann remanded them to the Tombs until to-day and told them to think the matter over, as he would give them two years if he sentenced them to the penitentiary, while they would only get fourteen months if sentenced to Elmira.

ABANDON HAITIAN GUNBOAT.

Crew Starving at Kingston, Where Centenaire Was Sent by Simon.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Oct. 3.—The Haitian gunboat Centenaire has been lying in the harbor here for many months, abandoned by her Government. A majority of the members of her crew are without money or food and are practically starving.

The Centenaire was sent to Kingston by ex-President Simon for repairs. The work was only partially completed when the government of Simon was overthrown, and since then Haiti has made no effort to have the vessel finished and put in commission.

CITY BREVITIES.

At the Sphinx dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria on Tuesday evening, Oct. 10, Norman Mack will be the guest of honor and August Thomas the principal speaker.

Benjamin S. Wise, who auctioned off the chattels of the Hoffman House on April 11 has been sued in the Supreme Court for an alleged balance of more than $2,000 by Daniel J. Leary, who asserts that Mr. Wise has retained more than his agreed commission of 5 per cent. Mr. Wise disputes Mr. Leary's accounting.

Strikes of the outside ironworkers or finishers, who erect ornamental ironwork on buildings, were reported yesteday on the new Vanderbilt Hotel and six other buildings in sympathy with the inside ironworkers, who have been on strike in the shops of Lieberman & Sanford for more than six weeks. The National Erectors' Association has taken up the fight for the employers in the case of this strike.

AUTO FIREFIGHTERS SHOWN AT CITY HALL

Two Veteran Horses Wreathed in Laurel Share Honors with Their Supplanters.

MAYOR PRAISES EXHIBIT

Thousands of Citizens Admire the New Style of Apparatus—Johnson Appeals for Money.

Fire Commissioner Johnson gave a free exhibition of his new automobile fire fighting apparatus in front of the City Hall just before noon yesterday. Several thousand persons, including Mayor Gaynor, looked over the ponderous engines that signified the passing of the horses, so far as the Fire Department is concerned, and Commissioner Johnson received many compliments upon the fine showing the department made. As a contrast two fire horses hitched to the regular engines were drawn up alongside the newer types. The official party, besides the Mayor and the Commissioner, consisted of Deputy Commissioners Olvany and Farley, Chief Kenlon, and Deputy Chief Lally, who is head of the uniformed force in Brooklyn.

Eighteen pieces of the new apparatus were in line, including twelve battalion chiefs' automobiles and tenders. Among the apparatus actually used in fighting fires were four high pressure wagons, two from Company 72 on West Twelfth Street under Capt. Kohler and two from Company 20 on Lafayette Street under Capt. Biggers; Automobile Engine 58 from 81 West 115th Street, under Capt. Weber, and Water Tower 1 from the headquarters, in East Thirty-first Street, under Capt. Sullivan.

The Mayor walked about the apparatus inspecting each type closely and asking many questions. Engine 58, which is the pioneer of the city's automobile fire apparatus and was designed by Rhinelander Waldo when he was Fire Commissioner, was carefully inspected by the Mayor. After he had looked over all the machines the Mayor turned his attention to the two veteran bay fire horses, wreathed in paper laurel and chrysanthemums, which were standing in front of the line of firemen. One, The Abbott, has been in the service of the department for twenty-five years, and is still active, doing service as one of a team of three that draw an engine from the Tremont Avenue fire house in the Bronx. The other, Brentwood, has served the city for eighteen years, and now draws Fuel Wagon 45, housed in West Eighteenth Street.

The Mayor patted each horse and commented upon their fine appearance. There was plenty of ginger in them despite their long service, for when the siren whistles on the new machines blew a long screeching chorus as a salute to the Mayor the animals plunged and reared and were restrained with difficulty. For an hour after the Mayor went back to his office the machines were left in the plaza for the inspection of the curious thousands. The Mayor praised the exhibition highly, saying:

"I think that this exhibit was splendid. It shows the progress that is being made from horses to automobiles. In a few years there will be no horses in the Fire Department. I suppose that the same may be the case with the Street Cleaning Department before long also. It is a pity from a sentimental point to lose the horses; but, alas, sentiment in this world has to give way to economics."

Commissioner Johnson explained that there are now six automobile high-pressure wagons in the department service and four more had been ordered. It is the intention of the Commissioner to equip all new fire houses with automobile apparatus and to replace horse-drawn vehicles in other houses as rapidly as possible.

The Fire Department also was the star exhibit yesterday at the Budget Show at 330 Broadway. Commissioner Johnson made a plea in an address for an increase in firemen's salaries, and criticised the Board of Estimate for not giving the department enough money to "catch up with the growth of the city."

"The Fire Department," said the Commissioner, "has stood still, and already there are in the city many sections in grave danger because of lack of fire protection. If the Board of Estimate wants to take the responsibility for this state of affairs it is up to it and not me. I am trying my best to take care of the responsibilities intrusted to me, but what can I do when the Board of Estimate will not give me sufficient money to make our Fire Department efficient enough to take care of the city as it should be taken care of?"

Following the Commissioner's speech there were moving pictures showing firemen at work and scenes about the engine houses.

Beginning at noon to-day Commissioner Drummond of the Department of Charities will start a popular voting contest on the proposal now before Mayor Gaynor to change the name of Blackwell's Island to Hospital Park. The Commissioner has had a large voting booth erected in front of the Charities Exhibit, and 500,000 ballots have been struck off. None but grown persons are to be permitted to vote.

SCHLEY'S BODY AT CAPITAL.

Removed to Washington Home—Funeral Will Be Held To-morrow.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—The body of Rear Admiral Winfeld Scott Schley was brought to Washington to-night from New York and taken at once to the Schley home in I Street. The funeral will be held Thursday, but no details have as yet been arranged. The family has not decided whether or not there shall be a military funeral.

Accompanying the body from New York were the family and Commodore James Hamilton Sears, U. S. N., retired, a longtime friend of Admiral Schley and his flag lieutenant during the Spanish-American war. At the station the party was met by Rear Admiral Silas Casey and Mrs. Casey, intimate friends of the Schley family. As the body of the dead naval officer was borne by employes through the railroad station to the hearse, hundreds of waiting passengers stood with uncovered heads.

The body of Rear Admiral Schley was taken from the Algonquin Hotel to the Pennsylvania Station yesterday afternoon. The body rested in a plain black coffin and the plate was a simple one of silver, bearing only the Admiral's name and date of birth and death. There was only one carriage, and in this were the widow and the Admiral's three children, Dr. Winfield Scott Schley, Mrs. Ralph M. Stuart Wortley, and Capt. Schley.

Roosevelt to Speak at Carnegie Hall.

Col. Roosevelt will speak under the joint auspices of the Civic Forum and the Metropolitan Child Labor Committee in Carnegie Hall on Friday evening, Oct. 20. His subject will be "The Conservation of Womanhood and Childhood." Admission will be by ticket only, and tickets may be obtained at the office of the Civic Forum, 23 West Forty-fourth Street. The invitation to Col. Roosevelt to address this meeting was extended to him immediately after his African trip.

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HARVESTER HEAD CONFIDENT

McCormick Sure That Requirements of Government Will Be Met.

Cyrus H. McCormick, President of the International Harvester Company, in a statement sent by wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES from the Kronprinz Wilhelm on Monday night, referring to the threatened Federal action against his company, said that the company had nothing to hide or evade and that it had always been ready for some form of Federal control. Mr. McCormick made a supplementary statement on his arrival yesterday.

"I have been in Europe for the past three months," Mr. McCormick said, "and am not sufficiently in touch with matters at home to make any definite statement for the Harvester Company. I am, of course, aware that the newspapers have been full of statements of one kind or another regarding a proposed suit by the Government. But I am confident that some way will be found to meet the requirements of the Government without serious loss to the stockholders.

"The attitude of the company from the beginning has been to throw open to the Government all our policies and dealings with the public and with competitors, and no criticism has heretofore been made by it upon our business methods. Seven years years ago, in company with out general counsel, I visited the Commissioner of Corporations at Washington, and requested a thorough investigation of the company. We offered every assistance to facilitate such investigation, and both orally and in writing assured the Government of our desire to conform to the law in every particular.

"Four years ago such an investigation was begun by the Government Bureau of Corporations, and we have given it full and continuous access to all our records, offices, and agencies at home and abroad. That investigation must be nearly completed, and I had hoped that its report might be received before the Government should make a decision in regard to our company.

"Despite the recent decisions of the Supreme Court, there seems to be still much uncertainty as to their effect upon other corporations organized and operated upon widely different lines. I sincerely hope that a clear and definite rule may be established which will encourage and protect all business enterprises organized and carried on with a scrupulous regard to the interests of the public. For American trade, as a whole, is not making the progress that it should in the markets of the world; although, perhaps, the greatest achievement of the International Harvester Company is in increasing its export trade during the past eight years from $12,000,000 to $34,000,000. This means a big balance of trade in favor of this country and an increase of many millions of dollars in the amount paid out annually for American labor.

"I had hoped that a record of nearly ten years of consistent effort to build up a reputation for clean and legitimate business methods, with all the facts as to organization and operations, methods and earnings, fully known to the Government and the public, had established this company as a legitimate business enterprise, free from any of the unfair practices which the public has so justly condemned, and that the time had arrived when corporations, like individuals, would be judged by their acts. If conduct is the test, the International Harvester Company has nothing to fear from any investigation or suit."

BOSSARD EXCOMMUNICATED.

Mormon Elder Who Got Temple Pictures Surreptitiously Put Out.

For his work in assisting Max Florence, a moving-picture showman, to obtain photographs of the interior of the Mormon Temple at Salt Lake City, Gilbert L. Bossard, the Mormon Elder, who actually took the photographs, has been excommunicated from the Church.

Notice of his excommunication was received by Bossard yesterday at the Hotel Imperial, where he is assisting Florence to negotiate for the sale of the surreptitiously taken views. The charges against Bossard were filed by Charles Wilken, a private policeman, employed by the custodian of the temple grounds. They recite that Bossard, in taking the photographs without permission while enjoying the privileges of the temple under the Church's special permit, proved himself an apostate in spirit and was guilty of plotting against the welfare of the Church. He was ordered to appear before a church court selected from the High Council of the Salt Lake Stake of Zion, to which Bossard belonged, to answer the charges, but as he failed to do so action was taken against him.

Bossard and Florence have been here for twenty days trying to sell their pictures for moving-picture purposes on the ground that they reveal important secrets. The Mormon officials have refused to buy them, declaring that they are worthless, and that any responsible applicant can have all the pictures desired with President Smith's compliments, the building not being at all a secret one, but merely a sacred one open only to members of the Church in good standing.

WANTS TO ISSUE BONDS.

New York & North Shore R. R. Asks Leave for $1,500,000 Issue.

The Public Service Commission has ordered a hearing to be held on the application of the New York & North Shore Railroad Company for authority to issue bonds to the amount of $1,500,000 and stock to the amount of $771,764. The company operates in Nassau County and in Queens as far as Flushing and Whitestone. The company set forth that it desires to make various improvements. Edward M. Bassett, a former member of the Public Service Commission, represents the railroad in the application and Commissioner Maltbie was designated to hear it on Oct. 14.

Commissioner Maltbie was also named to preside at a hearing on Oct. 16 on a complaint that has been filed against the New York Edison Company by various organizations of stationary engineers, who say that the rates charged by the company to small consumers of electricity, as compared to large ones, are exorbitant.

The commission has received an application from the Dry Dock, East Broadway & Battery Railroad Company for authority to make a change from the use of horse cars to storage battery cars on its Avenue B and Canal Street lines. This company is a part of the Third Avenue system, which is operated by Frederick W. Whitridge as receiver. The hearing will be held on Oct. 13 by Commissioner J. Sergeant Cram.

Latham to Pay $40 a Week Alimony.

After a hearing before Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum yesterday Frederick George Latham, a stage manager, agreed to pay $40 a week alimony to his wife, who is a member of the cast of a "Pomander Walk" company. Justice Greenbaum commended Latham for the frankness with which he had answered questions concerning his income.

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE. B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees To-day & Sat. 2:15. THE TOWN IS COHAN MAD. The Sensational Musical Farce-ict, "THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE," COHAN and his own Company. THE GREAT BIG WHIRLWIND SUCCESS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way 40th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat. & Oct. 12. JOHN DREW in his greatest comedy success A SINGLE MAN.

HUDSON 44 St., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. at 2:30. LONGEST LAUGH IN TOWN. FRANK McINTYRE SNOBS

THE HARRIS West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Sat. 2:15. ROSE STAHL in Chas. Klein's Latest Success, MAGGIE PEPPER

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Evs. at 8. Matinee Sat. & Oct. 12, 2. "SIREN WALTZ INTOXICATES."—Alan Dale. DONALD BRIAN IN THE BEST OF ALL MUSICAL COMEDIES THE SIREN Cast of 100, including Julia Sanderson, Frank Moulan, Will West, Elizabeth Firth, etc.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. & Oct. 12. The Great Big Human and Humorous Play "DESERVED SUCCESS."—World "ENDURING SUCCESS."—Times "POPULAR SUCCESS."—Sun. PASSERS-BY C. HADDON CHAMBERS' GREATEST PLAY. "REAL SUCCESS."—Eve. World "POPULAR SUCCESS."—Post. "FASCINATING."—Herald. THE GREAT ACTING CAST.

GARRICK 35 St., B'way. WED., OCT. 11 | Seat Sale To-morrow. GEORGE BEBAN in "THE SIGN OF THE ROSE."

LYCEUM B'way & 45th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Sat. at 2:15. THE ARAB A play of the Orient by Edgar Selwyn. (Moves Oct. 9 to the Astor Theatre). NEXT MONDAY (Seat Sale To-morrow.) Miss Billie Burke in her new comedy, THE RUNAWAY.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-day 50c. to $1.50. Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe, THE PINK LADY This Sat. Mat. Beautiful Pink Satin Handbag Souvenirs to every Lady attending.

LIBERTY W. 42d St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Sat. & Oct. 12 at 2:15. POP. MATINEE TO-DAY 50c. to $1.50. JULIAN ELTINGE in THE FASCINATING WIDOW

GAIETY THEATRE, 46th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:30. Henry W. Savage offers the Pullman Carnival EXCUSE ME Special Mat. Columbus Day, Oct. 12th.

JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:30. Pop. Mat. To-day 50c.-$1.50. EDMUND BREESE in A MAN OF HONOR.

Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. 2:15. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Oct. 12th. Mat. To-day 50c-$1.50. DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS IN A GENTLEMAN OF LEISURE

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d, 44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. & AROUND THE WORLD SERIES OF COMPLETE NEW SPECTACLES

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th St. Tele. 411 Col. Evs. 8 Sharp. Mats. Tues. & Sat. at 2. 50c to $1.50. GABY DESLYS | REVUE of REVUES

LYRIC 42nd, W. of B'way. Beg. TO-NIGHT at 8:15. First Matinee Sat. HENRY W. SAVAGE Offers HENRY KOLKER in the New Comedy, "THE GREAT NAME"

39TH ST. Theatre, 39th St., near Broadway. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:15. Evs. 8:15. WHAT THE CRITICS SAY OF MARGARET ANGLIN in GREEN STOCKINGS

World—"The maddest, merriest, most irresponsible little comedy which has graced the New York stage in many a day."

Tribune—"Margaret Anglin's new departure is a treat, indeed. 'Green Stockings' is a play every spectator will wish to see twice at least."

Sun—"Such a union of bright farce and polished verbal humor has not been offered to the New York public in years."

Press—"The tired business man can go to the 39th Street Theatre o' nights, now and laugh himself out of countenance."

Herald—"Here is a delightful comedy . . . with plenty of interesting plot and amusing lines. Miss Anglin is capital. Her 'Green Stockings' will wear very well."

Times—"Greeted with much laughter, Miss Anglin touches comedy lightly, easily, gracefully."

Eve. Mail—"In 'Green Stockings' this splendid actress, Margaret Anglin, whose emotional roles have brought her fame, appears happily as a comedienne."

Globe—"Cleverly written and well performed . . . Miss Anglin displayed delicious veins of light humor, and is well supported."

Eve. Telegram—"Welcome, thrice welcome, is Miss Anglin, who . . . enchanted her audience and conveyed her comedy over the lights with the surest touches, the most delicate gestures, the subtlest inclinations."

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, Bet. B'way & 6th Av. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:30. Evs. 8:30. GERTRUDE ELLIOTT in Rebellion

Playhouse 48th, E. of B'way Tel. 2628 Bryant | $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:20. Evs. 8:20. By George Broadhurst. BOUGHT AND PAID FOR. Columbus Day Matinee. ASK ANYBODY.

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:15. NEXT!

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:10. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:10. New Viennese Operetta. THE KISS WALTZ "Is going to be a favorite."—Acton Davies, Ev. Sun.

William Collier's COMEDY 41st St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last 4 nights Last Mat. Sat. SPEED Beginning Monday, Oct. 9. (Seats To-morrow.) BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS All-Scotch Co. in Scotch Comedy.

Broadway Thea. 41st. To-morrow Night B'way, Beg. LEW FIELDS Presents THE NEVER HOMES

Lew Fields' Herald Sqr. B'way & 35th. Rec. Tues. Oct. 10 FRITZI SCHEFF In Victor Herbert's New Comic Opera. THE DUCHESS Seats Tm'w.

WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. $1.00 Matinee To-day 2:15. JOHN MASON in AS A MAN THINKS

Manhattan Opera House. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-day 25c. 50c. The CHOCOLATE SOLDIER Lew Fields' Twice Daily, 2:30 and 8:30. HERALD SQ. KINEMACOLOR MOTION PICTURES

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Old Time Favorite FESTIVAL 10 All Star Acts.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. LILLIAN RUSSELL, Frank Fogerty, Ryan & Richfield Co., others.

BRONX 3d Ave. 149th St. Daily Mat. 25c. 4 Mortons, Jack Lorimer, Mrs. Gene Hughes & Co., Hoey & Lee, others.

LAST DAY. FOOD SHOW 10 A.M. to 11 P.M. The exposition given by the National Food Magazine. Free Cooking Lesson 11 A. M. MADISON SQUARE GARDEN.

MINER'S 8TH AV. MAT. DAILY. MISS NEW YORK, JR. WRESTLING TO-NIGHT.

Irving Pl. Theatre 15th St. & Irving Pl. Every Eve. & Sat. Mat. HENRY BENDER in the great Farce Success, "DER DOPPELMENSCH."

HURTIG & SEAMON'S West 125th St. Mat. Daily. BIG GAIETY COMPANY

Columbia B'way & 47th. BURLESQUE. Evs. 8:15 & Sat. Mats. 25c to $1. Smoking MAT. TO-DAY, 15c, 25c, 50c. Allowed The Golden Crook Co.

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Phone 768 Stuyve. Home of High-Class Burlesque. Mat. TO-DAY. BILLY W. WATSON SEATS, 25c. & HAPPYLAND GIRLS. Amateur Night Every Thurs.

PROSPECT THEATRE Prospect & Westchester Aves. Mat. To-day "LEAH KLESCHNA"

5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c. HOUDINI, Belle Blanche, Paul Dickey & Co., Felix Adler, Farrell & Barnell, &c.

HAMMERSTEIN'S. 42 St. Ev. 25c. to $1. Daily Mat. 25-50-75c. Rock & Fulton, Kelly, Arthur Marion Walter C. Dunn & Murray, others.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. U. S. Presidents' Masks. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. CORONATION GROUPS AND PICTURES

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 10, 20 & 30c. La Tosca Mat. Daily.

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Evs. 8:15. THE MAJESTICS.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS

ORPHEUM BROOKLYN. MAT. DAILY. 25c. Irene Franklin, Bert Leslie & Co., Kajiyama & Co., Trovato, Jones & Deely, Meehan's Dogs, etc.

REPUBLIC 42 St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:20 Mats. To-day & Wed. at 2:20. DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN by WM. C. de MILLE

BELASCO THEATRE, 44 St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20. LAST 2 WEEKS. DAVID BELASCO presents The Concert

MUSIC HALL AMERICAN THEATRE, 42d, W. of Broadway 8:15 P. M., 25 & 50c. 12:30 to 11:30 P. M. All Seats Reserved. 12 Big Vaudeville Acts. Mats. 10-15; Night 10-15-25c. Continuous Vaudeville. Baseball games reported by innings at the Matinee.

GRAND Opera House. 23d St., 8th Av. 25c to $1. Mat. Today BLANCHE BATES "NOBODY'S WIDOW."

ASTOR 3'way, 45 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. To-day Mat. 50c.-$1.50. LAST WEEK WHAT THE DOCTOR ORDERED NEXT MON. Seats Tom'w THE ARAB A play of the Orient by Edgar Selwyn.

WALLACK'S B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:30. POPULAR MATINEE TO-DAY 50c. to $1.50. GEORGE ARLISS IN DISRAELI "Triumph for author and actor."—Eve. Sun.

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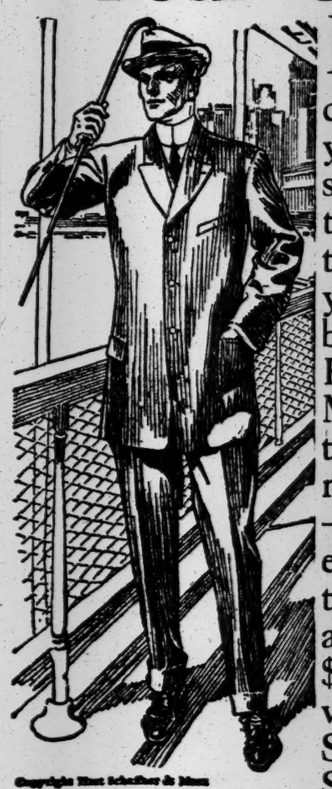

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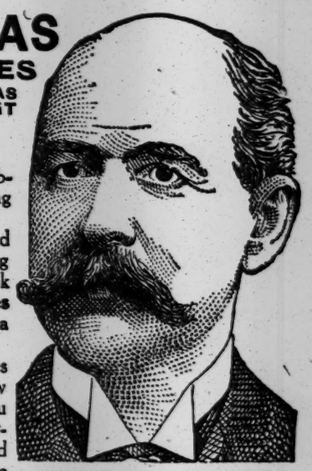

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